Low Level Design

Airbnb Data Analysis

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Document Version Control

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1. Introduction

1.1 What is a Low-Level design document?

The goal of the LDD or Low-level design document (LLDD) is to give the internal logic design of the actual program code for the Airbnb Booking Data. LDD describes the class diagrams with the methods and relations between classes and programs specs. It describes the modules so that the programmer can directly code the program from the document.

1.2 Scope

Low-level design (LLD) is a component-level design process that follows a step-by-step refinement process. The process can be used for designing data structures, required software architecture, source code and ultimately, performance algorithms. Overall, the data organization may be defined during requirement analysis and then refined during data design work.

2. Architecture Description

2.1. Data Description

The dataset had information regarding the reviews with respect to listing id. This data had all the information regarding the listings. It had Host name, location, neighborhood, price, review score and number of reviews, latitude, longitude, room type. etc.

The features in the dataset can be described as follows:

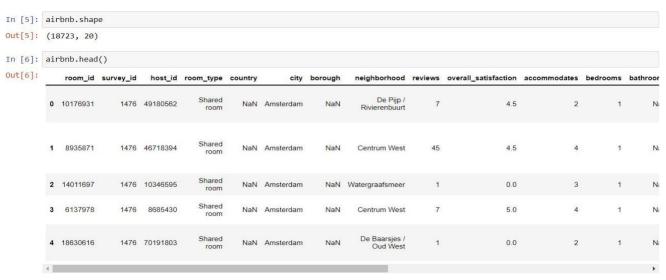
- 1. room id This is the identity number of the property listed by a particular host.
- 2.survey id This is the identity number of survey.
- 3. name It stands for the name of the property listed by the host.
- 4. Host id It is the identity number of the hosts who have registered on Airbnb website.
- 5. room type This represents the various types of room listed by host.
- 6. Country name of the country where the survey was conducted.
- 7. City name of the city where the survey was conducted.
- 8. neighborhood- These are the names of the neighborhood or locations present in the city.
- 9. latitude These represent the coordinates of latitude of the property listed.
- 10. longitude These represent the coordinates of longitude of the property listed.
- 11. price This is the rent of the property listed in euro.
- 12. Mini stay This represents the minimum number of nights a customer rented the property.
- 13. reviews This represents the number of customers who reviewed the property.
- 14. overall satisfaction customers have given a rating to a place in 0 to 5.
- 15. Location it has given a code of the locations.
- 16. Bedrooms no. of bedrooms present in the property.
- 17. Bathrooms no. of bathrooms present in the property.
- 18. Last modification This represents the date when the property was last reviewed.

2.2. Data Transformation

In the Transformation Process, we will Transform our original datasets excel fil into jupyter notebook for data Exploration and performing Exploratory Data Analysis using python programming language.

2.3. Data Exploration

Checking the first 5 rows of the dataset and the dataset consist of 18723 observations (rows) and 20 features (columns).

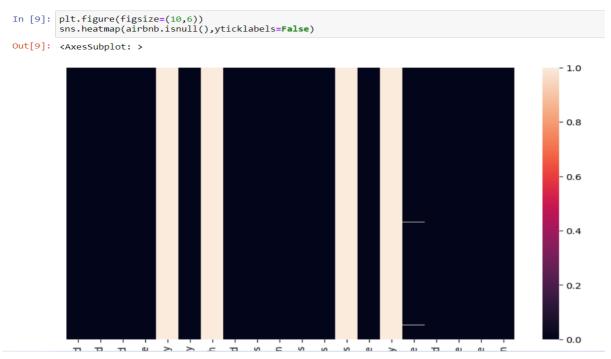


Checking out the 20 features: categorical columns and non-categorical columns in the dataset.

```
In [7]: airbnb.info()
        <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
        RangeIndex: 18723 entries, 0 to 18722
        Data columns (total 20 columns):
         #
             Column
                                    Non-Null Count
                                                    Dtype
        ---
             room_id
                                    18723 non-null
                                                    int64
         0
             survey_id
                                    18723 non-null
                                                     int64
         1
         2
             host_id
                                    18723 non-null
                                                     int64
             room_type
                                    18723 non-null object
             country
                                                     float64
         4
                                    0 non-null
         5
             city
                                    18723 non-null
                                                    object
         6
             borough
                                    0 non-null
                                                     float64
         7
             neighborhood
                                    18723 non-null
                                                    object
         8
             reviews
                                    18723 non-null
                                                     int64
         9
             overall satisfaction 18723 non-null
                                                     float64
             accommodates
         10
                                    18723 non-null
                                                    int64
         11
             bedrooms
                                    18723 non-null
                                                     int64
             bathrooms
                                    0 non-null
         12
                                                     float64
                                    18723 non-null int64
         13
             price
             minstay
                                                     float64
         14
                                    0 non-null
                                    18671 non-null
         15
             name
                                                    object
         16
             last_modified
                                    18723 non-null
                                                     object
             latitude
         17
                                    18723 non-null
                                                     float64
         18
             longitude
                                    18723 non-null
                                                     float64
         19
             location
                                    18723 non-null
                                                    object
        dtypes: float64(7), int64(7), object(6)
        memory usage: 2.9+ MB
```

Checking for null values: The columns like country, borough, bathroom, minstay have largest number of null values. The columns like the name contain 52 null values.

- Data Cleaning(Handling Missing Values)

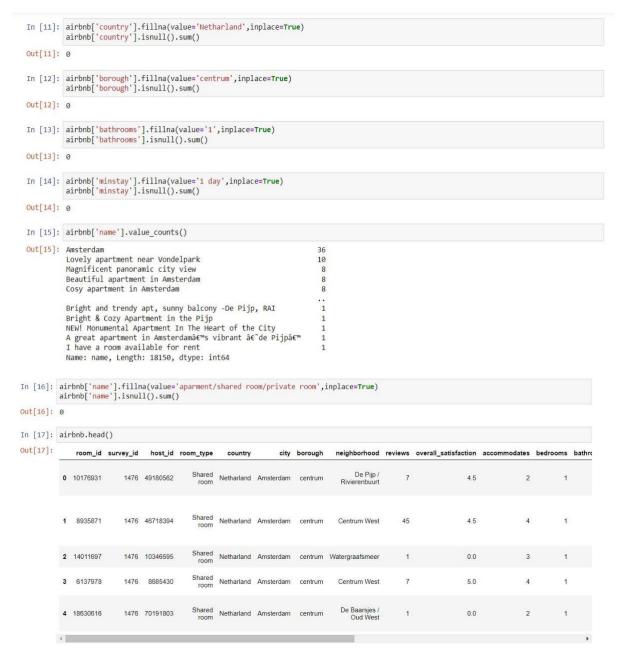


In [10]:	airbnb.isnull().sum()			
Out[10]:	room_id	0		
	survey_id	0		
	host_id			
	room_type	0		
	country	18723		
	city	0		
	borough	18723		
	neighborhood	0		
	reviews			
	overall_satisfaction	0 0		
	accommodates	0		
	bedrooms			
	bathrooms	18723		
	price	0		
	minstay	18723		
	name	52		
	last_modified	0		
	latitude			
	longitude	0		
	location	0		
	dtype: int64			

In the above output we can clearly see that there are major missing values in the features 1.country, 2.borough, 3.minstay, 4.bathroom, and the feature 'name' also has 52 missing values.

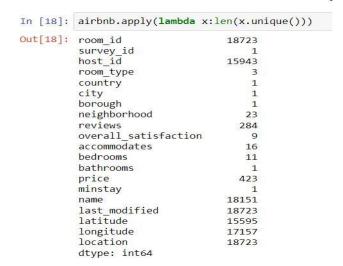
2.4 Data Cleaning

Fixing the null values: We have filled the null values i.e. for country-Netherlands, Borough-centrum, bathroom-1, mainstay-1day, name-apartment/shared/private room.



Above we can see there is no feature left having null values and NaN values

Checking for unique values present in each feature of the dataset.



2.5 Data Analysis and Data Visualization

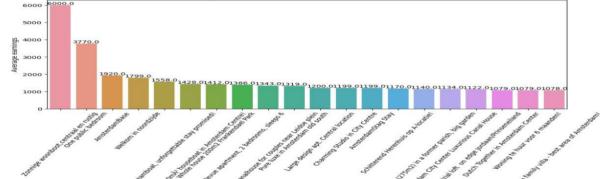
1. Who are top earners:

we will find out the top 20 earners based on 'name' as it represents the name of the properties available in the Airbnb Netherlands,

- Who are top earners

we will find out the top 20 earners on the basis of 'name' as it represents the name of the properties available in the airbnb Netharland





We can clearly see that top 3 earners are:

- -'Zonnige, woonboot, centraal en rustig' with the highest earning of \$6000.
- -'One public bedroom' with the second highest earning of \$3770.
- -'AmsterdamBase' with the third highest earning of \$1920.

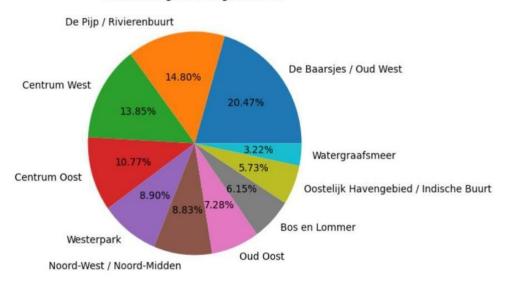
2. Any particular location getting maximum number of bookings:

(i) maximum booking w.r.t. neighborhood

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Maxbooking w.r.t neighborhood



Conclusion:

'De Baarsjes / Oud West' place is having a maximum no. of bookings of 20.47% and having a max. count of 3289

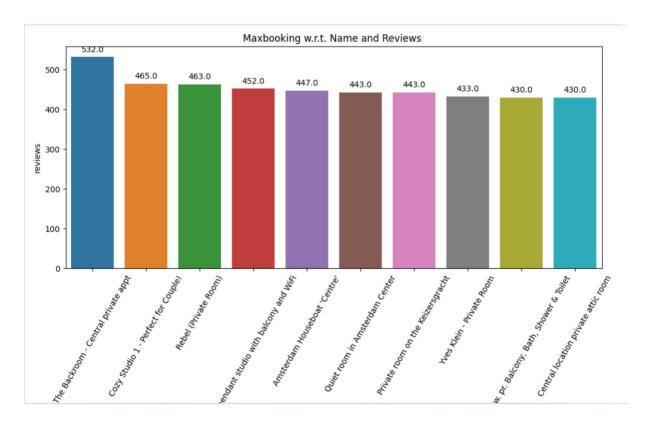
(ii) Maximum booking w.r.t. Name and Reviews

(iii) Maximum booking w.r.t. Name and Reviews

In [26]: maxbooking1=airbnb.groupby(['name'])['reviews'].mean().reset_index().sort_values(by='reviews',ascending=False)
 maxbooking1=maxbooking1[0:10]
 maxbooking1

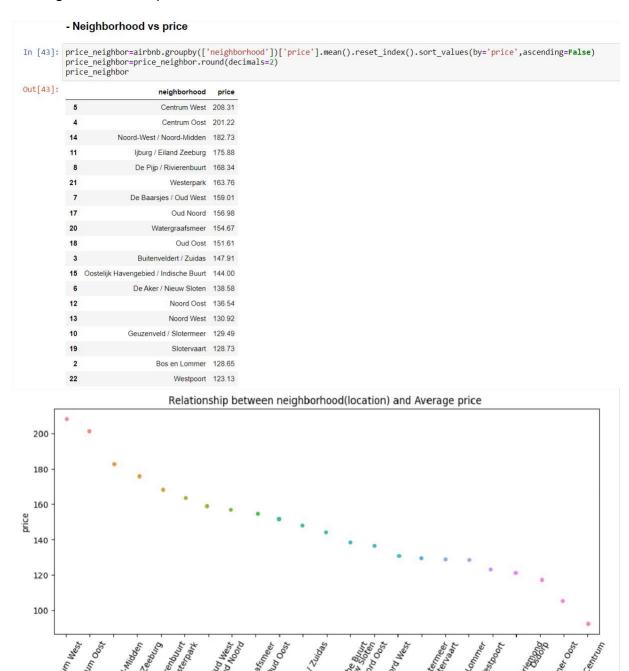
Out[26]:

	name	reviews
	The Backroom - Central private appt	532.0
	Cozy Studio 1 - Perfect for Couple!	465.0
	Rebel (Private Room)	463.0
	Independant studio with balcony and WiFi	452.0
	Amsterdam Houseboat 'Centre'	447.0
	Quiet room in Amsterdam Center	443.0
	Private room on the Keizersgracht	443.0
	Yves Klein - Private Room	433.0
St	2p. Studio w. pr. Balcony, Bath, Shower & Toilet	430.0
	Central location private attic room	430.0



These are the top 5 name of property types having maximum bookings--The Backroom - Central private appt.
-Cozy Studio 1 - Perfect for Couple! Rebel (Private Room) -Independant studio with balcony and WiFi - Amsterdam Houseboat 'Centre'

3. Neighborhood vs price:



Centrum West has a highest average price 208.31 Centrum Oost has a 2nd highest average price 201.22 Noord-West / Noord-Midden has a 3rd highest average price 182.73

4. Relationship between Quality and Price:

In a dataset we don't have quality feature, so we will consider a quality as a overall satisfaction rating given by the customers. Now we can say relationship between overall satisfaction and price.

- Relationship between Quality and Price

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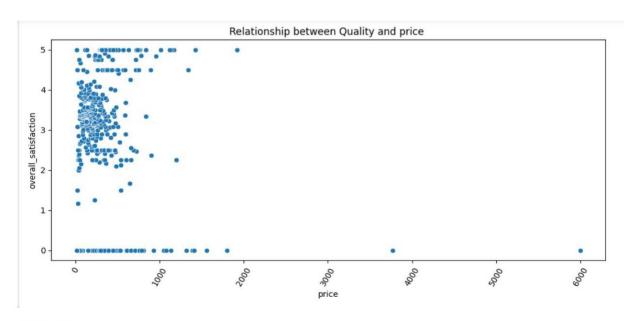
In [32]: price_quality=airbnb.groupby(['price'])['overall_satisfaction'].mean().reset_index().sort_values(by='overall_satisfaction',ascend price_quality=price_quality[0:] price_quality

Out[32]	:

	Piller	
422	6000	0.0
309	406	0.0
310	407	0.0
313	410	0.0
322	427	0.0
	1000	100
255	313	5.0
387	721	5.0
388	737	5.0
333	449	5.0
0	12	5.0

price overall satisfaction

423 rows × 2 columns

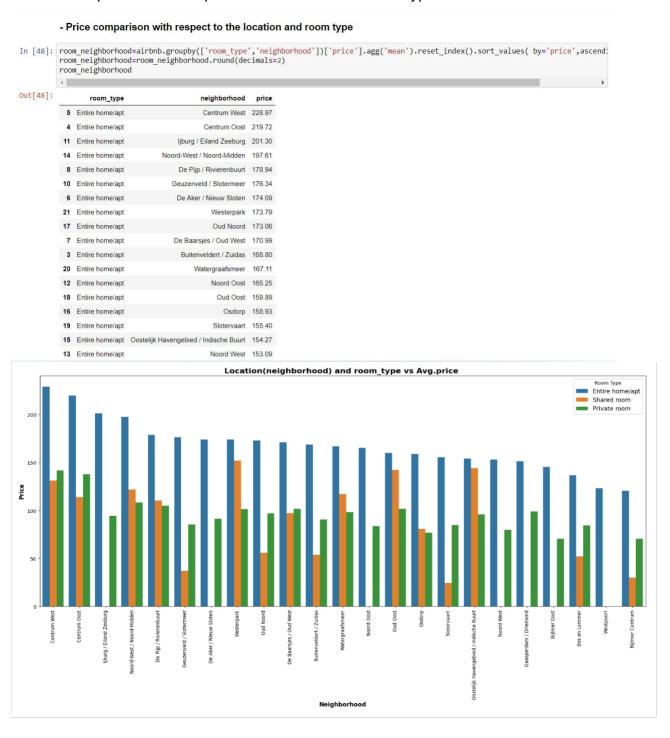


Conclusion:

In the above scatterplot plot we can see that if the 'price' is higher than the 'overall_satisfaction(quality)' is less and where the 'price' is less than the 'overall_satisfaction(quality)' is high. For example: price=313 then the overaoverall_satisfaction(quality) is 5.0 and in other side price=6000 then the overall_satisfaction(quality) is 0.0

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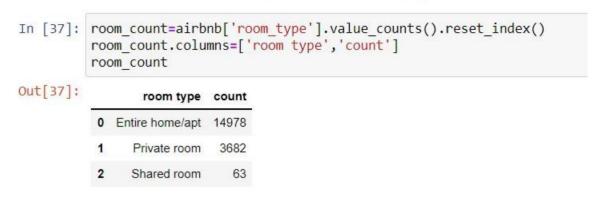
5. Price comparison with respect to the location and room type:

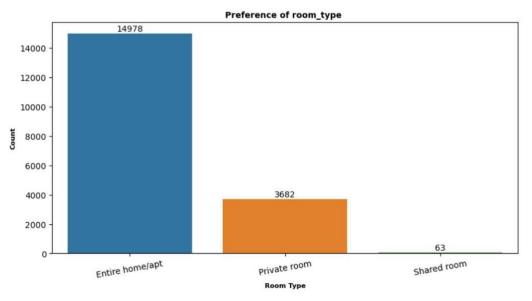


From the above bar plot, we can see that 'Entire home/apt' room type at a 'Centrum West' has a highest price 228.97 and the 'Shared room' at the 'Slotervaart' has a lowest price 24.33 and also the location 'Centrum West' has a highest average price for all the three-room types.

6. Preference of the guests for Room Type:

- Preference of the guests for Room Type





Conclusion:

From the above visualization we can clearly see that the most prefered room type by the guests is Entire home/apt and the less prefered room type is shared room and private room.

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3. Business Intelligence Tool

• Power BI:

Creating power bi report for better understanding of dataset and for the stakeholders to understand the data in a better way and solving the business problems and taking a right decision for increasing the profitability.

