

Assignment - 9

CLUSTERING

Question 1: k means clustering, 2 clusters

Points : 1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, 100

(36, 64) \rightarrow

1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49 | 64, 81, 100
 x_1 x_2

Mean of $x_1 = 20$

Mean of $x_2 = 81.67$

Mean of $(x_1, x_2) = 32.9$ \rightarrow divide here for reclassifying

1 4 9 16 25 | 36 49 64 81 100

Here 2 centroids are reclassified from 2, 10 to 9

(9, 49)

1, 4, 9, 16, 25 | 36, 49 64 81 100
 x_1 x_2

Mean of $x_1 = 11$

Mean of $x_2 = 66$

Mean of $x_1, x_2 = 38.5$

Recluster of this point (Range)

1 4 9 16 25 36 | 49 64 81 100

In this case only one point is reclassified

Question 2: L_1, L_2 norm

Centroid $c_1 = (0,0)$

Centroid $c_2 = (100,40)$

$(0,0) \Rightarrow L_1$ norm

$(100,40) \Rightarrow L_2$ norm

We find the L_1 & L_2 norm for the given points with 2 centroids. Point should be clustered.

$(52,13)$

$c_1 = (0,0)$

L_1 norm = 65

L_2 norm = 53.6

$c_2 = (100,40)$

L_1 norm = $(100-52) + (40-13)$
= 75

L_2 norm = $\sqrt{(48)^2 + (27)^2} = 55.07$

Smallest of L_1 is 65 which is for point $(0,0)$

Smallest of L_2 is 53.6 which is $(0,0)$

$(53,15)$

$c_1 = (0,0)$

$L_1 = |0-53| + |0-15|$
= 68

$L_2 = \sqrt{(53)^2 + (15)^2}$
= 55.08

$c_2 = (100,40)$

L_1 norm = 72

L_2 norm = $\sqrt{2434} = 49.33$

Smallest of L_1 is 68 which is for point $(0,0)$

Smallest of L_2 is 49.33 which is for point $(100,40)$

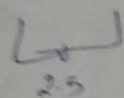
~~53~~ $(53,15)$ //

Question 3: Hierarchical clustering

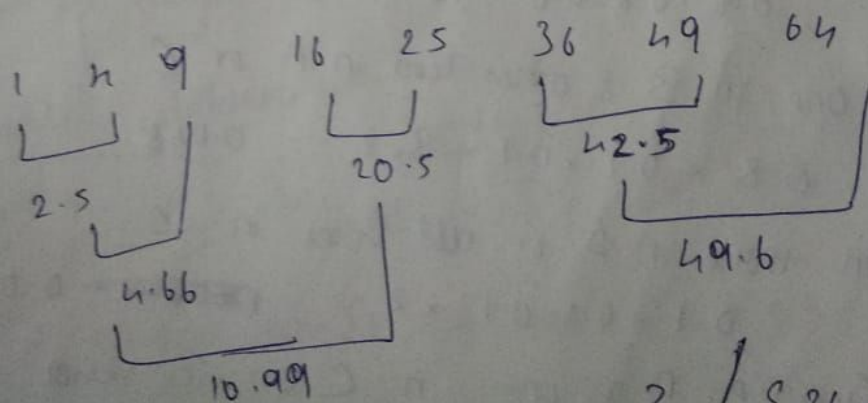
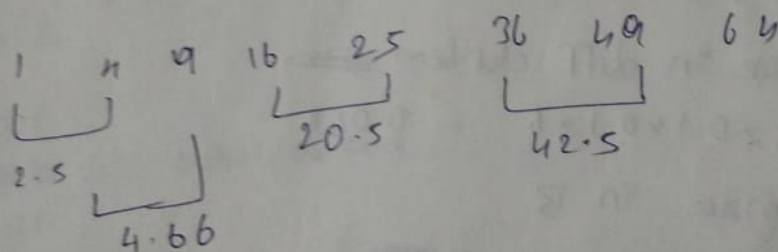
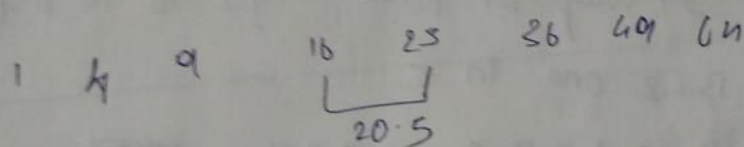
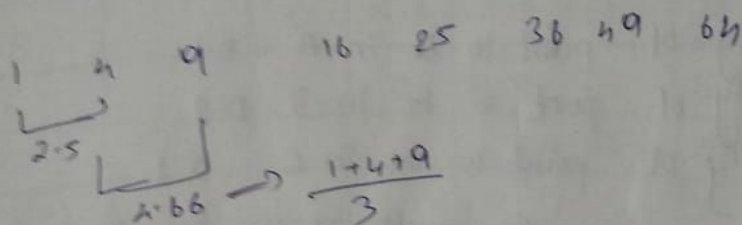
Points $\rightarrow (1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64)$

Initially there are 8 clusters. We have to merge all these into 2 clusters.

1 4 9 16 25 36 49 64



(Smallest distance between 2 points)



The clusters are $\{1, 4, 9, 16, 25\}$ and $\{36, 49, 64\}$

Question 4:



B \rightarrow (0,0) \rightarrow 8,000 points

radius = 2

A \rightarrow (-10,0) \rightarrow 1000 points

C \rightarrow (10,0) \rightarrow 1000 points

Probability of point to be in A = 0.1

Probability of point to be in B = 0.8

Probability of point to be in C = 0.1

There are 27 ways for points x, y, z to be in A, B, C.

① Two in B & one in C

$$0.8 \times 0.8 \times 0.1 \times 3 \times 2 = 0.384$$

② All three in diff clusters

$$0.8 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 \times 6 = 0.048$$

③ All three in B

$$0.8 \times 0.8 \times 0.8 = 0.512$$

④ One in B & other two in A or C

$$0.8 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 \times 3 \times 2 = 0.048$$

⑤ All three in A or all three in C

$$0.1 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 \times 2 = 0.002$$

⑥ Two in A & one in C (or) vice-versa

$$0.1 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 \times 2 \times 3 = 0.006$$

Question 5: Hierarchical clustering

$A = (0,0)$, $B = (10,10)$, $C = (21,21)$

$D = (33,33)$, $E = (5,7)$, $F = (28,6)$

Calculate distance between each pairs

	A	B	C	D	E	F
A						
B	14.0					
C	29.6	15.5				
D	46.6	32.5	16.9			
E	27.4	17.7	17	88.6		
F	28.6	18.4	16.5	27.4	31.1	



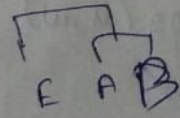
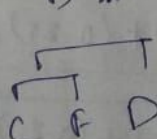
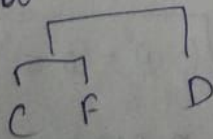
AB C

ABE \Rightarrow lowest distance

ABF =

ABD \Rightarrow target distance

Smallest difference with D is C



The 2 clusters are $\{E, A, B\}$ and $\{C, F, D\}$