1. B
2. B, C
3. C
4. C
5. C
6. C
7. C
8. B
9. B
10. A
11. A JOIN clause is used to combine rows from two or more tables, based on a related column between them.
12. (INNER) JOIN: Returns records that have matching values in both tables

    LEFT (OUTER) JOIN: Returns all records from the left table, and the matched records from the right table

    RIGHT (OUTER) JOIN: Returns all records from the right table, and the matched records from the left table

    FULL (OUTER) JOIN: Returns all records when there is a match in either left or right table

13. SQL Server is a relational database management system, or RDBMS, developed and marketed by Microsoft. similar to other RDBMS software, SQL Server is built on top of SQL, a standard programming language for interacting with relational databases. SQL Server is tied to Transact-SQL, or T-SQL, the Microsoft's implementation of SQL that adds a set of proprietary programming constructs. SQL Server works exclusively on the Windows environment for more than 20 years. In 2016, Microsoft made it available on Linux. SQL Server 2017 became generally available in October 2016 that ran on both Windows and Linux.
14. The PRIMARY KEY constraint uniquely identifies each record in a table. Primary keys must contain UNIQUE values, and cannot contain NULL values. A table can have only ONE primary key; and in the table, this primary key can consist of single or multiple columns (fields).
15. ETL, which stands for extract, transform and load, is a data integration process that combines data from multiple data sources into a single, consistent data store that is loaded into a data warehouse or other target system.