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**Properties** 

Lesson 1: Matrices: Basic

**Operations, Special** 

Lesson 2: Inverse of

7 min

10 min

3 min

10 min

20 min

and It's Properties

**Matrices and LU** 

**Factorization** 

**Lesson 4: Elementary** 

**Matrices and Properties** 

Video: Matrix Inverse

Reading: Slides (Module

2) on Matrix Inverse

Video: Properties of

Reading: Slides (Module

**Practice Assignment:** 

Practice Problems 3

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Invertible Matrices

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# Slides (Module 2) on Properties of Invertible Matrices

# Properties of Invertible Matrices



<u>Theorem</u>: If A is an invertible matrix,  $A^{-1}$  is also invertible and

$$(A^{-1})^{-1} = A$$



# Properties of Invertible Matrices



<u>Theorem</u>: If A is an invertible matrix,  $A^{-1}$  is also invertible and

$$(A^{-1})^{-1} = A$$

<u>Theorem</u>: If A is any invertible matrix and c is a nonzero scaler, then the matrix cA is also invertible and

$$(cA)^{-1} = \frac{1}{c}A^{-1}$$



#### Properties of Invertible Matrices



<u>Theorem</u>: If A, B are invertible matrices of same size, then AB is also invertible and

$$(AB)^{-1} = B^{-1}A^{-1}$$

The above theorem can be generalized for any number of matrices.

$$(A_1 A_2 \dots A_n)^{-1} = A_n^{-1} \dots A_2^{-1} A_1^{-1}$$



## Properties of Invertible Matrices



<u>Theorem</u>: If A is an invertible matrix,  $A^T$  is also invertible and

$$(A^T)^{-1} = (A^{-1})^T$$



## Properties of Invertible Matrices



<u>Theorem</u>: If A is an invertible matrix,  $A^T$  is also invertible and

$$(A^T)^{-1} = (A^{-1})^T$$

<u>Theorem</u>: If A is an invertible matrix, then  $A^n$  is also invertible for all non-negative integers n and

$$(A^n)^{-1} = (A^{-1})^n$$



Mark as completed