# Javascript

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# Introduction

# Why Javascript?

- web database applications provide dynamic server-side content
- Javascript provides
  - more responsive web user interface
  - client-side computation
  - communicate asynchronously with server
  - interact with user
  - dynamically change HTML being displayed by browser
- built into most browsers

#### **Features**

- interpreted
- dynamic typing (delays binding of types until they are used)
- first-class functions (can take functions as arguments and return functions)
- prototypes (objects based on prototypes instead of inheritance)

1 alert("Hello world!");

```
function factorial(n) {
    if (n === 0) {
        return 1;
    }
    return n * factorial(n - 1);
}
```

```
function displayClosure() {
    var count = 0;
    return function () {
        return ++count;
    };
    };
    var inc = displayClosure();
    inc(); // returns 1
    inc(); // returns 2
    inc(); // returns 3
```

```
1
    <!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01//EN" "http://</pre>
         www.w3.org/TR/html4/strict.dtd">
    <html>
2
3
       <head>
          <title>simple page</title>
       </head>
5
6
7
       <body>
          <h1 id="header">This is JavaScript</h1>
8
          <script type="text/javascript">
             document.write('Hello World!');
9
             // holds a reference to the <h1> tag
10
             var h1 = document.getElementById("header");
11
             // accessing the same <h1> element
12
             h1 = document.getElementsByTagName("h1")[0];
13
         </script>
14
       </body>
15
    </html>
16
```

# Javascript vs Java

- JavaScript has no relationship to Java
- $\bullet$  Javascript cannot draw, is not multi-threaded, cannot use network or other I/O
- Javascript is becoming what Java meant to be
  - lightweight, downloadable program that runs in browser and is compatible across many platforms
  - does much of what Java applets do, with a fraction of the resources

# **Variables**

```
// local variable
var x = 12;
// global variable
y = 12;
```

# **Operators**

#### comparison

```
1 > 2 < 3 >= 4 <= 5 != 6 == 7 ! 8 || 9 &&
```

# **Operators**

### assignment

```
1 + 2 - 3 * 4 / 5 % 6 = 7 += 8 -= 9 ++ 10 --
```

### **Control**

```
i if ( boolean statement ) {
    ...
} else {
}
```

#### **Control**

```
switch (variable) {
case 1:
case 2:
case default:
}
```

#### Control

### **Functions**

```
function add(a,b) {
    return a + b;
}

a(5,3);
```

# **Objects**

```
function Person(name,age) {
    this.name = name;
    this.age = age;
}

var p = new Person('Annie',23);
document.write('Name': ' + p.name);
```

#### **Functions**

```
function show() {
 1
       document.write('Name: ' + this.name);
2
3
4
 5
    function Person(name,age) {
       this.name = name;
       this.age = age;
8
9
       this.show = show();
10
    var p = new Person('Annie',23);
11
    p.show();
12
```

#### **Functions**

```
function Person(name,age) {
    this.name = name;
    this.age = age;
    this.show = function () { document.write('Name: ' + this.name); }
}

var p = new Person('Annie',23);
    p.show();
```

#### window

- 1 window.location.href
- 2 window.location.hostname

3

- 4 window.history.length
- 5 window.history.back()

#### document

```
document.getElementById("header");
document.getElementsByTagName("h1");
```

#### **Event Handlers**

**Alternatives** 

#### **Alternatives**

- CoffeScript
  - compiles into Javascript
  - simpler syntax
- Jquery
  - Javascript library
  - makes common interactions with browser much simpler
  - ▶ Angular
    - Javascript web framework
    - if using Angular, don't use JQuery