EDUC 263: Install Git instructions

The instructions below will assist you in installing Git on your local computers.

Note: If you are a Mac user skip instructions for Windows Users and if you are a Windows User skip instructions for Mac users.

Create GitHub account

- 1. Go to https://github.com/ and sign up for GitHub
- 2. Once you have successfully created a GitHub account, you will receive an email to verify your account. Follow the instructions on the email.
- 3. Email your username to me at pmarti@g.ucla.edu

Git Setup for Mac Users

- 1. Open a Terminal window (command+space bar to open Spotlight Search)
 - Terminal is the CLI (command line interface) for Linux and Mac users
- 2. Type in git to the command line and press enter
- 3. If you don't already have Git installed, you'll get an warning saying Git requires command line developer tools. Click install and agree to terms.
 - After typing git in your terminal you should see something like this

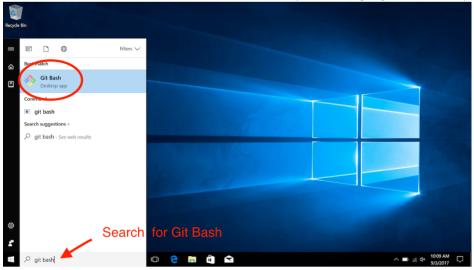
```
:~ patriciamartin$ git
[--version] [--help] [-C <path>] [-c <name>=<value>]
[--exec-path[=<path>]] [--html-path] [--man-path] [--info-path]
[-p | --paginate | -P | --no-pager] [--no-replace-objects] [--bare]
[--git-dir=<path>] [--work-tree=<path>] [--namespace=<name>]
                     <command> [<args>]
These are common Git commands used in various situations:
start a working area (see also: git help tutorial)
clone Clone a repository into a new directory
init Create an empty Git repository or reinitialize an existing one
work on the current change (see also: git help everyday)
add Add file contents to the index
                          Move or rename a file, a directory, or a symlink
Reset current HEAD to the specified state
                          Remove files from the working tree and from the index
 examine the history and state (see also: git help revisions)

bisect Use binary search to find the commit that introduced a bug
grep Print lines matching a pattern
     log
                          Show commit logs
                          Show various types of objects
Show the working tree status
     show
     status
grow, mark and tweak your common history
                          List, create, or delete branches
Switch branches or restore working tree files
    branch
                          Record changes to the repository
Show changes between commits, commit and working tree, etc
Join two or more development histories together
```

4. You can check what version you have installed by typing git --version in the command line

Git Setup for Windows Users

- 1. Need to first install Git Bash
 - Bash is the default shell (a specific type of CLI) so only Windows users need to install this first. Windows default is Command Prompt.
 - Download and intall Git Bash: https://gitforwindows.org/
 - Run the downloaded .exe file and allow the application to make changes to your PC.
 - Once it is finished install, check it installed by searching "git bash" in your start menu



- 2. Open your CLI and verify Git installed
 - Click on the Git Bash icon to open a new CLI window
 - Type in git –version and press enter

If installed it will return which Git version is installed

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| Sit = -version | 2.14.1.vindow.1
| Logs out the release | number of the installed | version of Git, if Git is | installed |

Code academy tutorial [optional] (10-20 min read)

1. Read through this tutorial on getting started with GitHub https://www.codecademy.com/articles/f1-u3-git-setup

Hello World GitHub Guide [optional] (10-20 min read)

1. Read through this short tutorial on GitHub https://guides.github.com/activities/hello-world/

Sources: Dr. Karina Salazar's Lecture 14 slides: Intro to R; Code Acaademy Tutorial