## **Module 1 Cheatsheet: Python Basics**

Package/Method	Description	Code Example
Comments	Comments are lines of text that are ignored by the Python interpreter when executing the code	1. 1 1. # This is a comment
		<pre>Copied! Syntax: 1. 1 1. concatenated_string = string1 + string2</pre>
Concatenation	Combines (concatenates) strings.	Copied! Example:
		<pre>1. 1 1. result = "Hello" + " John" Copied!</pre>
Data Types	- Integer - Float - Boolean - String	Example:  1. 1 2. 2 3. 3 4. 4 5. 5 6. 6 7. 7 8. 8 9. 9 10. 10  1. x=7 2. # Integer Value 3. y=12.4 4. # Float Value 5. is_valid = True 6. # Boolean Value 7. is_valid = False 8. # Boolean Value 9. F_Name = "John" 10. # String Value  Copied!  Example:  1. 1 2. 1
Indexing	Accesses character at a specific index.	<ol> <li>2. 2</li> <li>my_string="Hello"</li> <li>char = my_string[0]</li> </ol>
len()	Returns the length of a string.	Copied! Syntax:
		<ol> <li>1. 1</li> <li>1. len(string_name)</li> </ol>
		Copied!
		Example:

```
Converts string to lowercase.
lower()
print()
                     Prints the message or variable inside `()`.
                     - Addition (+): Adds two values together.
                     - Subtraction (-): Subtracts one value from another.
                     - Multiplication (*): Multiplies two values.
Python Operators
                     - Division (/): Divides one value by another, returns a float.
                     - Floor Division (//): Divides one value by another, returns the quotient as an integer.
                     - Modulo (%): Returns the remainder after division.
replace()
                     Replaces substrings.
Slicing
                     Extracts a portion of the string.
```

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2. 2
  1. my_string="Hello"
  2. length = len(my_string)
Copied!
Example:
  1. 1
  2. 2

    my_string="Hello"

  2. uppercase_text = my_string.lower()
Copied!
Example:
  1. 1
  2. 2

    print("Hello, world")

  print(a+b)
Copied!
Example:
  1. 1
  2. 2
  3.3
  4.4
  5.5
  6.6
  7. 7
  1. x = 9 y = 4
  2. result add= x + y # Addition
  3. result_sub= x - y # Subtraction
4. result_mul= x * y # Multiplication
  5. result_div= x / y # Division
6. result_fdiv= x // y # Floor Division
  7. result_mod= x % y # Modulo
Copied!
Example:
  1. 1
  2. 2

    my_string="Hello"

  2. new_text = my_string.replace("Hello", "Hi")
Copied!
Syntax:
  1. 1
  1. substring = string_name[start:end]
Copied!
Example:
  1. 1

    my_string="Hello" substring = my_string[0:5]

 Copied!
```

1. 1

split()

Splits string into a list based on a delimiter.

strip()

Removes leading/trailing whitespace.

upper()

Converts string to uppercase.

Variable Assignment Assigns a value to a variable.



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Example:
  1. 1
  2. 2
  1. my_string="Hello"
2. split_text = my_string.split(",")
Copied!
Example:
  1. 1
2. 2

    my_string="Hello"

  2. trimmed = my_string.strip()
Copied!
Example:
  1. 1
  2. 2

    my_string="Hello"

  2. uppercase_text = my_string.upper()
Copied!
Syntax:
  1. 1
  1. variable_name = value
Copied!
Example:
```

1. name="John" # assigning John to variable name

2. x = 5 # assigning 5 to variable x

1. 1 2. 2

Copied!