# g Using C-2024

Status	Finished
Started	Monday, 23 December 2024, 5:33 PM
Completed	Sunday, 3 November 2024, 1:27 PM
Duration	50 days 4 hours

Question **1**Correct

Marked out of 3.00

Flag question

Write a program to read two integer values and print true if both the numbers end with the same digit, otherwise print false. Example: If 698 and 768 are given, program should print true as they both end with 8. Sample Input 1 25 53 Sample Output 1 false Sample Input 2 27 77 Sample Output 2 true

### Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
 2
    int main()
 3 + {
        int a,b;
 4
        scanf("%d %d",&a,&b);
        int c=a%10,d=b%10;
 6
        if(c==d)
 8
        printf("true");
9
        else
       printf("false");
10
11
       return 0;
12 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	25 53	false	false	~
~	27 77	true	true	~

Passed all tests! <

# Question 2

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

Flag question

# Objective

In this challenge, we're getting started with conditional statements.

Complete the stub code provided in your editor to print whether or not n is weird.

#### Input Format

A single line containing a positive integer, n.

#### Constraints

1 <u>≤</u> n <u>≤</u> 100

#### **Output Format**

Print Weird if the number is weird; otherwise, print Not Weird.

### Sample Input 0

2

#### Sample Output 0

Weird

#### Sample Input 1

24

### Sample Output 1

Not Weird

### Explanation

Sample Case 0: **n = 3** 

 $\emph{n}$  is odd and odd numbers are weird, so we print  $\emph{Weird}$ .

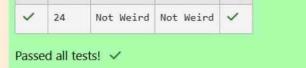
#### Sample Case 1: n = 24

n > 20 and n is even, so it isn't weird. Thus, we print Not Weird.

#### Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 |#include<stdio.h>
      int main()
 3 + {
          int n;
scanf("%d",&n);
if(n>0 && n<101)
 4
          if(n%2!=0)
printf("Weird\n");
 8
 9
10
           else
11 +
                if(n>=2 && n<=5)
printf("Not Weird\n");</pre>
12
13
                else if(n>=6 && n<=20)
                printf("Weird\n");
else if(n>20)
printf("Not Weird\n");
15
16
17
18
19
20
      return 0;
21 }
```





Question 3

Correct

Marked out of 7.00

Flag question

Three numbers form a Pythagorean triple if the sum of squares of two numbers is equal to the square of the third. For example, 3, 5 and 4 form a Pythagorean triple, since 3\*3 + 4\*4 = 25 = 5\*5 You are given three integers, a, b, and c. They need not be given in increasing order. If they form a Pythagorean triple, then print "yes", otherwise, print "no". Please note that the output message is in small letters. Sample Input 1 3 5 4 Sample Output 1 yes Sample Input 2 5 8 2 Sample Output 2 no

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
    int main()
 2
 3 v
    1
 4
         int a,b,c,g,d,e;
         scanf("%d %d %d",&a,&b,&c);
 5
         if(a>b && a>c)
 6
 7
 8
             g=a;
             d = b*b + c*c;
 9
10
             e= g*g;
11
         else if(b>a && b>c)
12
13
14
             g=b;
             d = a*a + c*c;
15
16
            e = g*g;
17
         }
18
         else
19
         {
20
        g=c;
        d = a*a + b*b;
21
        e = g*g;
22
23
         if(d==e)
24
25
         printf("yes");
26
         else
         printf("no");
27
28
        return 0;
29
    1
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3	yes	yes	/
	5			
	4			
~	5	no	no	~
	8			
	2			

Passed all tests! <

# GE23131-Programming Using C-2024

Question 1

Marked out of

Flag question





	Input	Expected	G
~	3	Triangle	Tr
~	7	Heptagon	Не
/	11	The number of sides is not supported.	TH



the Dragon, and 1999 being another year of the Hare. 2000 2001 2002 Horse 2003 Sheep 2004 Monkey

2005 Rooster 2006 Dog Pig Rat 2008 2009 Ox 2010

Tiger 2011 Hare Write a program that reads a year from the user and displays

Question 2

Correct Marked out of 5.00

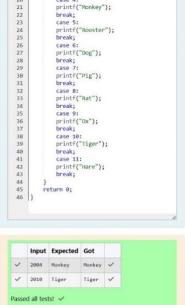
> the animal associated with that year. Your program should work correctly for any year greater than or equal to zero, not just the ones listed in the table. Sample Input 1 Sample Output 1

Monkey Sample Input 2

2010 Sample Output 2

Tiger r: (penalty regime: 0 %) 1 |#include<stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 \* { int y;
scanf("%d",8y);
switch((y-2000)%12)
{ tch((y-2000)%12)

case 0:
printf("Dragon");
break;
case 1:
printf("Snake");
break;
case 2:
printf("Horse");
break;
case 3:
printf("Sheep");
break;
case 4:
printf("Monkey");
break;
case 6:
printf("Booster");
break;
case 6:
printf("Dog");
break; 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 24 25 26 27 printf("Dog");
break;
case 7:
printf("Pig");
break;
case 8:
printf("Rat"); 28 29 30 31 32 35 36 37



44 | } 45 return 0; 46 |}

	Input	Expected	Got	
/	2004	Monkey	Monkey	~
/	2010	Tiger	Tiger	~

Question **3**Correct
Marked out of 7.00

P Flag question

Positions on a chess board are identified by a letter and a number. The letter identifies the column, while the number identifies the row, as shown below:



Write a program that reads a position from the user. Use an if statement to determine if the column begins with a black square or a white square. Then use modular arithmetic to report the color of the square in that row. For example, if the user enters a1 then your program should report that the square is black. If the user enters d5 then your program should report that the square is white. Your program may assume that a valid position will always be entered. It does not need to perform any error checking.

Sample Input 1

a 1

Sample Output 1

The square is black.

Sample Input 2

d 5

Sample Output 2

The square is white.

#### Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
| #includecstdio.h>
int main() {
    char r;
    int c;
    scanf("%c%d",&r,&c);
    int cindex= c-'a'+1;
    if((r+cindex)%2=0)
    printf("The square is black.");
    else
    printf("The square is white.");
    return 0;
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got
~	a 1	The square is black.	The square is black
~	d 5	The square is white.	The square is white

### GE23131-Programming Using C-2024



Status Finished

Started Monday, 23 December 2024, 5:33 PM

Completed Thursday, 7 November 2024, 9:00 AM

**Duration** 46 days 8 hours

Correct
Marked out of 3.00
F Flag question

Ouestion 1

Some data sets specify dates using the year and day of year rather than the year, month, and day of month. The day of year (DOY) is the sequential day number starting with day 1 on January 1st.

There are two calendars - one for normal years with 365 days, and one for leap years with 366 days. Leap years are divisible by 4. Centuries, like 1900, are not leap years unless they are divisible by 400. So, 2000 was a leap year.

To find the day of year number for a standard date, scan down the Jan column to find the day of month, then scan across to the appropriate month column and read the day of year number. Reverse the process to find the standard date for a given day of year.

Write a program to print the Day of Year of a given date, month and year.

Sample Input 1

18 6 2020

Sample Output 1

170

#### Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
             int day,month,year,dif=28,days;
scanf("%d\n%d\n%d",&day,&month,&year);
if((year%4==0 && year%100|=0)||(year%400=
dif=29;
      switch(month)
{
11
             days=day;
             break;
case 2:
days=day+31;
12
13
14
             break;
case 3:
days=day+31+dif;
15
             break;
case 4:
days=day+31+dif+31;
18
20
             break;
case 5:
days=day+31+dif+31+30;
21
23
             break;
case 6:
days=day+31+dif+31+30+31;
24
25
26
27
             break;
case 7:
28
             days=day+31+dif+31+30+31+30;
29
30
31
             days=day+31+dif+31+30+31+30+31;
32
35
             days=day+31+dif+31+30+31+30+31+31;
             days-us,...
break;
case 10:
days-day+31+dif+31+30+31+30+31+31+30;
36
37
38
             break;
case 11:
39
             days=day+31+dif+31+30+31+30+31+31+30+31;
41
             days-ug,...
break;
case 12:
days-day+31+dif+31+30+31+30+31+31+30+31+3
42
44
45
46
      printf("%d",days);
return 0;
}
47
```



```
R
                                                                                       10
                                                                                       10
                                                                                       Sample Output 3
                                                                                       100
                                                                                      Sample Input 4
                                                                                       G
                                                                                       8
                                                                                       8
                                                                                       Sample Output 4
                                                                                       Sample Input
                                                                                       C
                                                                                       9
                                                                                       10
                                                                                      Sample Output 4
                                                                                       Explanation:
                                                                                             First is output of area of rectangle
                                                                                             Then, output of area of triangle
                                                                                             Then output of area square
                                                                                              Finally, something random, so we print 0
                                                                                       Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
                                                                                          1 |#include<stdio.h>
                                                                                                #include<string.h>
int main()
                                                                                                {
                                                                                            4 1
                                                                                                      char shape[20];
                                                                                                     int a,b,h;
scanf("%s",shape);
if(strcmp(shape,"R")==0)
                                                                                           6
                                                                                           8
                                                                                                           scanf("%d %d",&b,&h);
a=b*h;
                                                                                          10
                                                                                           11
                                                                                          12
13 •
                                                                                                     }
else if(strcmp(shape,"S")==0){
    scanf("%d %d",&b,&h);
    a=(b*h)/2;
}else if(strcmp(shape,"T")==0){
    scanf("%d %d",&b,&h);
                                                                                          14
15
                                                                                          16
17
                                                                                          18
                                                                                                           a=(b*h);
                                                                                          19
                                                                                                     a=0;
printf("%d",a);
return 0;
                                                                                          20
                                                                                          21
                                                                                          22
23
                                                                                          24 }
                                                                                          Innut Evnected Got
REC-CIS
                                                                                                20
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                                                                                                30
                                                                                               S
                                                                                                         1000
                                                                                                                       1000
                                                                                                40
                                                                                                50
                                                                                        Passed all tests! <
```

Question 3

Correct

Superman is planning a journey to his home planet. It is very

important for him to know which day he arrives there. They

1000 1000 40 50 Passed all tests! ✓

Question 3 Marked out of

7.00

F Flag question

important for him to know which day he arrives there. They don't follow the 7-day week like us. Instead, they follow a 10-day week with the following days: Day Number Name of Day 1 Sunday 2 Monday 3 Tuesday 4 Wednesday 5 Thursday 6 Friday 7 Saturday 8 Kryptonday 9 Coluday 10 Daxamday Here are the rules of the calendar: • The calendar starts with Sunday always. • It has only 296 days. After the 296th day, it goes back to Sunday. You begin your journey on a Sunday and will reach after n. You have to tell on which day you will arrive when you reach there.

Superman is planning a journey to his home planet. It is very

Input format: •

Contain a number n (0 < n)

Output format: Print the name of the day you are arriving on

**Example Input** 

**Example Output** 

Kryptonday Example Input

**Example Output Monday** 

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
    int main()
 3 +
    {
         int n,i;
scanf("%d",&n);
 4
 5
         i=(n%296)%10;
 6
         switch(i)
 8
         {
9
             case 0:
10
             printf("Sunday");
11
             break;
12
             case 1:
13
             printf("Monday");
14
             break;
15
             case 2:
             printf("Tuesday");
16
17
             break;
18
             case 3:
             printf("Wednesay");
19
20
             break:
21
             case 4:
22
             printf("Thursday");
23
             break;
24
             case 5:
25
             printf("Friday");
             break;
26
27
             case 6:
28
             printf("Saturday");
29
             break;
30
             case 7:
31
             printf("Kryptonday");
32
             break:
33
             case 8:
             printf("Coluday");
             break;
35
36
             case 9:
             printf("Daxamday");
37
38
             break;
39
40
         return 0;
    }
41
42
43
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
/	7	Kryptonday	Kryptonday	~
~	1	Monday	Monday	~

Passed all tests! <