


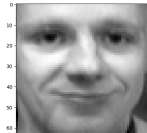

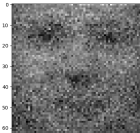

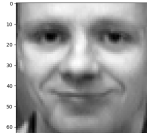

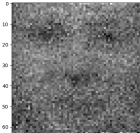

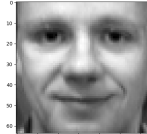
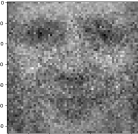
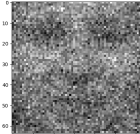

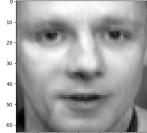

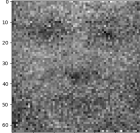

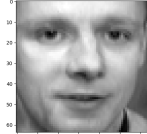

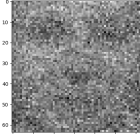

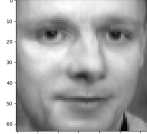

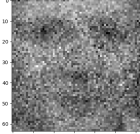
Submission for Programming Assignment 1


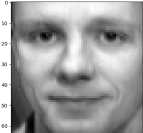

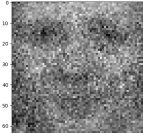

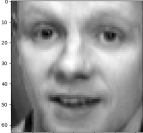

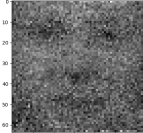

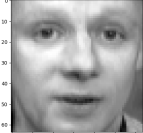

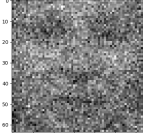

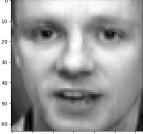

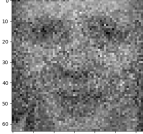



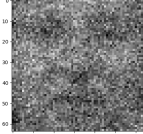



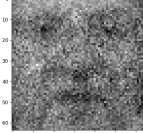


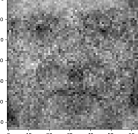
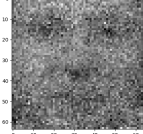



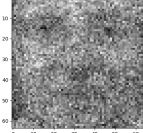

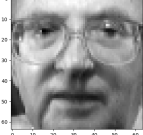
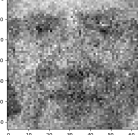
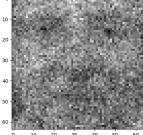
CS 427: Mathematics for Data Science, Autumn 2020-21



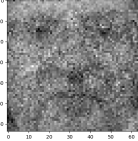
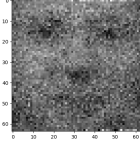


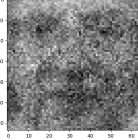
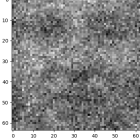


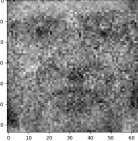
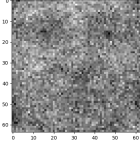


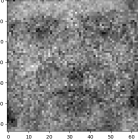
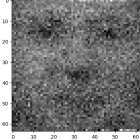


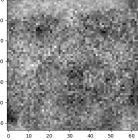
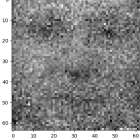

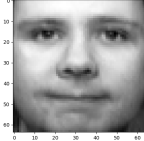
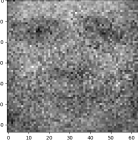
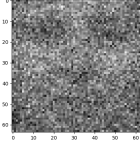
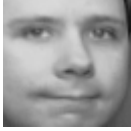
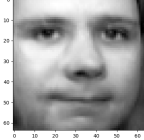
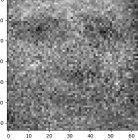
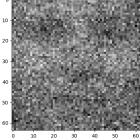

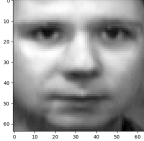
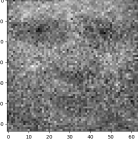
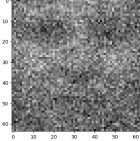
Group 9: K. Sai Anuroop (170030035), Rohan Savakar (170030033)

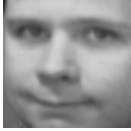
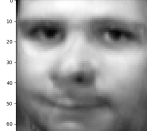

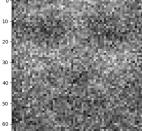

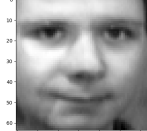

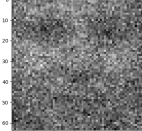

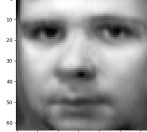

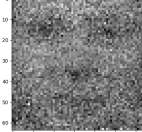

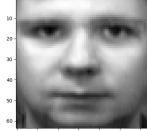

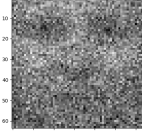

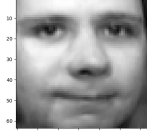

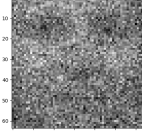

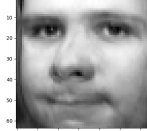

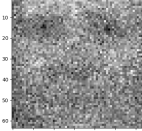

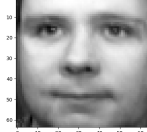

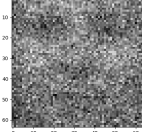
November 22, 2020

The code performs Principal Component Analysis on the set of images provided to us from Olivetti faces dataset. It then randomly chooses an image, reconstructs it using 4096 components, x components and $< x$ components, where x is provided as an input argument by the user. We interpret x as the minimum number of components required to reconstruct the image such that the face of the person is discernible. Below is an exhaustive list of all the 30 images provided to us along with their reconstructed counterparts as per the scheme mentioned above.

Original	4096	x	$< x$
 0.png	 -	 3100	 353
 1.png	 -	 3250	 476
 2.png	 -	 3300	 1220
 3.png	 -	 3250	 476
 4.png	 -	 3500	 817
 5.png	 -	 3650	 2990

Original	4096	x	$< x$
 6.png	 -	 3650	 2990
 7.png	 -	 3250	 476
 8.png	 -	 3300	 1220
 9.png	 -	 3350	 3105
 10.png	 -	 3000	 1331
 11.png	 -	 3650	 2990
 12.png	 -	 3050	 541
 13.png	 -	 3200	 2098
 14.png	 -	 3200	 2098

Original	4096	x	$< x$
 15.png	 -	 3100	 353
 16.png	 -	 3000	 1331
 17.png	 -	 3200	 2098
 18.png	 -	 3100	 353
 19.png	 -	 3050	 541
 20.png	 -	 3000	 1331
 21.png	 -	 2700	 1587
 22.png	 -	 2700	 1587

Original	4096	x	$< x$
 23.png	 -	 3000	 1331
 24.png	 -	 2700	 1587
 25.png	 -	 2750	 523
 26.png	 -	 2900	 1744
 27.png	 -	 2900	 1744
 28.png	 -	 2850	 2450
 29.png	 -	 2700	 1587

3005 is the average of all the values of x listed in the above table, which we consider to be the value of x that is required to discern the faces, according to our discretion.

```

1  """
2  This code performs PCA on the set of images provided in the format <number>.png,
3  reconstructs a randomly chosen image from the input set using [4096, k, <k>] Principal
   Components,
4  and saves in ./output/img<number> directory.
5  Note that this code has to be placed in the same directory as the set of input images (or else
   change the path in the code accordingly)
6  """
7  import os
8  import sys
9  import numpy as np
10 import pandas as pd
11 import random
12 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
13 import matplotlib.image as mpimg
14 from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
15 from glob import glob
16 from numpy import mean
17 from numpy import cov
18 from numpy.linalg import eigh
19 from pathlib import Path
20
21 # checking if sufficient input arguments are provided and if provided, are correct or not
22 if (len(sys.argv)<2 or int(sys.argv[1])>4096 or int(sys.argv[1])<1):
23     print("Usage: python3 pca3.py <num_principal_components_to_retain>")
24     print("Note: 1 <= num_principal_components_to_retain <= 4096")
25     exit(1)
26
27 # dataframes to store images of a person's face
28 faces_0 = pd.DataFrame([])
29 faces_1 = pd.DataFrame([])
30 faces_2 = pd.DataFrame([])
31 all_faces = pd.DataFrame([])
32
33 # convert 64*64 images to a pandas dataframe of 4096 size each
34 for path in glob("*.png"):
35     img=mpimg.imread(path)
36     # print(int(''.join(path.split('.')[0])))
37     face = pd.Series(img.flatten(),name=path)
38     all_faces = all_faces.append(face)
39     if int(int(path[0:path.find('.')])/10)==0:
40         # print(int(path[0:path.find('.')]))
41         faces_0 = faces_0.append(face)
42     elif int(int(path[0:path.find('.')])/10)==1:
43         # print(int(path[0:path.find('.')]))
44         faces_1 = faces_1.append(face)
45     else:
46         # print(int(path[0:path.find('.')]))
47         faces_2 = faces_2.append(face)
48
49 # uncomment to choose a random person to perform PCA on the set of images of "that" person
50 """
51 # choose a random person to perform PCA
52 face_num = random.randint(0,((len(faces_0)+len(faces_1)+len(faces_2))/10)-1)
53 # choose a random image of the person to compare with
54 which_face = random.randint(0,10)
55 fit_which_face = faces_0
56 if face_num == 0:
57     fit_which_face = faces_0
58     my_face = faces_0[which_face]
59 elif face_num == 1:
60     fit_which_face = faces_1
61     my_face = faces_1[which_face]
62 else:
63     fit_which_face = faces_2
64     my_face = faces_2[which_face]
65 """
66 # sort indices of images
67 all_faces.assign(indexNumber=[int(''.join(i.split('.')[0])) for i in all_faces.
   index])
68 all_faces.sort_values(['indexNumber'], ascending = [True], inplace = True)
69 all_faces.drop('indexNumber', 1, inplace = True)
70
71 temp = all_faces # temp: 30 x 4096
72 temp = temp.values
73 mean_matrix = mean(temp.T, axis=1)

```

```

74 centred_matrix = temp - mean_matrix
75 cov_matrix = cov(centred_matrix.T) # finding covariance matrix
76 values, vectors = eigh(cov_matrix) # finding eigenvectors (Principal Components) of covariance
    matrix
77 vectors = np.real(vectors) # vectors: 4096 x 4096
78
79 # sort eigenvectors (Principal Components) based on their eigenvalues in descending order
80 idx = values.argsort()[::-1]
81 values = values[idx]
82 vectors = vectors[:,idx]
83
84 retention_vector = [4096, int(sys.argv[1]), random.randint(0,int(sys.argv[1]))] # array
    storing number of eigenvectors (Principal Components) to be used while reconstructing image
85 # choose an image to reconstruct and create an output directory for the same
86 reconstruct_img_num = random.randint(0,29)
87 # reconstruct_img_num = 18
88 filename = "./output/img"+str(reconstruct_img_num)
89 Path(filename).mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
90
91 for k in retention_vector: # reconstruct the chosen image using [4096, k, <k] eigenvectors (
    Principal Components)
92     # retain only k eigenvectors (Principal Components)
93     retained_values = values[:k] # choose this number k
94     retained_vectors = vectors[:k] # retained_vectors: k x 4096
95
96     # Summary of matrix dimensions
97     # temp: 30 x 4096
98     # retained_vectors: k x 4096
99     # projected_matrix: 30 x k
100    # recon_matrix: 30 x 4096
101
102    # reconstruct images
103    projected_matrix = temp.dot(retained_vectors.T) # projected_matrix: 30 x k
104    recon_matrix = projected_matrix.dot(retained_vectors)+mean_matrix # recon_matrix: 30 x
    4096
105    plt.imshow(recon_matrix[reconstruct_img_num].reshape(64,64), cmap="gray")
106    plt.savefig(filename+"/"+str(k)+"pc_recon_"+str(reconstruct_img_num)+".png")
107

```

Python code to perform PCA on images



Scan this QR code to access the GitHub repository of my homework solutions at
https://github.com/ksanu1998/MDS_HW_Solutions