## **Content Reduction**

## Insert the words.

When teaching academic subjects, a frequent problem is that the field is very
, especially if you know it well. For the student, such a high amount
of information can be easily
is a powerful technique for preparing lessons. It struc-
tures a subject both for you and the students. As a result, you will obtain a
, a visual representation of the subject.
Here is how it works:
1. Collect topics you wish to cover. Write down all topics that are neces-
sary to achieve the and that you would like to cover in
the tutorial on a separate sheet of paper. Often, you can use topics di-
rectly from the course
2. Cluster the content. Group the topics, until you have 4-7 clusters. Give
each cluster a name. Presenting them, you give your students
so that they can sort content more easily. Bear in
mind that there is more than one clustering possible.
Think that there is more than one stateming possible.
3. Draw a concept map. Visualize your clusters on a separate sheet of
paper as a, diagram, or a picture with the anchors as la-
bels. The concept map can be used as an of your les-
son.
4. <b>Design anchors.</b> Anchors allow you to connect information or
to sensory input. The sensory input could be a,
gesture, sound, or activity. This connection gives you an additional
channel that helps your students to remember the main points.

## **Choose from:**

mental boxes, broad, concept map, emotions, overwhelming, outline, story, syllabus, content reduction, mind map, learning goal