Assignment 10 - Routing Protocol

Date: 04/11/2022

Aim:

To write a TCL script to simulate the routing protocols in wired networks.

Algorithm:

Distance vector routing protocol:

- 1. Create 12 nodes and the links between the nodes as:
 - a. $0 \rightarrow 8$ 1Mb 10 ms duplex link droptail
 - b. $1 \rightarrow 10$ 1Mb 10 ms duplex link droptail
 - c. $0 \rightarrow 9$ 1Mb 10 ms duplex link droptail
 - d. $9 \rightarrow 11 1$ Mb 10 ms duplex link droptail
 - e. $10 \rightarrow 11$ 1Mb 10 ms duplex link droptail
 - f. $11 \rightarrow 5$ 1Mb 10 ms duplex link droptail
- 2. Align all nodes properly.
- 3. Set up UDP connections over 0 and 5, 1 and 5 with flow id, type, packet size, rate, random fields.
- 4. Set different colors for different flows.
- 5. Use distance vector routing protocol.
- 6. Make links 11-5 and 7-6 down for 1 second.
- 7. Run the simulation for 5 seconds, and show the simulation in network animator and in the trace file.

Link state routing protocol:

- 1. Create 12 nodes and the links between the nodes as:
 - a. $0 \rightarrow 8$ 1Mb 10 ms duplex link droptail
 - b. $1 \rightarrow 10$ 1Mb 10 ms duplex link droptail
 - c. $0 \rightarrow 9$ 1Mb 10 ms duplex link droptail
 - d. $9 \rightarrow 11 1$ Mb 10 ms duplex link droptail
 - e. $10 \rightarrow 11 1$ Mb 10 ms duplex link droptail

- f. $11 \rightarrow 5$ 1Mb 10 ms duplex link droptail
- 2. Align all nodes properly.
- 3. Set up UDP connections over 0 and 5, 1 and 5 with flow id, type, packet size, rate, random fields.
- 4. Set different colors for different flows.
- 5. Use link state routing protocol.
- 6. Make links 11-5 and 7-6 down for 1 second.
- 7. Run the simulation for 5 seconds, and show the simulation in network animator and in the trace file.

Code:

Distance vector routing protocol:

```
set ns [new Simulator]
$ns color 1 Blue
$ns color 2 Red
set nf [open out.nam w]
$ns namtrace-all $nf
proc finish {} {
  global
  ns nf
  $ns
  flush-trace
  close $nf
  exec nam out.nam
  & exit 0
}
set n(0) [$ns node]
set n(1) [$ns node]
set n(2) [$ns node]
set n(3) [$ns node]
set n(4) [$ns node]
set n(5) [$ns node]
set n(6) [$ns node]
set n(7) [$ns node]
set n(8) [$ns node]
```

```
set n(9) [$ns node]
set n(10) [$ns node]
set n(11) [$ns node]
for \{ \text{set i } 0 \} \{ \} \{ \text{incr i} \} \{ \}
     $ns duplex-link $n($i) $n([expr $i+1]) 1Mb 10ms DropTail }
$ns duplex-link $n(0) $n(8) 1Mb 10ms DropTail
$ns duplex-link $n(1) $n(10) 1Mb 10ms DropTail
$ns duplex-link $n(0) $n(9) 1Mb 10ms DropTail
$ns duplex-link $n(9) $n(11) 1Mb 10ms DropTail
$ns duplex-link $n(10) $n(11) 1Mb 10ms DropTail
$ns duplex-link $n(11) $n(5) 1Mb 10ms DropTail
no substitute{1}{ $ns duplex-link-op n(0) $n(1) orient right-down
nspace $nspace = nspace $n(1) nspace $n(2)$ orient right-down
$ns duplex-link-op $n(3) $n(4) orient left-down
nspace $ sn(4) \ n(5)  orient left-down
nst duplex-link-op n(5) n(6) orient left-up
$ns duplex-link-op $n(6) $n(7) orient left-up
$ns duplex-link-op $n(7) $n(8) orient up
$ns duplex-link-op $n(8) $n(0) orient right-up
n \leq n \leq n
no subseteq no s
notation $n(10) n(11) orient left
set udp1 [new Agent/UDP]
$ns attach-agent $n(0) $udp1
set null [new Agent/Null]
$ns attach-agent $n(5) $null
$ns connect $udp1 $null
$udp1 set fid 1
set udp2 [new Agent/UDP]
$ns attach-agent $n(1) $udp2
set null [new Agent/Null]
$ns attach-agent $n(5) $null
$ns connect $udp2 $null
$udp2 set fid 2
set cbr1 [new Application/Traffic/CBR]
$cbr1 attach-agent $udp1
$cbr1 set type CBR
```

```
$cbr1 set packet size 1000
 $cbr1 set rate 1mb
$cbr1 set random false
 set cbr2 [new Application/Traffic/CBR]
 $cbr2 attach-agent $udp2
$cbr2 set type_ CBR
$cbr2 set packet size 1000
 $cbr2 set rate 1mb
 $cbr2 set random false
 $ns rtproto DV
 n \approx 1.0 \text{ down } (11) \approx 5
 n \approx 100 \, \text{m} \cdot 1000 \, \text
$ns rtmodel-at 2.0 up $n(11) $n(5)
 n \approx 1000 $n \text{ sn} $n \
 $ns at 0.1 "$cbr1 start"
 $ns at 0.2 "$cbr2 start"
$ns at 4.5 "$ns detach-agent $n(0) $udp1; $ns detach-agent $n(5) $null;
 $ns detach-agent $n(1) $udp2"
 $ns at 5.0 "finish"
 $ns run
 Link state routing protocol:
 set ns [new Simulator]
 $ns color 1 Blue
 $ns color 2 Red
 set nf [open out.nam w]
 $ns namtrace-all $nf
 proc finish {} {
                     global
                     ns nf
                     $ns
                     flush-trace
                     close $nf
```

```
exec nam out.nam
      & exit 0
}
set n(0) [$ns node]
set n(1) [$ns node]
set n(2) [$ns node]
set n(3) [$ns node]
set n(4) [$ns node]
set n(5) [$ns node]
set n(6) [$ns node]
set n(7) [$ns node]
set n(8) [$ns node]
set n(9) [$ns node]
set n(10) [$ns node]
set n(11) [$ns node]
for \{ \text{set i } 0 \} \{ \{ i < 8 \} \{ \text{incr i} \} \} 
      n \sup \sup x^{i+1}  1Mb 10ms DropTail }
$ns duplex-link $n(0) $n(8) 1Mb 10ms DropTail
$ns duplex-link $n(1) $n(10) 1Mb 10ms DropTail
$ns duplex-link $n(0) $n(9) 1Mb 10ms DropTail
$ns duplex-link $n(9) $n(11) 1Mb 10ms DropTail
$ns duplex-link $n(10) $n(11) 1Mb 10ms DropTail
$ns duplex-link $n(11) $n(5) 1Mb 10ms DropTail
no substitute{1}{ $ns duplex-link-op n(0) $n(1) orient right-down
ns duplex-link-op n(1) n(2) orient right-down
no suppose $n(2) $n(3) orient down
no subseteq no s
note in the substitution $n(4) $n(5) orient left-down
$ns duplex-link-op $n(5) $n(6) orient left-up
no(6) n(7) orient left-up
ns duplex-link-op n(7) n(8) orient up
$ns duplex-link-op $n(8) $n(0) orient right-up
ns duplex-link-op n(11) n(5) orient up
$ns duplex-link-op $n(9) $n(11) orient right
notation $n(10) n(11) orient left
set udp1 [new Agent/TCP]
$ns attach-agent $n(0) $tcp1
set sink [new Agent/TCPSink]
$ns attach-agent $n(5) $sink
```

\$ns connect \$tcp1 \$sink \$tcp1 set fid_ 1

set tcp2 [new Agent/TCP] \$ns attach-agent \$n(1) \$tcp2 set sink [new Agent/TCPSink] \$ns attach-agent \$n(5) \$sink \$ns connect \$tcp2 \$sink \$tcp2 set fid 2

set cbr1 [new Application/Traffic/CBR] \$cbr1 attach-agent \$tcp1

\$cbr1 set type_ CBR

\$cbr1 set packet_size_ 1000

\$cbr1 set rate_ 1mb

\$cbr1 set random_ false

set cbr2 [new Application/Traffic/CBR]

\$cbr2 attach-agent \$tcp2

\$cbr2 set type CBR

\$cbr2 set packet size 1000

\$cbr2 set rate 1mb

\$cbr2 set random false

\$ns rtproto DV

\$ns rtmodel-at 1.0 down \$n(11) \$n(5) \$ns rtmodel-at 2.0 down \$n(7) \$n(6)

\$ns rtmodel-at 2.0 up \$n(11) \$n(5)

 $n \approx 1000$ \$n \tag{7} \$n(6)

\$ns at 0.1 "\$cbr1 start"

\$ns at 0.2 "\$cbr2 start"

\$ns at 4.5 "\$ns detach-agent \$n(0) \$tcp1; \$ns detach-agent \$n(5) \$sink;

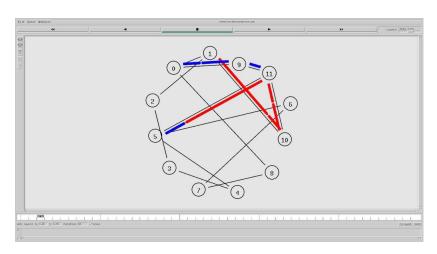
\$ns detach-agent \$n(1) \$udp2"

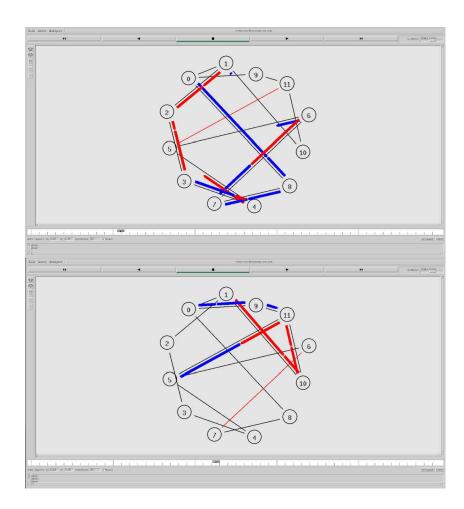
\$ns at 5.0 "finish"

\$ns run

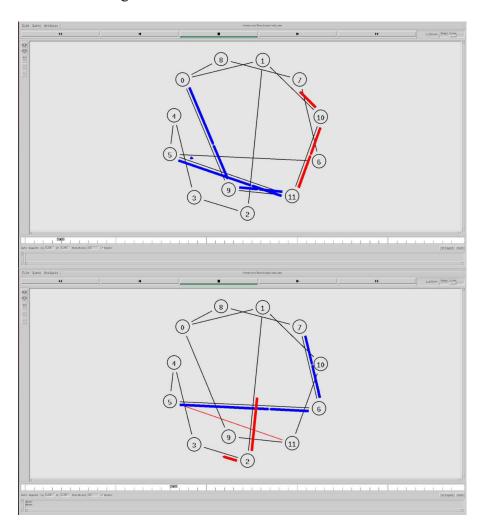
Output:

Distance Vector Routing Protocol:





Link State Routing Protocol:



Learning outcomes:

- Various routing protocols were studied.
- The distance vector routing protocol and the link state routing protocol were understood.
- The implementation of routing protocols using NS2 was understood.