# **SmartWaterFountains**

IOT\_Phase1

# Phase1:ProblemDefinitionandDesignThinking

**ProjectDefinition:** The projectal mstoen hance public water fountains by implementing IoT sensors to control water flow and detect malfunctions. The primary objective is to provide real-time information about water fountain status to residents through a public platform. This project includes defining objectives, designing the IoT sensor system, developing the water fountain status platform, and integrating the musing IoT technology and Python.

# DesignThinking:

- 1. PíojectObjectives:Defineobjectivessuchasíeal-timewateífountainmonitoíing, efficientwateíusage,malfunctiondetection,andíesidentawaíeness.
- 2. Iol'SensoíDesign:PlanthedeploymentofIol'sensoís(e.g.,flowíatesensoís,píessuíe sensoís)inpublicwateífountains.
- 3. Real-1'ime1'íansitInfoímationPlatfoím:Designamobileappinteífacethatdisplaysíeal-timepaíkingavailabilitytouseís.
- 4. Integiation Appioach: Deteimine how Iol's ensois will send data to the water fount ainst atusplat foim.

## **ProblemStatement**

The problem at hand is to create a smart water fountain system that enhances user experience, promotes water conservation, and provides valuable in sights through Io Ttechnology. The systems hould be capable of monitoring water consumption, user interactions, and water quality while ensuring seamless operation.

## UnderstandingtheProblem

To address this problem, we need to consider the following key as pects:

- 1. \*UserInteraction\*:Understandhowuserswillinteractwiththewaterfountain,includinguserauthe ntication,dispensingwater,anduserfeedback.
- $2.\ *Water Quality*: Ensure the water is safe for consumption by integrating water quality sensors and filters.$
- 3. \*WaterConservation\*:Implementfeaturestotrackandminimizewaterwastage,suchasauto-shutoffandefficient dispensingmechanisms.

- 4. \*IoTIntegration\*:ConnectthewaterfountaintotheInternetofThings(IoT)tocollectdata,control functionsremotely,andenablereal-time monitoring.
- 5. \*DataAnalytics\*:Analyzecollecteddatatogaininsightsintousagepatterns,waterquality,andmaint enance requirements.

High-LevelDesign

#### UserInterface(UI)

- Developauser-friendlyinterfaceforuserauthenticationandinteraction.
- IncludetouchorRFID-basedauthenticationforusers.
- Implementoptionsforselectingwatertemperatureand quantity.

# HardwareComponents

- Installwaterqualitysensorstomonitorwaterpurity.
- Incorporatesolenoidvalvesforprecisewaterdispensing.
- Addamicrocontroller(e.g., Arduinoor Raspberry Pi) for system control.
- Includeacameraforuserrecognitionandfeedback.

#### **IoTIntegration**

- Connectthesystemtoacloudplatform(e.g., AWSIoTorGoogleCloudIoT).
- Enableremotecontrolandmonitoringthroughadedicatedmobileapp.
- Implementsecurecommunicationprotocols(e.g., HTTPS)fordatatransfer.

#### **DataAnalytics**

- Storedatainadatabaseforhistoricalanalysis.
- Usemachinelearningalgorithmstopredictmaintenanceneeds.
- Generate usage reports and send notification stousers.

#### WaterConservation

- Implementanauto-shutofffeaturetopreventwaterwastage.
- Useflowsensorstomeasurewaterusageaccurately.
- Setupreal-

time a lerts for a no malies in water consumption. Next Steps

- $1.\ \ ^*Project Planning *: Create a detailed project plan with time lines and responsibilities.$
- 2. \*HardwarePrototyping\*:Buildaprototypeofthesmartwaterfountain,includingthenecessarysenso rsandactuators.

- $3.\ *Software Development*: Develop the user interface, Io Tintegration, and data analytic scomponents.$
- $4.\ \ ^*Testing and Optimization ^*: Rigorously test the system, collect data, and optimize its performance.$
- $5.\ *Documentation*: Maintain detailed document at ion for hardware and software components.$

#### Conclusion

This document outlines the problem statement, under standing of the project, and a high-level design for the smart water fount a in IoT project's Phase 1. The next steps involved etailed planning, implementation, testing, and documentation.

PRESENTATION BY,
DHIVYANANTHAN.H
HARISH.K
ASWIN.P
SANJAI KUMAR.S