

# System Calls

## CS 360 Internet Programming

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# Web Server Tasks

- ① read and parse the HTTP request message
  - use supplied HTTP parser
- ② translate the URI to a file name
  - use the Host header to find the host name
  - configuration file gives the root directory for each host served by the web server
  - append the URI path to the root directory to get the complete path
- ③ determine whether the request is authorized
  - check file permissions or other authorization procedure
- ④ generate and transmit the response
  - error code or file or results of script
  - must be a valid HTTP message with appropriate headers

# Checking File Permissions

- call `open()` to determine whether you can access the file
- return value of `-1` indicates failure
  - `errno == EACCESS` indicates you didn't have the right permissions (403 Forbidden)
  - `errno == ENOENT` indicates the file doesn't exist (404 Not Found)
  - any other error indicate a server failure (500 Internal Server Error)

# Accessing File Attributes

- use `fstat()` to access file size and last modification time
- use in Content-Length and Last-Modified headers

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```
1  int fstat(int filedes, struct stat *buf);  
2  
3  filedes = file descriptor from open()  
4  buf = pointer to structure to hold statistics
```

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- on success returns zero
- on error returns -1 and sets `errno`
- `stat(2)` provides details on the structure
- the `st_size` member gives the file size in bytes
- the `st_mtime` member gives the time of last modification

# Sending a File

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```
1 ssize_t sendfile(int out_fd, int in_fd, off_t *offset,
2                 size_t count);
3
4 out_fd = socket file descriptor
5 in_fd = file descriptor of file to send
6 offset = NULL
7 count = size of file in bytes (from fstat())
```

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- on success, returns number of bytes written
- on error returns -1 and sets errno

# Getting the Time

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```
1 time_t time(time_t *t);
```

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- returns the time since the Epoch (00:00:00 UTC, January 1, 1970), measured in seconds
- usually pass NULL as the argument to time()
- see time(2) for details

# Converting to GMT

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```
1 struct tm *gmtime(const time_t *timep);  
2  
3 timep = time given by time() or fstat()
```

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- on success returns struct tm pointer
- on error returns NULL
- details of structure given in ctime(3)

# Converting to RFC 822, 1123 Time Format

- the recommended date format for HTTP
- used in the Date and Last-Modified headers

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```
1 size_t strftime(char *s, size_t max, const char *format,
2               const struct tm *tm);
3
4 s = buffer to store ascii translation of time
5 max = size of buffer
6 format = format string
7 tm = pointer to time structure
```

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- on success returns number of characters stored in buffer
- on error returns 0
- the magic format string for RFC 1123 time:

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```
1 %a, %d %b %Y %H:%M:%S GMT
```

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# From Time to Time

```
1 string date(time_t t)
2 {
3     struct tm *gmt;
4     char buf[200];
5
6     memset(buf,0,200);
7     gmt = gmtime(&t);
8     if (gmt == NULL)
9         return "";
10    if (strftime(buf,sizeof(buf),
11                "%a, %d %b %Y %H:%M:%S GMT",gmt) == 0)
12        return "";
13    return string(buf);
14 }
```

- pass in either `time(NULL)` for current time or the file modification time from `fstat()`