UMD Smith School Program Ranking

Project Name: Fearlessly Forward

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Introduction

This project was initiated with the objective of assisting the University of Maryland, particularly the Smith School of Business, in establishing a comprehensive database management system. The primary aim is to create a centralized platform for collecting, storing, and analyzing the rankings of various programs offered

at the Smith School of Business.

Combining theoretical frameworks with practical implementation, it utilizes Microsoft SQL Server for

database management and Lucidchart for structural design.

Pre-requisites

Microsoft SQL Server and Lucidchart

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Description

The database management system designed for ranking programs at the Smith School of Business is focused on centralizing information, making it a single source for business program rankings and thereby streamlining data handling. It enhances efficiency and accessibility, ensuring that program rankings are easily accessible to students and faculty. The system supports informed decision-making by providing detailed data on program performance and trends. Additionally, it facilitates improved communication and coordination within the university community regarding program selections and updates. Finally, it maintains accurate and current records of program rankings, adhering to educational standards and regulations.

Data Sources

- 1. https://www.rhsmith.umd.edu/departments
- 2. https://www.rhsmith.umd.edu/programs
- 3. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Robert H. Smith School of Business
- 4. https://www.rhsmith.umd.edu/news/new-smith-degree-tackle-big-data-expert-shortage-0
- 5. https://www.rhsmith.umd.edu/news/smith-school-welcomes-300-ms-students
- 6. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Robert H. Smith School of Business
- 7. https://www.rhsmith.umd.edu/news/smith-school-welcomes-300-ms-students
- 8. https://www.investopedia.com/terms/r/robert-h-smith-school-of-business-university-of-maryland.asp
- 9. https://www.prnewswire.com/news-releases/maryland-smith-unveils-flex-mba-for-part-time-students-301224187.html
- 10. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Robert H. Smith School of Business
- 11. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Robert H. Smith School of Business
- 12. www.usnews.com
- 13. www.forbes.com
- 14. www.bloomberg.com
- 15. www.fortune.com
- 16. www.ft.com
- 17. www.topuniversities.com
- 18. www.economist.com

References

[1] Hoffer, Jeffrey A., Ramesh, V., & Topi, Heikki "Modern Database Management": This book serves as a key reference for principles of database management, providing essential technical advice and established practices for database design and administration.

- [2] Forbes, The Economist, and US News: These are the few publications that we referred to for providing ranking data for the University of Maryland's Smith School graduate programs, essential for the project's analysis.
- [3] The University of Maryland's Official Website: The project relies on information from the university's official smith school grad programs platform for accurate and current details about its graduate programs.

Basic Structure

The basic structure and functionalities of a database management system for the University of Maryland's Smith School of Business program rankings. Key functionalities include:

In the database, functional dependencies play a crucial role in defining the relationships between different data elements. Certainly! Here are the functional dependencies in the database presented as bullet points:

| data elements. Certaining, freie are the functional depen |
|--|
| ☐ Program ID (prgId) determines: |
| - Program Name (prgName) - Program Duration (prgDuration) - Program Start Date (prgStartDate) - Program Credits (prgCredits) - Program Scholarship Availability (prgScholarship) |
| ☐ Department ID (depId) uniquely identifies: |
| - Department Name (dpName) |
| ☐ Website ID (webId) is linked to: |
| - Website Name (webName) |

- Website Name (webstame)
- Website Link (webLink)
- □ Combination of Faculty Year (facYear) and Program ID (prgId) determines:
- Faculty Employment Rate (facEmployementRate)
- Student Intake (facStudentIntake)
- Tuition Fees (facTuitionFees)
- Average Salary (facAvgSalary)
- Student to Faculty Ratio (facStudentToFacultyRatio)

These dependencies ensure that the database maintains consistency and integrity in its data relationships.

Implementation

Testing the project:

This involves several key steps, ensuring that each aspect of the database system functions as intended and meets the project's objectives:

1. Unit Testing

This involves a thorough examination of each table, view, and stored procedure to ensure correctness in their structure and functionality. It's crucial to validate the data types, constraints, and indexes in each table to confirm they align with the design specifications. Additionally, testing each query for expected results and performance is vital to ensure that the system operates efficiently and accurately retrieves and manipulates data as intended. This step-by-step approach helps identify and rectify any issues at the most granular level of the database.

2. Integration Testing

After completing unit testing, the next phase is integration testing. This stage involves examining the interactions between different parts of the database, particularly focusing on how tables relate and interact with each other. During integration testing, it's essential to verify the integrity of data as it moves across various tables and components of the system. This process ensures that data relationships are maintained correctly and that the integrated components work together seamlessly, allowing for accurate and consistent data processing throughout the entire database system. This step is crucial in confirming that the database functions cohesively as a unified whole.

3. System Testing

In this phase the focus shifts to verifying all key functionalities of the database system. This includes comprehensive testing of essential operations such as data insertion, updating, deletion, and retrieval. The goal here is to ensure that each of these functions performs as expected under various scenarios. This involves creating, modifying, and removing data in the database and then retrieving it to confirm that these operations are executed correctly and efficiently.

4. Database Setup

Dropping the Tables: Ensure to Drop the tables before creating them. To do this, execute the following SQL statements in the database - Project_0501_01

```
-- Use Database

USE BUDT702_Project_0501_01;

-- SQL DROP Statements

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Ranks;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS RankingFactors;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS RankingWebsite;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Program;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS AcademicDepartment;

00 % 

Messages

Commands completed successfully.

Completion time: 2023-12-10T21:35:12.0773235-05:00
```

Creating the required tables: To create the tables we require for our analysis, execute the following SQL statements in the database.

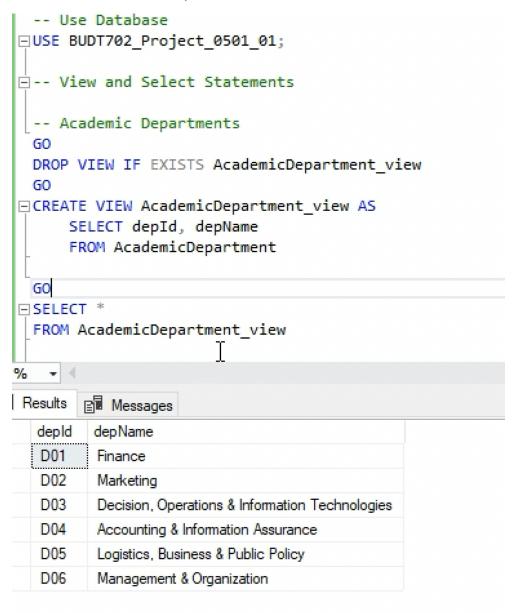
```
-- SOL CREATE TABLE Statements
 CREATE TABLE AcademicDepartment (
    depId CHAR(3) NOT NULL,
    depName VARCHAR(50),
    CONSTRAINT pk_AcademicDepartment PRIMARY KEY (depId)
  );
 CREATE TABLE RankingWebsite (
    webId CHAR(4) NOT NULL,
    webName VARCHAR(50),
    webLink VARCHAR(100),
    CONSTRAINT pk_RankingWebsite PRIMARY KEY (webId)
  );
1% +
Messages
Commands completed successfully.
Completion time: 2023-12-10T21:37:23.2745716-05:00
```

Inserting the values into the tables: To insert the data into our tables, execute the following SQL statements in the database.

```
-- Websites
   INSERT INTO RankingWebsite VALUES ('W001', 'US News', 'www.usnews.com');
INSERT INTO RankingWebsite VALUES ('W002', 'Forbes', 'www.forbes.com');
INSERT INTO RankingWebsite VALUES ('W003', 'Bloomberg', 'www.bloomberg.com');
INSERT INTO RankingWebsite VALUES ('W004', 'Fortune', 'www.fortune.com');
INSERT INTO RankingWebsite VALUES ('W005', 'Financial Times', 'www.ft.com');
INSERT INTO RankingWebsite VALUES ('W006', 'QS Ranking', 'www.topuniversities.com');
INSERT INTO RankingWebsite table BUDT702_Project_0501_01.dbo.RankingWebsite //poetsandquants.com
                                                       table BUDT702_Project_0501_01.dbo.RankingWebsite //poetsandquants.com');
   INSERT INTO RankingWebs
   INSERT INTO RankingWebsite VALUES ('W009', 'The Economist', 'www.economist.com');
% + ∢
 Messages
(1 row affected)
```

5. Verification

Verifying the accuracy of our statements is crucial. To achieve this, we should run the SELECT statement for the specific table under review and then cross-check to ensure that the data is populated correctly. We create VIEW Statements first, and then SELECT.



Validation (Business Queries)

Confirm that all documentation is an accurate representation of the system. This process involves examining the schema designs and executing the SQL statements.

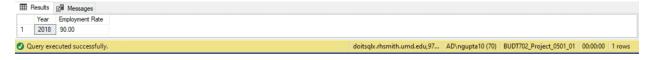
Each of these steps is crucial in comprehensively evaluating the database system to ensure its reliability, efficiency, and user satisfaction. It's important to meticulously record all testing procedures, outcomes, and any identified problems for future reference and possible audit purposes.

What years of Full - time MBA had an employment rate greater than or equal to 90%?

```
GO
DROP VIEW IF EXISTS Year_EmploymentRate_view
GO
CREATE VIEW Year_EmploymentRate_view AS
SELECT y.facYear AS 'Year', y.facEmploymentRate AS 'Employment Rate'
FROM YearlyRankingFactors y
WHERE y.facEmploymentRate >= 90
AND y.prgId = (SELECT p.prgId FROM Program p
WHERE p.prgName = 'Full-Time MBA')

GO
SELECT *
```

SELECT *
FROM Year_EmploymentRate_view;



What is the program and its department with the highest average starting salary in 2022?

```
GO
DROP VIEW IF EXISTS Program_HighestAverageSalary_view
GO
CREATE VIEW Program_HighestAverageSalary_view AS
SELECT TOP 1 p.prgName AS 'Program Name', d.depName AS 'Department Name'
FROM Program p
JOIN AcademicDepartment d ON p.depId = d.depId
JOIN YearlyRankingFactors y ON p.prgId = y.prgId
WHERE y.facYear = 2022
ORDER BY y.facAvgStartSalary DESC
```

```
GO
SELECT *
FROM Program HighestAverageSalary view;
```



List all programs rankings by a website and try to analyze trend across years

```
GO
DROP VIEW IF EXISTS Programs_Ranking_view
GO
CREATE VIEW Programs_Ranking_view AS
SELECT p.prgName AS 'Program Name', y.facYear AS 'Year',
r.rank
FROM Program p
JOIN YearlyRankingFactors y ON p.prgId = y.prgId
JOIN Ranks r ON y.prgId = r.prgId AND y.facYear = r.facYear
JOIN RankingWebsite w ON r.webId = w.webId
WHERE w.webName = 'US News'
GROUP BY p.prgName, y.facYear, r.rank
```

GO SELECT *

FROM Programs Ranking view; Results Messages Program Name Year rank
Full-Time MBA 2017 47 Full-Time MBA 2018 48 Full-Time MBA 2019 40 Full-Time MBA 2020 44 Full-Time MBA 2021 42 6 MS Accounti... 2022 50 7 MS Informati... 2016 10 8 MS Informati... 2019 9 9 MS Informati... 2020 9 10 MS Informati... 2022 9 11 MS Informati... 2023 8 12 MS Informati... 2024 6 13 MS Manage... 2022 24 14 MS Marketin... 2022 17 15 MS Supply C... 2022 18 16 Online MBA 2017 9 17 Online MBA 2018 9 18 Online MBA 2019 8 19 Online MBA 2020 10 20 Online MBA 2021 10 21 Online MBA 2022 12 doitsqlx.rhsmith.umd.edu,97... | AD\ngupta10 (70) | BUDT702_Project_0501_01 | 00:00:00 | 21 rows Query executed successfully.

What is the return on investment for each program during 2022? (ROI = Employment rate * average starting salary * 10 / tuition fee * program length in years)

```
GO
DROP VIEW IF EXISTS Return_Inv_view
GO
CREATE VIEW Return_Inv_view AS
SELECT p.prgName AS 'Program Name',
```

CAST((y.facEmploymentRate * y.facAvgStartSalary * 10) / (y.facTuitionFees * p.prgDuration) AS DECIMAL(10,2)) AS 'Return on Investment' FROM Program p
JOIN YearlyRankingFactors y ON p.prgId = y.prgId
WHERE y.facYear = 2022

GO SELECT * FROM Return_Inv_view;

