California State University, Sacramento The College of Engineering and Computer Science

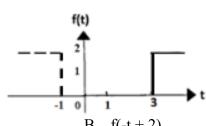
EEE 180 Signals & Systems

	Final Exam	
	Spring 2023	
Student Name:		

(1). T	The signal y is de	fined by: y	$=\int_0^\infty \delta(t)dt$	t, then w	hich ans	swer
	below is corre	ct?				
	A. y=1	В. 3	$y = \omega$	C. $y = $	u(t)	
(2).	Γhe discrete-time	e signal y=2	$2\cos(1.5\pi)$	$\alpha + \frac{\pi}{4}$) is pe	riodic.	Which N value
1	pelow can be use	ed as the peri	od of y?			
	A. N=1	B.	N = 2	C. N=	= 4	
(3). A	bounded-input	and bounded	l-output sys	em is called a	a	system.
	A. Causal	B.	Stable	C. Lin	ear	
(4).	The continuou			•		he sampling
	frequency is 1	o nz, wiii u		toblem show	up:	
(5).	A. Yes Two continuo	us time signa	B. No als are: y	$1 = \cos(t) \text{ an}$	d y2=	$\cos(t) / t$.
	Are they even	or odd signa	als?			_
	A. y1: even, B. y1: even,	•				y2: even y2: odd
(6).	The unilateral	Laplace tran	asform of δ() is		
	D. 1	B. 0	C. π/2	D. None of	above	
(7).	The system is $dy(t)/dt + 3 y$					
	A. Yes	B. N	lo			

1.[24 points] Select one correct answer for Each of the following questions. Each question below has only one correct answer.

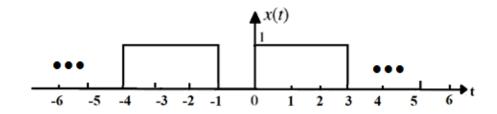
The solid line below shows the waveform for f(t). What is the signal in (8).the dashed line?



A. f(-t)

- B. f(-t+2)
- C. f(-t-2)

- 2.[36 points]
- (1). Find the Exponential Fourier Series of the following periodic signal with a period of 4.



Find the energy of the following signal: (2).

$$x(t) = e^{-5t}u(t),$$

(3). Find the Fourier Transform of the following signal:

$$x(t) = e^{-5t}u(t)$$

(4). Find the z-transform of the sequence $x[n] = (0.2)^n u[n]$, and determine the region of convergence.

- 3. [40 points]
- (1). Suppose the unilateral z-transform of f(t) is F(z), and the ROC is |z| > 8.

$$F(z) = \frac{6z}{(z-2)(z-8)}$$
 . Find the f(t) signal equation.

The unilateral z-transform pair table is given below.

Unilate	Unilateral z-transform Pair Table				
	f[k]	F[z]			
1	$\delta[k-j]$	z^{-j}			
2	u[k]	$\frac{z}{z-1}$			
3	ku[k]	$\frac{z}{(z-1)^2}$			
4	$k^2u[k]$	$\frac{z(z+1)}{(z-1)^3}$			
5	$k^3u[k]$	$\frac{z(z^2+4z+1)}{(z-1)^4}$			
6	$\gamma^{k-1}u[k-1]$	$\frac{1}{z-\gamma}$			

(2). The discrete time input signal $x[k] = \delta[k] - 2\delta[k-2] + 2\delta[k-3]$

The discrete time signal system impulse response signal

$$h[k] = u[k] - u[k-2]$$

Draw the waveforms of x[k] and h[k].

(3). For the above question (3), the system output response signal is defined as the convolution result of y[k] = x[k] * h[k]. Find the values of y[k].

For an LTIC system described by the transfer function $H(s) = \frac{s + 0.5}{s + 1}$ (4).

$$H(s) = \frac{s + 0.5}{s + 1}$$

Find the steady-state system response y(t) to the input signal of $f(t)=2\ u(t)$.