Assignment 3

AI1110: Probability and Random Variables Indian Institute of Technology Hyderabad

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12.13.5.1: Question. A die is thrown 6 times. If 'getting an odd number' is a success, find the probability of

- (i) 5 successes?
- (ii) at least 5 successes?
- (iii) at most 5 successes?

Answer: (i) $\frac{3}{32}$, (ii) $\frac{7}{64}$, (iii) $\frac{63}{64}$. Solution: According to the question:

n	Number of throws	6
p	Probability of getting an odd number	0.5
q	Probability of getting an even number	0.5

TABLE 3: Given Information

Let X: Number of times we get odd numbers in 6 throws of a die. Throwing a die and getting an odd ar an even is a bernoulli event. So, X has a binomial distribution.

$$\Pr(X = k) = P_X(k) = {}^{n}C_k q^{n-k} p^k$$
 (1)

$$P_X(k) = {}^{n}C_k(0.5)^{n-k}(0.5)^k = {}^{n}C_k(0.5)^{n-k+k}$$
 (2)

$$= {}^{6}C_{k}(0.5)^{6} \tag{3}$$

(i) Probability 5 successes.

Putting x=5 in (3)

$$P_X(5) = {}^{6}C_5(0.5)^6 \tag{4}$$

$$= 6 \times \frac{1}{64} = \frac{3}{32} \tag{5}$$

(ii) Probability at least 5 successes. Using (3):

$$\Pr(X \ge 5) = F_X(6) - F_X(4) \tag{6}$$

$$= P_X(5) + P_X(6) \tag{7}$$

$$= {}^{6}C_{5}(0.5)^{6} + {}^{6}C_{6}(0.5)^{6}$$
 (8)

 $= 6(0.5)^6 + (0.5)^6 = 7(0.5)^6 = \frac{7}{64}$ (9)

(iii) Probability at most 5 successes. using (3)

$$\Pr(X \le 5) = F_X(5)$$
 (10)

$$= 1 - P_X(6) \tag{11}$$

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$$= 1 - {}^{6}C_{6}(0.5)^{6} = 1 - (0.5)^{6}$$
 (12)

$$=1-\frac{1}{64}=\frac{63}{64}\tag{13}$$