

ActionExekutor

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Contents

| | | |
|----------|--|-----------|
| 1 | Namespace Index | 1 |
| 1.1 | Namespace List | 1 |
| 2 | Class Index | 3 |
| 2.1 | Class Hierarchy | 3 |
| 3 | Class Index | 5 |
| 3.1 | Class List | 5 |
| 4 | File Index | 7 |
| 4.1 | File List | 7 |
| 5 | Namespace Documentation | 9 |
| 5.1 | exekutor Namespace Reference | 9 |
| 5.1.1 | Typedef Documentation | 9 |
| 5.1.1.1 | ActionExekutorPtrVector | 10 |
| 5.1.1.2 | StringVector | 10 |
| 5.1.2 | Enumeration Type Documentation | 10 |
| 5.1.2.1 | StateValue | 10 |
| 5.1.2.2 | TupleType | 10 |
| 6 | Class Documentation | 11 |
| 6.1 | exekutor::ActionExekutor Class Reference | 11 |
| 6.1.1 | Detailed Description | 13 |
| 6.1.2 | Constructor & Destructor Documentation | 13 |
| 6.1.2.1 | ActionExekutor | 13 |
| 6.1.2.2 | ~ActionExekutor | 14 |

| | | |
|----------|--|----|
| 6.1.3 | Member Function Documentation | 14 |
| 6.1.3.1 | actionThread | 14 |
| 6.1.3.2 | addAction | 14 |
| 6.1.3.3 | cancelWaiting | 14 |
| 6.1.3.4 | extractParams | 14 |
| 6.1.3.5 | extractParamStrings | 14 |
| 6.1.3.6 | getActionName | 14 |
| 6.1.3.7 | getParamTuple | 15 |
| 6.1.3.8 | initiateMetaTuples | 15 |
| 6.1.3.9 | printAll | 15 |
| 6.1.3.10 | resetMetaTuples | 15 |
| 6.1.3.11 | setResult | 15 |
| 6.1.3.12 | setState | 15 |
| 6.1.3.13 | startAction | 15 |
| 6.1.3.14 | waitForLink | 15 |
| 6.1.3.15 | waitForMyLink | 15 |
| 6.1.3.16 | waitThread | 16 |
| 6.1.4 | Member Data Documentation | 16 |
| 6.1.4.1 | action_name_ | 16 |
| 6.1.4.2 | action_ptr_list | 16 |
| 6.1.4.3 | action_str_list | 16 |
| 6.1.4.4 | my_peis_id | 16 |
| 6.1.4.5 | nh_ | 16 |
| 6.1.4.6 | robot_name_ | 16 |
| 6.1.4.7 | tf_listener_ | 16 |
| 6.1.4.8 | tf_listener_base_ | 17 |
| 6.1.4.9 | thread_id_ | 17 |
| 6.1.4.10 | tuple_set_ | 17 |
| 6.2 | exekutor::MoveToExekutor Class Reference | 17 |
| 6.2.1 | Detailed Description | 19 |
| 6.2.2 | Constructor & Destructor Documentation | 20 |
| 6.2.2.1 | MoveToExekutor | 20 |
| 6.2.2.2 | ~MoveToExekutor | 20 |
| 6.2.3 | Member Function Documentation | 20 |

| | | |
|----------|--|----|
| 6.2.3.1 | actionThread | 20 |
| 6.2.3.2 | addAction | 20 |
| 6.2.3.3 | cancelWaiting | 20 |
| 6.2.3.4 | extractParams | 20 |
| 6.2.3.5 | extractParamStrings | 21 |
| 6.2.3.6 | getActionName | 21 |
| 6.2.3.7 | getParamTuple | 21 |
| 6.2.3.8 | initiateMetaTuples | 21 |
| 6.2.3.9 | printAll | 21 |
| 6.2.3.10 | resetMetaTuples | 21 |
| 6.2.3.11 | setResult | 21 |
| 6.2.3.12 | setState | 21 |
| 6.2.3.13 | startAction | 22 |
| 6.2.3.14 | waitForLink | 22 |
| 6.2.3.15 | waitForMyLink | 22 |
| 6.2.3.16 | waitThread | 22 |
| 6.2.4 | Member Data Documentation | 22 |
| 6.2.4.1 | action_name_ | 22 |
| 6.2.4.2 | action_ptr_list | 22 |
| 6.2.4.3 | action_str_list | 22 |
| 6.2.4.4 | mb_client_ | 23 |
| 6.2.4.5 | my_peis_id | 23 |
| 6.2.4.6 | nh_ | 23 |
| 6.2.4.7 | robot_name_ | 23 |
| 6.2.4.8 | tf_listener_ | 23 |
| 6.2.4.9 | tf_listener_base_ | 23 |
| 6.2.4.10 | thread_id_ | 23 |
| 6.2.4.11 | tuple_set_ | 24 |
| 6.3 | exeKutor::MoveToSimpleExekutor Class Reference | 24 |
| 6.3.1 | Detailed Description | 26 |
| 6.3.2 | Constructor & Destructor Documentation | 26 |
| 6.3.2.1 | MoveToSimpleExekutor | 26 |
| 6.3.2.2 | ~MoveToSimpleExekutor | 26 |
| 6.3.3 | Member Function Documentation | 27 |

| | | |
|----------|--|-----------|
| 6.3.3.1 | actionThread | 27 |
| 6.3.3.2 | addAction | 27 |
| 6.3.3.3 | cancelWaiting | 27 |
| 6.3.3.4 | extractParams | 27 |
| 6.3.3.5 | extractParamStrings | 27 |
| 6.3.3.6 | getActionName | 27 |
| 6.3.3.7 | getParamTuple | 28 |
| 6.3.3.8 | initiateMetaTuples | 28 |
| 6.3.3.9 | printAll | 28 |
| 6.3.3.10 | resetMetaTuples | 28 |
| 6.3.3.11 | setResult | 28 |
| 6.3.3.12 | setState | 28 |
| 6.3.3.13 | startAction | 28 |
| 6.3.3.14 | waitForLink | 28 |
| 6.3.3.15 | waitForMyLink | 29 |
| 6.3.3.16 | waitThread | 29 |
| 6.3.4 | Member Data Documentation | 29 |
| 6.3.4.1 | action_name_ | 29 |
| 6.3.4.2 | action_ptr_list | 29 |
| 6.3.4.3 | action_str_list | 29 |
| 6.3.4.4 | move_to_simple_client_ | 29 |
| 6.3.4.5 | my_peis_id | 29 |
| 6.3.4.6 | nh_ | 30 |
| 6.3.4.7 | robot_name_ | 30 |
| 6.3.4.8 | tf_listener_ | 30 |
| 6.3.4.9 | tf_listener_base_ | 30 |
| 6.3.4.10 | thread_id_ | 30 |
| 6.3.4.11 | tuple_set_ | 30 |
| 7 | File Documentation | 31 |
| 7.1 | /home/ace/chittaranjan_ros/catkin_ws3/src/exekutor/action_exekutor/include/exekutor/action-exekutor.h File Reference | 31 |
| 7.1.1 | Define Documentation | 32 |
| 7.1.1.1 | ACTION_TIMEOUT | 32 |

| | | |
|-----|--|----|
| 7.2 | /home/ace/chittaranjan_ros/catkin_ws3/src/exekutor/action_exekutor/include/exekutor/move- _to_exekutor.h File Reference | 32 |
| 7.3 | /home/ace/chittaranjan_ros/catkin_ws3/src/exekutor/action_exekutor/include/exekutor/move- _to_simple_exekutor.h File Reference | 32 |

Chapter 1

Namespace Index

1.1 Namespace List

Here is a list of all namespaces with brief descriptions:

| | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| exekutor | 9 |
|------------------------------------|---|

Chapter 2

Class Index

2.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

| | |
|--|--------------------|
| exekutor::ActionExekutor | 11 |
| exekutor::MoveToExekutor | 17 |
| exekutor::MoveToSimpleExekutor | 24 |

Chapter 3

Class Index

3.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

[exeKutor::ActionExekutor](#)

A Base class to keep track of all the declared actions and to run a Listener that continuously listens on tuples and spawns the appropriate [actionThread\(\)](#) whilst waiting for other tuples whose actions don't affect the actions happening 11

[exeKutor::MoveToExekutor](#)

The Class that provides the exeKutor interface for the "move to" action 17

[exeKutor::MoveToSimpleExekutor](#)

Simple navigation exeKutor using odometry alone 24

Chapter 4

File Index

4.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

| | |
|---|----|
| /home/ace/chittaranjan_ros/catkin_ws3/src/exekutor/action_exekutor/include/exekutor/ action-_exekutor.h | 31 |
| /home/ace/chittaranjan_ros/catkin_ws3/src/exekutor/action_exekutor/include/exekutor/ move-_to_exekutor.h | 32 |
| /home/ace/chittaranjan_ros/catkin_ws3/src/exekutor/action_exekutor/include/exekutor/ move-_to_simple_exekutor.h | 32 |

Chapter 5

Namespace Documentation

5.1 exekutor Namespace Reference

Classes

- class [ActionExekutor](#)
A Base class to keep track of all the declared actions and to run a Listener that continuously listens on tuples and spawns the appropriate [actionThread\(\)](#) whilst waiting for other tuples whose actions don't affect the actions happening.
- class [MoveToExekutor](#)
The Class that provides the exekutor interface for the "move to" action.
- class [MoveToSimpleExekutor](#)
Simple navigation exekutor using odometry alone.

Typedefs

- typedef std::vector < [ActionExekutor](#) * > [ActionExekutorPtrVector](#)
Why not use some convenience typedefs?
- typedef std::vector< std::string > [StringVector](#)

Enumerations

- enum [TupleType](#) { [COMMAND](#) = 0, [STATE](#), [PARAMS](#), [RESULT](#) }
An enumeration for convenience in accessing meta-tuple related structures.
- enum [StateValue](#) { [COMPLETED](#) = 0, [RUNNING](#), [FAILED](#) }

5.1.1 Typedef Documentation

5.1.1.1 `typedef std::vector<ActionExekutor*> exekutor::ActionExekutorPtrVector`

Why not use some convenience typedefs?

5.1.1.2 `typedef std::vector<std::string> exekutor::StringVector`

5.1.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

5.1.2.1 `enum exekutor::StateValue`

Enumerator:

COMPLETED

RUNNING

FAILED

5.1.2.2 `enum exekutor::TupleType`

An enumeration for convenience in accessing meta-tuple related structures.

Enumerator:

COMMAND

STATE

PARAMS

RESULT

Chapter 6

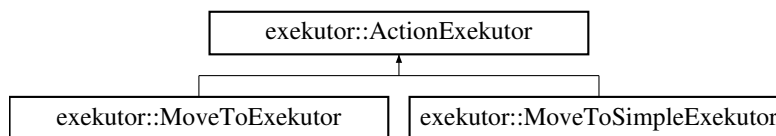
Class Documentation

6.1 exe_kutor::ActionExekutor Class Reference

A Base class to keep track of all the declared actions and to run a Listener that continuously listens on tuples and spawns the appropriate [actionThread\(\)](#) whilst waiting for other tuples whose actions don't affect the actions happening.

```
#include <action_exe_kutor.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for exe_kutor::ActionExekutor:



Public Member Functions

- [ActionExekutor](#) (std::string robot_name, std::string a_name)
Simple constructor that uses the string to initiate all meta tuples related to the action.
- virtual [~ActionExekutor](#) ()
Destructor.
- std::string [getActionName](#) ()
We haven't found the use of this function till now!
- std::vector< double > [extractParams](#) (const char p[])
Converts an input string that consists of multiple double values separated by commas or spaces into a vector of doubles.
- std::vector< std::string > [extractParamStrings](#) (const char p[])
Converts an input string that consists of multiple strings separated by commas or spaces into a vector of strings.
- void [waitForMyLink](#) ()

This call is specific to the exeKutor.

- void [cancelWaiting](#) ()

Cancel waiting on a particular exeKutor.

Static Public Member Functions

- static void [printAll](#) ()

Debugging function.

- static void [waitForLink](#) ()

When this function is called, the program starts waiting for links to become available so that it can execute actions.

Public Attributes

- boost::shared_ptr < tf::TransformListener > [tf_listener_](#)

A transform listener pointer.

Static Public Attributes

- static boost::shared_ptr < tf::TransformListener > [tf_listener_base_](#)

A Listener for all exeKutors.

Protected Member Functions

- void [startAction](#) (int i=[ACTION_TIMEOUT](#))

The function that makes a call to the [actionThread\(\)](#) after doing common tasks.

- void [initiateMetaTuples](#) ()

This function initiates all the peis meta-tuples necessary to use the action.

- void [resetMetaTuples](#) ()

Reset Meta-tuples that were linked previously.

- virtual void [actionThread](#) ()=0

The function that has to be implemented in all classes that derive from [ActionExekutor](#).

- PeisTuple [getParamTuple](#) ()

Convenience function to extract the parameters.

- void [setState](#) ([StateValue](#) value)

Set the STATE tuples to the desired values.

- void [setResult](#) (std::string result_value)

Set the result tuple for actions like acquire.

Static Protected Member Functions

- static void [addAction](#) ([ActionExekutor](#) *_this)
Add the action to the action_ptr_list.
- static void * [waitThread](#) (void *_this_)
The thread function that actually does the waiting.

Protected Attributes

- ros::NodeHandle [nh_](#)
A Nodehandle.
- pthread_t [thread_id_](#)
Id of the thread where this exe_kutor is running.
- std::string [robot_name_](#)
This member stores the name of the robot.
- std::string [action_name_](#)
This member stores the name of the action.
- std::string [tuple_set_](#) [4]
Convenience strings to store the Command, State and Parameters meta-keys.

Static Protected Attributes

- static [StringVector](#) [action_str_list](#)
This static member has a list of action names of all created objects of supertype - [ActionExekutor](#).
- static int [my_peis_id](#)
Peis ID of the process running the exe_kutor.
- static [ActionExekutorPtrVector](#) [action_ptr_list](#)
This static member has a list of all the created objects of supertype [ActionExekutor](#).

6.1.1 Detailed Description

A Base class to keep track of all the declared actions and to run a Listener that continuously listens on tuples and spawns the appropriate [actionThread\(\)](#) whilst waiting for other tuples whose actions don't affect the actions happening.

6.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.1.2.1 exe_kutor::ActionExekutor::ActionExekutor (std::string robot_name, std::string a_name)

Simple constructor that uses the string to initiate all meta tuples related to the action.

6.1.2.2 `virtual exekutor::ActionExekutor::~~ActionExekutor () [virtual]`

Destructor.

6.1.3 Member Function Documentation

6.1.3.1 `virtual void exekutor::ActionExekutor::actionThread () [protected, pure virtual]`

The function that has to be implemented in all classes that derive from [ActionExekutor](#).

This function is called from [startAction\(\)](#).

Implemented in [exekutor::MoveToExekutor](#), and [exekutor::MoveToSimpleExekutor](#).

6.1.3.2 `static void exekutor::ActionExekutor::addAction (ActionExekutor * _this) [inline, static, protected]`

Add the action to the `action_ptr_list`.

6.1.3.3 `void exekutor::ActionExekutor::cancelWaiting ()`

Cancel waiting on a particular exekutor.

Useful to cancel out conflicting exekutor instances.

6.1.3.4 `std::vector<double> exekutor::ActionExekutor::extractParams (const char p[])`

Converts an input string that consists of multiple double values separated by commas or spaces into a vector of doubles.

This function converts the c-string given as argument into double values. The double values in the actual string should be separated by commas or spaces.

6.1.3.5 `std::vector<std::string> exekutor::ActionExekutor::extractParamStrings (const char p[])`

Converts an input string that consists of multiple strings separated by commas or spaces into a vector of strings.

This function converts the c-string given as argument into a vector of strings. The strings in the input string should be separated by commas or spaces.

6.1.3.6 `std::string exekutor::ActionExekutor::getActionName () [inline]`

We haven't found the use of this function till now!

6.1.3.7 `PeisTuple exeKutor::ActionExekutor::getParamTuple ()` `[protected]`

Convenience function to extract the parameters.

6.1.3.8 `void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::initiateMetaTuples ()` `[protected]`

This function initiates all the peis meta-tuples necessary to use the action.

6.1.3.9 `static void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::printAll ()` `[static]`

Debugging function.

6.1.3.10 `void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::resetMetaTuples ()` `[protected]`

Reset Meta-tuples that were linked previously.

6.1.3.11 `void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::setResult (std::string result_value)`
`[inline, protected]`

Set the result tuple for actions like acquire.

6.1.3.12 `void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::setState (StateValue value)` `[inline, protected]`

Set the STATE tuples to the desired values.

6.1.3.13 `void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::startAction (int i = ACTION_TIMEOUT)`
`[protected]`

The function that makes a call to the [actionThread\(\)](#) after doing common tasks.

This takes care of setting the state to RUNNING.

6.1.3.14 `static void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::waitForLink ()` `[static]`

When this function is called, the program starts waiting for links to become available so that it can execute actions.

This is what should be used when creating an executable.

6.1.3.15 `void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::waitForMyLink ()`

This call is specific to the exeKutor.

[waitForLink\(\)](#) calls this for every exeKutor.

6.1.3.16 `static void* exe_kutor::ActionExekutor::waitThread (void * _this_)`
`[static, protected]`

The thread function that actually does the waiting.

One such thread exists for each exe_kutor running.

6.1.4 Member Data Documentation

6.1.4.1 `std::string exe_kutor::ActionExekutor::action_name_` `[protected]`

This member stores the name of the action.

Example: MoveTo, FindBlob or FindHuman.

6.1.4.2 `ActionExekutorPtrVector exe_kutor::ActionExekutor::action_ptr_list`
`[static, protected]`

This static member has a list of all the created objects of supertype [ActionExekutor](#).

6.1.4.3 `StringVector exe_kutor::ActionExekutor::action_str_list` `[static, protected]`

This static member has a list of action names of all created objects of supertype [ActionExekutor](#).

6.1.4.4 `int exe_kutor::ActionExekutor::my_peis_id` `[static, protected]`

Peis ID of the process running the exe_kutor.

6.1.4.5 `ros::NodeHandle exe_kutor::ActionExekutor::nh_` `[protected]`

A Nodehandle.

This ensures that ROS stays alive as long as the last exe_kutor is alive.

6.1.4.6 `std::string exe_kutor::ActionExekutor::robot_name_` `[protected]`

This member stores the name of the robot.

Example: Doro1, Oro1, Coro1, Turtlebot342.

6.1.4.7 `boost::shared_ptr<tf::TransformListener> exe_kutor::ActionExekutor::tf_listener_`

A transform listener pointer.

In practice we create one static Listener. Actually the original `tf_listener_base_` can be used everywhere in code. To avoid too much rewriting, I have left this as such.

6.1.4.8 `boost::shared_ptr<tf::TransformListener> exekutor::ActionExekutor::tf_listener_base_ [static]`

A Listener for all exekutors.

All the `tf_listener_` pointers point to this only.

6.1.4.9 `pthread_t exekutor::ActionExekutor::thread_id_ [protected]`

Id of the thread where this exekutor is running.

6.1.4.10 `std::string exekutor::ActionExekutor::tuple_set_[4] [protected]`

Convenience strings to store the Command, State and Parameters meta-keys.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

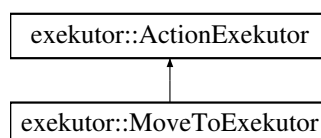
- `/home/ace/chittaranjan_ros/catkin_ws3/src/exekutor/action_exekutor/include/exekutor/action_exekutor.h`

6.2 exekutor::MoveToExekutor Class Reference

The Class that provides the exekutor interface for the "move to" action.

```
#include <move_to_exekutor.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for `exekutor::MoveToExekutor`:



Public Member Functions

- `MoveToExekutor` (`std::string robot_name`, `std::string move_to_name`)
A constructor that takes in the name of the robot and the name of the action.
- virtual `~MoveToExekutor` ()
Destructor.
- `std::string getActionName` ()
We haven't found the use of this function till now!

- `std::vector< double > extractParams (const char p[])`
Converts an input string that consists of multiple double values separated by commas or spaces into a vector of doubles.
- `std::vector< std::string > extractParamStrings (const char p[])`
Converts an input string that consists of multiple strings separated by commas or spaces into a vector of strings.
- `void waitForMyLink ()`
This call is specific to the exeKutor.
- `void cancelWaiting ()`
Cancel waiting on a particular exeKutor.

Static Public Member Functions

- static void `printAll ()`
Debugging function.
- static void `waitForLink ()`
When this function is called, the program starts waiting for links to become available so that it can execute actions.

Public Attributes

- `boost::shared_ptr < tf::TransformListener > tf_listener_`
A transform listener pointer.

Static Public Attributes

- static `boost::shared_ptr < tf::TransformListener > tf_listener_base_`
A Listener for all exeKutors.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual void `actionThread ()`
This function creates a client to the move_base action.
- void `startAction (int i=ACTION_TIMEOUT)`
The function that makes a call to the `actionThread()` after doing common tasks.
- void `initiateMetaTuples ()`
This function initiates all the peis meta-tuples necessary to use the action.
- void `resetMetaTuples ()`
Reset Meta-tuples that were linked previously.
- `PeisTuple getParamTuple ()`
Convenience function to extract the parameters.
- void `setState (StateValue value)`
Set the STATE tuples to the desired values.

- void [setResult](#) (std::string result_value)
Set the result tuple for actions like acquire.

Static Protected Member Functions

- static void [addAction](#) ([ActionExekutor](#) *_this)
Add the action to the action_ptr_list.
- static void * [waitThread](#) (void *_this_)
The thread function that actually does the waiting.

Protected Attributes

- actionlib::SimpleActionClient < move_base_msgs::MoveBaseAction > [mb_client_](#)
The action client (simple) to a 'move_base' action.
- ros::NodeHandle [nh_](#)
A Nodehandle.
- pthread_t [thread_id_](#)
Id of the thread where this exeKutor is running.
- std::string [robot_name_](#)
This member stores the name of the robot.
- std::string [action_name_](#)
This member stores the name of the action.
- std::string [tuple_set_](#) [4]
Convenience strings to store the Command, State and Parameters meta-keys.

Static Protected Attributes

- static [StringVector](#) [action_str_list](#)
This static member has a list of action names of all created objects of supertype - [ActionExekutor](#).
- static int [my_peis_id](#)
Peis ID of the process running the exeKutor.
- static [ActionExekutorPtrVector](#) [action_ptr_list](#)
This static member has a list of all the created objects of supertype [ActionExekutor](#).

6.2.1 Detailed Description

The Class that provides the exeKutor interface for the "move to" action.

6.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.2.2.1 `exeKutor::MoveToExekutor::MoveToExekutor (std::string robot_name,
std::string move_to_name)`

A constructor that takes in the name of the robot and the name of the action.

6.2.2.2 `virtual exeKutor::MoveToExekutor::~~MoveToExekutor () [virtual]`

Destructor.

6.2.3 Member Function Documentation

6.2.3.1 `virtual void exeKutor::MoveToExekutor::actionThread () [protected,
virtual]`

This function creates a client to the move_base action.

The implementation of `actionThread()` function. This is called from `ActionExekutor`'s `startActionThread()`. This is where we create the client to the move_base action.

Implements `exeKutor::ActionExekutor`.

6.2.3.2 `static void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::addAction (ActionExekutor * this)
[inline, static, protected, inherited]`

Add the action to the action_ptr_list.

6.2.3.3 `void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::cancelWaiting () [inherited]`

Cancel waiting on a particular exeKutor.

Useful to cancel out conflicting exeKutor instances.

6.2.3.4 `std::vector<double> exeKutor::ActionExekutor::extractParams (const char
p[]) [inherited]`

Converts an input string that consists of multiple double values separated by commas or spaces into a vector of doubles.

This function converts the c-string given as argument into double values. The double values in the actual string should be separated by commas or spaces.

6.2.3.5 `std::vector<std::string> exeKutor::ActionExekutor::extractParamStrings (const char p[])` [inherited]

Converts an input string that consists of multiple strings separated by commas or spaces into a vector of strings.

This function converts the c-string given as argument into a vector of strings. The strings in the input string should be separated by commas or spaces.

6.2.3.6 `std::string exeKutor::ActionExekutor::getActionName ()` [inline, inherited]

We haven't found the use of this function till now!

6.2.3.7 `PeisTuple exeKutor::ActionExekutor::getParamTuple ()` [protected, inherited]

Convenience function to extract the parameters.

6.2.3.8 `void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::initiateMetaTuples ()` [protected, inherited]

This function initiates all the peis meta-tuples necessary to use the action.

6.2.3.9 `static void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::printAll ()` [static, inherited]

Debugging function.

6.2.3.10 `void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::resetMetaTuples ()` [protected, inherited]

Reset Meta-tuples that were linked previously.

6.2.3.11 `void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::setResult (std::string result_value)` [inline, protected, inherited]

Set the result tuple for actions like acquire.

6.2.3.12 `void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::setState (StateValue value)` [inline, protected, inherited]

Set the STATE tuples to the desired values.

6.2.3.13 `void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::startAction (int i = ACTION_TIMEOUT)`
`[protected, inherited]`

The function that makes a call to the [actionThread\(\)](#) after doing common tasks.

This takes care of setting the state to RUNNING.

6.2.3.14 `static void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::waitForLink ()` `[static, inherited]`

When this function is called, the program starts waiting for links to become available so that it can execute actions.

This is what should be used when creating an executable.

6.2.3.15 `void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::waitForMyLink ()` `[inherited]`

This call is specific to the exeKutor.

[waitForLink\(\)](#) calls this for every exeKutor.

6.2.3.16 `static void* exeKutor::ActionExekutor::waitThread (void * _this_)`
`[static, protected, inherited]`

The thread function that actually does the waiting.

One such thread exists for each exeKutor running.

6.2.4 Member Data Documentation

6.2.4.1 `std::string exeKutor::ActionExekutor::action_name_` `[protected, inherited]`

This member stores the name of the action.

Example: MoveTo, FindBlob or FindHuman.

6.2.4.2 `ActionExekutorPtrVector exeKutor::ActionExekutor::action_ptr_list`
`[static, protected, inherited]`

This static member has a list of all the created objects of supertype [ActionExekutor](#).

6.2.4.3 `StringVector exeKutor::ActionExekutor::action_str_list` `[static, protected, inherited]`

This static member has a list of action names of all created objects of supertype [ActionExekutor](#).

6.2.4.4 `actionlib::SimpleActionClient<move_base_msgs::MoveBaseAction>`
`exekutor::MoveToExekutor::mb_client_` [protected]

The action client (simple) to a 'move_base' action.

This stays alive for as long as the exekutor instance is alive.

6.2.4.5 `int exekutor::ActionExekutor::my_peis_id` [static, protected,
inherited]

Peis ID of the process running the exekutor.

6.2.4.6 `ros::NodeHandle exekutor::ActionExekutor::nh_` [protected,
inherited]

A Nodehandle.

This ensures that ROS stays alive as long as the last exekutor is alive.

6.2.4.7 `std::string exekutor::ActionExekutor::robot_name_` [protected,
inherited]

This member stores the name of the robot.

Example: Doro1, Oro1, Coro1, Turtlebot342.

6.2.4.8 `boost::shared_ptr<tf::TransformListener> exekutor::ActionExekutor::tf_ -
listener_` [inherited]

A transform listener pointer.

In practice we create one static Listener. Actually the original `tf_listener_base_` can be used everywhere in code. To avoid too much rewriting, I have left this as such.

6.2.4.9 `boost::shared_ptr<tf::TransformListener> exekutor::ActionExekutor::tf_ -
listener_base_` [static, inherited]

A Listener for all exekutors.

All the `tf_listener_` pointers point to this only.

6.2.4.10 `pthread_t exekutor::ActionExekutor::thread_id_` [protected,
inherited]

Id of the thread where this exekutor is running.

6.2.4.11 `std::string exe_kutor::ActionExekutor::tuple_set_[4]` [protected, inherited]

Convenience strings to store the Command, State and Parameters meta-keys.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

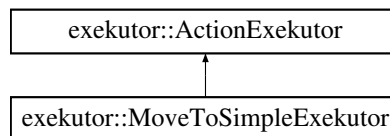
- [/home/ace/chittaranjan_ros/catkin_ws3/src/exekutor/action_exekutor/include/exekutor/move_to_exekutor.h](#)

6.3 `exe_kutor::MoveToSimpleExekutor` Class Reference

Simple navigation exe_kutor using odometry alone.

```
#include <move_to_simple_exekutor.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for `exe_kutor::MoveToSimpleExekutor`:



Public Member Functions

- [MoveToSimpleExekutor](#) (std::string robot_name, std::string action_name)
Constructor.
- virtual [~MoveToSimpleExekutor](#) ()
Destructor.
- std::string [getActionName](#) ()
We haven't found the use of this function till now!
- std::vector< double > [extractParams](#) (const char p[])
Converts an input string that consists of multiple double values separated by commas or spaces into a vector of doubles.
- std::vector< std::string > [extractParamStrings](#) (const char p[])
Converts an input string that consists of multiple strings separated by commas or spaces into a vector of strings.
- void [waitForMyLink](#) ()
This call is specific to the exe_kutor.
- void [cancelWaiting](#) ()
Cancel waiting on a particular exe_kutor.

Static Public Member Functions

- static void [printAll](#) ()
Debugging function.
- static void [waitForLink](#) ()
When this function is called, the program starts waiting for links to become available so that it can execute actions.

Public Attributes

- boost::shared_ptr < tf::TransformListener > [tf_listener_](#)
A transform listener pointer.

Static Public Attributes

- static boost::shared_ptr < tf::TransformListener > [tf_listener_base_](#)
A Listener for all exeKutors.

Protected Member Functions

- void [actionThread](#) ()
This function creates a client to the move_to_simple action.
- void [startAction](#) (int i=ACTION_TIMEOUT)
The function that makes a call to the [actionThread\(\)](#) after doing common tasks.
- void [initiateMetaTuples](#) ()
This function initiates all the peis meta-tuples necessary to use the action.
- void [resetMetaTuples](#) ()
Reset Meta-tuples that were linked previously.
- PeisTuple [getParamTuple](#) ()
Convenience function to extract the parameters.
- void [setState](#) (StateValue value)
Set the STATE tuples to the desired values.
- void [setResult](#) (std::string result_value)
Set the result tuple for actions like acquire.

Static Protected Member Functions

- static void [addAction](#) (ActionExekutor *_this)
Add the action to the action_ptr_list.
- static void * [waitThread](#) (void *_this_)
The thread function that actually does the waiting.

Protected Attributes

- `actionlib::SimpleActionClient < simple_service::MoveToSimpleAction > move_to_simple_client_`
A simple_action_client to the 'move_to_simple' action server.
- `ros::NodeHandle nh_`
A Nodehandle.
- `pthread_t thread_id_`
Id of the thread where this exeutor is running.
- `std::string robot_name_`
This member stores the name of the robot.
- `std::string action_name_`
This member stores the name of the action.
- `std::string tuple_set_ [4]`
Convenience strings to store the Command, State and Parameters meta-keys.

Static Protected Attributes

- static `StringVector action_str_list`
This static member has a list of action names of all created objects of supertype - [ActionExekutor](#).
- static `int my_peis_id`
Peis ID of the process running the exeutor.
- static `ActionExekutorPtrVector action_ptr_list`
This static member has a list of all the created objects of supertype [ActionExekutor](#).

6.3.1 Detailed Description

Simple navigation exeutor using odometry alone.

6.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.3.2.1 `exeutor::MoveToSimpleExekutor::MoveToSimpleExekutor (std::string robot_name, std::string action_name)`

Constructor.

6.3.2.2 `virtual exeutor::MoveToSimpleExekutor::~~MoveToSimpleExekutor ()`
`[virtual]`

Destructor.

6.3.3 Member Function Documentation

6.3.3.1 `void exeKutor::MoveToSimpleExekutor::actionThread ()` [protected, virtual]

This function creates a client to the move_to_simple action.

The implementation of `actionThread()` function. This is called from `ActionExekutor`'s `startActionThread()`. This is where we create the client to the move_to_simple action.

Implements `exeKutor::ActionExekutor`.

6.3.3.2 `static void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::addAction (ActionExekutor * _this)`
[inline, static, protected, inherited]

Add the action to the action_ptr_list.

6.3.3.3 `void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::cancelWaiting ()` [inherited]

Cancel waiting on a particular exeKutor.

Useful to cancel out conflicting exeKutor instances.

6.3.3.4 `std::vector<double> exeKutor::ActionExekutor::extractParams (const char p[])` [inherited]

Converts an input string that consists of multiple double values separated by commas or spaces into a vector of doubles.

This function converts the c-string given as argument into double values. The double values in the actual string should be separated by commas or spaces.

6.3.3.5 `std::vector<std::string> exeKutor::ActionExekutor::extractParamStrings (const char p[])` [inherited]

Converts an input string that consists of multiple strings separated by commas or spaces into a vector of strings.

This function converts the c-string given as argument into a vector of strings. The strings in the input string should be separated by commas or spaces.

6.3.3.6 `std::string exeKutor::ActionExekutor::getActionName ()` [inline, inherited]

We haven't found the use of this function till now!

6.3.3.7 `PeisTuple exeKutor::ActionExekutor::getParamTuple ()` [protected, inherited]

Convenience function to extract the parameters.

6.3.3.8 `void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::initiateMetaTuples ()` [protected, inherited]

This function initiates all the peis meta-tuples necessary to use the action.

6.3.3.9 `static void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::printAll ()` [static, inherited]

Debugging function.

6.3.3.10 `void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::resetMetaTuples ()` [protected, inherited]

Reset Meta-tuples that were linked previously.

6.3.3.11 `void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::setResult (std::string result.value)`
[inline, protected, inherited]

Set the result tuple for actions like acquire.

6.3.3.12 `void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::setState (StateValue value)` [inline, protected, inherited]

Set the STATE tuples to the desired values.

6.3.3.13 `void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::startAction (int i = ACTION_TIMEOUT)`
[protected, inherited]

The function that makes a call to the [actionThread\(\)](#) after doing common tasks.

This takes care of setting the state to RUNNING.

6.3.3.14 `static void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::waitForLink ()` [static, inherited]

When this function is called, the program starts waiting for links to become available so that it can execute actions.

This is what should be used when creating an executable.

6.3.3.15 `void exeKutor::ActionExekutor::waitForMyLink ()` [inherited]

This call is specific to the exeKutor.

[waitForLink\(\)](#) calls this for every exeKutor.

6.3.3.16 `static void* exeKutor::ActionExekutor::waitThread (void * _this_)`
[static, protected, inherited]

The thread function that actually does the waiting.

One such thread exists for each exeKutor running.

6.3.4 Member Data Documentation

6.3.4.1 `std::string exeKutor::ActionExekutor::action_name_` [protected, inherited]

This member stores the name of the action.

Example: MoveTo, FindBlob or FindHuman.

6.3.4.2 `ActionExekutorPtrVector exeKutor::ActionExekutor::action_ptr_list`
[static, protected, inherited]

This static member has a list of all the created objects of supertype [ActionExekutor](#).

6.3.4.3 `StringVector exeKutor::ActionExekutor::action_str_list` [static, protected, inherited]

This static member has a list of action names of all created objects of supertype [ActionExekutor](#).

6.3.4.4 `actionlib::SimpleActionClient<simple_service::MoveToSimpleAction>
exeKutor::MoveToSimpleExekutor::move_to_simple_client_`
[protected]

A simple_action_client to the 'move_to_simple' action server.

6.3.4.5 `int exeKutor::ActionExekutor::my_peis_id` [static, protected, inherited]

Peis ID of the process running the exeKutor.

6.3.4.6 `ros::NodeHandle exe_kutor::ActionExekutor::nh_` [protected, inherited]

A Nodehandle.

This ensures that ROS stays alive as long as the last exe_kutor is alive.

6.3.4.7 `std::string exe_kutor::ActionExekutor::robot_name_` [protected, inherited]

This member stores the name of the robot.

Example: Doro1, Oro1, Coro1, Turtlebot342.

6.3.4.8 `boost::shared_ptr<tf::TransformListener> exe_kutor::ActionExekutor::tf_listener_` [inherited]

A transform listener pointer.

In practice we create one static Listener. Actually the original `tf_listener_base_` can be used everywhere in code. To avoid too much rewriting, I have left this as such.

6.3.4.9 `boost::shared_ptr<tf::TransformListener> exe_kutor::ActionExekutor::tf_listener_base_` [static, inherited]

A Listener for all exe_kutors.

All the `tf_listener_` pointers point to this only.

6.3.4.10 `pthread_t exe_kutor::ActionExekutor::thread_id_` [protected, inherited]

Id of the thread where this exe_kutor is running.

6.3.4.11 `std::string exe_kutor::ActionExekutor::tuple_set_[4]` [protected, inherited]

Convenience strings to store the Command, State and Parameters meta-keys.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [/home/ace/chittaranjan_ros/catkin_ws3/src/exekutor/action_exekutor/include/exekutor/move-to_simple_exekutor.h](#)

Chapter 7

File Documentation

7.1 /home/ace/chittaranjan_ros/catkin_ws3/src/exekutor/action_- exekutor/include/exekutor/action_exekutor.h File Reference

```
#include <string> #include <vector> #include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h> #include <iostream> #include <pthread.-
h> #include <string.h> #include <ros/ros.h> #include
<tf/tf.h> #include <tf/transform_listener.h> #include
<cam_interface/cam_interface.h> #include <peiskernel/peiskernel.-
h> #include <peiskernel/peiskernel_mt.h>
```

Classes

- class [exekutor::ActionExekutor](#)

A Base class to keep track of all the declared actions and to run a Listener that continuously listens on tuples and spawns the appropriate [actionThread\(\)](#) whilst waiting for other tuples whose actions don't affect the actions happening.

Namespaces

- namespace [exekutor](#)

Defines

- #define [ACTION_TIMEOUT](#) 10

The macro that defines when an action should time-out.

Typedefs

- typedef std::vector < ActionExekutor * > [exekutor::ActionExekutorPtrVector](#)

Why not use some convenience typedefs?

- typedef std::vector< std::string > [exe_kutor::StringVector](#)

Enumerations

- enum [exe_kutor::TupleType](#) { [exe_kutor::COMMAND](#) = 0, [exe_kutor::STATE](#), [exe_kutor::PARAMS](#), [exe_kutor::RESULT](#) }

An enumeration for convenience in accessing meta-tuple related structures.

- enum [exe_kutor::StateValue](#) { [exe_kutor::COMPLETED](#) = 0, [exe_kutor::RUNNING](#), [exe_kutor::FAILED](#) }

7.1.1 Define Documentation

7.1.1.1 #define ACTION_TIMEOUT 10

The macro that defines when an action should time-out.

7.2 /home/ace/chittaranjan_ros/catkin_ws3/src/exekutor/action - exe_kutor/include/exekutor/move_to_exe_kutor.h File Reference

```
#include "exe_kutor/action_exe_kutor.h"      #include <move_
base_msgs/MoveBaseAction.h> #include <actionlib/client/simple-
_action_client.h>
```

Classes

- class [exe_kutor::MoveToExekutor](#)

The Class that provides the exe_kutor interface for the "move to" action.

Namespaces

- namespace [exe_kutor](#)

7.3 /home/ace/chittaranjan_ros/catkin_ws3/src/exekutor/action - exe_kutor/include/exekutor/move_to_simple_exe_kutor.h File - Reference

```
#include <exe_kutor/action_exe_kutor.h> #include <actionlib/client/simple-
_action_client.h> #include <simple_service/MoveToSimple-
Action.h>
```


Classes

- class [exekutor::MoveToSimpleExekutor](#)
Simple navigation exekutor using odometry alone.

Namespaces

- namespace [exekutor](#)