

Latent Dirichlet Allocation

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Abstract

1 Reference

Blei, D.M., Ng, A.Y. and Jordan, M.I., 2003. Latent dirichlet allocation. Journal of machine Learning research, 3(Jan), pp.993-1022.

2 Model

Generative Process for each word

$$\begin{aligned}\theta &\sim Dir(\alpha) \\ z_n &\sim Multinomial(\theta) \\ w_n &\sim p(w_n|z_n, \beta)\end{aligned}$$

Joint Probabilities of θ, z_n, w_n given α, β

$$p(\theta, Z, W|\alpha, \beta) = p(\theta|\alpha) \prod_{n=1}^N p(z_n|\theta)p(w_n|z_n, \beta)$$

3 Story

Imagine a big box, which corresponds to a document. We put small boxes, which corresponds to topics, into the big box.

The size of the small boxes are determined by θ (e.g. Sports box takes 50% of the big box, Politics box 20%, and Economics box 30%). ($p(\theta|\alpha)$)

Once the small box are fit, we chose one small box($p(z_n|\theta)$), and throw a ball (i.e. a word) into the chosen small box. ($p(w_n|z_n, \beta)$)

This means that we pick a word which is likely to occur when we write about the chosen topic (e.g. 'baseball' in sport topic), and write down the word on the document.

Repeat this process for the number of words in the document.

4 Variational Inference

- The unknown parameters are θ, z . Thus we want to get the following posterior probability

$$p(\theta, Z|W, \alpha, \beta) = \frac{p(\theta, Z, W|\alpha, \beta)}{p(W|\alpha, \beta)}$$

- However, the denominator is intractable because of θ_i and β_{ij}

$$p(W|\alpha, \beta) = \int \frac{\Gamma(\sum_{i=1}^k \alpha_i)}{\prod_{i=1}^k \Gamma(\alpha_i)} \prod_{i=1}^k (\theta^{a_i-1}) \left(\prod_{n=1}^N \sum_{i=1}^k \prod_{j=1}^V (\theta_i \beta_{ij})^{w_m^i} \right) d\theta$$

- Let's approximate by $q(\theta, \gamma, \phi) = q(\theta|\gamma) \prod_{n=1}^N q(z_n|\phi_n)$.
- We want q to be close to p , but how to measure the closeness of p and q ?
- KL-divergence (difference of entropy)

$$KL(q||p) = E_q \left[\log \frac{q(z)}{p(z|x)} \right]$$

where z is unknown parameter and x is known/observed parameter. The smaller the KL divergence is, the "closer" p and q are.

- How to minimize KL divergence? - Maximize ELBO