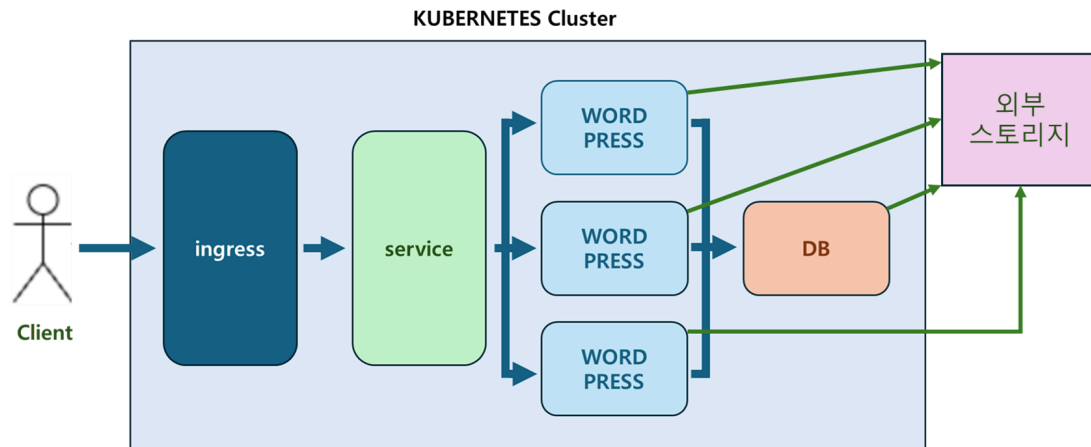


kubernetes를 활용한 wordpress 구성

구성 아키텍처



기본 구성

- image
web - word press
db - mysql or mariadb
- volume
외부 스토리지 - nfs
control-plan 을 nfs 서버로 사용 가능
- pod
컨트롤러를 이용한 생성
사용 컨트롤러는 자유

추가 구성 사항

- wordpress image 제작
Dockerfile 활용

본 프로젝트에서는 쿠버네티스를 활용해고가용성 웹 어플리케이션을 배포/관리 하였습니다.

1.1 Image 구성

web과 db를 구성하였습니다.

web은 wordpress를 사용했으며 db는 mysql:5.7 을 사용하였으며 deployment를 사용하여 yaml 파일을 작성 하였습니다.

pj-deploy-word.yml

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: pj-deploy-word
  labels:
    app: pj-deploy-word
spec:
  replicas: 3
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: pj-deploy-word
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: pj-deploy-word
    spec:
      initContainers:
        - name: init-wordpress
          image: wordpress:latest
          mountPath: /mnt/wordpress
      containers:
        - name: wordpress
          image: 69875/doword:v1
          env:
            - name: WORDPRESS_DB_HOST
              value: "mysql:3306"
            - name: WORDPRESS_DB_USER
              value: "user"
            - name: WORDPRESS_DB_PASSWORD
              value: "user"
            - name: WORDPRESS_DB_NAME
              value: "word"
          ports:
            - containerPort: 80
          volumeMounts:
            - name: nfs-share
              mountPath: /var/www/html
      volumes:
        - name: nfs-share
          persistentVolumeClaim:
            claimName: word-pvc
```

pj-db.yml

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: mysql
spec:
  replicas: 1
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: mysql
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: mysql
    spec:
      containers:
        - name: mysql
          image: mysql:5.7
          env:
            - name: MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD
              value: "1234"
            - name: MYSQL_DATABASE
              value: "word"
```

```
            - name: MYSQL_USER
              value: "user"
            - name: MYSQL_PASSWORD
              value: "user"
          ports:
            - containerPort: 3306
          volumeMounts:
            - name: nfs-db
              mountPath: /var/lib/mysql
      volumes:
        - name: nfs-db
          persistentVolumeClaim:
            claimName: pj-pvc
```

pj-db-db.yml

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: mysql
spec:
  ports:
    - port: 3306
  selector:
    app: mysql
  clusterIP: None
```

pj-svc-word.yml

```
---
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: wordpress
spec:
  type: NodePort
  ports:
    - port: 80
      targetPort: 80
      nodePort: 30080
  selector:
    app: pj-deploy-word
```

1.2 Volume 구성

외부 스토리지 구성을 위해 **nfs** 방식을 사용했습니다.

정적 프로비저닝을 사용하여 연결하였습니다.

두개의 pv 파일을 만들어 db는 /srv/nfs-volume, wordpress는 /srv/wp에 위치합니다.

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolume
metadata:
  name: pj-pv
spec:
  capacity:
    storage: 1Gi
  accessModes:
    - ReadWriteMany
  persistentVolumeReclaimPolicy: Recycle
  nfs:
    path: /srv/nfs-volume/
    server: 192.168.56.11
---
```

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolume
metadata:
  name: word-pv
spec:
  capacity:
    storage: 1Gi
  accessModes:
    - ReadWriteMany
  persistentVolumeReclaimPolicy: Recycle
  nfs:
    path: /srv/wp/
    server: 192.168.56.11
```

마찬가지로 두개의 pvc 파일을 생성하여 pv와 연결하였습니다.

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolumeClaim
metadata:
  name: pj-pvc
spec:
  accessModes:
    - ReadWriteMany
  resources:
    requests:
      storage: 1Gi
  volumeName: pj-pv
  storageClassName: ""
```

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolumeClaim
metadata:
  name: word-pvc
spec:
  accessModes:
    - ReadWriteMany
  resources:
    requests:
      storage: 1Gi
  volumeName: word-pv
  storageClassName: ""
```

```
vagrant@kube-control1:~/kubepro$ kubectl get pv,pvc
```

NAME	CAPACITY	ACCESS MODES	RECLAIM POLICY	STATUS	C
persistentvolume/pj-pv	1Gi	RWX	Retain	Bound	d
default/pj-pvc		104m			
persistentvolume/word-pv	1Gi	RWX	Retain	Bound	d
default/word-pvc		104m			

NAME	STATUS	VOLUME	CAPACITY	ACCESS MODES	ST
persistentvolumeclaim/pj-pvc	Bound	pj-pv	1Gi	RWX	
		104m			
persistentvolumeclaim/word-pvc	Bound	word-pv	1Gi	RWX	
		104m			

```
vagrant@kube-control1:~/kubepro$ ls /srv/nfs-volume/
```

auto.cnf	client-key.pem	ibdata1	performance_schema	server-key.pem
ca-key.pem	ib_buffer_pool	ibtmp1	private_key.pem	sys
ca.pem	ib_logfile0	mysql	public_key.pem	word
client-cert.pem	ib_logfile1	mysql.sock	server-cert.pem	

```
vagrant@kube-control1:~/kubepro$ ls /srv/wp/wordpress/
```

index.php	wp-blog-header.php	wp-includes	wp-settings.php
license.txt	wp-comments-post.php	wp-links-opml.php	wp-signup.php
readme.html	wp-config-sample.php	wp-load.php	wp-trackback.php
wp-activate.php	wp-content	wp-login.php	xmlrpc.php
wp-admin	wp-cron.php	wp-mail.php	

db와 wordpress가 연결된것을 볼수있습니다.

1.3 Pod 구성

마지막으로 service와 ingress를 구성하여 아키텍처를 구성하였습니다.

```
apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1
kind: Ingress
metadata:
  name: pj-ing
spec:
  defaultBackend:
    service:
      name: pj-svc-lb
      port:
        number: 80
  rules:
  - host: pj.example.com
    http:
      paths:
      - path: /
        pathType: Prefix
        backend:
          service:
            name: pj-svc-lb
            port:
              number: 80
```

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: pj-svc-lb
spec:
  type: NodePort
  ports:
  - port: 80
    targetPort: 80
    nodePort: 30001
    protocol: TCP
  selector:
    app: pj-deploy-word
```


1.4 기본구성 결과

```
vagrant@kubernetes:~/kubepro$ kubectl get all -o wide
```

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE	IP	NODE	NOMINATED NODE	READINESS
SS GATES								
pod/mysql-75b94558b-pdlwf	1/1	Running	0	83m	10.233.74.38	kube-node2	<none>	<none>
pod/pj-deploy-word-674977477c-2c2f8	1/1	Running	0	42s	10.233.73.94	kube-node1	<none>	<none>
pod/pj-deploy-word-674977477c-gd4fm	1/1	Running	0	42s	10.233.74.42	kube-node2	<none>	<none>
pod/pj-deploy-word-674977477c-jcxzn	1/1	Running	0	42s	10.233.73.92	kube-node1	<none>	<none>

NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE	SELECTOR
service/kubernetes	ClusterIP	10.233.0.1	<none>	443/TCP	128m	<none>
service/mysql	ClusterIP	None	<none>	3306/TCP	113m	app=mysql
service/pj-svc-lb	NodePort	10.233.32.29	<none>	80:30001/TCP	83m	app=pj-deploy-word
service/wordpress	NodePort	10.233.29.54	<none>	80:30080/TCP	113m	app=pj-deploy-word

NAME	READY	UP-TO-DATE	AVAILABLE	AGE	CONTAINERS	IMAGES	SELECTOR
deployment.apps/mysql	1/1	1	1	83m	mysql	mysql:5.7	app=mysql
deployment.apps/pj-deploy-word	3/3	3	3	42s	wordpress	69875/doword:v1	app=pj-deploy-word

NAME	DESIRED	CURRENT	READY	AGE	CONTAINERS	IMAGES	SELECTOR
replicaset.apps/mysql-75b94558b	1	1	1	83m	mysql	mysql:5.7	app=mysql,pod-template-hash=75b94558b
replicaset.apps/pj-deploy-word-674977477c	3	3	3	42s	wordpress	69875/doword:v1	app=pj-deploy-word,pod-template-hash=674977477c

```
vagrant@k8s-control:~/k8s$ kubectl exec -it mysql-75b94558b-g5bzd -- /bin
bash
bash-4.2# mysql -u root -p
Enter password:
Welcome to the MySQL monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 2
Server version: 5.7.44 MySQL Community Server (GPL)

Copyright (c) 2000, 2023, Oracle and/or its affiliates.

Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its
affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
```

db 컨테이너에서 접속가능

```
vagrant@k8s-control:~/k8s$ mysql -u user -p -h 10.233.73.92
Enter password:
Welcome to the MariaDB monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 3
Server version: 5.7.44 MySQL Community Server (GPL)

Copyright (c) 2000, 2018, Oracle, MariaDB Corporation Ab and others.

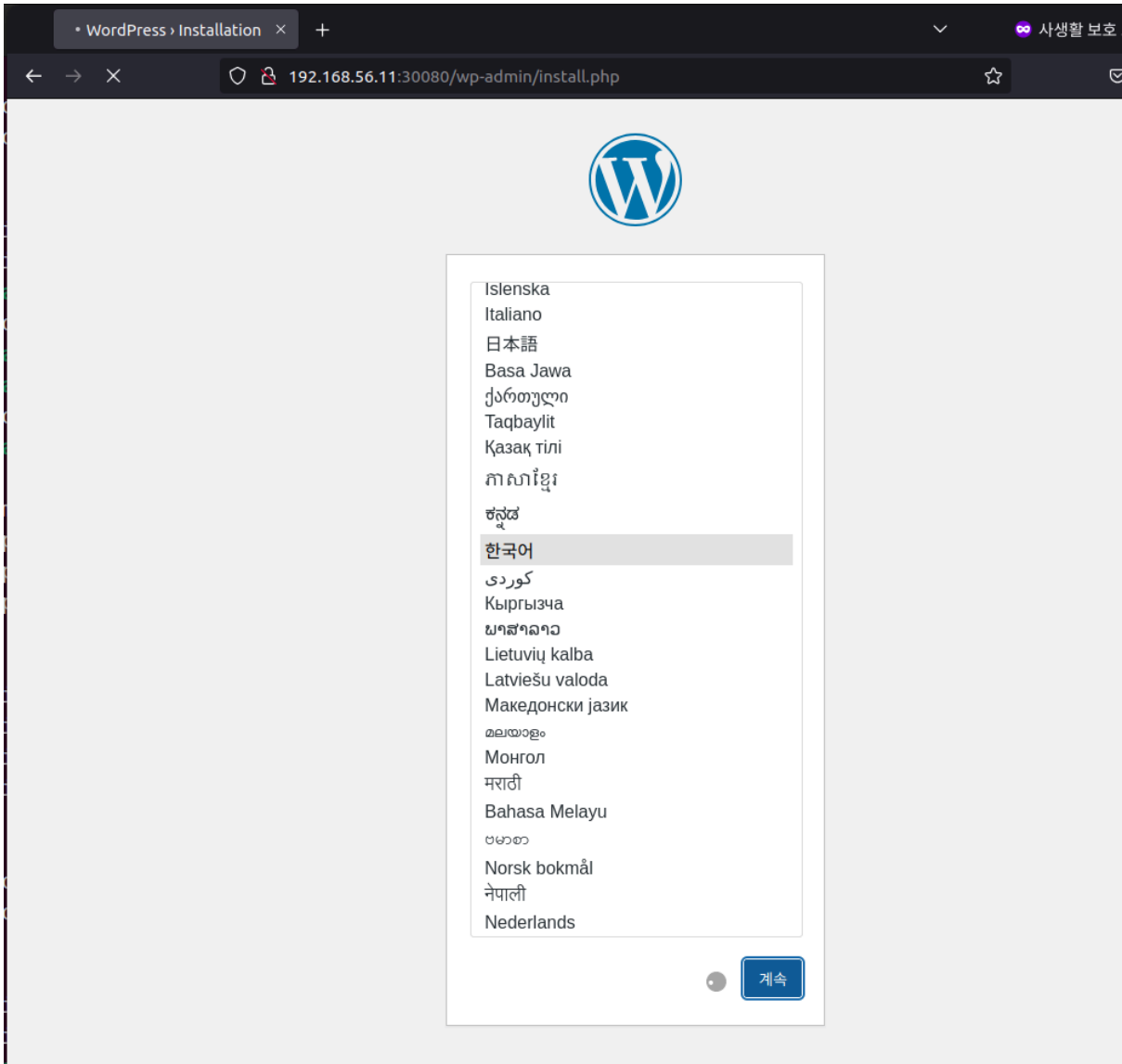
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
```

컨트롤 노드에서도 접속가능

```
root@pj-deploy-word-5b4f6575dc-hj94j:/var/www/html# mysql -u user -p -h 10.233.73.92
Enter password:
Welcome to the MariaDB monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 13
Server version: 5.7.44 MySQL Community Server (GPL)

Copyright (c) 2000, 2018, Oracle, MariaDB Corporation Ab and others.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
```



2.1 Wordpress image

wordpress image 를 직접 구성하기 위해 도커파일을 작성 후 빌드

도커허브에 업로드 하였습니다.

```
RUN sed -i 's/mirrorlist/#mirrorlist/g' /etc/yum.repos.d/CentOS-*
RUN sed -i 's|#baseurl=http://mirror.centos.org|baseurl=http://vault.centos.org|g' /etc/yum.
repos.d/CentOS-*
RUN yum -y install httpd
RUN yum -y install https://rpms.remirepo.net/enterprise/remi-release-7.rpm
RUN yum -y install yum-utils
RUN yum-config-manager --disable remi-php54
RUN yum-config-manager --enable remi-php74
RUN yum -y install php74
RUN yum -y install php74-php php-cli php74-scldevel php74-php-xml php74-php-xmlrpc php74-php
-soap php74-php-process php74-php-pgsql php74-php-pdo php74-php-opcache php74-php-mbstring p
hp74-php-ldap php74-php-json php74-php-ioncube-loader php74-php-intl php74-php-gmp php74-php
-gd php74-php-fpm php74-php-devel php74-php-dba php74-php-common php74-php-cli php74-php-bcm
ath php74-php-redis php74-php-pecl-igbinary php74-php-pecl-imagick-im7 php74-php-pecl-i
magick-im7-devel php74-php-pecl-igbinary-devel php74-php-pecl-geoip php74-php-pecl-xdebug ph
p74-php-pecl-mysqlnd-azure

RUN yum -y install wget
WORKDIR /var/www/html/
RUN wget https://wordpress.org/latest.tar.gz
RUN tar -xvzf latest.tar.gz --strip-components=1

RUN chmod -R a+x /var/www/html
RUN chown -R apache:apache /var/www/html
CMD ["httpd", "-D", "FOREGROUND"]
EXPOSE 80/tcp
```

```

apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: pj-deploy-word
  labels:
    app: pj-deploy-word
spec:
  replicas: 3
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: pj-deploy-word
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: pj-deploy-word
    spec:
      initContainers:
        - name: init-wordpress
          image: 69875/doword:v1
          command: ["/bin/sh", "-c"]
          args:
            - |
              echo "Contents of /var/www/html before copy:"
              ls -l /var/www/html
              echo "Contents of /mnt/html before copy:"
              ls -l /mnt/html
              if [ ! -d /mnt/html/wp-admin ]; then
                echo "Copying files from /var/www/html to /mnt/html"
                cp -r /var/www/html/* /mnt/html/
                echo "Copy complete"
              else
                echo "WordPress files already present in /mnt/html"

```

```

              fi
              echo "Contents of /mnt/html after copy:"
              ls -l /mnt/html
      volumeMounts:
        - name: word-pv
          mountPath: /mnt/html
      containers:
        - name: wordpress
          image: wordpress:latest
          env:
            - name: WORDPRESS_DB_HOST
              value: "mysql:3306"
            - name: WORDPRESS_DB_USER
              value: "user"
            - name: WORDPRESS_DB_PASSWORD
              value: "user"
            - name: WORDPRESS_DB_NAME
              value: "word"
          ports:
            - containerPort: 80
          volumeMounts:
            - name: nfs-share
              mountPath: /var/www/html
      volumes:
        - name: nfs-share
          persistentVolumeClaim:
            claimName: word-pvc

```

wordpress 파일을 만들어진 이미지를 사용해 동작하였습니다.

2.2 결과

```
vagrant@kubernetes:~/kubepro$ kubectl get all
```

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
pod/mysql-75b94558b-pdlwf	1/1	Running	0	92m
pod/pj-deploy-word-859b87c577-4j9pp	1/1	Running	0	4m8s
pod/pj-deploy-word-859b87c577-bnwkr	1/1	Running	0	4m8s
pod/pj-deploy-word-859b87c577-gctlk	1/1	Running	0	4m8s

NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE
service/kubernetes	ClusterIP	10.233.0.1	<none>	443/TCP	136m
service/mysql	ClusterIP	None	<none>	3306/TCP	122m
service/pj-svc-lb	NodePort	10.233.32.29	<none>	80:30001/TCP	92m
service/wordpress	NodePort	10.233.29.54	<none>	80:30080/TCP	122m

NAME	READY	UP-TO-DATE	AVAILABLE	AGE
deployment.apps/mysql	1/1	1	1	92m
deployment.apps/pj-deploy-word	3/3	3	3	4m8s

NAME	DESIRED	CURRENT	READY	AGE
replicaset.apps/mysql-75b94558b	1	1	1	92m
replicaset.apps/pj-deploy-word-859b87c577	3	3	3	4m8s

