<u>Dashboard</u> / My courses / <u>174-185-Sum22</u> / <u>Lab #0 - C Programming and Lab Basics (Virtual Lab)</u> / <u>Lab 0 Assessment</u>

Started on	Sunday, 24 July 2022, 12:48 PM
	Finished
	Sunday, 24 July 2022, 12:55 PM
	6 mins 39 secs
	32.00 out of 32.00 (100 %)
Question 1	
Correct	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
How many bytes of	loes a char data type represent?
Select one:	
a. 1	✓
O b. 2	
O c. 8	
O d. 4	
Question 2	
Correct	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
What is a commor	term for a resistor used in series with a led?
Select one:	
a. Voltage lir	nit resistor
O b. Don't nee	d a resistor, so I don't know
c. Current lir	niting resistor

Question 3	
Correct	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
What is the purpose of a current limiting resistor?	
Select one:	
a. Limit current	•
O b. do nothing	
O c. Act as a capacitor	
Od. act as a led	
d. act as a led	
Question 4	
Correct	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
How many times will the loop run?	
1 #include <stdio.h></stdio.h>	
2 3 int main()	
4 🖯 (5 int r;	
6	
7 for (r = 0; r < 15; r++) { 8 printf("%d\n", r);	
9 - }	
Select one:	
O a. None of the Above	
O b. 0	
O c. 10	
● d. 15	~

```
Question 5
```

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What will be the last character printed by the print statement?

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()

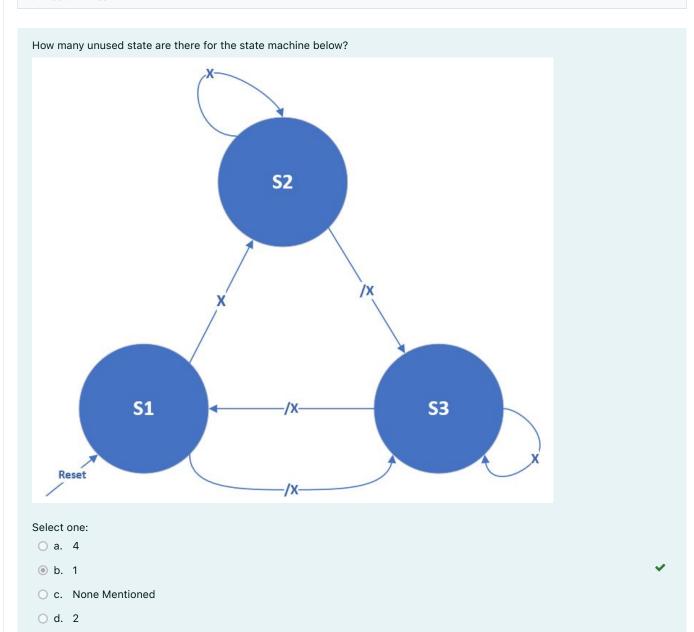
for (x = 0; x < 10; x++) {
    printf( "%d\n", x );
}
```

- O a. Nothing
- O b. 0
- O c. 10
- d. 9

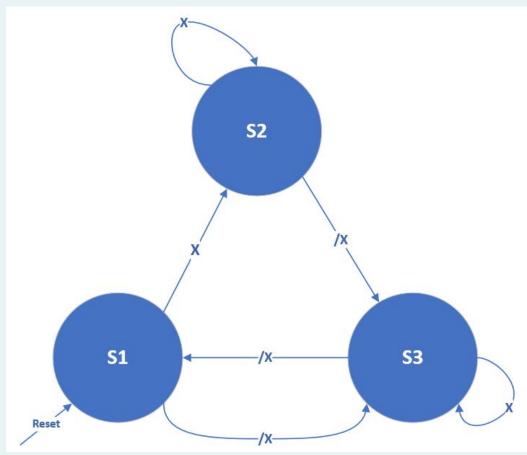
Question **6**Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

O e. 3



If reset = 1, X=1. What will the current state after two clock cycles? See the FSM below.



- O a. S3
- O b. None Mentioned
- O c. Unknown
- O d. S2
- ⊚ e. S1

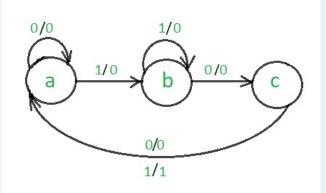
Question ${\bf 8}$

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Below is a finite state machine diagram of a sequence detector. What sequence does it detect?

Note: The format of the transitions is (Input) / (Mealy Output)



- O a. 10
- O b. 010
- c. 101
- O d. 100
- O e. 11

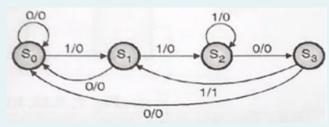
Question 9

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Below is a finite state machine diagram of a sequence detector. What sequence does it detect?

Note: The format of the transitions is (Input) / (Mealy Output)



Select one:

- O a. 1100
- b. 1101
- O c. 100
- O d. 110
- O e. 1001

Question 10

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the value of the variable 'x' after line 8?

```
int x = 5;
int r = 0;

int r = 0;

int r = 15;
else {
    r = 10;
}
```

- \circ a. x = 0
- b. x = 15
- ⊙ c. x = 5
- \bigcirc d. x = 10

```
Question 11
```

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

```
What is the value of the variable 'r' after line 6?
```

Select one:

- O a. r = 10
- b. r = 0
- c. r = 15
- \bigcirc d. r = 5

${\sf Question}~ \pmb{12}$

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the value of the variable 'r' after line 10?

```
int x = 15;
int r = 0;

int r = 0;

int r = 15;

if(x < 5) {
    r = 15;
    else if(x > 5) {
        r = 10;
    else {
        r = 1;
}
```

- a. r=0
- b. r=10
- O c. r=5
- Od. r=15

```
Question 13
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

What is the value of the variable 'r' after line 10?

```
int x = 5;
int r = 0;

int r = 0;

int r = 15;

else if(x > 5) {
    r = 15;
    else if(x > 5) {
    r = 10;
    else {
    r = 1;
}
```

Select one:

- a. r=1
- b. r=0
- O c. r=10
- d. r=15

Question 14

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

How many bytes are needed to represent a integer?

- O a. 1
- O b. 8
- c. 4
- O d. 16

```
Question 15
```

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the output of the following program?

```
What is the output of the

#include <stdio.h>

int main()

# 

int *ptr;

int x;

ptr = &x;

*ptr = 5;

printf(" x = %d
printf(" *ptr =

#printf(" x = %
printf(" x = 
                                                                                                                                                                                        printf(" x = %d\n", x);
printf(" *ptr = %d\n", *ptr);
                                                                                                                                                                                                          *ptr += 5;
printf(" x = %d\n", x);
printf(" *ptr = %d\n", *ptr);
```

Select one:

```
○ a. x = 0
```

*ptr = 0

x = 5

*ptr = 5

b. Compile error

*ptr = 5

x = 10

*ptr = 10

 \bigcirc d. x = 5

*ptr = 5

x = 5

*ptr = 5

```
Question 16
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
 What is the output of the following program?
 1 #include <stdio.h>
  int var = 20;  /* actual variable declaration */
int *ip;  /* pointer variable declaration */
       ip = &var; /* store address of var in pointer variable*/
       printf("var variable: %x\n", &var );
 12 return 0;
 Select one:
  a. An address that stores the var variable
  O b. 20
  O c. None of the above
  Od. Compile error
Question 17
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
 What will a pull up resistor do when a switch is open?
 Select one:
  O a. Do nothing
  b. Pulls the voltage up to a stable logic level
  O c. Pulls the voltage down to a stable logic level
  Od. I don't know
Question 18
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
 A 4-byte large integer can represent values between what range?
 Select one:
  a. 0 to 65,535
  O b. 0 to 4,294,967,295
  o c. -2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647
```

Od. -32,768 to 32,767

Question 19 Correct	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
A 2-byte large integer can represent values between what range?	
Select one:	
○ a2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	
O b. 0 to 4,294,967,295	
O c. 0 to 65,535	
	~
Question 20	
Correct	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
A 4-byte large unsigned integer can represent values between what range?	
Select one:	
○ a2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	
a2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647b. 0 to 4,294,967,295	~
	~
b. 0 to 4,294,967,295	~
b. 0 to 4,294,967,295c32,768 to 32,767	*
b. 0 to 4,294,967,295c32,768 to 32,767	*
 b. 0 to 4,294,967,295 c32,768 to 32,767 d. 0 to 65,535 	*
 b. 0 to 4,294,967,295 c32,768 to 32,767 d. 0 to 65,535 Question 21	*
 b. 0 to 4,294,967,295 c32,768 to 32,767 d. 0 to 65,535 Question 21 Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	*
 b. 0 to 4,294,967,295 c32,768 to 32,767 d. 0 to 65,535 Question 21 Correct	*
 b. 0 to 4,294,967,295 c32,768 to 32,767 d. 0 to 65,535 Question 21 Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 A 2-byte large unsigned integer can represent values between what range? Select one:	*
 b. 0 to 4,294,967,295 c32,768 to 32,767 d. 0 to 65,535 Question 21 Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 A 2-byte large unsigned integer can represent values between what range? Select one: a2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647 	*
 b. 0 to 4,294,967,295 c32,768 to 32,767 d. 0 to 65,535 Question 21 Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 A 2-byte large unsigned integer can represent values between what range? Select one: a2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647 b. 0 to 65,535 	*
 b. 0 to 4,294,967,295 c32,768 to 32,767 d. 0 to 65,535 Question 21 Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 A 2-byte large unsigned integer can represent values between what range? Select one: a2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647 b. 0 to 65,535 c. 0 to 4,294,967,295 	*
 b. 0 to 4,294,967,295 c32,768 to 32,767 d. 0 to 65,535 Question 21 Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 A 2-byte large unsigned integer can represent values between what range? Select one: a2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647 b. 0 to 65,535 	*

Question 22
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
A example of a valid char data type would be 'B'
Select one:
True ✓
○ False
Question 23
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
A current limiting resistor is optional when used in series with a LED.
Select one:
O True
● False
Question 24
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
A do while loop will run at least once irregardless of the condition.
And while loop will full at loads office in ogardiose of the containent.
Select one:
⊙ True
O False
Question 25
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
A valid type of integer is 2.0
Select one:
○ True
● False

Question 26
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
A mealy output on a finite state machine is determined by the current state and input.
Select one:
True ✓
O False
Question 27
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
A moore output on a finite state machine is determined by the current state.
Select one:
© True ✓
○ False
Question 28
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
Pointers store the memory location of where data is stored.
Select one:
© True ✓
○ False
Question 29
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
If a pointer is incremented, then they are incremented based on the size of the data type.
Select one:
True ✓
○ False

Question 30
Correct Mark 100 out of 100
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
The C in facult of a variable that is not a point of the address of the variable
The & in front of a variable that is not a pointer will give the address of the variable.
Select one:
⊙ True ✔
○ False
Question 31 Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
A pull up/ down resistor helps provide a more stable input for device and should be used whenever possible in digital logic.
Select one:
True ✓
○ False
Question 32
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
A while loop will run once irregardless of the condition.
Select one:
○ True
◆ C Programming and Lab Basics (Updated 07/15/2021)
Jump to \$
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