

Q.1

(a) Plot Temperature Vs Distance curve in Mold at different time .

Code:

```
clear all
clc
Tm = 1000; % melting Temperature
T0 = 300; % Ambient Temperature
tn = 1000; % Total Time
dt = 2; %Time Step
xn = 120; %length of mold
alpha = 1;
dx = 2;
k = alpha*dt/(dx^2); % must be less then or equal to 0.5
T = zeros(xn+1,tn);
k = 0.3;
a = 1:xn-1;
for i = 1:tn
    T(1,i) = Tm;
end
for i = 2 : xn+1
    T(i,1) = T0;
end
for t = 1:tn-1
    for x = 2:xn-1
        T(x,t+1) = T(x,t) + k*(T(x+1,t)-2*T(x,t)+T(x-1,t));
    end
    T(xn,t+1) = T(xn,t)+k*(T0 - 2*T(xn,t)+T(xn-1,t));
end
xa = [0:-1:-(xn-1)];
a(1) = 1000;
for j = 1 : dt : tn
    for i = 2:xn
        a(i) = T(i,j);
    end
    figure(1), clf
    plot(xa,a,'-r+', 'Linewidth',1, 'Markersize',5);
    xlabel('Distance(m)');
    ylabel('Temperature(degree Celsius)');
    title(['Temperature Vs Distance Curve in Mold at time : ',num2str(j)]);
    drawnow
end
```

Algorithm :

At any time t value of T at $x = 0$ is T_m (melting temp.). And at $t = 0$ for any $x > 0$ value T is T_0 (temp. of mold). After that we just used the formula to get values at $T(x,t+\Delta t)$ using values of $T(x,t)$, $T(x+\Delta x, t)$, $T(x,t)$, $T(x-\Delta x,t)$. we used 1d array a to copy the elements of 2d array T at a particular time t and plotted its graph with xa . where xa is an array of size $xn-1$ with values 0 to $-(xn-1)$.

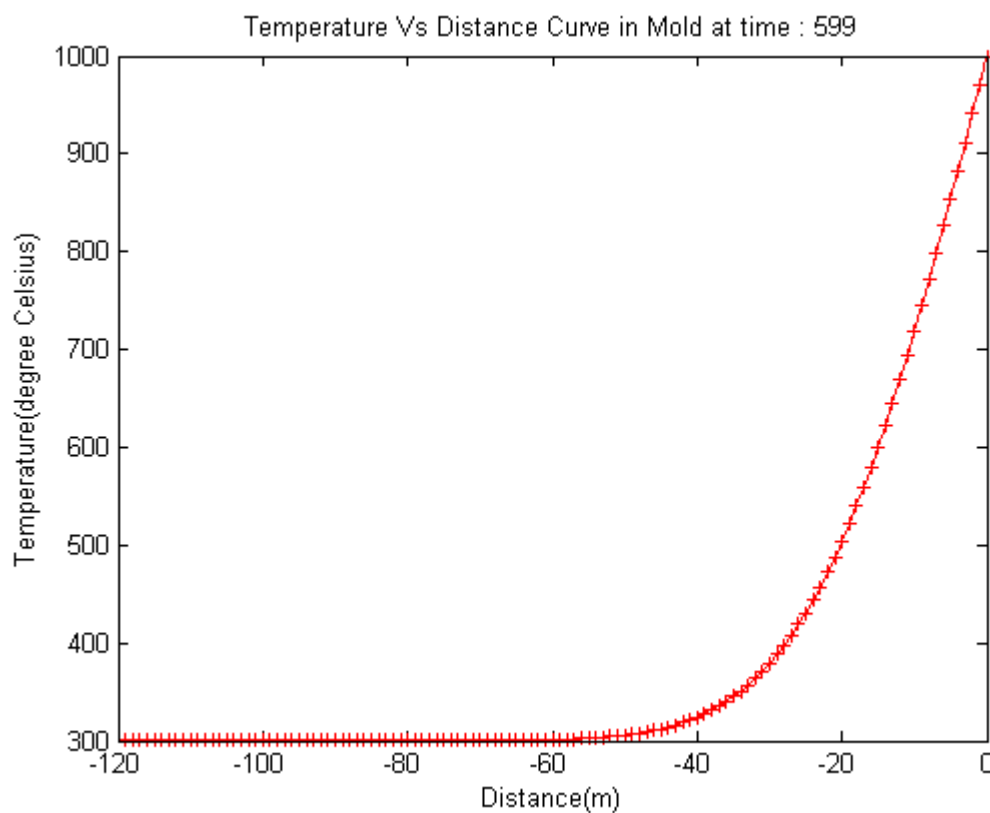
Formula Used :

- $\frac{dT}{dt} = \alpha \frac{d^2T}{dx^2}$, where α is heat diffusivity.
- $\frac{d^2T}{dx^2} = \frac{[T(x+\Delta x, t) - 2T(x,t) + T(x-\Delta x,t)]}{(\Delta x)^2}$.

- $dT/dt = [T(x,t+\Delta t) - T(x,t)]/\Delta t$.
- $T(x,t+\Delta t) = T(x,t) + k \cdot (T(x+\Delta x, t) - 2 \cdot T(x,t) + T(x-\Delta x, t))$.
- $k = (\Delta t \cdot \alpha) / (\Delta x^2)$.
- The value of k should be less than or equal to 0.5.

Time-Complexity : $O(t_n \cdot x_n)$ where t_n is total time and x_n is mold length.

Graph :



(b) Solidification Thickness Vs Time curve for Mold .

Code:

```
Tm = 1000;    %melting point of mold (K)
T0 = 300;     %Ambient Temperature (K)
Ps = 2700;    %density of metal(Aluminium) (Kg/m^3)
H = 398;      %heat of fusion(Aluminium) ( KJ/Kg)

Pm = 7600;    %density of mold(mild steel) (Kg/m^3)
Km = 50.2;    %Thermal Conductivity(mild steel) W/(m.K)
Cm = 510.78;  %Specific Heat(J/(Kg.K))

t = 1 : 100;

s = (2/sqrt(pi)) * ((Tm-T0) / (Ps*H)) * sqrt(Km*Pm*Cm) * sqrt(t);
figure(1)
plot(t,s, '-r*', 'Linewidth',2, 'Markersize',3);
```

```
xlabel('t(seconds)');ylabel('S(m)'),title('Solidification thickness Vs Time');  
figure(2)  
plot(sqrt(t),s,'-b+', 'Linewidth',2, 'Markersize',3);  
xlabel('sqrt(t)');ylabel('S(m)'),title('Solidification thickness vs sqrt(Time)');  
figure(3)  
plot(t,s,'-r*', 'Linewidth',2, 'Markersize',3);  
xlabel('t');  
ylabel('S');  
hold on  
plot(sqrt(t),s,'-b+', 'Linewidth',2, 'Markersize',3);
```

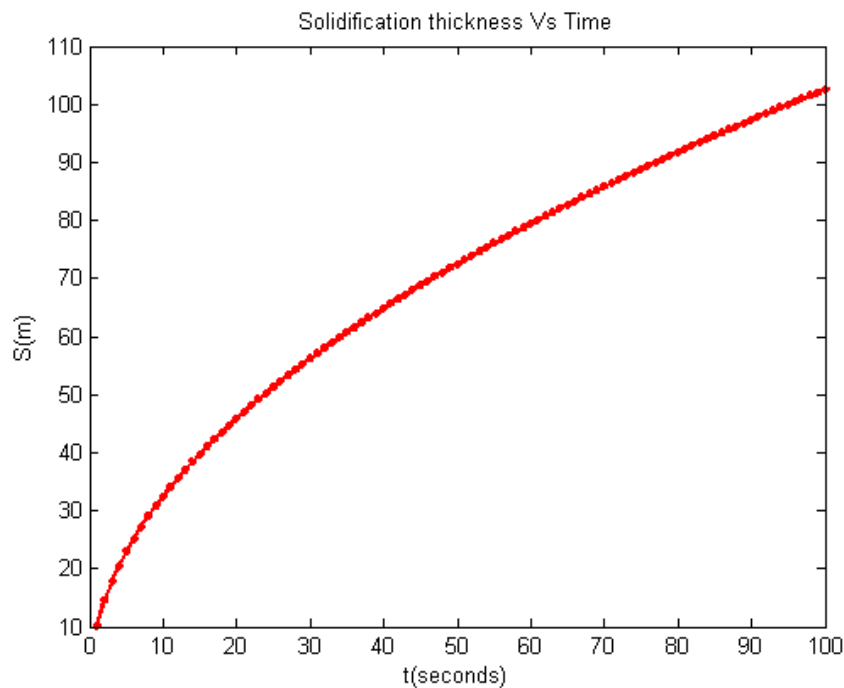
Algorithm :

Ploted graph of an array t with S using the formula given below:

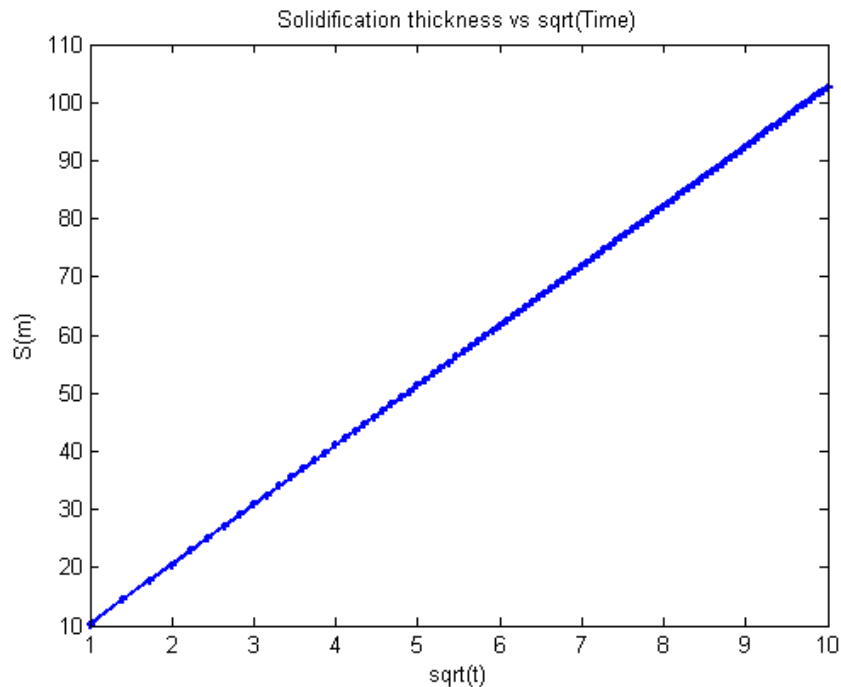
1.

$$S = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \underbrace{\left(\frac{T_M - T_0}{\rho_s H} \right)}_{\text{Metal}} \underbrace{\sqrt{K_m \rho_m c_m}}_{\text{Mold}} \sqrt{t}$$

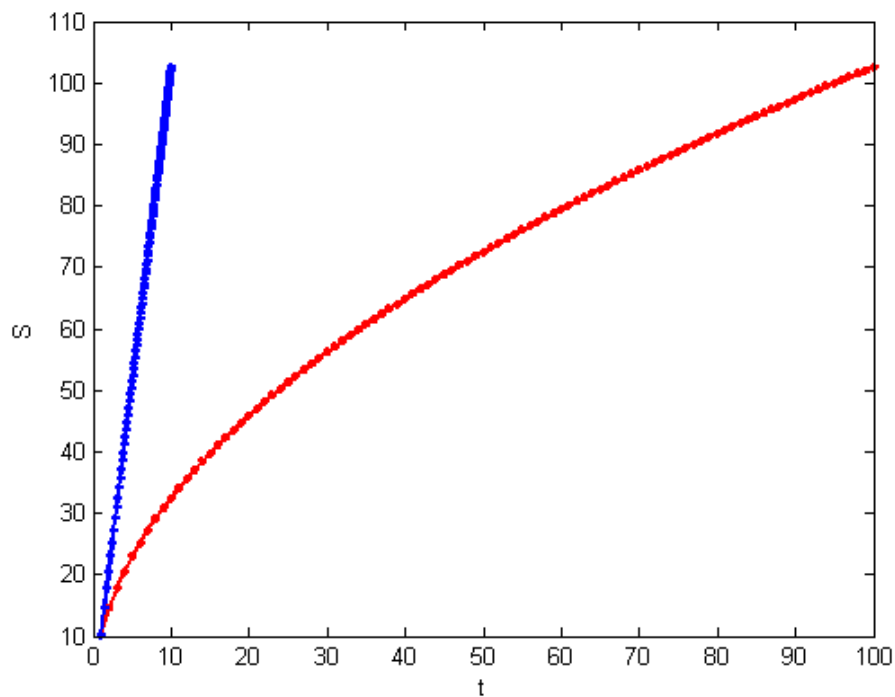
2. Graph for Solidification Thickness Vs Time :



3. Graph for Solidification Thickness Vs sqrt(Time) :



4. Graph for Solidification Thickness Vs sqrt(Time) and time merged together:



Time-Complexity : $O(n)$,where n is the range of t.