

$$①. \quad z(r) = \sqrt{1-r^2} + \ln \frac{r}{1+\sqrt{1-r^2}}$$

$$ds^2 = dr^2 + r^2 d\varphi^2 + dz^2$$

$$dz = \frac{1-r^2}{r\sqrt{1-r^2}} dr$$

$$ds^2 = \left(1 + \left(\frac{1-r^2}{r\sqrt{1-r^2}}\right)^2\right) dr^2 + r^2 d\varphi^2 = \frac{1}{r^2} dr^2 + r^2 d\varphi^2$$

$$g_{ij} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{r^2} & 0 \\ 0 & r^2 \end{pmatrix} \quad g^{ij} = \begin{pmatrix} r^2 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{r^2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Gamma_{i,nk} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial g_{in}}{\partial x^k} + \frac{\partial g_{ik}}{\partial x^n} - \frac{\partial g_{nk}}{\partial x^i} \right) \quad (\text{мы пом } 1 \equiv r, 2 \equiv \varphi)$$

$$\Gamma_{1,11} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial g_{11}}{\partial r} = -\frac{1}{r^3}$$

$$\Gamma_{1,21} = \Gamma_{1,21} = 0$$

$$\Gamma_{1,22} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial g_{12}}{\partial \varphi} + \frac{\partial g_{12}}{\partial r} - \frac{\partial g_{22}}{\partial r} \right) = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial g_{22}}{\partial r} = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2r = -r$$

$$\Gamma_{2,11} = 0$$

$$\Gamma_{2,12} = \Gamma_{2,21} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial g_{12}}{\partial \varphi} + \frac{\partial g_{22}}{\partial r} - \frac{\partial g_{12}}{\partial r} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2r = r$$

$$\Gamma_{2,22} = 0$$

$$\Gamma^{\lambda}_{\alpha\beta} = g^{\lambda i} \Gamma_{i,\alpha\beta}$$

мы пом

$$\Gamma^{1}_{1,11} = g^{11} \Gamma_{1,11} = r^2 \left(-\frac{1}{r^3}\right) = -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$\Gamma^{1}_{1,22} = g^{11} \Gamma_{1,22} = r^2 (-r) = -r^3$$

$$\Gamma^{2}_{1,12} = g^{22} \Gamma_{2,12} = \frac{1}{r^2} \cdot r = \frac{1}{r} = \Gamma^{2}_{1,21}$$

$$\Gamma^{1}_{1,12} = \Gamma^{1}_{1,21} = \Gamma^{2}_{1,11} = \Gamma^{2}_{1,22} = 0$$

$$\left\{ \frac{dr^2}{ds^2} - \frac{1}{r} \left(\frac{dr}{ds} \right)^2 - r^3 \left(\frac{d\varphi}{ds} \right)^2 = 0 \right.$$

$$\frac{dr}{ds} \equiv \dot{r}$$

$$\left\{ \frac{d^2\varphi}{ds^2} + \frac{2}{r} \frac{dr}{ds} \frac{d\varphi}{ds} = 0 \right.$$

$$\frac{d\varphi}{ds} \equiv \dot{\varphi}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} \ddot{r} - \frac{1}{r} (\dot{r})^2 - r^3 (\dot{\varphi})^2 &= 0 \\ \ddot{\varphi} + \frac{2}{r} \dot{r} \dot{\varphi} &= 0 \end{aligned} \right.$$

①

$$\frac{d}{ds} (\ln \dot{\varphi} + 2 \ln r) = 0 \quad (\text{из 2-го уравнения})$$

$$\ln \dot{\varphi} + 2 \ln r = \text{const}$$

$$\dot{\varphi} = \frac{e^{\text{const}}}{r^2} = \frac{d}{r^2}$$

$$\ddot{r} - \frac{1}{r} (\dot{r})^2 - r^3 \frac{d^2}{r^4} = 0$$

$$\ddot{r} - \frac{1}{r} (\dot{r})^2 - \frac{d^2}{r} = 0$$

перепишем однородное ДУ:

$$\ddot{r} - \frac{1}{r} (\dot{r})^2 = 0$$

$$\frac{\ddot{r}}{\dot{r}} = \frac{\dot{r}}{r} \Rightarrow \ln \dot{r} - \ln r = \text{const}$$

$$\frac{\dot{r}}{r} = C \Rightarrow \dot{r} = C(s) r(s)$$

перепишем неоднородное ДУ:

$$\dot{C} r + C \dot{r} - \frac{1}{r} (C r)^2 - \frac{d^2}{r} = 0$$

$$\dot{C} r + \cancel{C^2 r} - \cancel{C^2 r} - \frac{d^2}{r} = 0 \Rightarrow \dot{C} r - \frac{d^2}{r} = 0 \Rightarrow \dot{C} = \frac{d^2}{r^2}$$

$$\text{н.к.} \quad \frac{dC}{ds} = \frac{dC}{dr} \frac{dr}{ds} = \frac{dC}{dr} C r$$

$$\frac{dC}{dr} \cdot C r = \frac{d^2}{r^2} \Rightarrow \int C dC = d^2 \int \frac{dr}{r^3}$$

$$\frac{C^2}{2} = \frac{d^2}{2 r^2} + D \Rightarrow C^2 + \frac{d^2}{r^2} = D \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow C = \sqrt{D - \frac{d^2}{r^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{D r^2 - d^2}}{r}$$

подставим C в $\dot{r} = C(r) r$

$$\dot{r} = \frac{dr}{d\varphi} \cdot \frac{d\varphi}{ds} = \frac{dr}{d\varphi} \cdot \frac{d}{r^2}$$

$$\frac{dr}{d\varphi} \cdot \frac{d}{r^2} = \frac{\sqrt{D r^2 - d^2}}{r} \cdot \kappa \Rightarrow \frac{dr}{d\varphi} = \frac{r^2}{d} \sqrt{D r^2 - d^2}$$

$$\int \frac{dr}{r^2} \frac{d}{\sqrt{Dr^2 - d^2}} = \int d\varphi$$

$$\int \frac{d dr}{r^3 \sqrt{D - \frac{d^2}{r^2}}} = - \int \frac{1}{2} \frac{d\left(\frac{1}{r^2}\right) d}{\sqrt{D - \frac{d^2}{r^2}}} = - \frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{d\left(\frac{d^2}{r^2}\right)}{\sqrt{D - \frac{d^2}{r^2}}}$$

вынесем $\frac{d^2}{r^2} = t$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{dt}{\sqrt{D - t}} = \frac{1}{d} \sqrt{D - t} = \sqrt{\frac{D}{d^2} - \frac{1}{r^2}}$$

получим

$$\varphi - \varphi_0 = \sqrt{\frac{D}{d^2} - \frac{1}{r^2}}$$

$$(\varphi - \varphi_0)^2 = \frac{D}{d^2} - \frac{1}{r^2} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r^2} = \frac{D}{d^2} - (\varphi - \varphi_0)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow r^2 = \frac{1}{\frac{D}{d^2} - (\varphi - \varphi_0)^2}$$

$$r(\varphi) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{D}{d^2} - (\varphi - \varphi_0)^2}} \quad - \text{секанство упр-й}$$

подуристых линий

radius ...

$$z(r) = \arcsin \sqrt{r} + \sqrt{r(1-r)}$$

$$dS^2 = dr^2 + r^2 d\varphi^2 + dz^2$$

$$dz = \frac{\sqrt{1-r^2}}{r} dr$$

$$dS^2 = dr^2 + r^2 d\varphi^2 + \frac{(1-r^2)}{r^2} dr^2 = \left(1 + \frac{1-r^2}{r^2}\right) dr^2 + r^2 d\varphi^2$$

$$= \left(\frac{1+r-r^2}{r^2}\right) dr^2 + r^2 d\varphi^2 = \frac{1}{r} dr^2 + r^2 d\varphi^2$$

$$g_{ij} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{r} & 0 \\ 0 & r^2 \end{pmatrix} \quad g^{ij} = \begin{pmatrix} r & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{r^2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Gamma_{i, nk} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial g_{in}}{\partial x^k} + \frac{\partial g_{ik}}{\partial x^n} - \frac{\partial g_{nk}}{\partial x^i} \right) \quad (1 \equiv r, 2 \equiv \varphi)$$

$$\Gamma_{1,11} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial g_{11}}{\partial x^1} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial g_{11}}{\partial r} \right) = \underline{-\frac{1}{2r^2}}$$

$$\Gamma_{1,21} = \Gamma_{1,12} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial g_{12}}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial g_{11}}{\partial \varphi} - \frac{\partial g_{21}}{\partial r} \right) = 0$$

$$\Gamma_{1,22} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial g_{12}}{\partial \varphi} + \frac{\partial g_{12}}{\partial \varphi} - \frac{\partial g_{22}}{\partial r} \right) = \underline{-r}$$

$$\Gamma_{2,22} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial g_{22}}{\partial \varphi} \right) = 0$$

$$\Gamma_{2,12} = \Gamma_{2,21} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial g_{21}}{\partial \varphi} + \frac{\partial g_{22}}{\partial r} - \frac{\partial g_{12}}{\partial \varphi} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial g_{22}}{\partial r} = \underline{r}$$

$$\Gamma_{2,11} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial g_{21}}{\partial \varphi} + \frac{\partial g_{21}}{\partial r} - \frac{\partial g_{11}}{\partial \varphi} \right) = 0$$

$$\Gamma^{\lambda}_{i, \alpha\beta} = g^{i\lambda} \Gamma_{i, \alpha\beta}$$

$$\Gamma^1_{1,11} = g^{11} \Gamma_{1,11} = r \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{2r^2}\right) = \underline{-\frac{1}{2r}}$$

$$\Gamma^1_{1,22} = g^{11} \Gamma_{1,22} = r \cdot (-r) = \underline{-r^2}$$

$$\Gamma^2_{2,12} = \Gamma^2_{2,21} = g^{22} \Gamma_{2,12} = \frac{1}{r^2} \cdot r = \underline{\frac{1}{r}}$$

$$\frac{d^2 X^i}{ds^2} + \Gamma^i_{kl} \frac{dX^k}{ds} \frac{dX^l}{ds} = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{d^2 r}{ds^2} - \frac{1}{2r} \left(\frac{dr}{ds} \right)^2 - r^2 \left(\frac{d\varphi}{ds} \right)^2 = 0 & \frac{dr}{ds} \equiv \dot{r} \\ \frac{d^2 \varphi}{ds^2} + \frac{2}{r} \frac{dr}{ds} \frac{d\varphi}{ds} = 0 & \frac{d\varphi}{ds} \equiv \dot{\varphi} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \ddot{r} - \frac{1}{2r} (\dot{r})^2 - r^2 (\dot{\varphi})^2 = 0 \\ \ddot{\varphi} + \frac{2}{r} \dot{r} \dot{\varphi} = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{d}{ds} (\ln \dot{\varphi} + 2 \ln r) = 0$$

$$\ln \dot{\varphi} + 2 \ln r = \text{const}$$

$$\dot{\varphi} = \frac{e^{\text{const}}}{r^2} = \frac{d}{r^2}$$

$$\ddot{r} - \frac{1}{2r} (\dot{r})^2 - r^2 \frac{d^2}{r^4} = 0$$

$$\ddot{r} - \frac{(\dot{r})^2}{2r} - \frac{d^2}{r^2} = 0$$

решим однородное ДУ:

$$\ddot{r} - \frac{(\dot{r})^2}{2r} = 0 \quad \frac{\ddot{r}}{\dot{r}} = \frac{\dot{r}}{2r} \Rightarrow \frac{d}{ds} (\ln \dot{r} - \ln \sqrt{r}) = 0$$

$$\ln \dot{r} - \ln \sqrt{r} = C \Rightarrow \frac{\dot{r}}{\sqrt{r}} = C \Rightarrow \dot{r} = C(s) \sqrt{r}$$

решим неоднородное ДУ

$$\ddot{r} = \dot{C} \sqrt{r} + \frac{C \dot{r}}{2\sqrt{r}}$$

$$\dot{C} \sqrt{r} + \frac{C \dot{r}}{2\sqrt{r}} - \frac{C^2 r}{2r} - \frac{d^2}{r^2} = 0$$

$$\dot{C} \sqrt{r} + \frac{C^2 \sqrt{r}}{2} - \frac{C^2}{2} - \frac{d^2}{r^2} = 0 \Rightarrow \dot{C} \sqrt{r} - \frac{d^2}{r^2} = 0 \Rightarrow \dot{C} = \frac{d^2}{r^2 \sqrt{r}}$$

$$\text{м.к. } \frac{dC}{ds} = \frac{dC}{dr} \cdot \frac{dr}{ds} = \frac{dC}{dr} C \sqrt{r}$$

$$\frac{dC}{dr} \cdot C \sqrt{r} = \frac{d^2}{r^2 \sqrt{r}} \Rightarrow \int C dC = \int \frac{d^2 dr}{r^3}$$

$$\frac{C^2}{2} = -\frac{d^2}{2r^2} + D \Rightarrow C = \sqrt{D - \frac{d^2}{r^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{D r^2 - d^2}}{r}$$

(2)

$$\frac{dr}{ds} = \frac{\sqrt{Dr^2 - d^2}}{r} \cdot \sqrt{r} = \sqrt{\frac{Dr^2 - d^2}{r}}$$

$$\int \frac{dr \cdot \sqrt{r}}{\sqrt{Dr^2 - d^2}} = \int ds \Rightarrow S = \int \frac{\sqrt{r}}{\sqrt{Dr^2 - d^2}} dr + \beta$$