Not Quite My Type

Using types to make impossible states truly impossible



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Things I like (in no particular order)

- Static Analysis tools (PHPStan, Psaml)
- Well typed code
- Having tools yell at me when I'm making mistakes
- My wife

Let's look at some code

Preventing time travel

```
class SystemClock implements ClockInterface
{
    public function wait(int $seconds): void
    {
        // ...
}
```

```
class SystemClock implements ClockInterface
{
    public function wait(int $seconds): void
    {
        // ...
}
```

```
class SystemClock implements ClockInterface
{
    public function wait(69): void 
    {
        // ...
}
```

```
class SystemClock implements ClockInterface
{
    public function wait(0): void 
    {
        // ...
}
```

```
class SystemClock implemed VerkInterface

(5): void
```

The Problem

- This is a perfectly valid use of the method
- It's also complete nonsense
- But PHP and static analysers don't know this

```
class SystemClock implements ClockInterface
{
    public function wait(-5): void
    {
        // ...
}
```

```
class SystemClock implements ClockInterface
{
    public function wait(int $seconds): void
    {
        // ...
}
```

```
class SystemClock implements ClockInterface
    public function wait(int $seconds): void
        if ($seconds < 0) {
           throw new InvalidArgumentException();
```

\$seconds isn't an integer

Integers can be negative, \$seconds can't

\$seconds is a duration

Let's narrow our types!

```
final class Duration
{
    public function __construct(
        public readonly int $seconds
    ) {
    }
}
```

```
final class Duration
{
    public function __construct(
        public readonly int $seconds
    ) {
    }
}
```

```
final class Duration
{
    public function __construct(
        public readonly int $seconds
    ) {
    }
}
```

```
final class Duration
{
    public function __construct(
        public readonly int $seconds
    ) {
        if ($seconds < 0) {
            throw new InvalidArgumentException();
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

```
final class Duration
{
    public function __construct(
        public readonly int $seconds
    ) {
        if ($seconds < 0) {
            throw new InvalidArgumentException();
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

```
final class Duration
    public function __construct(
        public readonly int $seconds
        if ($seconds < 0) {
            throw new InvalidArgumentException();
    public static function seconds(int $seconds): self
        return new self($seconds);
```

```
class SystemClock implements ClockInterface
{
    public function wait(int $seconds): void
    {
        if ($seconds < 0) {
            throw new InvalidArgumentException();
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

```
class SystemClock implements ClockInterface
{
    public function wait(Duration $duration): void
    {
        if ($seconds < 0) {
            throw new InvalidArgumentException();
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

```
class SystemClock implements ClockInterface
{
    public function wait(Duration $duration): void
    {
        if ($seconds < 0) {
            throw new InvalidArgumentException();
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

```
class SystemClock implements ClockInterface
{
    public function wait(Duration $duration): void
    {
        // ...
    }
}
```

```
$clock->wait(Duration::seconds(5));
✓ Works as expected
$clock->wait(-5);
✓ Type Error: Expected `Duration`, got `int` instead
$clock->wait(Duration::seconds(-5));
✓ InvalidArgumentException: Duration cannot be negative
```

Noice 🕞

Seller-friendly discounts

```
class ShoppingCart
{
    public function __construct(
        private array $products,
    ) {
    }
    public function total(): int {}
}
```

```
class ShoppingCart
{
    public function __construct(
        private array $products
    ) {
    }
    public function total(): int {}
}
```

```
class ShoppingCart
{
    public function __construct(
        private array $products,
    ) {
    }
    public function total(): int {}
}
```

Let's save some money!

```
class ShoppingCart
    private ?float $discount = null;
    public function __construct(
        private array $products,
    public function total(): int {}
    public function applyDiscount(float $percentage): void
        $this->discount = $percentage;
```

```
class ShoppingCart
    private ?float $discount = null;
   public function __construct(
       private array $products,
   public function total(): int {}
    public function applyDiscount(float $percentage): void
        $this->discount = $percentage;
```

```
class ShoppingCart
    private ?float $discount = null;
    public function __construct(
        private array $products,
    public function total(): int {}
    public function applyDiscount(float $percentage): void
        $this->discount = $percentage;
```

```
class ShoppingCart
    private ?float $discount = null;
    public function __construct(
        private array $products,
    public function total(): int {}
    public function applyDiscount(0.420): void /
        $this->discount = $percentage;
```

```
class ShoppingCart
    private ?float $discount = null;
    public function __construct(
        private array $products,
    public function total(): int {}
    public function applyDiscount(0.0): void
        $this->discount = $percentage;
```

```
class ShoppingCart
    private ?float $discount = null;
    public function __construct(
        private array $products,
    public function total(): int {}
    public function applyDiscount(-0.1): void
        $this->discount = $percentage;
```

```
class ShoppingCart
    private ?float $discount = null;
    public function __construct(
        private array $products,
    public function total(): int {}
    public function applyDiscount(2.0): void
        $this->discount = $percentage;
```

The Problem

- This is a perfectly valid use of the method
- It's also complete nonsense
- But PHP and static analysers
 don't know this

```
class ShoppingCart
   private ?float $discount = null;
   public function __construct(
        private array $products,
   public function total(): int {}
   public function applyDiscount(2.0): void
        $this->discount = $percentage;
```

```
class ShoppingCart
    private ?float $discount = null;
    public function __construct(
        private array $products,
    public function total(): int {}
    public function applyDiscount(float $percentage): void
        $this->discount = $percentage;
```

```
class ShoppingCart
    private ?float $discount = null;
    public function __construct(
        private array $products,
    public function total(): int {}
    public function applyDiscount(float $percentage): void
        if ($percentage <= 0.0 | | $percentage > 1.0) {
            throw new InvalidArgumentException();
        $this->discount = $percentage;
```

A discount isn't a float

Floats can be negative, a discount can't

Floats can be zero, a discount can't

Floats can be greater than 1, a discount can't

A discount is a Discount

Let's narrow our types!

```
final class Discount
{
    public function __construct(
        public readonly float $percentage,
    ) {
    }
}
```

```
final class Discount
{
    public function __construct(
        public readonly float $percentage,
    ) {
    }
}
```

```
final class Discount
{
    public function __construct(
        public readonly float $percentage,
    ) {
    }
}
```

```
final class Discount
{
    public function __construct(
        public readonly float $percentage,
    ) {
        if ($percentage <= 0 || $percentage > 1.0) {
            throw new InvalidArgumentException();
        }
    }
}
```

```
final class Discount
{
    public function __construct(
        public readonly float $percentage,
    ) {
        if ($percentage <= 0 || $percentage > 1.0) {
            throw new InvalidArgumentException();
        }
    }
}
```

```
final class Discount
    public function __construct(
        public readonly float $percentage
        if ($percentage <= 0 || $percentage > 1.0) {
            throw new InvalidArgumentException();
    public static function percentOff(int $value): self
        return new self($value / 100);
```

```
final class Discount
    public function __construct(
        public readonly float $percentage
        if ($percentage <= 0 || $percentage > 1.0) {
            throw new InvalidArgumentException();
    public static function percentOff(int $value): self
        return new self($value / 100);
```

```
class ShoppingCart
    private ?float $percentage = null;
    public function __construct(
        private array $products,
    public function total(): int {}
    public function applyDiscount(float $percentage): void
        if ($percentage <= 0.0 || $percentage > 1.0) {
            throw new InvalidArgumentException();
        $this->discount = $discount;
```

```
class ShoppingCart
    private ?Discount $discount = null;
    public function __construct(
        private array $products,
    public function total(): int {}
    public function applyDiscount(Discount $discount): void
       if ($percentage <= 0.0 || $percentage > 1.0) {
           throw new InvalidArgumentException();
       $this->discount = $discount;
```

```
class ShoppingCart
    private ?Discount $discount = null;
    public function __construct(
        private array $products,
    public function total(): int {}
    public function applyDiscount(Discount $discount): void
        if ($percentage <= 0.0 || $percentage > 1.0) {
            throw new InvalidArgumentException();
        $this->discount = $discount;
```

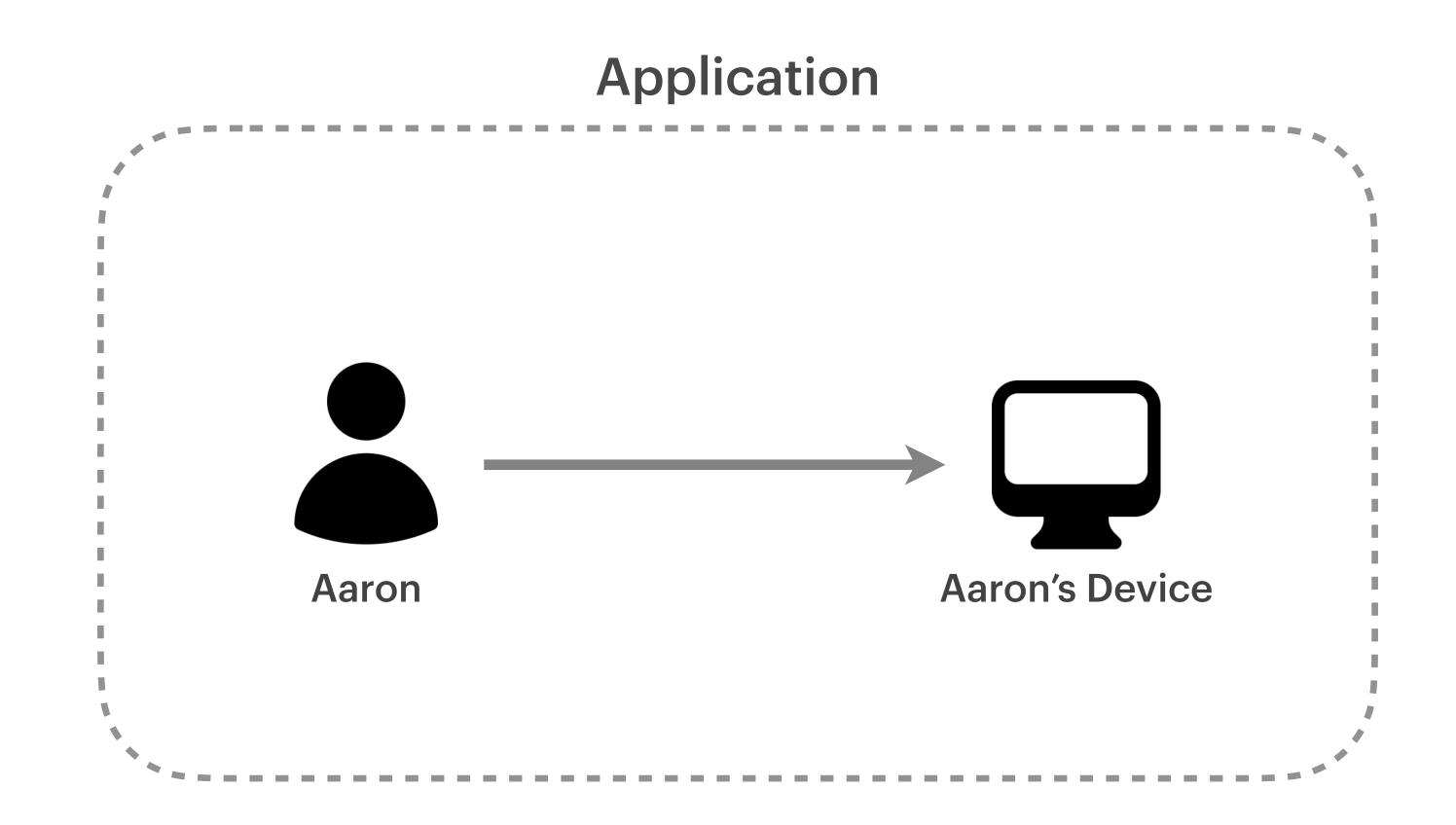
```
class ShoppingCart
    private ?Discount $discount = null;
    public function __construct(
        private array $products,
    public function total(): int {}
    public function applyDiscount(Discount $discount): void
        $this->discount = $discount;
```

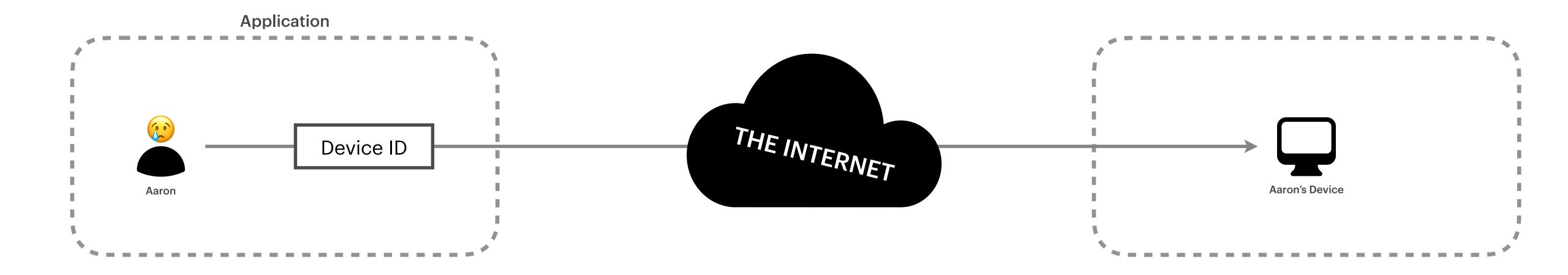
```
$cart->applyDiscount(Discount::percentOff(25));
✓ Works as expected
$cart->applyDiscount(-0.1);
✓ Type Error: Expected `Discount`, got `float` instead
$cart->applyDiscount(Discount::percentOff(-10));
✓ InvalidArgumentException: Discount cannot be negative
$cart->applyDiscount(Discount::percentOff(200));
✓ InvalidArgumentException: Discount cannot be greater than 100
```

Noice 🕞

Device IDs

Application





```
/**
  * @property string $device_id
  */
class User extends Model
{
}
```

```
/**
  * @property string $device_id
  */
class User extends Model
{
}
```

```
/**
  * @property string $device_id
  */
class User extends Model
{
}
```

```
class DeviceRepository
{
    public function find(string $deviceID): ?Device
    {
         // ...
    }
}
```

```
class DeviceRepository
{
    public function find(""): ?Device
    {
        // ...
    }
}
```

```
class DeviceRepository
{
    public function find("not a uuid"): ?Device
    {
        // ...
    }
}
```

```
class DeviceRepository
    public function find(string $deviceID): ?Device
       if (! \Ramsey\Uuid\Uuid::isValid($deviceID)) {
            return null;
```

A device ID isn't a string

Strings can be empty, a device ID can't

Strings don't have to be valid UUIDs, a device ID does

A device ID is a UUID

Let's narrow our types!

```
/**
  * @property string $device_id
  */
class User extends Model
{
}
```

```
/**
  * @property UuidInterface $device_id
  */
class User extends Model
{
}
```

```
/**
  * @property UuidInterface $device_id
  */
class User extends Model
{
}
```

```
/**
 * @property UuidInterface $device_id
 */
class User extends Model
{
    protected $casts = [
    ];
}
```

```
/**
  * @property UuidInterface $device_id
  */
class User extends Model
{
    protected $casts = [
        'device_id' => ???,
    ];
}
```

```
/**
  * @property UuidInterface $device_id
  */
class User extends Model
{
    protected $casts = [
        'device_id' => UuidCast::class,
    ];
}
```

```
* @property UuidInterface $device_id
*/
class User extends Model
{
    protected $casts = [
        'device_id' => UuidCast::class,
    ];
}
```

```
class DeviceRepository
    public function find(string $deviceID): ?Device
       if (! \Ramsey\Uuid\Uuid::isValid($deviceID)) {
            return null;
```

```
class DeviceRepository
   public function find(UuidInterface $deviceID): ?Device
       if (! \Ramsey\Uuid\Uuid::isValid($deviceID)) {
           return null;
```

```
class DeviceRepository
    public function find(UuidInterface $deviceID): ?Device
       if (! \Ramsey\Uuid\Uuid::isValid($deviceID)) {
            return null;
```

\$repository->find(\$user->device_id);

✓ Works as expected

\$repository->find("");

✓ Type Error: Expected UuidInterface, got string instead

Oh by the way, users have UUIDs too

```
* @property UuidInterface $device_id
*/
class User extends Model
{
    protected $casts = [
        'device_id' => UuidCast::class,
    ];
}
```

```
* @property UuidInterface $uuid
 * @property UuidInterface $device_id
 */
class User extends Model
    protected $casts = [
        'uuid' => UuidCast::class,
        'device_id' => UuidCast::class,
   ];
```

```
$repository->find($user->device_id);

V Works as expected

$repository->find("");

Type Error: Expected UuidInterface, got string instead

$repository->find($user->uuid);
```

You smug bastard

A device ID isn't a UUID

A device ID is a DeviceID

Let's narrow our types

```
class DeviceID
{
    public function __construct(
        public readonly string $uuid,
    ) {
    }
}
```

```
class DeviceID
{
    public function __construct(
        public readonly string $uuid,
    ) {
    }
}
```

```
class DeviceID
{
    public function __construct(
        public readonly string $uuid,
    ) {
    }
}
```

```
class DeviceID
{
    public function __construct(
        public readonly string $uuid,
    ) {
        if (! \Ramsey\Uuid\Uuid::isValid($uuid)) {
            throw new InvalidArgumentException();
        }
    }
}
```

```
class DeviceID
{
    public function __construct(
        public readonly string $uuid,
    ) {
        if (! \Ramsey\Uuid\Uuid::isValid($uuid)) {
            throw new InvalidArgumentException();
        }
    }
}
```

```
* @property UuidInterface $uuid
 * @property UuidInterface $device_id
 */
class User extends Model
    protected $casts = [
        'uuid' => UuidCast::class,
        'device_id' => UuidCast::class,
   ];
```

```
* @property UuidInterface $uuid
 * @property DeviceID $device_id
class User extends Model
   protected $casts = [
        'uuid' => UuidCast::class,
         'device_id' => DeviceIDCast::class,
   ];
```

```
* @property UuidInterface $uuid
 * @property DeviceID $device_id
 */
class User extends Model
    protected $casts = [
        'uuid' => UuidCast::class,
        'device_id' => DeviceIDCast::class,
   ];
```

```
class DeviceRepository
{
    public function find(DeviceID $deviceID): ?Device
    {
        // ...
}
```

```
$repository->find($user->device_id);

* Works as expected

$repository->find("");

* Type Error: Expected UuidInterface, got string instead
```

YouTypmengEnbrosstanEdxpected DeviceID, got UnidInterface instead

\$repository->find(\$user->uuid);

Noice 🕞

Nice over-engineering, bro

```
class SystemClock implements ClockInterface
{
    public function wait(int $seconds): void
    {
        if ($seconds < 0) {
            throw new InvalidArgumentException();
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

```
class ShoppingCart
{
    public function applyDiscount(float $percentage): void
    {
        if ($percentage <= 0.0 || $percentage > 1.0) {
            throw new InvalidArgumentException();
        }
    }
}
```

```
class DeviceRepository
{
    public function find(string $deviceID): ?Device
    {
        if (! \Ramsey\Uuid\Uuid::isValid($deviceID)) {
            return null;
        }
    }
}
```

```
public function wait(int $seconds): void
{
    if ($seconds < 0) {
        throw new InvalidArgumentException();
    }
}</pre>
public function applyDiscount(float $percentage): void
{
    if ($percentage <= 0.0 || $percentage > 1.0) {
        throw new InvalidArgumentException();
    }
}
```

```
public function find(string $deviceID): ?Device
{
    if (! \Ramsey\Uuid\Uuid::isValid($deviceID)) {
        return null;
    }
}
```

```
Any integer is fine!
```

```
public function wait(int $seconds): void
{
    if ($seconds < 0) {
       throw new InvalidArgumentException();
    }
}</pre>
```

```
public function applyDiscount(float $percentage): void
{
   if ($percentage <= 0.0 || $percentage > 1.0) {
     throw new InvalidArgumentException();
```

Any string is fine!

```
public function find(string $deviceID): ?Device
{
    if (! \Ramsey\Uuid\Uuid::isValid($deviceID)) {
        return null;
    }
}
```

```
public function wait(int $seconds): void
{
    if ($seconds < 0) {
        throw new InvalidArgumentException();
    }
}</pre>
public function applyDiscount(float $percentage): void
{
    if ($percentage <= 0.0 || $percentage > 1.0) {
        throw new InvalidArgumentException();
    }
}
```

```
public function find(string $deviceID): ?Device
{
    if (! \Ramsey\Uuid\Uuid::isValid($deviceID)) {
        return null;
    }
}
```

just kidding, lol

If a parameter has to satisfy certain invariants, consider promoting it to an object that guarantees these invariants

Thanks!

Not Quite My Type

Using types to make impossible states truly impossible