



PRESIDEN  
REPUBLIK INDONESIA

**KEPUTUSAN PRESIDEN REPUBLIK INDONESIA**

**NOMOR 81 TAHUN 1993**

**TENTANG**

**PENGESAHAN CONVENTION ON EARLY NOTIFICATION OF  
A NUCLEAR ACCIDENT**

Oleh : PRESIDEN REPUBLIK INDONESIA  
Nomor : 81 TAHUN 1993 (81/1993)  
Tanggal : 1 SEPTEMBER 1993 (JAKARTA)  
Sumber : LN 1993/76

**DENGAN RAHMAT TUHAN YANG MAHA ESA**

**PRESIDEN REPUBLIK INDONESIA,**

Menimbang : a. bahwa di Wina, Austria, pada tanggal 26 September 1986, Delegasi Republik Indonesia telah menandatangani Convention on Early Notification of a Nuclear Accident sebagai hasil Sidang Umum ke - 30 Badan Tenaga Atom Internasional (the General Conference of the International Atomic Energy Agency), yang mengatur tentang pemberitahuan secara dini mengenai terjadinya kecelakaan nuklir;

b. bahwa Convention tersebut mempunyai arti penting untuk mencegah dan menanggulangi kecelakaan nuklir secara dini, memperkecil akibat yang ditimbulkannya, serta memperkokoh kerjasama internasional dalam pengembangan dan penggunaan teknologi nuklir secara aman;

c. bahwa sehubungan dengan itu, dan sesuai dengan Amanat Presiden Republik Indonesia kepada Ketua Dewan Perwakilan Rakyat Nomor 2826/HK/1960 tanggal 22 Agustus 1960 tentang Pembuatan Perjanjian-perjanjian dengan Negara Lain, dipandang perlu untuk mengesahkan Convention tersebut dengan Keputusan Presiden;

Mengingat : Pasal 4 ayat (1) dan Pasal 11 Undang-Undang Dasar 1945;

MEMUTUSKAN:

Menetapkan : KEPUTUSAN PRESIDEN REPUBLIK INDONESIA TENANG PENGESAHAN CONVENTION ON EARLY NOTIFICATION OF A NUCLEAR ACCIDENT.

Pasal 1

Mengesahkan Convention on Early Notification of a Nuclear Accident, yang telah ditandatangani oleh Delegasi Republik Indonesia di Wina, Austria, pada tanggal 26 September 1986, sebagai hasil Sidang, Umum ke-30 Badan Tenaga Atom International (the General Conference of the International Atomic Energy Agency), dengan pensyaratian (reservation) terhadap Pasal 11 mengenai penyelesaian sengketa atas penafsiran atau penerapan Convention, yang salinan naskah aslinya dalam bahasa Inggeris sebagaimana terlampir pada Keputusan Presiden ini.

Pasal 2

Keputusan Presiden ini mulai berlaku pada tanggal ditetapkan.

Agar setiap orang mengetahuinya, memerintahkan pengundangan Keputusan Presiden ini dengan penempatannya dalam Lembaran Negara Republik Indonesia.

Ditetapkan di Jakarta  
pada tanggal 1 September 1993  
PRESIDEN REPUBLIK INDONESIA,  
ttd.  
SOEHARTO

Diundangkan di Jakarta  
pada tanggal 1 September 1993  
MENTERI NEGARA SEKRETARIS NEGARA  
REPUBLIK INDONESIA  
ttd.  
MOERDIONO

**LAMPIRAN**  
**KEPUTUSAN PRESIDEN REPUBLIK INDONESIA**  
**NOMOR 81 TAHUN 1993**  
**TANGGAL 1 September 1993**

**PENSYARATAN**  
**(RESERVATION)**

Terhadap Pasal 11

"The Government of the Republic of Indonesia does not consider itself bound by the provision of Article 11 of this Convention and takes the position that any dispute relating to the interpretation or application of the Convention may only be submitted to arbitration or to the International Court of Justice with the agreement of all the parties to the dispute".

PRESIDEN REPUBLIK INDONESIA,  
ttd.  
SOEHARTO

Salinan sesuai dengan aslinya

SEKRETARIAT KABINET RI

Kepala Biro Hukum dan Perundang-undangan u.b.

Kepala Bagian Naturalisasi, Grasi dan Ratifikasi a.n.

ttd

Widijono, S.H.

**CONVENTION ON EARLY NOTIFICATION OF A NUCLEAR ACCIDENT  
THE STATES PARTIES TO THIS CONVENTION,**

AWARE that nuclear activities are being carried out in a number of States,

NOTING that comprehensive measures have been and are being taken to ensure a high level of safety in nuclear activities, aimed at preventing nuclear accidents and minimizing the consequences of any such accident, should it occur,

DESIRING to strengthen further international co-operation in the safe development and use of nuclear energy,

CONVINCED of the need for States to provide relevant information about nuclear accidents as early as possible in order that transboundary radiological consequences can be minimized,

NOTING the usefulness of bilateral and multilateral arrangements on information exchange in this area,

HAVE AGREED as follows :

**Article 1**

**Scope of application**

1. This Convention shall apply in the event of any accident involving facilities or activities of a State Party or of persons or legal entities under its jurisdiction or control, referred to in paragraph 2 below, from which a release of radioactive material occurs or is likely to occur and which has resulted or may result in an international transboundary release that could be of radiological safety significance for another State.
2. The facilities and activities referred to in paragraph 1 are the following :
  - (a) any nuclear reactor wherever located;
  - (b) any nuclear fuel cycle facility;
  - (c) any radioactive waste management facility;
  - (d) the transport and storage of nuclear fuels or radioactive wastes;

- (e) the manufacture, use, storage, disposal and transport of radioisotopes for agricultural, industrial, medical and related scientific and research purposes; and
- (f) the use radioisotopes for power generation in space objects.

## Article 2

### Notification and information

In the event of an accident specified in article 1 (hereinafter referred to as a "nuclear accident"), the State Party referred to in that article shall :

- (a) forthwith notify, directly or through the International Atomic Energy Agency (hereinafter referred to as the "Agency"), those States which are or may be physically affected as specified in article 1 and the Agency of the nuclear accident, its nature, the time of occurrence and its exact location where appropriate; and
- (b) promptly provide the States referred to in sub-paragraph (a), directly or through the Agency, and the Agency with such available information relevant to minimizing the radiological consequences in those States, as specified in article 5.

## Article 3

### Other Nuclear Accidents

With a view to minimizing the radiological consequences, States Parties may notify in the event of nuclear accidents other than those specified in article 1

## Article 4

### Functions of the Agency

The Agency shall :

- (a) forthwith inform States Parties, Member States, other States which are or may be physically affected as specified in article 1 and relevant international intergovernmental organizations (hereinafter referred to as "international organizations") of a notification received pursuant to sub-paragraph (a) of article 2; and
- (b) promptly provide any State Party, Member State or relevant international organization, upon request, with the information received pursuant to sub-paragraph (b) of article 2.

## Article 5

### Information to be provided

1. The information to be provided pursuant to sub-paragraph (b) of article 2 shall comprise the following data as then available to the notifying State Party :
  - (a) the time, exact location where appropriate, and the nature of nuclear accident;
  - (b) the facility or activity involved;
  - (c) the assumed or established cause and the foreseeable development of the nuclear accident relevant to the transboundary release of the radioactive materials;
  - (d) the general characteristics of the radioactive release, including, as far as is practicable and appropriate, the nature, probable physical and chemical form and the quantity, composition and effective height of the radioactive release;
  - (e) information on current and forecast meteorological and hydrological conditions, necessary for forecasting the transboundary release of the radioactive materials;
  - (f) the results of environmental monitoring relevant to the transboundary release of the radioactive materials;
  - (g) the off-site protective measures taken or planned;
  - (h) the predicted behavior over time of the radioactive release;
2. Such information shall be supplemented at appropriate intervals by further relevant information on the development of the emergency situation including its foreseeable or actual termination.
3. Information received pursuant to sub-paragraph (b) of article 2 may be used without restriction, except when such information is provided in confidence by the notifying State Party.

## Article 6

### Consultations

A State Party providing information pursuant to sub-paragraph (b) of article 2 shall, as far as is reasonably practicable, respond promptly to a request for further information or consultations sought by an affected State Party with a view to minimizing the radiological consequences in that State.

## Article 7

### Competent authorities and points of contact

1. Each State Party shall make known to the Agency and to other States Parties, directly or through the Agency, its competent authorities and point of contact responsible for issuing and receiving the notification and information referred to in article 2. Such points of contact and a focal point within the Agency shall be available continuously.
2. Each State Party shall promptly inform the Agency of any changes that may occur in the information referred to in paragraph 1.
3. The Agency shall maintain an up-to-date list of such national authorities and points of contact as well as points of contact of relevant international organizations and shall provide it to States Parties and Member States and to relevant international organizations.

## Article 8

### Assistance to States Parties

The Agency shall, in accordance with its Statute and upon a request of a State Party which does not have nuclear activities itself and borders on a State having an active nuclear programme but not Party, conduct investigations into the feasibility and establishment of an appropriate radiation monitoring system in order to facilitate the achievement of the objectives of this Convention.

## Article 9

### Bilateral and multilateral arrangements

In furtherance of their mutual interests, States Parties may consider, where deemed appropriate the conclusion of bilateral or multilateral arrangements relating to the subject matter of this Convention.

## Article 10

### Relationship to other international agreements

This Convention shall not affect the reciprocal rights and obligations of States Parties under existing international agreements which relate to the matters covered by this Convention, or under future international agreements concluded in accordance with the object and purpose of this Convention.

## Article 11

### Settlement of disputes

1. In the event of dispute between States Parties, or between a State Party and the Agency, concerning the interpretation or application of this Convention, the parties to the dispute shall consult with a view to the settlement of the dispute by negotiation or by any other peaceful means of settling disputes acceptable to them.
2. If a dispute of this character between States Parties cannot be settled within one year from the request for consultation pursuant to paragraph 1, it shall, at the request of any party to such dispute, be submitted to arbitration or referred to the International Court of Justice for decision.

Where a dispute is submitted to arbitration, if, within six months from the date of the request, the parties to the dispute are unable to agree on the organization of the arbitration, a party may request the President of the International Court of Justice or the Secretary-General of the United Nations to appoint one or more arbitrators. In cases of conflicting requests by the parties to the dispute, the request to the Secretary-General of the United Nations shall have priority.

3. When signing, ratifying, accepting, approving or acceding to this Convention, a State may declare that it does not consider itself bound by either or both of the dispute settlement procedures provided for in paragraph 2. The other States Parties shall not be bound by a dispute settlement procedure provided for in paragraph 2 the other status parties shall not be bound by a dispute settlement procedure provide for in paragraph 2 with respect to a State Party for which such a declaration is in force.

## Article 14

### Amendments

1. A State Party may propose amendments to this Convention. The proposed amendment shall be submitted to the depositary who shall circulate it immediately to all other States Parties.
2. If a majority of the States Parties request the depositary to convene a conference to consider the proposed amendments, the depositary shall invite all States Parties to attend such a conference to begin not sooner than thirty days after the invitations are issued. Any amendment adopted at the conference by a two-thirds majority of all States Parties shall be laid down in a protocol which is open to signature in Vienna and New York by all States Parties.
3. The protocol shall enter into force thirty days after consent to be bound has been expressed by three States. For each State expressing consent to be bound by the protocol after its entry into force, the protocol shall enter into force for that State thirty days after the date of expression of consent.

## Article 15

### Denunciation

1. A state Party may denounce this convention by written notification to the depositary.
2. Denunciation shall take effect one year following the date on which the notification is received by the depositary.

## Article 16

### Depositary

1. The Director General of the Agency shall be the depositary of this Convention.
2. The Director General of the Agency shall promptly notify States Parties and all other States of :
  - (a) each signature of this Convention or any protocol of amendment;
  - (b) each deposit of an instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession concerning this Convention or any protocol of amendment;
  - (c) any declaration or withdrawal thereof in accordance with article 11;
  - (d) any declaration of provisional application of this Convention in accordance

with article 13;

- (e) the entry into force of this Convention and of any amendment thereto; and
- (f) any denunciation made under article 15.

#### Article 17

##### Authentic texts and certified copies

The original of this Convention, of which the Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish texts are equally authentic, shall be deposited with the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency who shall send certified copies to States Parties and all other States.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the undersigned, being duly authorized, have signed this Convention open for signature as provided for in paragraph 1 of article 12.

ADOPTED by the General Conference of the International Atomic Energy Agency meeting in special session at Vienna on the twenty-sixth day of September one thousand nine hundred and eighty-six.

Kutipan: LEMBARAN LEPAS SEKRETARIAT NEGARA TAHUN 1993