Top Java Number Programs Every QA Engineer Should Master Before Their Next Interview!



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- 1. Check if a Number is Prime
- 2. 6 Generate Fibonacci Series
- 3. Swap Two Numbers Without Using a Temporary Variable
- 4. III Count the Number of Digits in an Integer
- 5. ! Find Duplicate Numbers in a List
- 6. * Find Unique (Non-Duplicate) Numbers in a List
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- 8. Reverse a Number
- 9. Find the Smallest Number in a List
- 10. Find the Largest Number in a List
- 11. + Calculate the Sum of Digits of a Number
- 12. **Check if a Number is an Armstrong Number**
- 13. Check if a Number is a Palindrome



Check if a Number is Prime

```
PrimeCheck.java
public class PrimeCheck {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int num = 29;
        boolean isPrime = true;
        if (num <= 1) {
            isPrime = false;
        } else {
            for (int i = 2; i <= Math.sqrt(num); i++) {</pre>
                if (num % i == 0) {
                    isPrime = false;
                    break;
            }
        if (isPrime)
            System.out.println(num + " is a Prime Number.");
        else
            System.out.println(num + " is NOT a Prime Number.");
}
```



Generate Fibonacci Series

```
public class FibonacciSeries {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
     int count = 10;
     int first = 0, second = 1;

     System.out.print("Fibonacci Series up to " + count + ": ");

     for (int i = 1; i <= count; i++) {
        System.out.print(first + " ");
        int next = first + second;
        first = second;
        second = next;
     }
}</pre>
```



Swap Two Numbers Without Using a Temporary Variable

```
public class SwapWithoutTemp {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int a = 5, b = 10;

    System.out.println("Before Swap: a = " + a + ", b = " + b);

    a = a + b;
    b = a - b;
    a = a - b;

System.out.println("After Swap: a = " + a + ", b = " + b);
}
```



Count the Number of Digits in an Integer

```
public class CountDigits {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
     int num = 123456;
     int count = 0;

     while (num != 0) {
        num /= 10;
        count++;
     }

     System.out.println("Number of digits: " + count);
   }
}
```



Find Duplicate Numbers in a List

```
public class FindDuplicates {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      List<Integer> numbers = Arrays.asList(1, 2, 3, 4, 2, 5, 1, 6);
      Set<Integer> seen = new HashSet<>();
      Set<Integer> duplicates = new HashSet<>();

      for (int num : numbers) {
        if (!seen.add(num)) {
            duplicates.add(num);
        }
    }
    System.out.println("Duplicate Numbers: " + duplicates);
}
```



Find Unique (Non-Duplicate) Numbers in a List

```
public class FindUniques {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      List<Integer> numbers = Arrays.asList(1, 2, 2, 3, 4, 4, 5);
      Map<Integer, Integer> countMap = new HashMap<>>();

   for (int num : numbers) {
      countMap.put(num, countMap.getOrDefault(num, 0) + 1);
   }

   System.out.print("Unique Numbers: ");
   for (int num : countMap.keySet()) {
      if (countMap.get(num) == 1) {
            System.out.print(num + " ");
      }
   }
}
```



Calculate the Factorial of a Number

```
public class Factorial {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
     int num = 5;
     long factorial = 1;

     for (int i = 1; i <= num; i++) {
        factorial *= i;
     }

     System.out.println("Factorial of " + num + " is " + factorial);
   }
}</pre>
```



B Reverse a Number

```
public class ReverseNumber {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
     int num = 12345;
     int reversed = 0;

   while (num != 0) {
       int digit = num % 10;
       reversed = reversed * 10 + digit;
       num /= 10;
   }

   System.out.println("Reversed Number: " + reversed);
}
```



Find the Smallest Number in a List

```
import java.util.*;

public class SmallestInList {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      List<Integer> list = Arrays.asList(10, 4, 2, 99, 1);
      int min = Collections.min(list);

      System.out.println("Smallest Number: " + min);
   }
}
```



Tind the Largest Number in a List

```
import java.util.*;

public class LargestInList {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        List<Integer> list = Arrays.asList(10, 4, 2, 99, 1);
        int max = Collections.max(list);

        System.out.println("Largest Number: " + max);
    }
}
```



Calculate the Sum of Digits of a Number

```
public class SumOfDigits {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      int num = 1234;
      int sum = 0;

      while (num != 0) {
        sum += num % 10;
        num /= 10;
      }

      System.out.println("Sum of Digits: " + sum);
   }
}
```



Check if a Number is an Armstrong Number

```
public class ArmstrongNumber {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      int num = 153, original = num, sum = 0;

   while (num != 0) {
      int digit = num % 10;
      sum += Math.pow(digit, 3);
      num /= 10;
   }

   if (sum == original)
      System.out.println(original + " is an Armstrong Number.");
   else
      System.out.println(original + " is NOT an Armstrong Number.");
}
```



Check if a Number is a Palindrome

```
public class PalindromeNumber {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      int num = 121, original = num, reversed = 0;

      while (num != 0) {
        int digit = num % 10;
           reversed = reversed * 10 + digit;
            num /= 10;
      }

      if (original == reversed)
            System.out.println(original + " is a Palindrome.");
      else
            System.out.println(original + " is NOT a Palindrome.");
    }
}
```

