**<div>**

The div (division) element is a generic block-level element, most often used to divide page content into blocks. A block element is a page element that starts a new line and has a width equal to the entire page or the parent container.

The **<div>** element is the most general purpose element. It has no special meaning. It’s purpose is to group content that is not semantically related.

The **<div>** element, therefore, is mainly used to group content for targeting with CSS. For example, as a styling container for other elements.

<div class="modal-container">

<section class="modal">

<h1>Modal Title</h1>

<p>Text goes here</p>

</section>

</div>

**<section>**

The **<section>** element is slightly more specific that a **<div>**. It is applied to a generic section of content that can be grouped together in a semantically meaningful way.

Because the contents of a **<section>** are meaningful when grouped together, they should have a “theme”. A **<section>**’s “theme” should be defined by including a heading element within the element, often immediately after the opening tag

<section class="newsletter">

<h1>Subscribe to the Newsletter</h1>

<form> <!-- ... --> </form>

</section>

**<article>**

The **<article>** element is even more specific than a **<section>**. It is also applied to a section of content that is semantically related, and should also have a heading. However, this section of content should additionally be "self-contained". This means that the contents of an **<article>** should be able to be isolated from the rest of the page and still be meaningful.

One common purpose for an **<article>** is in marking content for syndication. For example, marking a blog post.

<article class="post">

<h1>Article Title</h1>

<p>Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit...</p>

<p>Quae similitudo in genere etiam humano apparet. Est, ut dicis, inquam...</p>

</article>



SPAN

The HTML <span> tag is used for grouping and applying styles to inline elements

A div element is used for block-level organization and styling of page elements, whereas a span element is used for inline organization and styling.