

# DAT470/DIT065 Assignment 1

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## Problem 1

(a) *Log in to bayes.*

**Command:** `ssh mircog@bayes.ita.chalmers.se`

(b) *Create a directory under your home directory called assignment1 problem1. Make that directory your working directory (change into that directory).*

**Command:**

1. `mkdir assignment1_problem1` (create the directory)
2. `cd assignment1_problem1` (change into that directory)

(c) *Download the Linux kernel version 6.6.17 sources from <https://cdn.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v6.x/linux-6.7.5.tar.xz>.*

**Command:** `wget https://cdn.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v6.x/linux-6.7.5.tar.xz`

(d) *Extract the contents of the tarball in that directory.*

**Command:** `tar -xf linux-6.7.5.tar.xz`

(e) *Determine the size of the tarball before extraction and the size of the extracted contents in human-readable units.*

**Command:** `ls -lh`

**Output:**

```
drwxrwxr-x 26 mircog mircog 4.0K Feb 16 19:14 linux-6.7.5
-rw-rw-r-- 1 mircog mircog 135M Feb 16 19:24 linux-6.7.5.tar.xz
```

From the output we see that the size of the extracted tarball is 4 KiloBytes, while the size of the tarball is 135 MegaBytes.

(f) *The Linux Kernel consists of C code. C code is organized into header files*

(file extension *.h*) and source files (file extension *.c*). Determine the total number of header and source files in the sources, respectively.

	Source files	Header files
<b>Command</b>	<code>find linux-6.7.5 -name "*.c"   wc -l</code>	<code>find linux-6.7.5 -name "*.h"   wc -l</code>
<b>Output</b>	33238	24174

Table 1: Number of .c(source) and .h(header) files in linux

(g) Write a one-liner that determines the 10 longest C code files (either a header or a source file) by the number of lines in the file, and stores their names in a file called *longest.txt*. List the names of the files in your answer.

**Command:** `find linux-6.7.5 -name "*.c" -o -name "*.h" | xargs wc -l | sort -n | grep -v "total" | tail -n 10 | tee longest.txt`

**Output:**

Number of Lines	File Name
82050	linux-6.7.5/drivers/gpu/drm/amd/include/asic_reg/nbio/nbio_4.3_0_sh_mask.h
103385	linux-6.7.5/drivers/gpu/drm/amd/include/asic_reg/dpcs/dpcs_4.2_0_sh_mask.h
103633	linux-6.7.5/drivers/gpu/drm/amd/include/asic_reg/dpcs/dpcs_4.2_2_sh_mask.h
118975	linux-6.7.5/drivers/gpu/drm/amd/include/asic_reg/nbio/nbio_7_0_sh_mask.h
120339	linux-6.7.5/drivers/gpu/drm/amd/include/asic_reg/nbio/nbio_2_3_sh_mask.h
133888	linux-6.7.5/drivers/gpu/drm/amd/include/asic_reg/nbio/nbio_6_1_sh_mask.h
136141	linux-6.7.5/drivers/gpu/drm/amd/include/asic_reg/dpcs/dpcs_4.2_3_sh_mask.h
152483	linux-6.7.5/drivers/gpu/drm/amd/include/asic_reg/nbio/nbio_7_2_0_sh_mask.h
154426	linux-6.7.5/drivers/gpu/drm/amd/include/asic_reg/nbio/nbio_7_7_0_sh_mask.h
222893	linux-6.7.5/drivers/gpu/drm/amd/include/asic_reg/dcn/dcn_3.2_0_sh_mask.h

Table 2: Top 10 .c and .h Files with the Most Lines

(h) Write a one-liner that reads the names of the files from *longest.txt*, computes the SHA-1 checksum of each file in the list, and outputs the checksums into a file called *longest.sha1sum*, such that it can be used to verify the correctness of these files. Include the content of *longest.sha1sum* in your answer.

**Command:** `awk 'print $2' longest.txt | xargs sha1sum | tee longest.sha1sum`

**Output:**

```
7f9cd0a3b14145afc2a0e8d5cb3ed8404f25f528
8310d3cba875211546ef3f90f128a5e398a977d2
7f08cb654d993778dd3fb8b4aff1818803c21560
d23b6b96a9fb8b633600463d7fb8d7fc29d0fbf7
8b420d3843a8ae686f395a997b214e87a59678e6
10c99459d8a44a2fed00cd1e34c282645762a996
f044c4e1461eb291bffb67298f2eedc37aa97cf1
```

```
51aff58e2fd9918b6db9c7ed8040131ec3b2f80f
b42c1c7f15c9616c67c556445bc19e2e2c1d270e
a44869d03eb1a2a631ed51ed11d2ca1205d4f09d
```

(i) Write a one-liner that determines how many unique files there are that contain the string *Linus Torvalds*. Note that the string can occur multiple times in a file; only count each file once. Include the number of such files in your answer.

**Command:** `grep -rl "Linus Torvalds" linux-6.7.5 | wc -l` **Output:** 571

(j) Write a one-liner that selects all `.c` files that contain the *SPDX-License-Identifier* and outputs, for each such file, the string *filename license*, and output the content to a file called *licenses.txt*.

**Command:** `find linux-6.7.5 -name *.c | xargs grep "SPDX-License-Identifier" | cut -d ":" -f1,3 | tr -d ":" | tee licenses.txt`

(k) Write a one-liner that determines the most common license in *licenses.txt*. Include the license and the count of its occurrences in your answer.

**Command:** `cut -d " " licenses.txt -f2 | sort | uniq -c | sort -nr | head -n 1`

**Output:** 10794 GPL-2.0

(l) Download the files *longest.txt*, *longest.sha1sum*, and *licenses.txt* from *bayes* to your own computer.

**Command:**

```
scp mircog@bayes.ita.chalmers.se: /assignment1_problem1/longest.txt Desktop
scp mircog@bayes.ita.chalmers.se: /assignment1_problem1/longest.sha1sum Desktop
scp mircog@bayes.ita.chalmers.se: /assignment1_problem1/licenses.txt Desktop
```

## Problem 2

For the full script, see *assignment1\_problem2.sh*

To run the script, we wrote `bash assignment1_problem2.sh`

**Output:**

```
This script is being run by mircog
No LSB modules are available.
The model and clock frequency of the CPU is: Intel(R)
Xeon(R) Gold 6126 CPU @ 2.60GHz.
The number of physical CPUs, i.e. sockets in use is 2.
Each physical CPU has 12 number of cores.
The number of threads on each core is 2.
```

The instruction set architecture of the cpu is x86\_64.  
The cache line length is 64.  
The l1,l2 and l3 cache are divided as such:  
L1d cache: 768 KiB (24 instances) L1i cache: 768 KiB (24 instances) L2 cache: 24 MiB (24 instances) L3 cache: 38.5 MiB (2 instances)  
The total system ram is 791181348 kB.  
The total number of gpus 1.  
The gpu model is Tesla V100-PCIE-16GB.  
The total amount of ram on the GPUs is 16384 MiB.  
The filesystem of /data is /dev/mapper/vg\_data-lv\_data and the filesystem of /datainbackup is /dev/mapper/vg\_data-lv\_datainbackup.  
The total amount of disk space in /data is 73T and the amount of free space is 67T.  
The total amount of disk space in /datainbackup is 24T and the amount of free space is 12T.  
The linux kernel version is Linux version 5.15.0-91-generic (buildd@lcy02-amd64-045) (gcc (Ubuntu 11.4.0-1ubuntu1~22.04) 11.4.0, GNU ld (GNU Binutils for Ubuntu) 2.38) #101-Ubuntu SMP Tue Nov 14 13:30:08 UTC 2023.  
The OS distro name and version is:  
Distributor ID: Ubuntu Description: Ubuntu 22.04.3 LTS  
Release: 22.04 Codename: jammy  
The path to the python executable is /opt/local/anaconda3/bin/python3 and the python version is Python 3.9.16.