For Students in LING Courses

Upcoming Linguistics Courses& Major and Minor(s)

04/02/2020

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Linguistics

- Humans beings have unique linguistic capacities, very different from animal communication
- Studying human language provides key insights into human nature
- LING 001 introduces you to key areas
- Further linguistics courses dive deeper
- Common thread:
 - hone analytical skills while studying fundamental aspects of what makes humans what they are
 - Interface between humanities and natural and social sciences

Ling 104

- Language and The Brain
 - introduction to the brain basis of language
 - combines concepts from linguistics, psychology, cognitive science, and neuroscience
 - includes perspectives on
 - brain areas involved in language processing & acquisition
 - relation to other cognitive functions
 - language related brain impairments
 - No background necessary!

Ling 105

- Intro to Cognitive Science
- Interdisciplinary introduction to formal and empirical approaches to studying the mind
- bridges computer science, linguistics, neuroscience, philosophy, and psychology

Fulfills Formal Reasoning requirement

- Writing Systems (generally offered every fall)
 - Looks at different systems of encoding language in written form
 - Cultural influences on writing systems
 - Decipherment
 - Spoken vs. Written Language
 - Linguistic Structure and Writing Systems
 - Social dimension & acquisition of writing
- Counts for Sector II: History & Tradition

- Introduction to Sentence Structure (New!)
 - Introduce basic concepts of sentence structures
 - Looks at different realizations across languages:
 English, Spanish, Latin, Biblical Hebrew, Mandarin,
 Navajo (plus students' languages as possible)
 - Improve writing skills and ability to learn foreign languages by making structures accessible

- Language, Cognition, and Culture (New!)
 - How does language relate to other cognitive systems?
 - Relation between language and thought
 - Relation between words and concepts
 - Language Acquisition and Conceptual Development
 - Cross-linguistic and cross-cultural perspectives

- Origins and Evolution of Language
 - Where does language come from?
 - Language vs. other communication systems
 - Language as a window onto what it means to be human

- Introduction to Speech Analysis
 - Experimental investigations of speech sounds
 - production & perception
 - speech analysis tools & techniques
 - basics of phonetics
 - Includes lab sessions

Fulfills Quantitative Data Analysis requirement

- Introduction to Syntax (generally offered every fall)
 - Study syntactic structures in detail
 - Phrase structure
 - Movement
 - Binding
 - Cross-linguistic explorations

Required for Linguistics Major

- Language Acquisition (generally offered every fall)
 - How do children learn a grammar from what they hear?
 - How does language acquisition relate to general cognitive and perceptual development?
 - Lots of overlap with questions in psychology

- Thinking with Models
 - Modeling as a perspective on understanding realworld phenomena
 - Focus on computational modeling
 - Learn how to program agent-based models in NetLogo

More Advanced Courses

- LING 304: Neurolinguistics
- LING 310: History of the English Language
- LING 380: Semantics I
- LING 411: Old English
- LING 495 Games and Signals

Planned for Spring 2021 (TBC)

- Ling 102* Sociolinguistics (Sector I; Quantitative Data Analysis)
- LING 106* Formal Linguistics (Formal Reasoning)
- LING 110 The History of Words
- LING 170 Experimental Approaches in Language
- LING 210* Intro to Language Change
- LING 230* Sound Structure of Language (Ling Major req.)
- LING 302 Linguistic Field Methods
- LING 404 Morphology I
- LING 455 Experiments in the Study of Meaning
- LING 496 Agents and Evolution

- Introduction to Sociolinguistics (generally offered every spring)
 - How do social context and social identity shape language use?
 - How does sociolinguistic variation accumulate into language change over time?
 - Regional dialects, linguistic discrimination, styleshifting and code-switching
 - Counts for Sector I: Society AND fulfills
 Quantitative Data Analysis requirement

Required for LING Major

Why Major in Linguistics?

- http://www.linguisticsociety.org/content/whymajor-linguistics
- Analytical reasoning skills
- Interdisciplinary outlook (social, psychological, mathematical, computational,...)
- Key language skills sought after in many industries:

IT, Law, Medicine, Branding, educational testing,...

- Requirements
 - 4 credits required courses
 - 6 linguistics credits
 - 4 related credits

Required Courses: (4 credits)

- LING 102 -- Introduction to Sociolinguistics
- LING 230 -- Sound Structure of Language
- LING 250 -- Introduction to Syntax
- LING 300 -- Tutorial in Linguistics

- Elective Linguistics Courses: (6 credits)
- Six credits in linguistics must include at least three credits at the 200-level or higher: Linguistics Course Register.
- More details at

http://www.ling.upenn.edu/undergraduate/majorlinguistics-class-2019/undergraduate-majorlinguistics-class-2019

- Popular Double-Major Combinations
 - Cognitive Science
 - Psychology
 - Computer Science
 - Philosophy

Form for Major/minor declarations:

To **declare a Linguistics major or minor**, fill out **this form**:

https://forms.gle/TgkG99LZcVu8dRsg9

(students outside of SAS should email the undergraduate chair, as the form is restricted to SAS accounts).

- Requirements:
- 6 courses in linguistics
- Can double-count towards other majors and college requirements
- Details at

http://www.ling.upenn.edu/undergraduate/minor-linguistics

The ASL Minor

- Learn about language in another modality
- Both theoretical and language learning
- Details at

http://www.ling.upenn.edu/undergraduate/minorasl

Linguistics Advising

- Undergraduate chair: Florian Schwarz
- Office hours:
 Mondays 4-5 & Tuesdays 2:30-3:30
 (or by appointment)
 - Zoom: https://sasupenn.zoom.us/j/178622529
- Contact: <u>ugrad-chair@ling.upenn.edu</u>