WEEK 2

Write a program to read two integer values and print true if both the numbers end with the same digit, otherwise print false. Example: If 698 and 768 are given, program should print true as they both end with 8. Sample Input 1 25 53 Sample Output 1 false Sample Input 2 27 77 Sample Output 2 true

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
    int main()
3 ₹ {
4
       int a,b,c,d;
      scanf("%d %d",&a,&b);
      c=a%10;
7
      d=b%10;
8
      if (c==d)
       printf("true");
10
       printf("false");
11
12
      return 0;
13 }
```

Input	Expected	Got	
✓ 25 53	false	false	~
✓ 27 7 7	true	true	~

Not Weird

Explanation

Sample Case 0: n = 3

n is odd and odd numbers are weird, so we print Weird.

Sample Case 1: n = 24

n > 20 and n is even, so it isn't weird. Thus, we print Not Weird.

```
#include <stdio.h>
    int main()
 2
3 ₹ {
4
        int n;
5
        scanf("%d",&n);
6
        if (n%2==0)
7 ,
           if (n>=2 && n<=5)
8
              printf("Not Weird");
9
           else if (n>=5 && n<=20)
10
               printf("Weird");
11
12
            else
           printf("Not Weird");
13
14
15
        else
           printf("Weird");
16
17
        return 0;
18 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3	Weird	Weird	~

Three numbers form a Pythagorean triple if the sum of squares of two numbers is equal to the square of the third. For example, 3, 5 and 4 form a Pythagorean triple, since 3*3 + 4*4 = 25 = 5*5 You are given three integers, a, b, and c. They need not be given in increasing order. If they form a Pythagorean triple, then print "yes", otherwise, print "no". Please note that the output message is in small letters. Sample Input 1 3 5 4 Sample Output 1 yes Sample Input 2 5 8 2 Sample Output 2 no

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
   int main()
3 ₹ {
        int a,b,c,sum;
scanf("%d %d %d",&a,&b,&c);
if (a>b && a>c)
 6
 7
            sum=(b*b)+(c*c);
 8
            if ((a*a)==sum)
9
           printf("yes");
else
10
11
                printf("no");
12
13
        else if (b>a && b>c)
14
15
16
            sum=(a*a)+(c*c);
17
            if ((b*b)==sum)
18
               printf("yes");
19
20
                printf("no");
21
        else
22
23
24
            sum=(a*a)+(b*b);
25
            if ((c*c)==sum)
26
               printf("yes");
            else
27
               printf("no");
28
29
30
        return 0;
31 }
```

		Input	Expected	Got	
	~	3	yes	yes	✓
		5 4			
ı	<u> </u>	5	no	no	/
	•	8	110		*

Sample Output 3

The number of sides is not supported.

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
 2
    int main()
3 ₹ {
4
        int x;
       scanf("%d",&x);
5
       switch (x)
6
7 🔻
8
           case 3:
9
           printf("Triangle");
10
           break;
11
           case 4:
           printf("Quadrilateral");
12
13
           break;
14
           case 5:
15
           printf("Pentagon");
16
           break;
17
           case 6:
18
           printf("Hexagon");
19
           break;
20
           case 7:
21
           printf("Heptagon");
           break;
22
23
           case 8:
           printf("Octagon");
24
25
           break;
26
           case 9:
           printf("Nonagon");
27
28
           break;
29
           case 10:
30
           printf("Decagon");
31
           break;
           default:
32
           printf("The number of sides is not supported.");
33
34
35
        return 0;
36 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3	Triangle	Triangle	~

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	2004	Monkey	Monkey	~
~	2010	Tiger	Tiger	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

```
Sample Output 1
```

The square is black.

Sample Input 2

d 5

Sample Output 2

The square is white.

```
#include <stdio.h>
 2 v int main(){
 3
        char c;
 4
        int p;
        scanf("%c %d",&c,&p);
 5
        if (c=='a'||c=='c'||c=='e'||c=='g')
 6
 7 🔻
            if (p==1||p==3||p==5||p==7)
 8
 9
                printf("The square is black.");
10
            else
              printf("The square is white.");
11
12
        else
13
14 *
        {
            if (p==1||p==3||p==5||p==7)
15
16
               printf("The square is white.");
17
            else
           printf("The square is black.");
18
19
        return 0;
20
21
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	a 1	The square is black.	The square is black.	~
~	d 5	The square is white.	The square is white.	~

```
18
6
2020
Sample Output 1
170
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
       #include <stdio.h>
   2 *
       int main(){
   3
           int d,m,y,doy,dof=28;
           scanf("%d %d %d",&d,&m,&y);
   4
   5
           if ((y\%4==0 \&\& y\%100!=0)||(y\%400==0))
   6
   7
               dof=29;
   8
           switch(m){
   9
               case 2:doy+=31;break;
  10
               case 3:doy+=31+dof;break;
              case 4:doy+=31+dof+31;break;
  11
               case 5:doy+=31+dof+31+30;break;
  12
               case 6:doy+=31+dof+31+30+31;break;
  13
  14
               case 7:doy+=31+dof+31+30+31+30;break;
  15
               case 8:doy+=31+dof+31+30+31+30+31;break;
  16
               case 9:doy+=31+dof+31+30+31+30+31+31;break;
               case 10:doy+=31+dof+31+30+31+30+31+31+30; break;
  17
               case 11:doy+=31+dof+31+30+31+30+31+30+31; break;
  18
               case 12:doy+=31+dof+31+30+31+30+31+30+31+30; break;
  19
  20
           printf("%d",doy);
  21
  22
           return 0;
  23 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	18 6 2020	170	170	~

Sample Output 4

0

Explanation:

- First is output of area of rectangle
- Then, output of area of triangle
- Then output of area square
- Finally, something random, so we print 0

```
#include <stdio.h>
 2 v int main(){
 3
       int a,b,d=0;
 4
        char c;
 5
        scanf("%c %d %d",&c,&a,&b);
 6 🔻
        switch(c){
7
           case 'T': printf("%d",(a*b));break;
           case 'S': printf("%d",((a*b)/2));break;
 8
           case 'R': printf("%d",(a*b));break;
9
10
           default: printf("%d",d);
11
12
        return 0;
13 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	T 10 20	200	200	~

```
Contain a number n (0 < n)

Output format: Print the name of the day you are arriving on

Example Input

7

Example Output

Kryptonday

Example Input

1

Example Output Monday

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

1 #include <stdio.h>
2 v int main(){
```

```
3
        int n,i;
        scanf("%d",&n);
 4
 5
        i=(n%296)%10;
 6 v
        switch(i){
 7
            case 0: printf("Sunday");break;
            case 1: printf("Monday");break;
 8
            case 2: printf("Tuesday");break;
9
           case 3: printf("Wednesday");break;
10
11
           case 4: printf("Thursday");break;
            case 5: printf("Friday");break;
12
13
            case 6: printf("Saturday");break;
            case 7: printf("Kryptonday");break;
14
15
            case 8: printf("Coluday");break;
            case 9: printf("Daxamday");break;
16
17
        return 0;
18
19
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	7	Kryptonday	Kryptonday	~
~	1	Monday	Monday	~

Passed all tests! <