

Lecture 11: Working with Strings and Date/Time Variables

Managing and Manipulating Data Using R

Introduction

Reading

- ▶ GW chapter 14 (Strings)
- ▶ GW chapter 16 (Dates and Times)

No class next week (11/13)

- ▶ Problem set for strings + date/times still due on 11/13
- ▶ No problem set due on 11/20

What we will do today

1. Introduction

2. Working with Strings

2.1 String basics

Load the packages we will use today (output omitted)

- ▶ you must run this code chunk after installing these packages

```
library(tidyverse)
library(stringr)
```

If package not yet installed, then must install before you load. Install in “console” rather than .Rmd file

- ▶ Generic syntax: `install.packages("package_name")`
- ▶ Install “tidyverse”: `install.packages("stringr")`

Note: when we load package, name of package is not in quotes; but when we install package, name of package is in quotes:

- ▶ `install.packages("tidyverse")`
- ▶ `library(tidyverse)`

Working with Strings

String basics

What are strings?

String refers to a “data type” used in programming to represent text rather than numbers (although it can include numbers)

- ▶ Strings have `character` types

```
string1<- "Apple"  
typeof(string1) #type is character  
#> [1] "character"
```

- ▶ Create strings using `" "`

```
string2 <- "This is a string"
```

- ▶ If string contains a quotation, use `' ' ' ' ' '`

```
string3 <- 'example of a "quote" within a string'
```

- ▶ To print a string, use `writeLines()`

```
print(string3) #will print using \  
#> [1] "example of a \"quote\" within a string"  
writeLines(string3)  
#> example of a "quote" within a string
```


Common uses of strings

Basic uses:

► Names of files and directories

```
ipeds <- read_csv(file="../../data/ipeds/ic/ipeds_hd_2017_small.csv")  
#> Parsed with column specification:  
#> cols(  
#>   unitid = col_double(),  
#>   instnm = col_character(),  
#>   stabbr = col_character(),  
#>   sector = col_double(),  
#>   iclevel = col_double(),  
#>   control = col_double()  
#> )
```

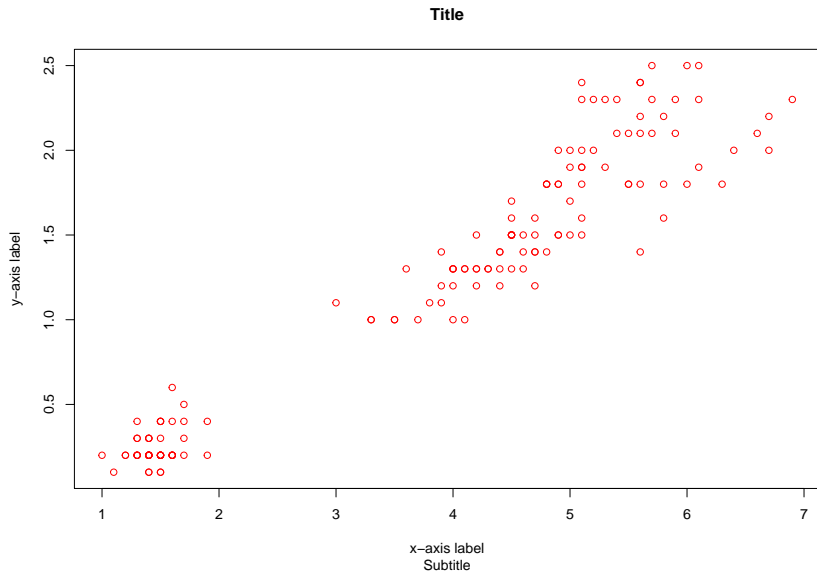
► Names of elements in data objects

```
num_vec <- 1:5  
names(num_vec) <- c('uno', 'dos', 'tres', 'cuatro', 'cinco')  
num_vec  
#>   uno    dos   tres cuatro cinco  
#>    1     2     3     4     5
```

Common uses of strings

- Text elements displayed in plots and graphs

```
plot(iris$Petal.Length, iris$Petal.Width, main = 'Title', sub = 'Subtitle',  
     xlab = 'x-axis label', ylab = 'y-axis label', col = 'red')
```



Common uses of strings

More advanced uses:

► Dealing with identification numbers

```
acs_tract <- read_csv(file="../data/ipeds/ic/ipeds_hd_2017_small.csv")  
#> Parsed with column specification:  
#> cols(  
#>   unitid = col_double(),  
#>   instnm = col_character(),  
#>   stabbr = col_character(),  
#>   sector = col_double(),  
#>   iclevel = col_double(),  
#>   control = col_double()  
#> )
```