

# Assignment 3

AI1110: Probability and Random Variables  
Indian Institute of Technology Hyderabad

K S Ananth  
CS22BTECH11029

**12.13.5.1: Question.** A die is thrown 6 times. If 'getting an odd number' is a success, find the probability of  
(i) 5 successes?  
(ii) at least 5 successes?  
(iii) at most 5 successes?

**Answer:** (i)  $\frac{3}{32}$ , (ii)  $\frac{7}{64}$ , (iii)  $\frac{63}{64}$ .

**Solution:** According to the question:

|    |                                       |     |
|----|---------------------------------------|-----|
| n: | Number of throws                      | 6   |
| p: | Probability of getting an odd number  | 0.5 |
| q: | Probability of getting an even number | 0.5 |

TABLE 0: Given Information

Let X: Number of times we get odd numbers in 6 throws of a die. Throwing a die and getting an odd or an even is a bernoulli event. So, X has a binomial distribution.

$$\Pr(X = x) = {}^nC_x q^{n-x} p^x \quad (1)$$

$$\Pr(X = x) = {}^nC_x (0.5)^{n-x} (0.5)^x = {}^nC_x (0.5)^{n-x+x} \quad (2)$$

$$= {}^6C_x (0.5)^6 \quad (3)$$

(i) Probability 5 successes.

Putting x=5 in (3)

$$\Pr(X = 5) = {}^6C_5 (0.5)^6 \quad (4)$$

$$= 6 \times \frac{1}{64} = \frac{3}{32} \quad (5)$$

(ii) Probability at least 5 successes.

Using (3):

$$F_X(6) - F_X(4) = \Pr(X = 5) + \Pr(X = 6) \quad (6)$$

$$= {}^6C_5 (0.5)^6 + {}^6C_6 (0.5)^6 \quad (7)$$

$$= 6(0.5)^6 + (0.5)^6 = 7(0.5)^6 = \frac{7}{64} \quad (8)$$

(iii) Probability at most 5 successes.  
using (3)

$$F_X(5) = 1 - \Pr(X = 6) \quad (9)$$

$$= 1 - {}^6C_6 (0.5)^6 = 1 - (0.5)^6 \quad (10)$$

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{64} = \frac{63}{64} \quad (11)$$