Questions

1. True or False: The augmented matrix for the system

$$2x_1 -3x_2 +x_3 -x_4 = 4
3x_1 +2x_2 +x_3 -3x_4 = 1
5x_1 +x_2 -x_3 +x_4 = 3
2x_1 -5x_2 +4x_3 -6x_4 = 6$$
is
$$\begin{bmatrix}
2 -3 & 1 & -1 \\
3 & 2 & 1 & -3 \\
5 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\
2 & -5 & 4 & -6
\end{bmatrix}$$

2. (a) Identify the first pivot of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 & 1 \\ -2 & 3 & -5 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (b) If that pivot in part (a) was not in the first row, interchange rows so that it is.
- (c) Now add suitable multiples of the first row to the other rows to make all other entries in the first column zero.
- (d) Ignoring the first row, find the next pivot and repeat steps (b) and (c) on the second column.
- (e) Continue until all of the rows that contain only zeros are at the bottom of the matrix and each pivot appears to the right of all the pivots above it.

Problems

1. Write down the augmented matrix for the given systems of equations and then reduce to row echelon form.

2. Suppose you accept a software maintenance job in which you make 80 a day for each day you show up to work, but are penalized 20 per day that you don't

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go to work. After 60 days you find you've earned 2200. How many days have you gone to work? (Assume that you were expected to work during each of the 60 days.) You may wish to set up a system of two linear equations and solve it.

- 3. Find a linear system in 3 variables, or show that none exists, which:
 - (a) has the unique solution x = 2, y = 3, z = 4.
 - (b) has infinitely many solutions, including x = 2, y = 3, z = 4
- 4. As you know, two points determine a line. But what does this mean? The equation of a line is ax + by + c = 0. Use a linear system to find an equation of the line through the points (-1,1) and (2,0). Check your answer. How can two equations determine the three unknowns a, b, and c?

Additional Problems

1. For which values of λ does the system

$$(\lambda - 3)x + y = 0$$
$$x + (\lambda - 3)y = 0$$

have more than one solution?

2. Suppose that the system

$$a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 + a_{13}x_3 = 0$$

 $a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 + a_{23}x_3 = 0$
 $a_{31}x_1 + a_{32}x_2 + a_{33}x_3 = 0$

has only x1 = x2 = x3 = 0 as a solution (the trivial solution). Then consider the system obtained from the given system by replacing the three zeros on the right with three 1s.

- (a) Must this new system have a solution or is it possible that the solution set of the new system is empty?
- (b) Might the new system have more than one solution?