DoX - Doc, only $eXtended^*$

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Abstract

The doc package provides LATEX developers with means to describe the usage and the definition of new commands and environments. However, there is no simple way to extend this functionality to other items (options or counters for instance). DoX is designed to circumvent this limitation, and provides some improvements over the existing functionality as well.

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^{*}DoX homepage: http://www.lrde.epita.fr/~didier/software/latex.php#dox

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1 Installation

1.1 Extraction

If you are building DoX from the tarball you need to execute the following steps in order to extract the necessary files:

```
[pdf]latex dox.dtx
[pdf]latex dox.dtx
[pdf]latex dox.dtx
```

After that, you need to install the generated documentation and style files to a location where IATEX can find them.

1.2 TDS-compliant layout

For a TDS-compliant layout, the following locations are suggested:

```
[TEXMF] / tex/latex/dox/dox.sty
[TEXMF] / doc/latex/dox/dox.[pdf | dvi]
```

1.3 AUC-T_FX support

AUC-TEX is a powerful major mode for editing TEX documents in [X]Emacs. In particular, it provides automatic completion of command names once they are known. DoX supports AUC-TEX by providing a style file named dox.el which contains AUC-TEX definitions for the relevant commands. This file should be installed in a place where AUC-TEX can find it. Please refer to the AUC-TEX documentation for more information on this. See also section 3.

2 Usage

2.1 Initialization

2.1.1 Requirements

In order to work properly, DoX requires the presence of some LATEX packages. You don't have to load them explicitly though. As long as LATEX can locate them, they will be used automatically. DoX currently depends on kvoptions.

2.1.2 Loading the package

In order to load DoX, simply say \usepackage[\(\langle options \rangle\)] \{\dox\} in the preamble of your document. The package options will be discussed when appropriate.

2.2 Creating new documentation items

Note: we assume that you know about doc's \DescribeMacro, \DescribeEnv and all other associated commands and environments.

\doxitem

```
[\langle options \rangle] \{\langle name \rangle\} \{\langle envname \rangle\} \{\langle idxcat \rangle\}
```

DoX provides a command named \doxitem to create new documentation items with functionalities equivalent to what doc provides for commands and environments. A whole API is created for every new item.

2.2.1 Example

Perhaps the simplest way to describe what it does is to give an example. Suppose you would like to describe package options explicitely. Here is what you need to do:

```
\usepackage{dox}
\doxitem{Option}{option}{options}
```

DoX then creates the following API for you:

- \DescribeOption
- the option environment
- \PrintDescribeOption
- \PrintOptionName
- \SpecialMainOptionIndex
- \SpecialOptionIndex

In order to comply with doc's original behavior, the commands \PrintDescribeOption and \PrintOptionName will only be defined if they do not already exist.

2.2.2 Details

Here is a more precise description of the arguments to \doxitem.

- $\langle name \rangle$ (Option in our example) is used to construct the names of the commands in the new API. It usually starts with an upcase letter.
- $\langle envname \rangle$ (option in our example) is the name of the created environment. Be sure to avoid name clashes here! If you start experimenting odd behavior, you've probably overridden an existing command with your new environment.¹

¹It is a pity that LATEX use the same namespace for commands and environments. The opening command for environment env should be named \beginenv and not just \env

• $\langle idxcat \rangle$ (options in our example) is the index category under which your items will appear. For example, all indexed options will be listed in the "options:" index entry.

2.2.3 Options to \doxitem

The first (optional) argument to \doxitem may contain a comma-separated list of options. The following ones are currently implemented.

idxtype

We saw earlier that individual items appear under the idxcat index entry, but items also appear as standalone index entries, alphabetically sorted with their type in parenthesis. For instance, the final option would appear like this under the F index entry: "final (option)".

By default, the index type is the same as the environment's name (the $\langle envname \rangle$ argument). However, you can change this by providing a value to the idxtype option.

For instance, you may find the word "environment" too long for an index type. In that case, you may redefine the environment API like this:

\doxitem[idxtype=env.]{Env}{environment}{environments}

macrolike

At some point, you may find that the "macro" category is too gross, and whish to further split it into different documentation items. A typical example of this would be to provide a specific category for LATEX lengths.

The difference with options or counters is that the names of your items are actually control sequences, and so they need to be typeset and indexed in a specific way.

As of version 2.2, DoX provides a macrolike boolean option which instructs \doxitem to create new documentation items expecting control sequences instead of plain text names. If you want to create explicit documentation for lengths for instance, you can do this:

\doxitem[macrolike,idxtype=len.]{Length}{length}{engths}

In turn this allows you do write things like that:

```
\DescribeLength{\partopsep}
\begin{length}{\partopsep}
...
\end{length}
```

2.3 Improvements over doc's original API

Please note that the improvements described in this section are also available in doc's original command and environment API's, because DoX redefines them.

2.3.1 Additional (optional) argument

Compared to doc, the API's created by \doxitem are extended with a first optional argument containing a comma-separated list of options, such that, continuing with our initial example, the real prototypes are in fact the following:

```
\DescribeOption[opt,...]{name}
\begin{option}[opt,...]{name}
%% ...
\end{option}
```

2.3.2 Available options

The options currently supported are:

noprint Avoid printing $\langle name \rangle$ in the margin

noindex Avoid indexing $\langle name \rangle$

These options are useful if you don't want printing or indexing locally for one particular item. Without them, one would need to locally \let the relevant commands to \@gobble which is very inconvenient.

There is also another advantage in using the noprint option: in doc's original implementation, a margin paragraph will still be created just to be empty, hence wasting float resources. If you're referencing a lot of items close to each other, this may lead to a "Too many unprocessed floats" error. With DoX, the \marginpar is avoided altogether.

2.3.3 Global effect

The macrolike, noprint and noindex options are also available to \usepackage. Their effect then becomes global. Because these options are boolean, it is still possible to counteract their global effect locally. For instance, one could do:

```
\usepackage[noprint] {dox}
```

and then later:

\DescribeOption[noprint=false]{french}

3 AUC-TEX support for new documentation items

Recent versions of AUC-TEX (in fact, docTEX mode) are aware of the macro and environment environments and give them a fixed indentation level of 0, meaning no indentation at all even when they are nested. This is considered more convenient than the usual indentation for environments when editing dtx files. If you have created new documentation items for your package, you may want to let them behave the same way. For that, the DoX style file provides two Lisp functions to let AUC-TEX know of your new environments: doxitem and doxitems. The first one registers a new environment by name with AUC-TEX, and the second one takes

an arbitrary number of environment names and does the same with them. The environment names can in fact be regular expressions, allowing you to combine several names together or build complex ones.

Since these functions are located in the style file itself, a good place to use them is in TeX-update-style-hook which will be called after the file is parsed and the relevant style files applied. Note that the effect of calling these functions is always buffer-local.

Here is an example to make all of this clearer. The following code sample is what I have at the end of fixme.dxt (another package of mine), in the local variables section:

```
(add-hook 'TeX-update-style-hook
  (lambda () (doxitems "option" "counter" "lang" "face" "color")) nil t)
(add-hook 'TeX-update-style-hook
  (lambda () (doxitem "\\(env\\|target\\)?layout")) nil t)
```

4 Conclusion

If you want to see DoX in action, take a look at the documentation of the FiXme package (version 4.0 or later). In fact, I wrote DoX for it in the first place.

5 Changes

- v2.2 New macrolike option allowing to create control sequence based documentation items.
- v2.1 New lisp functions doxitem[s] to register new documentation environments with AUC-TeX.
- v2.0 Optional argument to \doxitem (idxtype option to change the item's index type).

Optional argument to $\Describe\langle Item\rangle$ and the $\langle item\rangle$ environment (noprint to avoid marginal printing and noindex to avoid indexing).

Extend \DescribeMacro, \DescribeEnv and their corresponding environments with the same features.

v1.0 First public version

6 Implementation

6.1 Preamble

```
1 \( \dox \) \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
2 \( \* \text{header} \)
3 \ProvidesPackage{\dox}[2010/12/16 v2.2 Extensions to the doc package]
4
5 \( \/ \text{header} \)
6 \( \* \dox \)
7 \RequirePackage{\kvoptions}
8 \SetupKeyvalOptions{family=dox,prefix=dox@}
```

9

6.2 DoX options

These two options are available for use in \usepackage or in the generated item API's:

```
10 \DeclareBoolOption{noprint}
11 \DeclareBoolOption{noindex}
This one is for \usepackage and \doxitem:
12 \DeclareBoolOption{macrolike}
This one is for \doxitem:
13 \DeclareStringOption{idxtype}
14
```

6.3 DoX environments

\@@doxenv

```
\{\langle item \rangle\}\{\langle name \rangle\}
```

In doc.sty, the macro and environment environments go through the \m@cro@ macro which implements specific parts by testing a boolean condition as its first argument. This mechanism is not extensible, so I have to hack away a more generic version that would work for any new dox item, only which looks pretty much like the original one.

```
15 \lceil \log \left( \frac{00}{2} \right) = 15
    \endgroup%
16
    \topsep\MacroTopsep%
17
    \trivlist%
      \edef\saved@macroname{\string#2}%
20
       \def\makelabel##1{\langle llap{##1}}%
      \if@inlabel%
21
         \let\@tempa\@empty%
22
         \count@\macro@cnt%
23
         \loop\ifnum\count@>\z@%
24
           \edef\@tempa{\@tempa\hbox{\strut}}\advance\count@\m@ne%
25
26
27
         \edef\makelabel##1{\llap{\vtop to\baselineskip{\@tempa\hbox{##1}\vss}}}%
28
         \advance\macro@cnt\@ne%
29
       \else%
         \macro@cnt\@ne%
30
       \fi%
31
       \ifdox@noprint%
32
33
         \item%
       \else%
34
         \edef\@tempa{%
35
           \noexpand\item[%
```

Apart from dependency on options, the first modification to the original macro involves dynamically constructing the name of the print macro:

```
37 \expandafter\noexpand\csname Print#1Name\endcsname{\saved@macroname}]}%
38 \@tempa%
39 \fi%
40 \ifdox@noindex\else%
41 \global\advance\c@CodelineNo\@ne%
```

\@doxenv

```
and the second one involves dynamically constructing the name of the index macro:
         \@nameuse{SpecialMain#1Index}{#2}\nobreak%
43
         \global\advance\c@CodelineNo\m@ne%
       \fi%
44
45
       \ignorespaces}
\{\langle item \rangle\} [\langle options \rangle]
Handle optional arguments and call \@@doxenv. Because environments can be
nested, we can't rely on grouping for getting options default values. Hence, we
need to reset the options at every call.
46 \def\@doxenv#1[#2]{%
     \@nameuse{dox@noprint\dox@noprintdefault}%
    \@nameuse{dox@noindex\dox@noindexdefault}%
49
     \setkeys{dox}{#2}%
```

6.4 DoX descriptions

 $\colored{catcode'}\12\%$

\@@doxenv{#1}}

\MakePrivateLetters%

\@@doxdescribe

```
\{\langle item \rangle\}\{\langle name \rangle\}
```

\begingroup%

50

51

52

53 54

The first closed group was the one opened to parse the $\langle name \rangle$ argument. The second one was opened to handle local options.

```
55 \ensuremath{\mbox{def}\ensuremath{\mbox{00}\mbox{doxdescribe}\#1\#2}\ensuremath{\mbox{\%}}
                           \endgroup%
                   56
                   57
                           \ifdox@noprint\else%
                             \marginpar{\raggedleft\@nameuse{PrintDescribe#1}{#2}}%
                   58
                   59
                           \ifdox@noindex\else%
                   60
                             \@nameuse{Special#1Index}{#2}%
                   61
                           \fi%
                   62
                           \endgroup%
                   63
                        \@esphack\ignorespaces}
\@doxdescribe
                  \{\langle item \rangle\} [\langle options \rangle]
                   Handle optional arguments and call \@@doxdescribe.
                   65 \def\@doxdescribe#1[#2]{%
                        \leavevmode\@bsphack%
                   66
                   67
                        \begingroup%
                           \setkeys{dox}{#2}%
                   68
                           \begingroup%
                   69
                             \MakePrivateLetters%
                   70
                             \@@doxdescribe{#1}}
                   71
```

6.5 API construction

```
 \begin{tabular}{ll} $\langle idxype \rangle \} \{\langle idxcat \rangle \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle idxtype \rangle \} \{\langle idxcat \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle idxtype \rangle \} \{\langle idxcat \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle idxtype \rangle \} \{\langle idxcat \rangle \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle idxtype \rangle \} \{\langle idxcat \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle idxtype \rangle \} \{\langle idxcat \rangle \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle idxtype \rangle \} \{\langle idxcat \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle idxtype \rangle \} \{\langle idxcat \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle idxtype \rangle \} \{\langle idxcat \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle idxtype \rangle \} \{\langle idxcat \rangle \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle idxtype \rangle \} \{\langle idxcat \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle idxtype \rangle \} \{\langle idxcat \rangle \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle idxtype \rangle \} \{\langle idxcat \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle idxtype \rangle \} \{\langle idxcat \rangle \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} $ \\ extension & \{\langle item \rangle \} \{\langle item \rangle \} $ \\ exte
```

The "macrolike" version does something similar to doc's \SpecialIndex@ macro,

oxcreatespecialmacrolikeindex

```
but simplified. Let's just hope nobody will ever define \setminus_{\sqcup} or nonletter macros as
                           macrolike DoX items...
                           73 \def\@doxcreatespecialmainindex#1#2#3{%
                               \expandafter\def\csname SpecialMain#1Index\endcsname##1{%
                                  \@bsphack%
                           75
                                  \special@index{##1\actualchar{\string\ttfamily\space##1} (#2)
                           76
                           77
                                    \encapchar main}%
                                  \special@index{#3:\levelchar##1\actualchar{\string\ttfamily\space##1}
                           78
                           79
                                    \encapchar main}%
                           80
                                  \@esphack}}
                           81 \def\@doxcreatespecialmainmacrolikeindex#1#2#3{%
                               \expandafter\def\csname SpecialMain#1Index\endcsname##1{%
                           83
                                  \@SpecialIndexHelper@##1\@nil
                                  \@bsphack%
                           84
                                  \special@index{\@gtempa\actualchar
                           85
                                    \string\verb\quotechar*\verbatimchar\bslash\@gtempa\verbatimchar
                           86
                                    \space(#2)\encapchar main}%
                           87
                                  \special@index{#3:\levelchar\@gtempa\actualchar%
                           88
                           89
                                    \string\verb\quotechar*\verbatimchar\bslash\@gtempa\verbatimchar
                           90
                                    \encapchar main}%
                                  \@esphack}}
                           91
                           92
                          {\langle item \rangle} {\langle idxtype \rangle} {\langle idxcat \rangle}
\@doxcreatespecialindex
                           \{\langle item \rangle\}\{\langle idxtype \rangle\}\{\langle idxcat \rangle\}
                           Same comment as above.
                           93 \def\@doxcreatespecialindex#1#2#3{%
                               \expandafter\def\csname Special#1Index\endcsname##1{%
                           94
                           95
                                  \@bsphack%
                                  \index{##1\actualchar{\protect\ttfamily##1} (#2)\encapchar usage}%
                           96
                           97
                                  \index{#3:\levelchar##1\actualchar{\protect\ttfamily##1}
                                    \encapchar usage}%
                           98
                                  \@esphack}}
                           99
                          100 \def\@doxcreatespecialmacrolikeindex#1#2#3{%
                                \expandafter\def\csname Special#1Index\endcsname##1{%
                          102
                                  \@SpecialIndexHelper@##1\@nil
                          103
                                  \@bsphack%
                                  \index{\@gtempa\actualchar
                          104
                          105
                                    \string\verb\quotechar*\verbatimchar\bslash\@gtempa\verbatimchar
                                    \space(#2)\encapchar usage}%
                          106
                                  \index{#3:\levelchar\@gtempa\actualchar
                          107
                                    \string\verb\quotechar*\verbatimchar\bslash\@gtempa\verbatimchar
                          108
                          109
                                    \encapchar usage}%
                                  \@esphack}}
                          110
                          111
```

\expandafter\def\csname Describe#1\endcsname{%

{\@doxdescribe{#1}}{\@doxdescribe{#1}[]}}}

112 \def\@doxcreatedescribe#1{%

\@ifnextchar[%]

114

115 116

6.6 Doc overrides

6.6.1 Macro facilities

Making \DescribeMacro work the DoX way is straightforward. The only precaution we need is to to provide an alias to \SpecialUsageIndex because it should really be named \SpecialMacroIndex.

```
123 \let\SpecialMacroIndex\SpecialUsageIndex
124 \@doxcreatedescribe{Macro}
125
```

Making the macro environment work the DoX way is straightforward. The only precaution we need is to to provide a \SpecialMainMacroIndex macro that does the job originally done in doc's \mocro@.

```
126 \def\SpecialMainMacroIndex#1{%
127 \SpecialMainIndex{#1}\nobreak%
128 \DoNotIndex{#1}}
129 \@doxcreateenv{Macro}{macro}
130
```

6.6.2 Environment facilities

Making \DescribeEnv and the environment environment work the DoX way is even more straightforward.

```
131 \@doxcreatedescribe{Env}
132 \@doxcreateenv{Env}{environment}
133
```

6.7 API creation

The whole user interface is created in one macro call.

```
[\langle options \rangle] \{\langle name \rangle\} \{\langle envname \rangle\} \{\langle idxcat \rangle\}
                 134 \newcommand\doxitem[4][]{%
                       \@nameuse{dox@macrolike\dox@macrolikedefault}%
                        \def\dox@idxtype{#3}%
                 136
                 137
                       \setkeys{dox}{#1}
\Print...Name
                \{\langle name \rangle\}
                 138
                       \@ifundefined{Print#2Name}{%
                 139
                          \ifdox@macrolike
                             \expandafter\def\csname Print#2Name\endcsname##1{%
                 140
                 141
                               \strut\MacroFont\string ##1\ }
                          \else
                 142
                             \expandafter\def\csname Print#2Name\endcsname##1{%
                 143
```

```
\strut\MacroFont ##1\ }
                         144
                                  fi}{}
                         145
\SpecialMain...Index {\langle name \rangle}
                         146
                              \ifdox@macrolike
                                 \def\@doxexpr{\@doxcreatespecialmainmacrolikeindex{#2}}%
                         147
                         148
                              \else
                                 \def\@doxexpr{\@doxcreatespecialmainindex{#2}}%
                         149
                               \fi
                         150
                               \verb|\expandafter@doxexpr\expandafter{\dox@idxtype}{#4}||
                         151
   \PrintDescribe... \{\langle name \rangle\}
                              \@ifundefined{PrintDescribe#2}{%
                         152
                                 \ifdox@macrolike
                         153
                                    \expandafter\def\csname PrintDescribe#2\endcsname##1{%
                         154
                                      \strut\MacroFont\string ##1\ }
                         155
                         156
                                    \expandafter\def\csname PrintDescribe#2\endcsname##1{%
                         157
                                      \strut\MacroFont ##1\ }
                         158
                                  fi}{}
    \Special...Index {\langle name \rangle}
                         160
                              \ifdox@macrolike
                                 \def\@doxexpr{\@doxcreatespecialmacrolikeindex{#2}}%
                         161
                         162
                              \else
                                 \def\@doxexpr{\@doxcreatespecialindex{#2}}%
                         163
                               \expandafter\@doxexpr\expandafter{\dox@idxtype}{#4}%
         \Describe... [\langle options \rangle] \{\langle name \rangle\}
                         166 \@doxcreatedescribe{#2}
                   \texttt{item} \quad \texttt{[}\langle options \rangle \texttt{]} \texttt{\{}\langle name \rangle \texttt{\}}
                               \@doxcreateenv{#2}{#3}}
                         167
                         168
```

6.8 Finale

We need to save the default value for every option because DoX environments need to reset them at every call.

```
169 \ProcessKeyvalOptions*
170 \ifdox@noprint
    \def\dox@noprintdefault{true}
171
172 \else
    \def\dox@noprintdefault{false}
173
174 \fi
175 \ifdox@noindex
176 \def\dox@noindexdefault{true}
177 \else
    \def\dox@noindexdefault{false}
178
179 \fi
180 \ifdox@macrolike
    \def\dox@macrolikedefault{true}
```

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```
182 \else

183 \def\dox@macrolikedefault{false}

184 \fi

185

186 \( /dox \)
```