Given Using Eq. 24 to 31 in this file for finding coefficients of the equations

Coefficient of gradient of theta set to zero

$$\frac{\text{ro} \cdot \Delta \theta}{\text{ro}} \mathbf{A} - \frac{\text{ro} \cdot \Delta \theta}{\text{ro}} \mathbf{B} + \left(\frac{2\text{ro} \Delta \theta}{\text{ro}}\right) \cdot \mathbf{C} - \left(\frac{2 \cdot \text{ro} \cdot \Delta \theta}{\text{ro}}\right) \mathbf{D} = 0$$

Similarly setting the coefficnt of second order derivative of theta to 1/ro^2

$$\frac{\left(\operatorname{ro}\cdot\Delta\theta\right)^{2}}{\operatorname{ro}^{2}2!}\cdot A + \frac{\left(\operatorname{ro}\cdot\Delta\theta\right)^{2}}{\operatorname{ro}^{2}2!}\cdot B + \frac{\left(2\cdot\operatorname{ro}\cdot\Delta\theta\right)^{2}}{\operatorname{ro}^{2}2!}\cdot C + \frac{\left(2\cdot\operatorname{ro}\cdot\Delta\theta\right)^{2}}{\operatorname{ro}^{2}2!}\cdot D = \frac{1}{\operatorname{ro}^{2}}$$

Setting the coeffient of third order derivative of theta to zero

$$\frac{\left(\operatorname{ro} \cdot \Delta\theta\right)^{3}}{\operatorname{ro}^{3} 3!} \cdot A - \frac{\left(\operatorname{ro} \cdot \Delta\theta\right)^{3}}{\operatorname{ro}^{3} 3!} \cdot B + \frac{\left(2 \cdot \operatorname{ro} \cdot \Delta\theta\right)^{3}}{\operatorname{ro}^{3} 3!} \cdot C - \frac{\left(2 \cdot \operatorname{ro} \cdot \Delta\theta\right)^{3}}{\operatorname{ro}^{3} 3!} \cdot D = 0$$

Similarly setting the coefficnt of fourth order derivative of theta to zero

$$\frac{\left(\operatorname{ro} \cdot \Delta\theta\right)^{4}}{\operatorname{ro}^{4} 4!} \cdot \operatorname{A} + \frac{\left(\operatorname{ro} \cdot \Delta\theta\right)^{4}}{\operatorname{ro}^{4} 4!} \cdot \operatorname{B} + \frac{\left(2 \cdot \operatorname{ro} \cdot \Delta\theta\right)^{4}}{\operatorname{ro}^{4} 4!} \cdot \operatorname{C} + \frac{\left(2 \cdot \operatorname{ro} \cdot \Delta\theta\right)^{4}}{\operatorname{ro}^{4} 4!} \cdot \operatorname{D} = 0$$

Find(A, B, C, D)
$$\rightarrow$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\frac{4}{3 \cdot \text{ro}^2 \cdot \Delta \theta^2} \\
\frac{4}{3 \cdot \text{ro}^2 \cdot \Delta \theta^2} \\
\frac{-1}{12 \cdot \text{ro}^2 \cdot \Delta \theta^2} \\
\frac{-1}{12 \cdot \text{ro}^2 \cdot \Delta \theta^2}
\end{pmatrix}$$

Given

Setting the coefficient of gradient of T with r to 1/ro

$$E \cdot \Delta r - F \cdot \Delta r + G \cdot 2\Delta r - H \cdot 2 \cdot \Delta r = \frac{1}{ro}$$

Setting the coefficient of second order derivative T with r to 1

$$E \cdot \frac{\Delta r^2}{2!} + F \cdot \frac{\Delta r^2}{2!} + G \cdot \frac{(2\Delta r)^2}{2!} + H \cdot \frac{(2\Delta r)^2}{2!} = 1$$

Setting the coefficient of third order derivative of T with r to 0

$$E \cdot \frac{\Delta r^3}{3!} - F \cdot \frac{\Delta r^3}{3!} + G \cdot \frac{(2\Delta r)^3}{3!} - H \cdot \frac{(2\Delta r)^3}{3!} = 0$$

Setting the coefficient of fourth order derivative of T with r to 0

$$E \cdot \frac{\Delta r^4}{4!} + F \cdot \frac{\Delta r^4}{4!} + G \cdot \frac{(2\Delta r)^4}{4!} + H \cdot \frac{(2\Delta r)^4}{4!} = 0$$

Find(E,F,G,H)
$$\rightarrow$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{2 \cdot \text{ro} + \Delta r}{2} \\
\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{2 \cdot \text{ro} - \Delta r}{2} \\
\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{2 \cdot \text{ro} - \Delta r}{2} \\
\frac{-1}{12} \cdot \frac{\text{ro} + \Delta r}{2} \\
\frac{-1}{12} \cdot \frac{\text{ro} - \Delta r}{2} \\
\frac{-1}{12} \cdot \frac{\text{ro} - \Delta r}{2}
\end{pmatrix}$$