

# Hibernate & Spring Data JPA

Beginner to Guru

Database Relationships



#### Database Relationships

- One to One Both tables have only one record on each side of the relationship
- One to Many The primary table has one record that relates to zero or many records in the related table
- Many to Many Each record in both tables may be related to zero or many records in the related table





#### **Database Constraints**

- Best practice is to use database constraints to enforce relationships
- One to One Both tables can share the primary key value, or one table can have its own primary key and unique key on id column of related table
- One to Many The related table has column for primary key of primary table, with foreign key constraint
- Many to Many Join table is used with composite primary key consisting of the primary key values of related tables, with foreign key constraints





### One to Many

OrderHeader			OrderLine	
PK	<u>id</u>		PK	<u>id</u>
	customer	<u> </u>		orderld
	shippingAddress			productId
	billToAddress			quantityOrdered





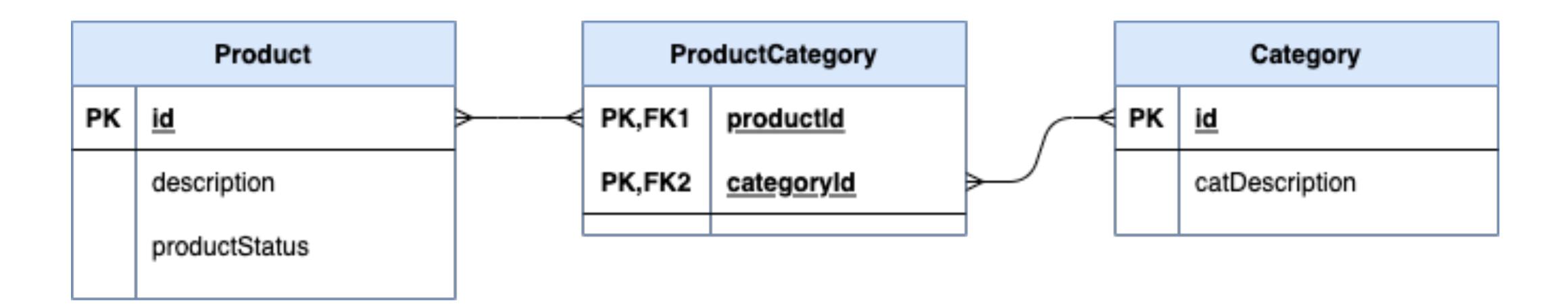
## Many to One

OrderLine			Product	
PK	<u>id</u>	_	PK	<u>id</u>
	orderld			description
	productId	<b>&gt;</b>		productStatus
	quantityOrdered			Row 3





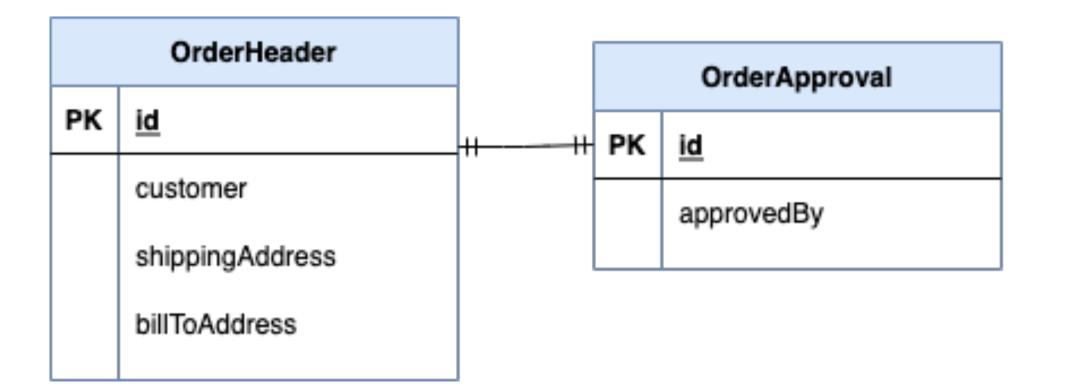
#### Many to Many

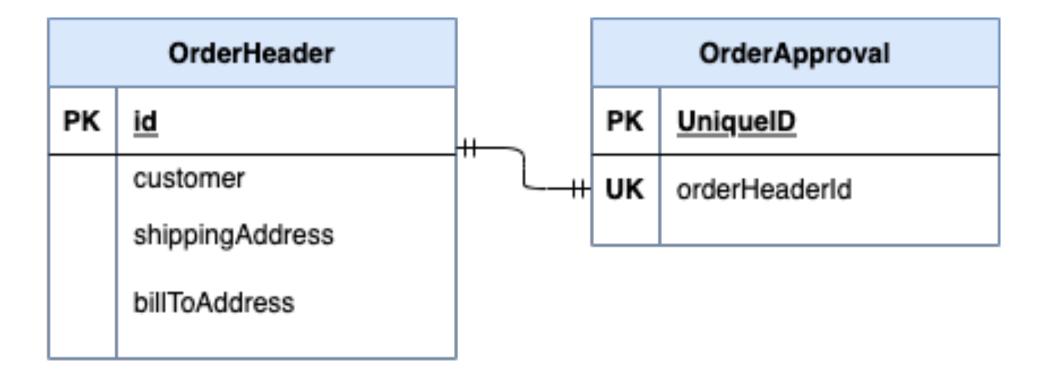






#### One to One

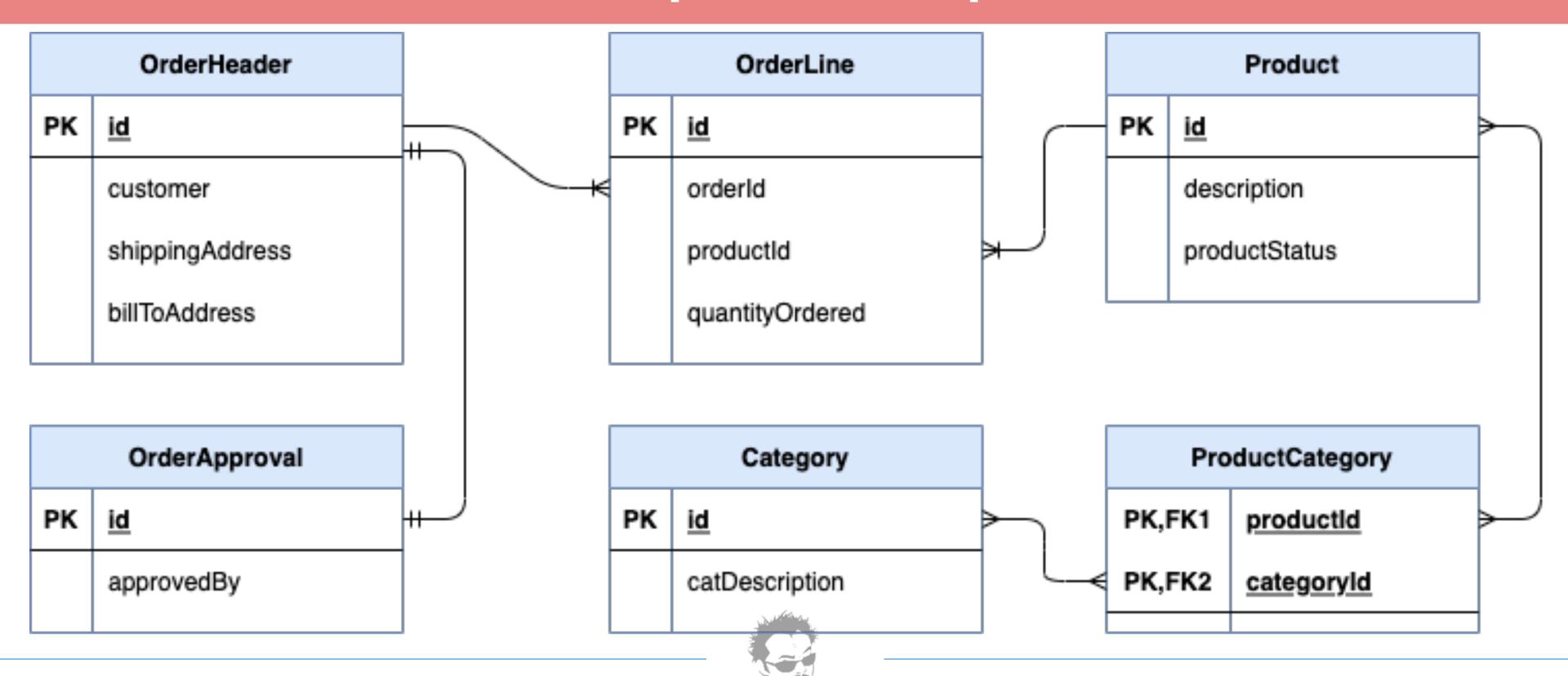








#### Complete Example



SPRING FRAMEWORK



#### Relationship Direction

- Bi-Directional Relationship can be accessed from either side of the relationship
  - Example OrderHeader and OrderLine likely needed from either side
- Uni-Directional Relationship can be access from either side of the relationship
  - Example OrderLine and Product unlikely you will need to access Order Lines from Product
  - The Product entity does not have a reference to OrderLine





#### **Cascade Operations**

- Hibernate has the ability to Cascade persistence operations
- Example A delete of just Order Header would fail on foreign key constraints to OrderLine and OrderApproval
  - Explicitly, you would need to perform deletes of the child records first
  - Optionally, Hibernate can be configured to delete OrderLines and OrderApproval before deleting the OrderHeader
- Use with caution you would not wish to delete Product records on delete for OrderLine





#### Foreign Key Declaration

- JPA does have a @ForeignKey annotation
- This is meta-data information only.
- Hibernate will reference this for schema generation only
- It is not enforced nor generated if missing
- When using schema migration tools like Liquibase or Flyway it is not needed





## SPRING FRAMEWORK

