Lab 2: Data visualization

Not graded, just practice

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Practice your new ggplot skills with these practice exam questions! Best to open a fresh Google Colab notebook and test things out! Refer to the study guide to find answers as well.



More than one answer may be correct!

1 Setup

We will continue working with the ratings dataset from the visualization lecture (part of the languageR package).

```
library(ggplot2)
library(languageR)
```

It contains the following variables:

str(ratings)

```
'data.frame':
               81 obs. of 14 variables:
$ Word
                   : Factor w/ 81 levels "almond", "ant", ...: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
$ Frequency
                   : num 4.2 5.35 6.3 3.83 3.66 ...
$ FamilySize
                   : num 0 1.39 1.1 0 0 ...
$ SynsetCount
                   : num 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.39 1.1 ...
$ Length
                  : int 6 3 5 7 9 7 6 6 3 6 ...
$ Class
                   : Factor w/ 2 levels "animal", "plant": 2 1 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 1 ...
$ FreqSingular
                  : int 24 69 315 26 19 24 53 74 155 37 ...
                   : int 42 140 231 19 19 6 78 77 103 14 ...
$ FreqPlural
```

```
$ DerivEntropy : num 0 0.562 0.496 0 0 ...
$ Complex : Factor w/ 2 levels "complex", "simplex": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
$ rInfl : num -0.542 -0.7 0.309 0.3 0 ...
$ meanWeightRating: num 1.49 3.35 2.19 1.32 1.44 ...
$ meanSizeRating : num 1.89 3.63 2.47 1.76 1.87 ...
$ meanFamiliarity : num 3.72 3.6 5.84 4.4 3.68 4.12 2.12 5.68 3.2 2.2 ...
```

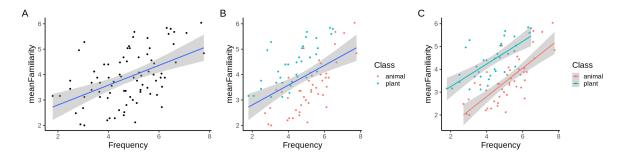
2 Data viz day 1

1. Fill in the blanks below with one of the following words: data, aesthetics, geom.

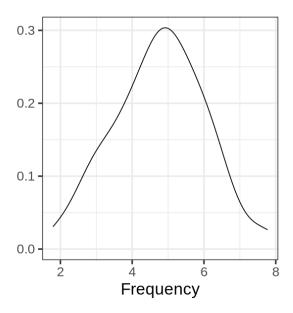
The basic ggplot involves: (1) using your ______, (2) defining how variables are mapped to visual properties (______), and (3) determining the geometrical object that a plot uses to represent data (_____)

- 2. When ggplot2 maps a categorical variable to an aesthetic, it automatically assigns a unique value of the aesthetic to each level of the variable. What is this process called?
 - (A) level assignment
 - (B) variable aestheticization
 - (C) autofill
 - (D) scaling
- 3. The code below generated which of the following figures?

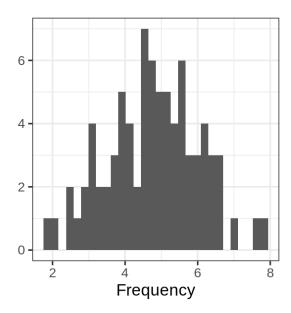
```
ggplot(
    data = ratings,
    mapping = aes(x = Frequency, y = meanFamiliarity)
) +
    geom_point(mapping = aes(color = Class)) +
    geom_smooth(method = "lm") +
    theme_classic(base_size=20)
```



- (A) A
- (B) B
- (C) C
- 4. Suppose we want to map the variable Complex to the color aesthetic in a scatterplot. Which of the following arguments could we pass to geom_point()?
 - (A) color = Complex
 - (B) mapping=aes(color = Complex)
 - (C) color = mapping(Complex)
 - (D) aes(color=Complex)
- 5. To adjust the size of the font to 20pt in the complete theme theme_minimal(), what argument should we include?
 - (A) base_size=20
 - (B) size=20
 - (C) font_family_size=20
 - (D) None of the above
- 6. Which geoms are depicted in the following figure?



- (A) geom_histogram()
- (B) geom_density()
- (C) geom_bar()
- (D) geom_smooth()
- $\bullet \ (E) \ geom_point()$
- 7. Which geoms are depicted in the following figure?



- (A) geom_histogram()
- (B) geom_density()
- (C) geom_bar()
- (D) geom_smooth()
- (E) geom_point()

3 Data viz day 2

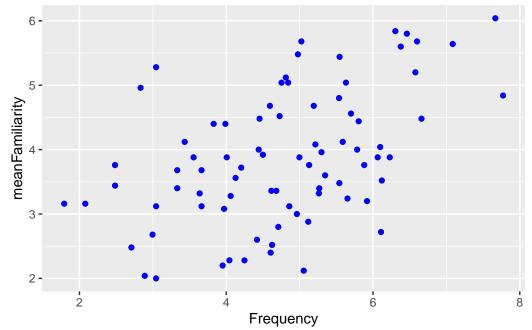
3.1 Plot 1

Given code blocks a, b, and c; and the plot below:

```
# CODE BLOCK a -----#
ggplot(
    data = ratings,
    mapping = aes(x = Frequency, y = meanFamiliarity)
    ) +
    geom_point(color = "blue")
# CODE BLOCK b ------#
```

```
ggplot(
    data = ratings,
    mapping = aes(x = Frequency, y = meanFamiliarity, color = "blue")
)

# CODE BLOCK c ------#
ggplot(
    data = ratings,
    mapping = aes(x = Frequency, y = meanFamiliarity)
) +
    geom_point()
```

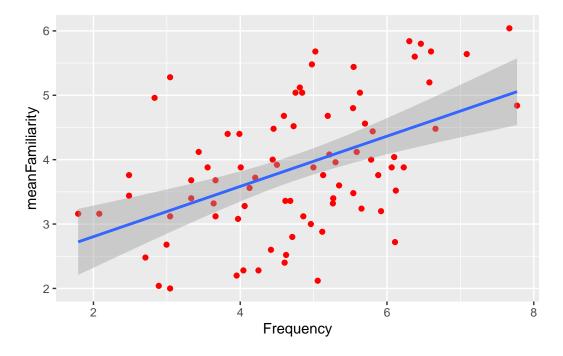


- 1. Which of the code blocks above generate the plot ?
 - (A) a
 - (B) b
 - (C) c
- 2. In the plot above, is the color aesthetic mapped, set, or both?
 - (A) mapped

- (B) set
- (C) both
- 3. In the plot above, which of the following aesthetics should we set to make the points more transparent?
 - (A) color
 - (B) fill
 - (C) alpha
 - (D) shape
- 4. In plot A above, which of the following would change the x axis label to "FQ"?
 - (A) add a labs() layer with x="FQ" argument
 - (B) add a labs() layer with y="FQ" argument
 - (C) change the mapping argument from x="Frequency" to x="FQ"

3.2 Plot 2

Given the following plot:



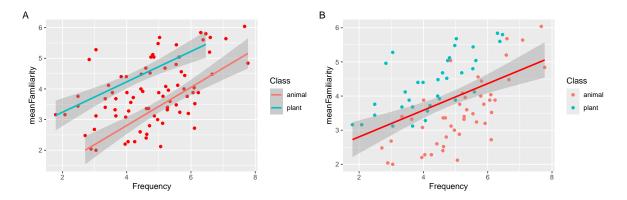
- 1. In the plot above, which geom(s) are used to represent the data?
 - (A) geom_histogram()
 - (B) geom_density()
 - (C) geom_bar()
 - (D) geom_point()
 - (E) geom_smooth()
- 2. True or false, the blue line in the plot above is mapped to the Class aesthetic?
 - (A) True
 - (B) False
- 3. In the plot above, which of the following variables is mapped to the x aesthetic?
 - (A) Frequency
 - (B) meanFamiliarity

- (C) FreqSingular
- (D) FreqPlural
- 4. True or false, in the plot above, the default statistical transformation in the geom responsible for the red dots is "identity".
 - (A) True
 - (B) False

3.3 Code block 1

Suppose we run the following code.

```
ggplot(
   data = ratings,
   mapping = aes(x = Frequency, y = meanFamiliarity, color = Class)
) +
   geom_point() +
   geom_smooth(method = "lm", color = "red")
```



- 1. Which of the following plots will be returned?
 - (A) A
 - (B) B
- 2. Which aesthetic is mapped and which is set?
 - (A) Class is set to color and the smoothing line is mapped to red

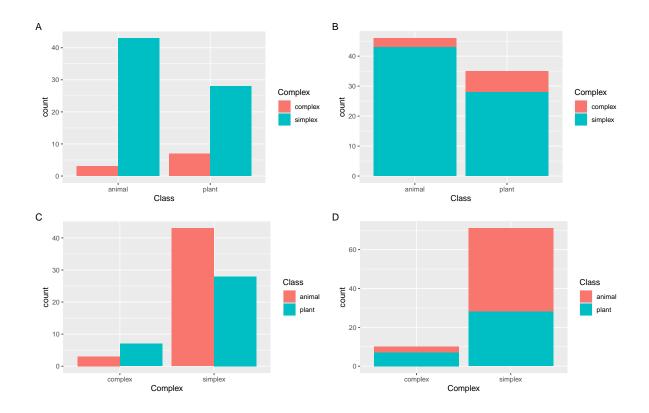
- (B) Class is mapped to color and the smoothing line is set to red
- (C) Both are mapped
- (D) Both are set
- 3. Which aesthetic is global and which is local?
 - (A) Color is mapped to the class variable globally, and set to red locally
 - (B) Color is mapped to the class variable locally, and set to red globally
 - (C) Both are global
 - (D) Both are local

3.4 Code block 2

Suppose we run the following code block

```
ggplot(
   data = ratings,
   mapping = aes(x = Class, fill = Complex)
   ) +
   geom_bar()
```

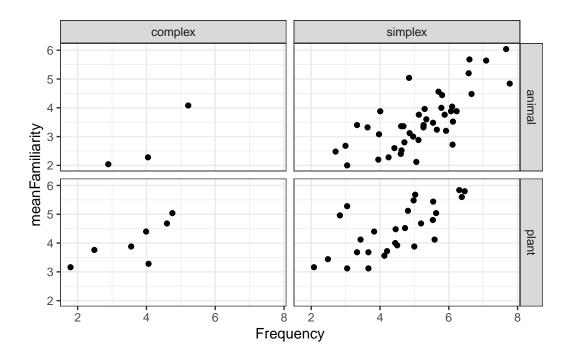
- 1. Which plot will be returned?
 - (A) A
 - (B) B
 - (C) C
 - (D) D
- 2. What would happen if we added the layer scale_fill_manual(values = c("green", "orange")) to the following plot?
 - (A) error: no fill aesthetic specified
 - (B) complex would turn green and simplex would turn orange



- (C) simplex would turn green and complex would turn orange
- (D) No change
- 3. What argument could we add to geom_bar() to add a black border around the bars?
 - (A) fill = black
 - (B) border_color = 'black'
 - (C) linetype = 'black'
 - (D) color = 'black'

3.5 Plot 3

Consider the following plot



- 1. To generate the facets in the plot above, which of the following lines of code must be included?
 - (A) facet_grid(Complex ~ Class)
 - (B) facet_grid(Class ~ Complex)
 - (C) facet_grid(.~ Complex)
 - (D) facet_wrap(Class~Complex, ncol = 2)
- 2. Which of the following geoms are added to the plot above?
 - (A) geom_histogram()
 - (B) geom_density()
 - (C) geom_bar()
 - (D) geom_smooth()
 - (E) geom_point()
- 3. Which built-in theme is applied to the following plot?

- (A) theme_grey()
- (B) theme_classic()
- (C) theme_void()
- (D) theme_bw()