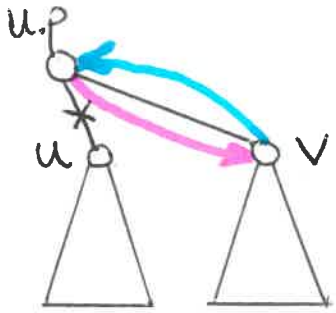
BST – Delete operation

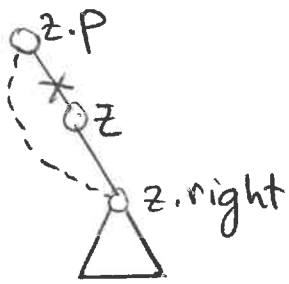
TRANSPLANT – replaces the subtree rooted at node u with the subtree rooted at node v and node u's parent becomes node v's parent.

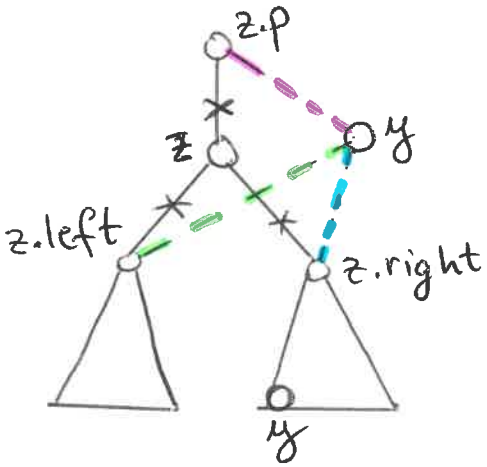
```
TRANSPLANT(T, u, v)
if u.p == NIL
    T.root = v
elseif u == u.p.left
    u.p.left = v
else u.p.right = v
if v ≠ NIL
    v.p = u.p
```

$RT = \Theta(1)$




```
TREE-DELETE(T, z)
if z.left == NIL
    TRANSPLANT(T, z, z.right)
elseif z.right == NIL
    TRANSPLANT(T, z, z.left)
else y = TREE-MINIMUM(z.right)
    if y.p ≠ z
        TRANSPLANT(T, y, y.right)
        y.right = z.right
        y.right.p = y
    TRANSPLANT(T, z, y)
    y.left = z.left
    y.left.p = y
```





$RT = O(h)$ – because of the TREE-MINIMUM call