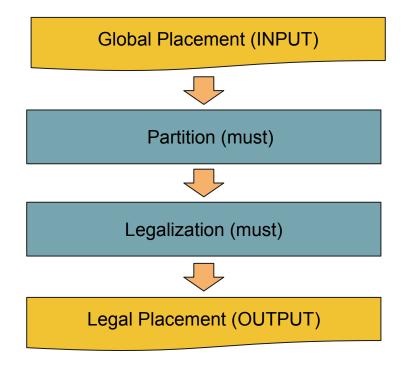
Multi-Layer Placement Flow

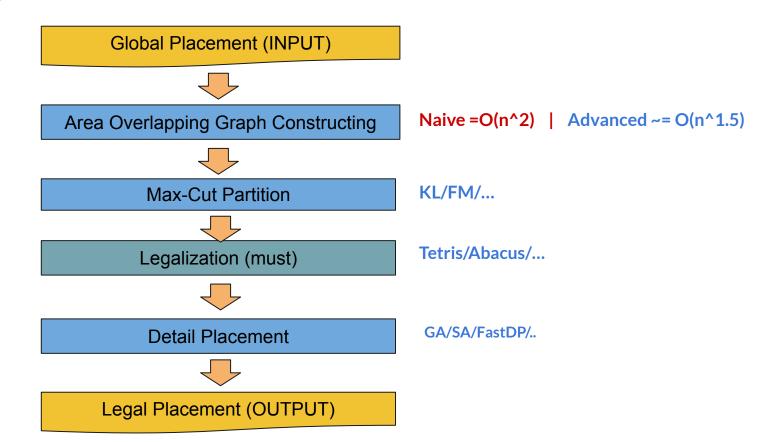
2022 PDA Lab3 - Supplementary Introduction

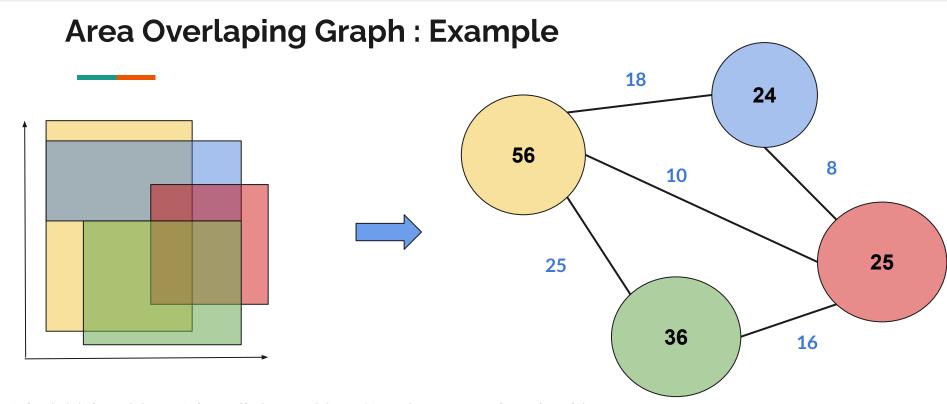
Presenter: Siou-Sian Lin

Multi-Layer Placement Basic Flow



Multi-Layer Placement Advanced Flow





If the initial position of the cells is roughly uniformly scattered on the chip, the overlapping graph can be built with an algorithm approaching $O(n^1.5)$

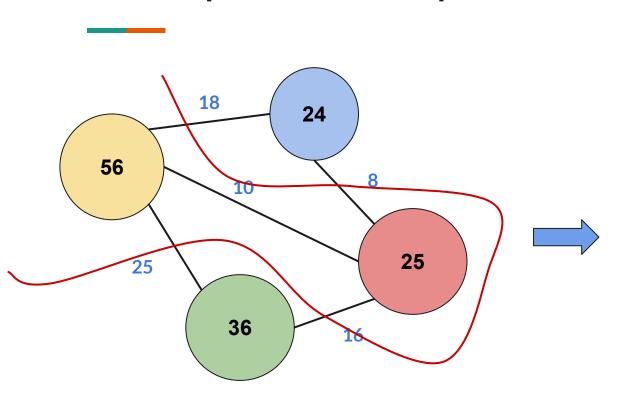
Max-cut partition

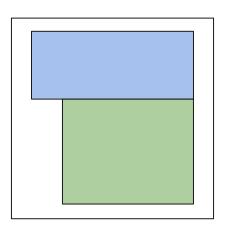
With the Area Overlapping Graph, you can use partition algorithm to divide cells into 2 chips and minimize cell overlap between cells on the same layer.

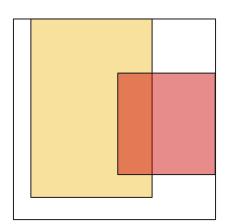
Recommended Algorithm:

- 1. FM partition (This paper can be found in the class reference materials)
- 2. Greedy
- 3. KL partition
- 4. Other ...

Max-cut partition : Example







Legalization

After partitionning cells to 2 chip, use a legalization algorithm to place each cell in a legal position. The goal is to have the shortest Manhattan distance between the final position and the initial position in x, y (e.g. Total_Offset)

Recommended Algorithm:

- 1. Abacus (This paper can be found in the class reference materials)
 - a. relatively hard to do but good performance
- 2. Tetris (In lecture slide)
 - a. easy to do but bad performance
- 3. Other ...

Detail Placement (optional)

If you want better performance, you can do DP after legalization. It can further reduce the offset while maintaining legality.

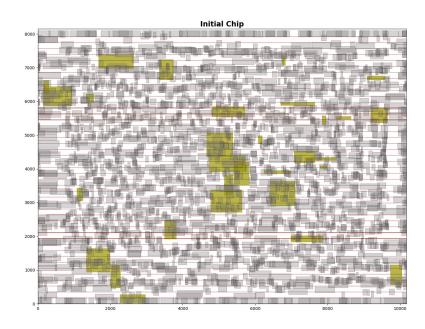
Recommended Algorithm:

- 1. Fast DP (This paper can be found in the class reference materials)
- 2. Simulated Annealing algorithm
- 3. Other ...

The Importance of Partition

• I would show 3 methods to partition cells in the following slide (they use same legalizer), help you understand why partition effect final result a lot

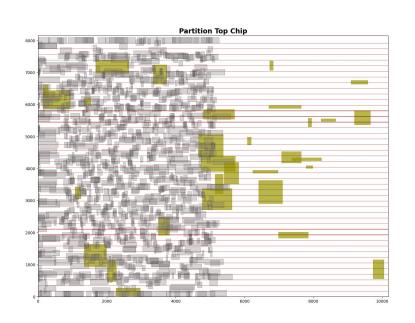
Initial Global Placement

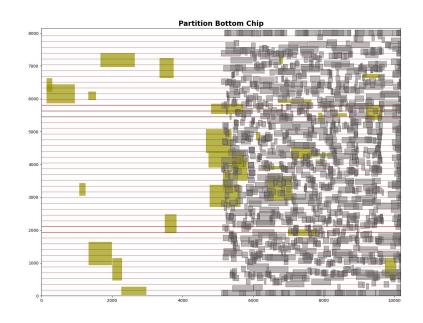


original overlapping area 48853429

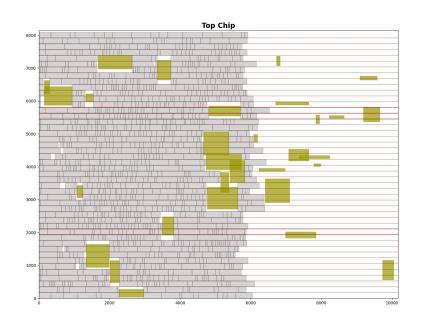
original overlapping area 48853429

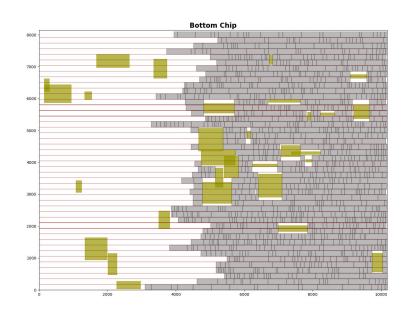
Partition Method A - Overlapping





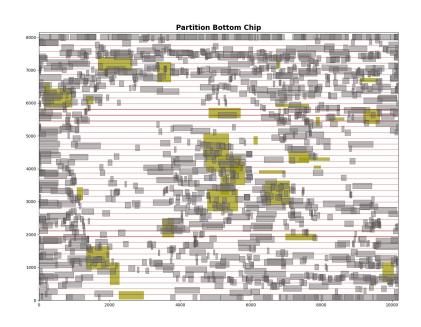
Partition Method A - Total_Offset

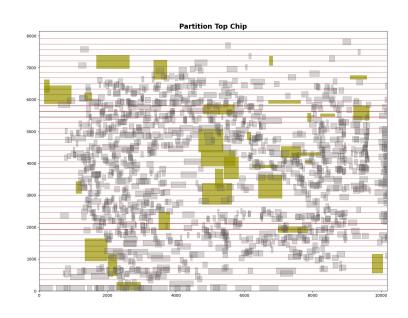




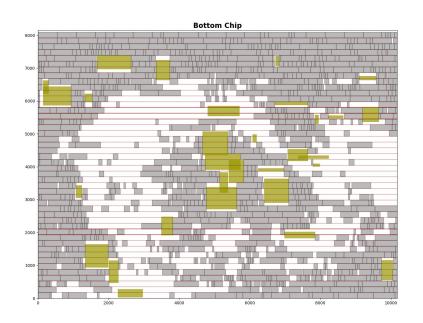
original overlapping area 48853429

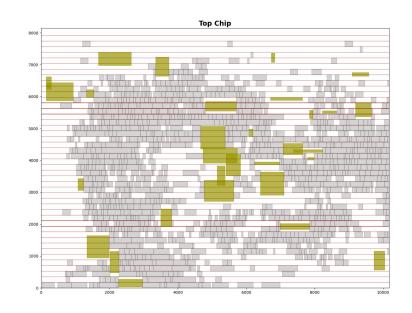
Partition Method B - Overlapping





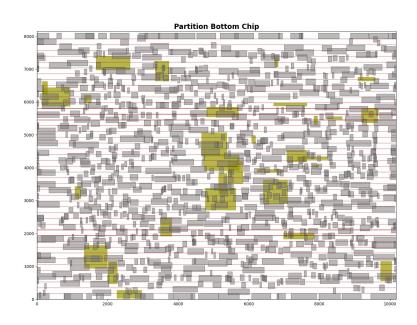
Partition Method B - Total_Offset

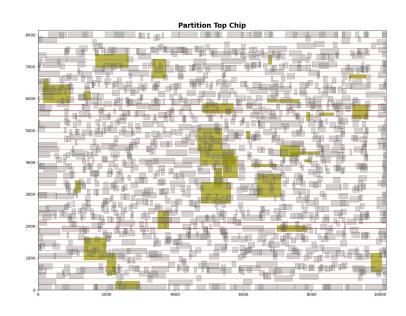




original overlapping area 48853429

Partition Method C - Overlapping





Partition Method C - Total_Offset

