Functional Programming Principles in PHP - Functors

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Disclaimer Do not try this at home

Things we know



array_map

```
array_map(function ($x) {
    return $x + 1;
}, [1, 2, 3, 4]);

// [2, 3, 4, 5]
```

Things we might not know

Mapping is not specific to lsits

array_map lifts a function

```
$add1 = function ($x) { $x + 1; };
```

• Takes a single value and returns a single value.

```
$add1 = function ($x) { $x + 1; };
```

- Takes a single value and returns a single value.
- Does not operate on lists

```
4 = function ($x) { $x + 1; };
```

- Takes a single value and returns a single value.
- Does not operate on lists
- array map makes it work on lists

```
$add1 = function ($x) { $x + 1; };
```

- Takes a single value and returns a single value.
- Does not operate on lists
- array map makes it work on lists

```
array_map($add1, [1, 2, 3, 4]);
// [2, 3, 4, 5]
```

Some Notation

Single argument

```
add1 :: Int -> Int
```

Single argument

```
add1 :: Int -> Int
```

Multiple arguments

```
add :: Int -> Int -> Int
```

Single argument

```
add1 :: Int -> Int
```

Multiple arguments

```
add :: Int -> Int -> Int
```

Higher Order function

```
map :: (a -> b) -> [a] -> [b]
```

Functors

```
class Functor f where
```

fmap :: (a -> b) -> f a -> f b

Applied to Lists

```
fmap :: (a -> b) -> [a] -> [b]
```

fmap :: callable -> array -> array

```
interface Functor
{
    public function fmap(callable $fn): Functor;
}
```

Instead of

```
fmap($function, $functor);
```

we say

```
$functor->fmap($function);
```

```
class <u>Arr</u> implements <u>Functor</u>
    private $array;
        $this->array = $arr;
    public function fmap(callable $fn): Functor
        return new self(array map($fn, $this->array));
```

```
$arr = function ($x) { return $x + 1; };

$myArr = new Arr([1, 2, 3, 4]);

$mapped = $myArr->fmap($arr);

// $mapped is now Arr([2, 3, 4, 5])
```

Neat

abstract class Result implements Functor { }

```
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```

```
class <u>Success</u> extends <u>Result</u>
    private $value;
        $this->value = $value;
    public function fmap(callable $fn): Functor
        return new static($fn($this->value));
```

```
abstract class Result implements Functor { }
```

```
class Failure extends Result
{
    public function fmap(callable $fn): Functor
    {
       return $this;
    }
}
```

```
$add1 = function ($x) { return $x + 1; };

$success = new Success(2);
$success->fmap($add1);
// Success(3)
```

```
$add1 = function ($x) { return $x + 1; };

$success = new Success(2);
$success->fmap($add1);
// Success(3)
```

```
$add1 = function ($x) { return $x + 1; };

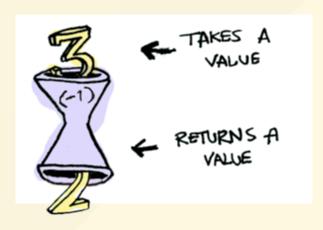
$failure = new Failure();

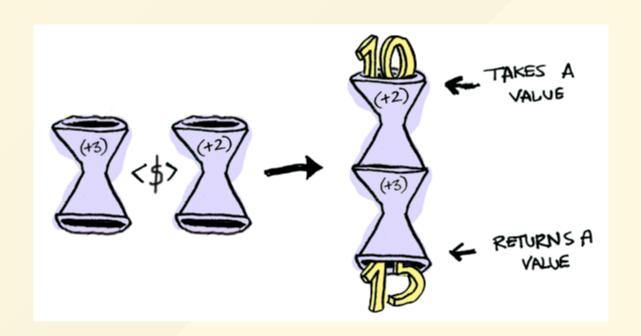
$failure->fmap($add1);

// Failure()
```

add1 never even got called.

Functions are Functors too!





It's function composition!

```
class <u>Fn</u> implements <u>Functor</u>
   private $fn;
    public function construct(callable $fn)
        this->fn = fn;
    public function fmap(callable $fn): Functor
        return new self(function ($arg) use ($fn) {
            return call user func($this->fn, $fn($arg));
        });
    public function invoke($arg)
        return call user func($this->fn, $arg);
```

```
$add1 = function ($x) { return $x + 1; };

$double = new Fn(function ($x) { return $x * 2; });

$add1AndThenDouble = $double->fmap($add1);
// Fn(function ...)

$add1AndThenDouble(5);
// 12
```

NO ONE MAN SHOULD HAVE ALL THAT POWER

```
4 = function (x) { return } x + 1; };
```

```
$arr = new Arr([1, 2, 3, 4]);
$arr->fmap($add1);
// Arr([2, 3, 4, 5])
```

```
4 = function (x) { return } x + 1; };
```

```
$arr = new Arr([1, 2, 3, 4]);
$arr->fmap($add1);
// Arr([2, 3, 4, 5])
```

```
$success = new Success(5);
$success->fmap($add1);
// Success(6)
```

```
$add1 = function ($x) { return $x + 1; };
```

```
$arr = new Arr([1, 2, 3, 4]);
$arr->fmap($add1);
// Arr([2, 3, 4, 5])
```

```
$success = new Success(5);
$success->fmap($add1);
// Success(6)
```

```
$double = new Fn(function ($x) { return $x * 2; });
$double->fmap($add1);
// Fn($double($add1($x)))
```

```
\$arr = \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}
$arr->fmap($add1);
success = new Success(5);
$success->fmap($add1);
// Success (6)
double = new Fn(function (x) { return } x * 2; );
$double->fmap($add1);
// Fn($double($add1($x)))
$arr->fmap($double->fmap($add1));
```

Now what?

Thanks for listening!