

# STM32-MAT/TARGET

## Hands On

Rev 2.0



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# Objectives

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- Hands-on workshop to show you the steps needed to quickly simulate and develop STM32 graphical applications using MATLAB® Simulink environment.
- Know tools installations and settings to be able to start development.
- Know Simulation and « C » Code Generation possibility
- Know how to develop application from scratch
- Know where to obtain additional technical support

- Mandatory Software

- From Mathworks

- MATLAB®, Simulink and Embedded Code



- From STMicroelectronics

- STM32CubeMX A blue cube with a white 'M' shape on it.

- One of following Toolchain

- EWARM from IAR A green wrench and screwdriver icon.

- MDK-ARM from Keil A green square with a white 'K' and 'MDK' text.

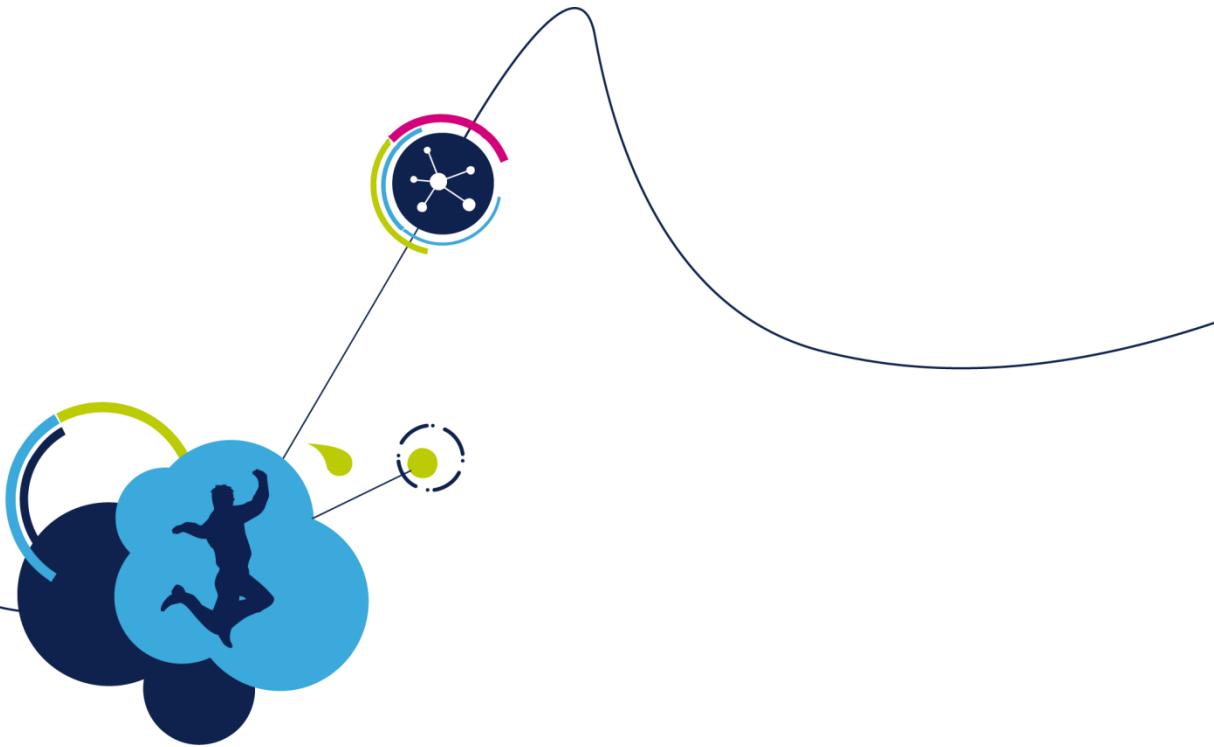
- TrueSTUDIO from Atollic A blue square with a white 'a' and 'TrueSTUDIO' text.

- SW4STM32 from STMicroelectronics A blue square with a white 'S' and 'STM32' text.

- STM32-MAT/TARGET toolkit to develop STM32 applications

- Hardware

- Any electronic application board with STM32 and SWD/JTAG connection.
  - STLinkV2 or 3<sup>rd</sup> parties dongle if not integrated to STM32 application board.
  - USB to Serial adapter.



# Hardware setup

# Step #1 – Hardware selection

- Use one of STM32 boards including STLinkV2

- Nucleo, Discovery, EvaluationBoard etc...
- STM32F3348-DISCO and STM32F429i-DISCO  
will be used during examples.



- Or STM32 application board connected to SWD (Single Wire Debug)/JTAG dongle

- STLinkV2, ULink2, Jlink etc..



- For PIL (Processor In the Loop) communication.

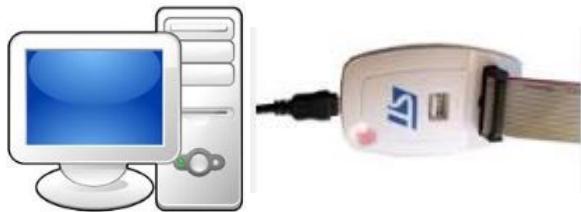
- USB to Serial adapter is needed or board integrating VCP(Virtual COM Port)



# Step #2 – Hardware connection

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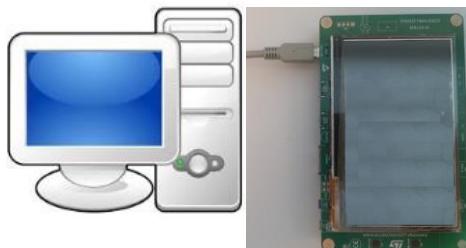
- Connect USB dongle port to PC USB port



- And connect STM32 HE10 20 pins connector to STM32 target board



- Or connect PC USB port to embedded STLinkV2



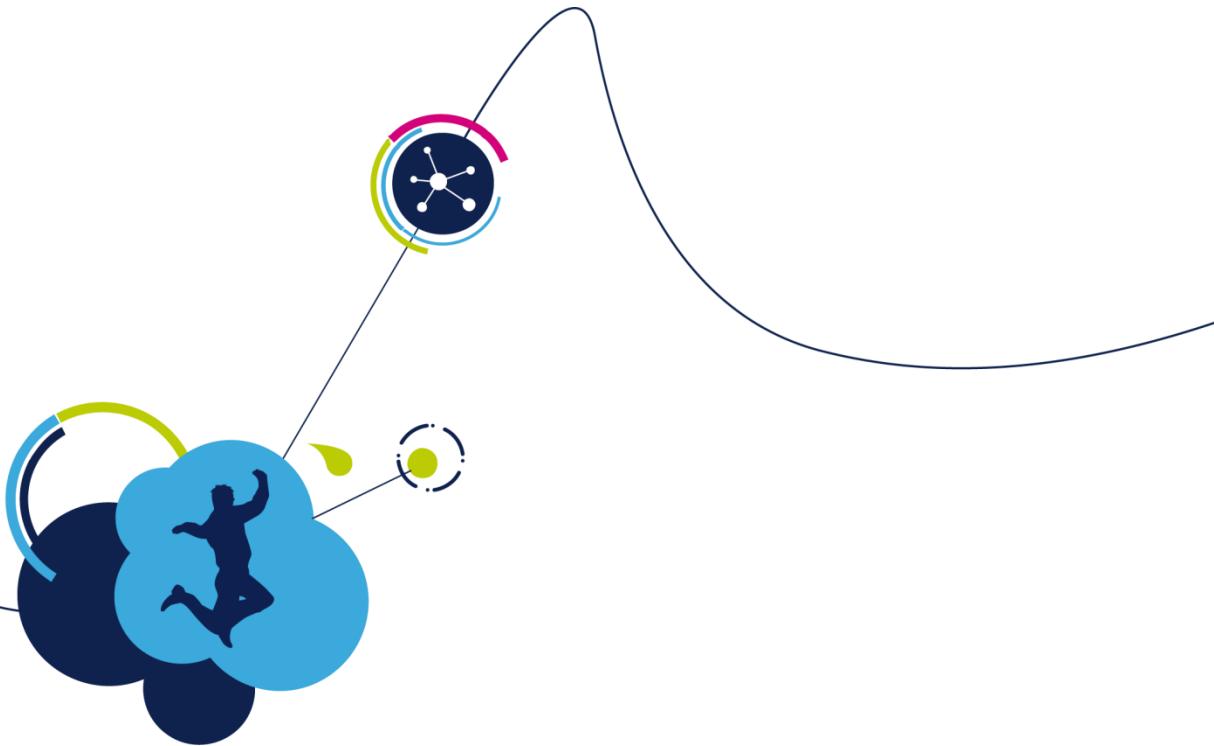
# Step #3 – Hardware connection

- As soon as you are using ST-LINK/V2

- look at  
<http://www.st.com/web/catalog/tools/FM146/CL1984/SC720/SS1450/PF251168?searchtype=partnumber>
- « Related Tools and Software » section to check or update firmware

## Related Tools and Software

Related Tools and Software	
Part Number	Description
STSW-LINK004	STM32 ST-LINK utility
STSW-LINK005	ST-LINK/V2 firmware upgrade
STSW-LINK009	ST-Link, ST-Link/V2, ST-Link/V2-1 USB driver signed for XP, Windows7, Windows8



# Software setup

# Quick description of tools

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## MATLAB®

High level language for complex calculation

## Simulink

Graphical development environment  
Complete environment of simulation and implementation of embedded systems.

## Embedded Coder

C code generation for embedded system.  
Embedded system interface



## STM32Cube Embedded Software

Collection of embedded software components, highly portable from one STM32 to another

## STM32CubeMX



Configuration software tool on the PC, able to generate initialization C code versus user choices

## Toolchain

One toolchain from partners or ST is required to compile and link C code generated by Embedded Coder, STM32CubeMX and STM32Cube embedded software



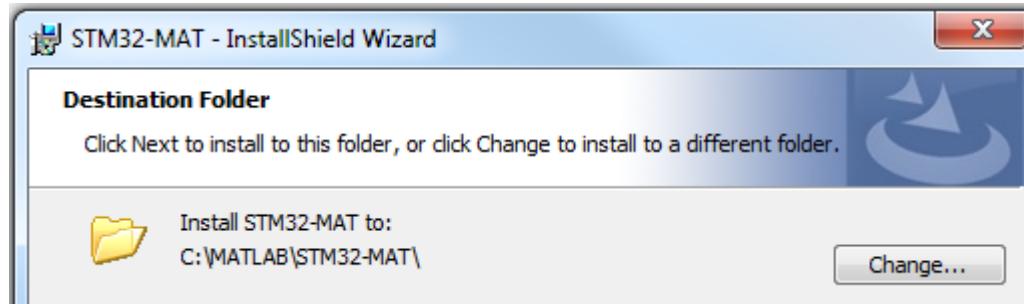
# Step #1 – Software installation

- Install MathWorks software (R2015b or later)
  - MATLAB®, Simulink, Embedded Coder are mandatory
  - Add-ons : SimPowerSystems, Simscape and Staflow for motor control applications if needed.
  - <http://www.mathworks.com>
- Install STM32CubeMX
  - Download and documents available from : [www.st.com/microxplorer](http://www.st.com/microxplorer)
- Install toolchain (Cf Slide 3 : « Systems Check »)
  - Cf Slide 3 « Systems Check » to get link to supported 3rd parties download area.

# Step #2 – Software installation

- **Install STM32-MAT/TARGET**

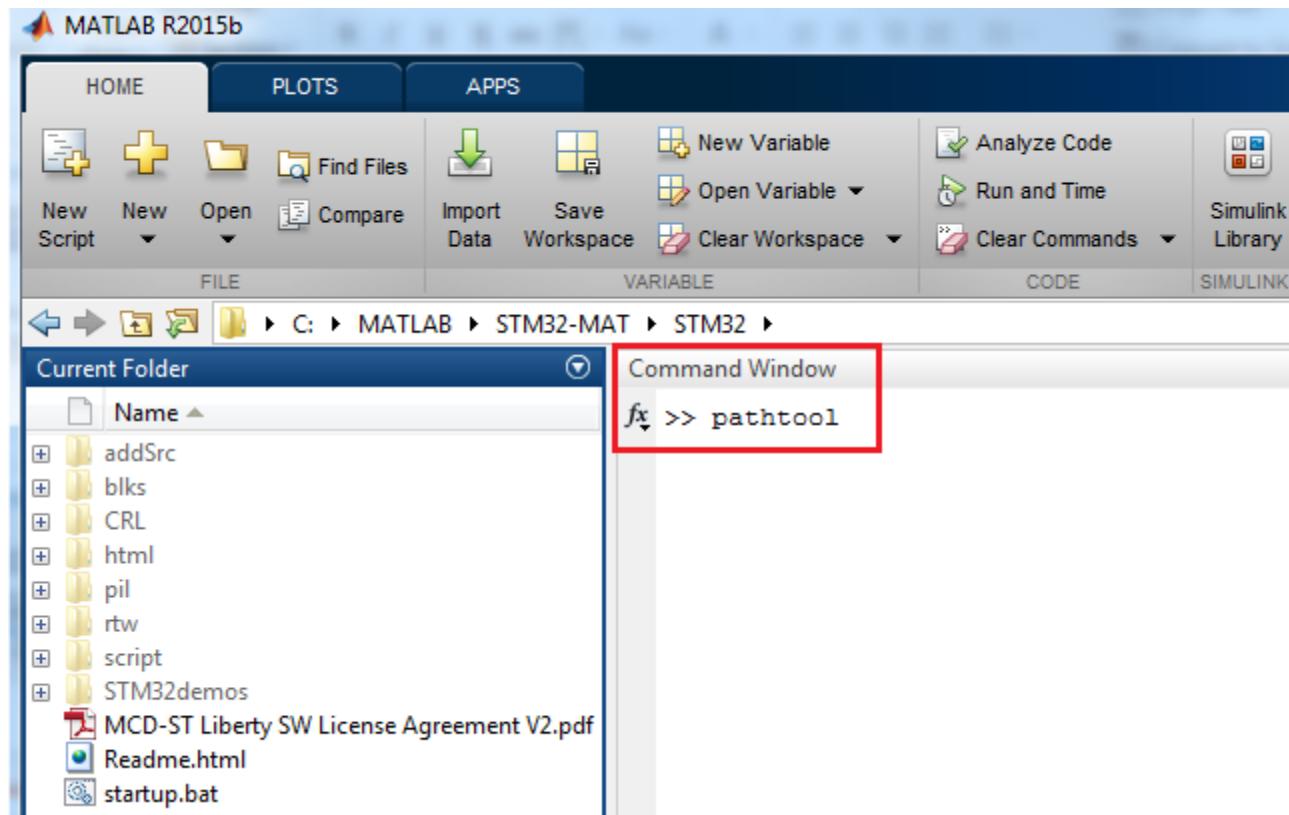
- STM32 embedded target for MATLAB® and Simulink
- This toolkit is mandatory to integrate STM32 to MathWorks tools.
- Download and documents available from : [click here](#)
- Unzip « stm32-mat\_target.zip »
- Run «STM32MatTarget\_xx\_setup.exe » (xx = software version)
- Default installation path is « C:\MATLAB\STM32-MAT » repository



# Step #3 – STM32-MAT/TARGET integration

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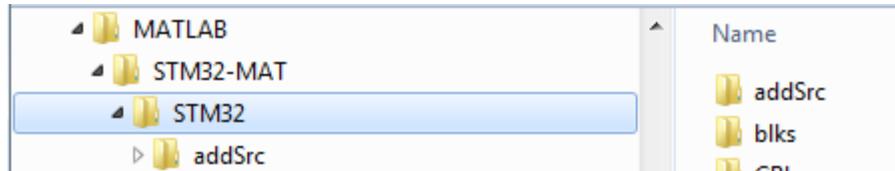
- Integrate STM32-MAT/TARGET to MathWorks flow
  1. Open MATLAB®
  2. Enter « **pathtool** » command from CommandWindow



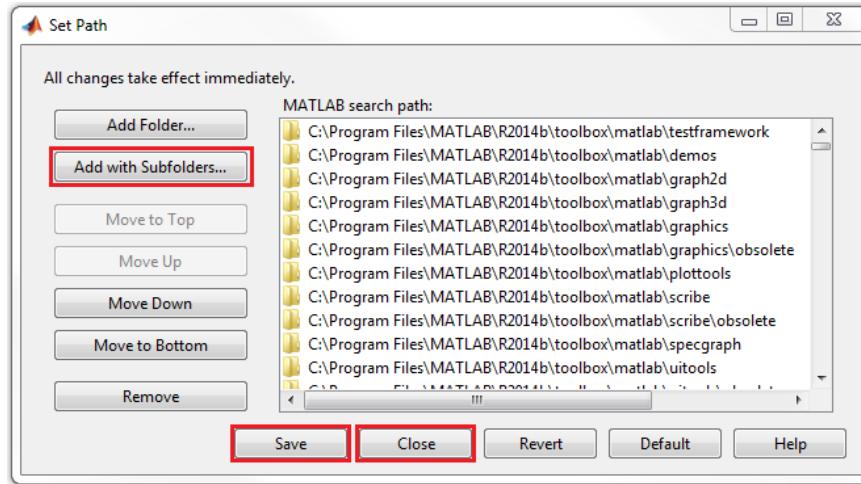
# Step #4 – STM32-MAT/TARGET integration

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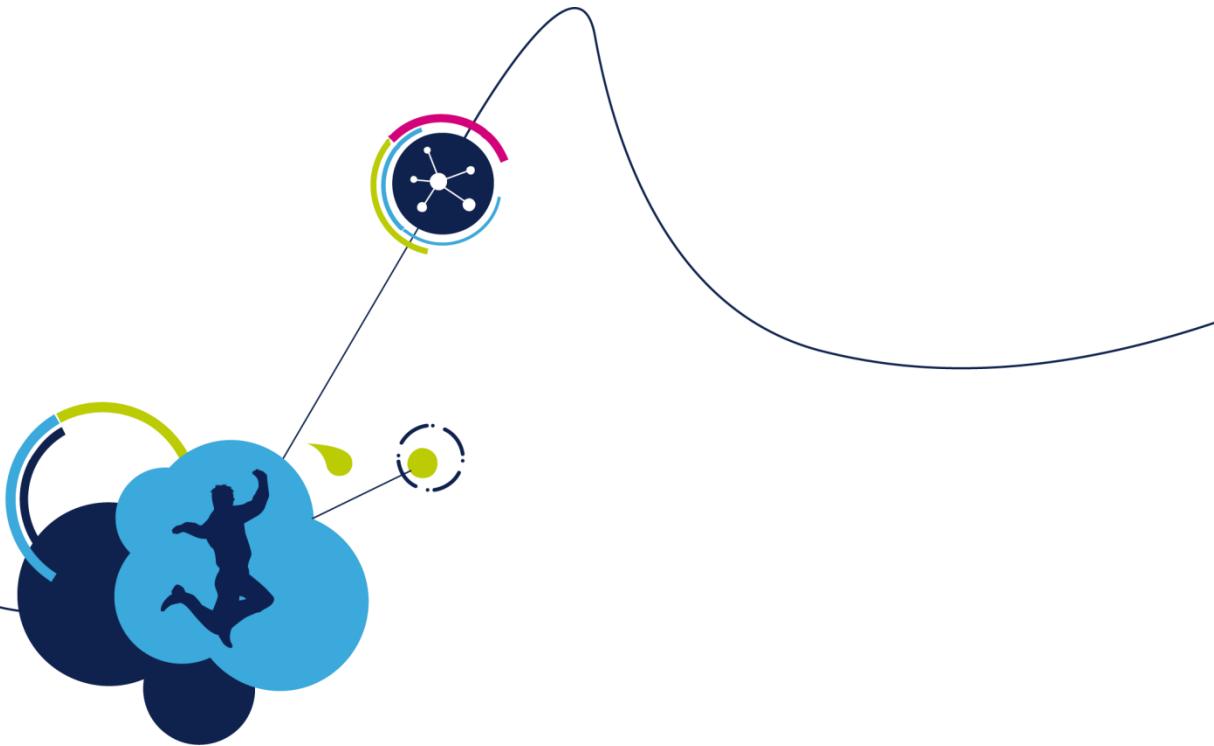
3. Click « Add with Subfolders... » button on « Set path » window.
4. Select STM32 installed path
  - Default path :C:\MATLAB\STM32-MAT\STM32



5. Click « Save » then « Close » button.



6. Simulink is then ready to design STM32 application.



# Scenarios and Tools usage

# Simulation / PIL / Code Generation

- Step 1: Pure simulation

- Everything done on the PC. Only MATLAB® and Simulink are needed

MATLAB®/  
Simulink

- Step 2: Processor-in-the-loop (PIL)

- Algorithm fully executed on STM32
- Data (Input or output) exchanged between MATLAB®/Simulink and STM32 via UART

MATLAB®/  
Simulink  
Embedded  
Coder

STM32Cube  
Embedded  
Software  
STM32CubeMX

Toolchain

\*: used only for UART



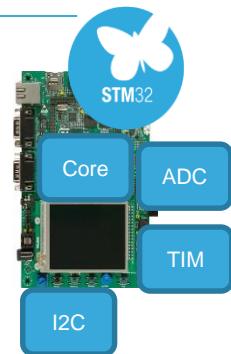
- Step 3: Everything on STM32

- Data (input or output) obtained within STM32 through its peripherals (ADC, Timers, ...) and algorithm fully executed on STM32

MATLAB®/  
Simulink  
Embedded  
Coder

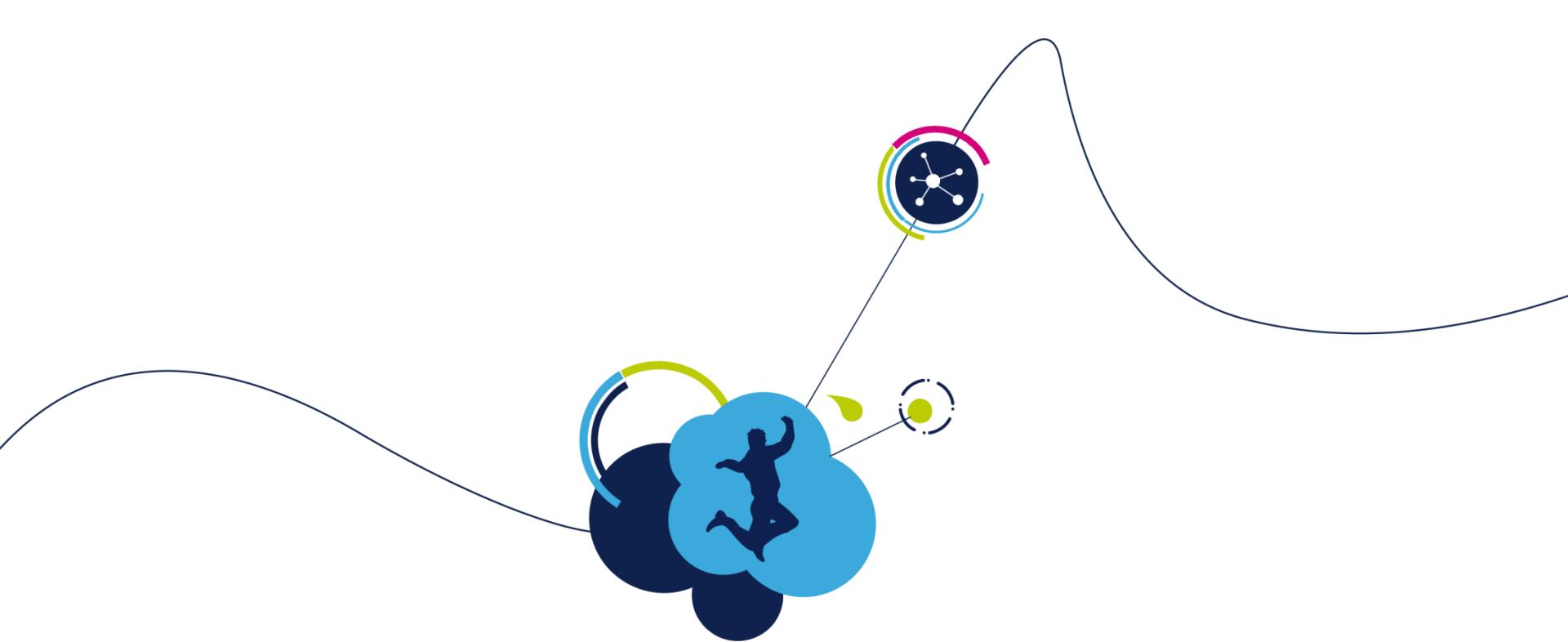
STM32Cube  
Embedded  
Software  
STM32CubeMX

Toolchain



- Scenarios are independent and can be done individually

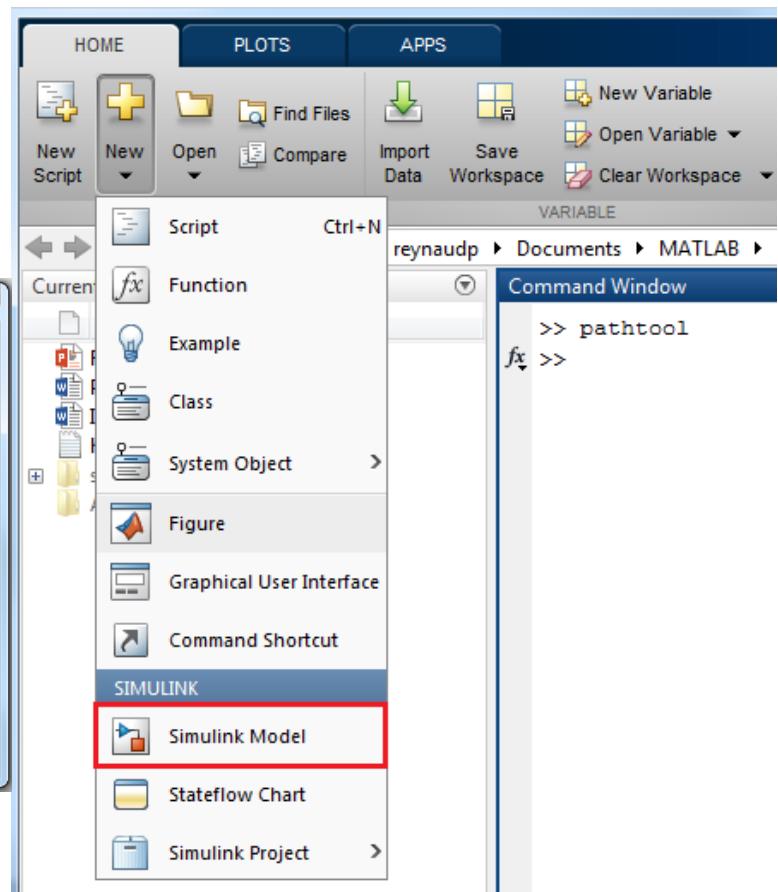
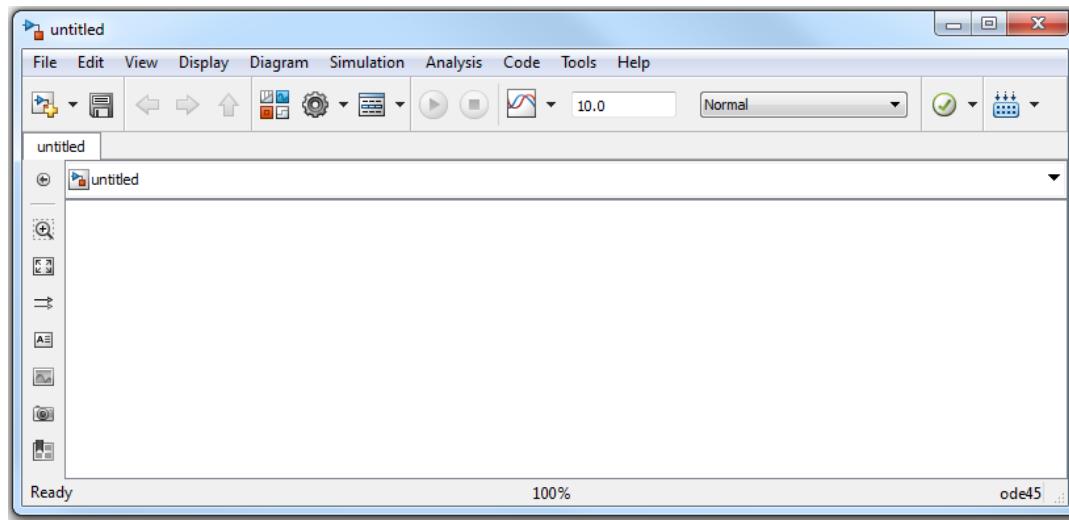
- Simulink graphical applications can :
  - Be Simulated on PC.
    - MATLAB® and Simulink needed only.
  - Process Simulink data on STM32 target
    - MATLAB®, Simulink, STM32CubeMX, one toolchain and STM32-MAT/TARGET must have been installed.
  - Generate C code project for this application
    - MATLAB®, Simulink, STM32CubeMX, one toolchain and STM32-MAT/TARGET must have been installed.
  - External Mode
    - MATLAB®, Simulink, STM32CubeMX, one toolchain and STM32-MAT/TARGET must have been installed.
- Simulink model must be created and configured to be able to develop STM32 graphical applications.



# Simulink model setting

# Simulink Model Setting 1/4

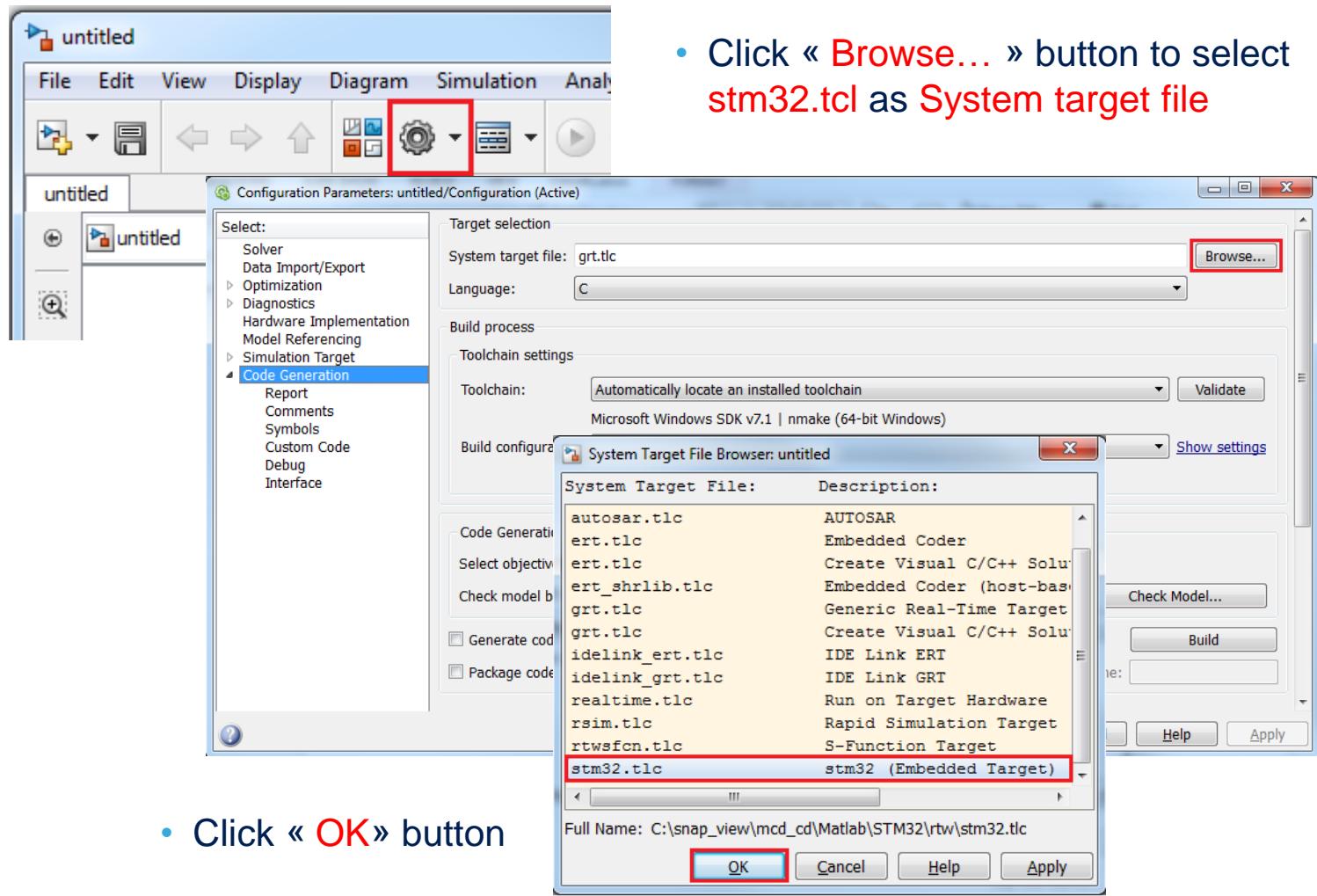
- From MATLAB® IDE click **New>Simulink Model** to open a new Simulink graphical application model.



- Then application parameters must be set for STM32 target.....

# Simulink Model Setting 2/4

- Open Configuration Parameters window and select Code Generation

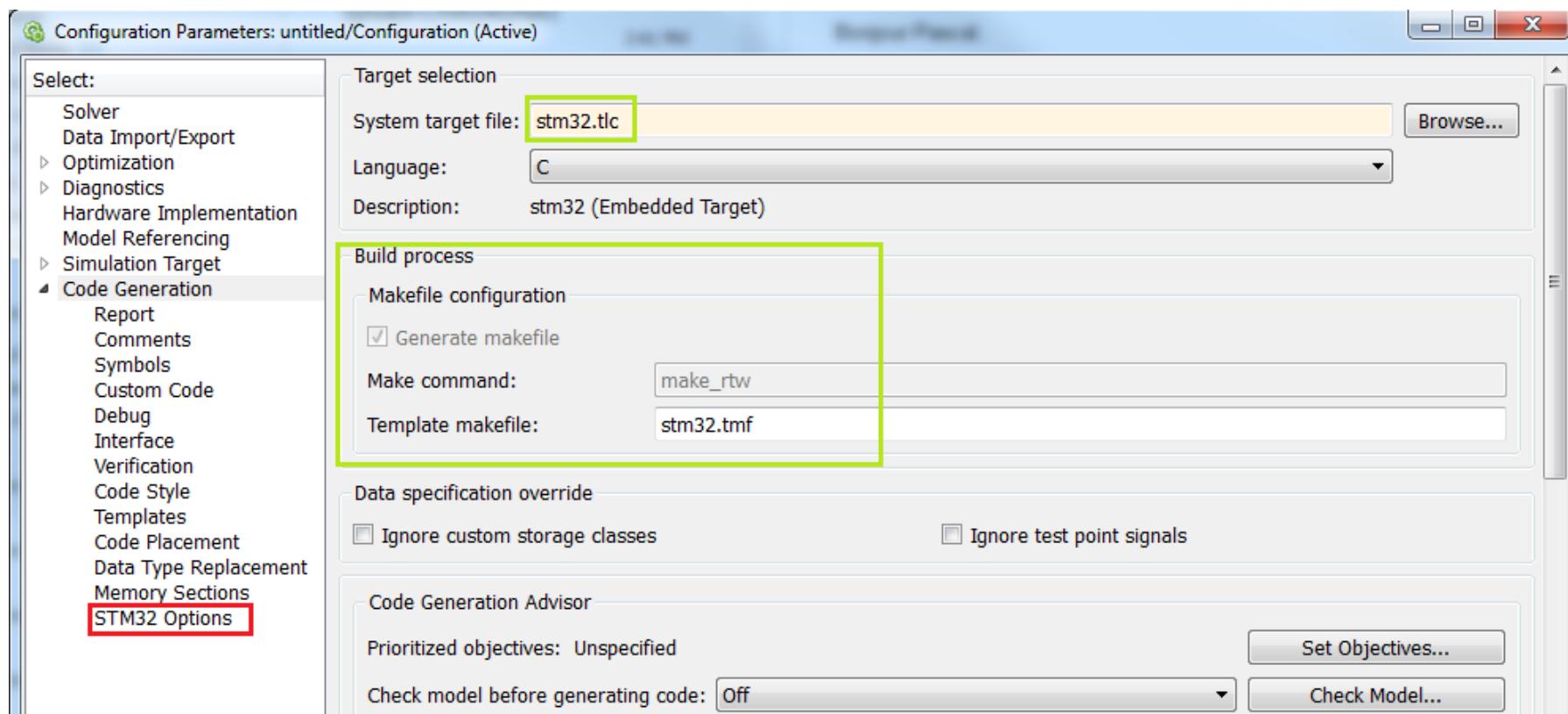


- Click « OK » button

# Simulink Model Setting 3/4

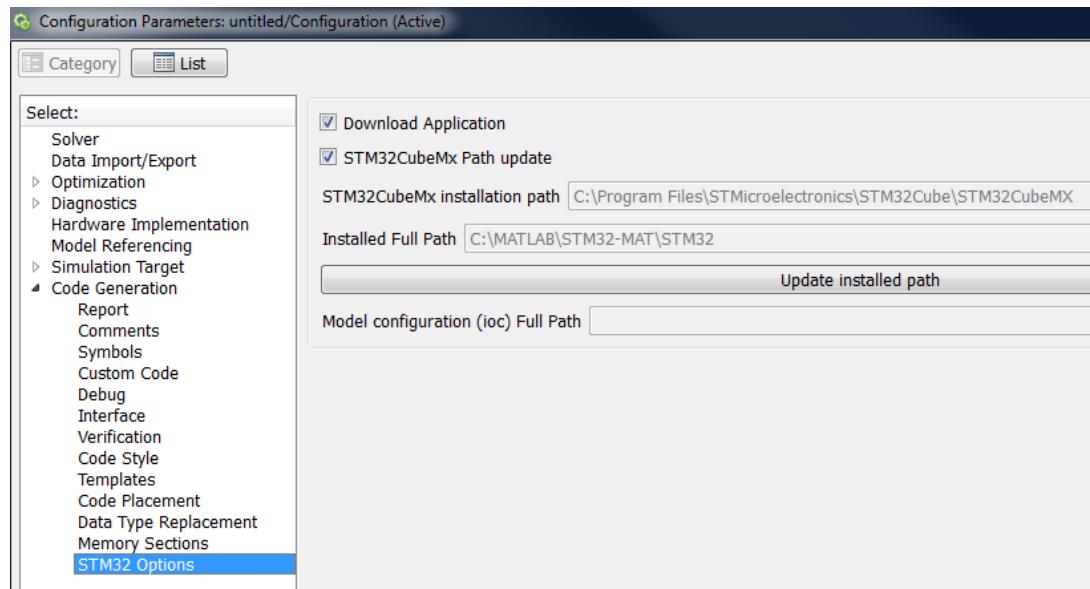
21

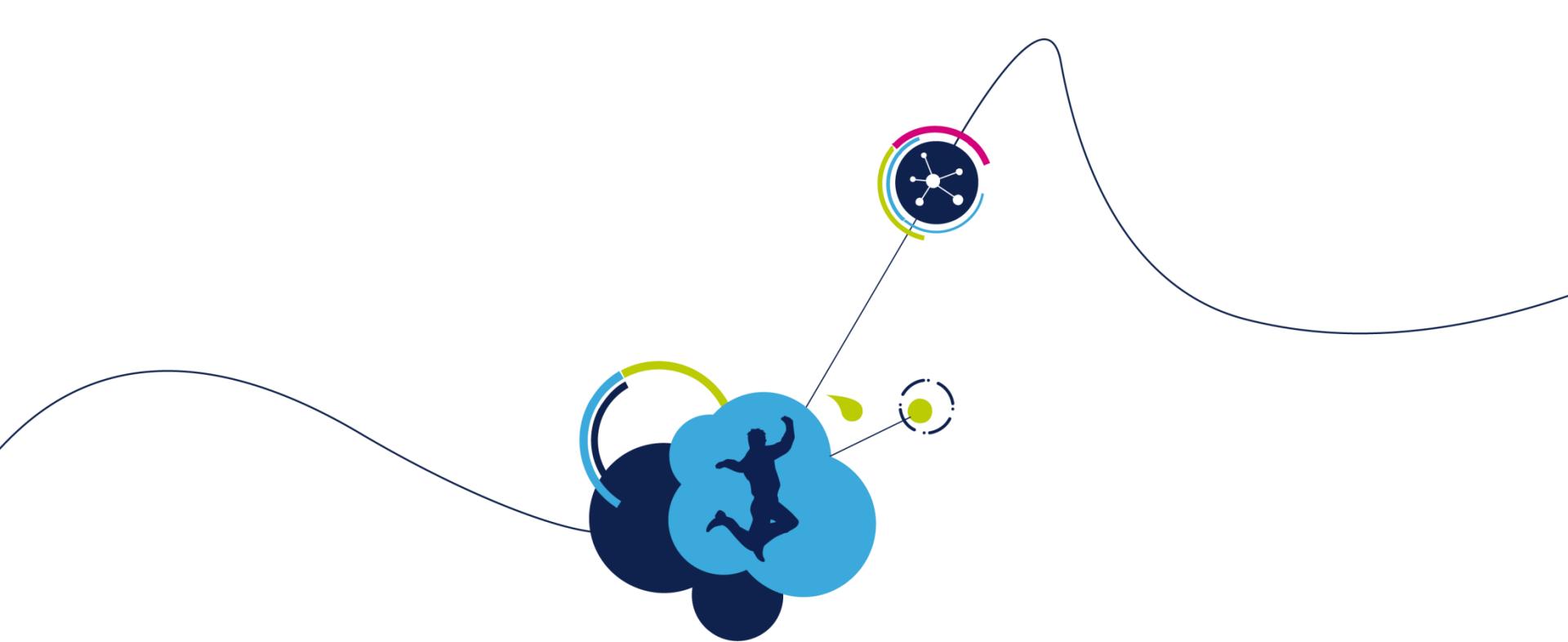
- stm32.tlc has been selected, Build process parameters has changed
  - Select STM32 Options



# Simulink Model Setting 4/4

- STM32CubeMX Path update is used to automatically update STM32CubeMX installation path.
  - Path selected during STM32CubeMX installation
- Download Application is used to start STM32CubeMX to generate project.
  - Uncheck for code generation only
- Installed Full path is STM32-MAT/TARGET installation path.
  - Default path : C:\MATLAB\STM32-MAT\STM32
- Update installed path to update path when it has changed
- Model configuration (ioc) Full path is hardware configuration file path created using STM32CubeMX for this Simulink application
  - Read only, updated from STM32\_Config model.





# PC pure simulation

# Tools usage

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- Step 1: Pure simulation
  - Everything done on the PC

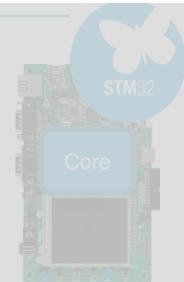
MATLAB®/  
Simulink

- Step 2: Processor-in-the-loop (PIL)
  - Algorithm fully executed on STM32
  - Data (Input or output) exchanged between MATLAB®/Simulink and STM32 via UART

MATLAB®/  
Simulink  
Embedded  
Coder

STM32Cube  
Embedded  
Software  
STM32CubeMX

Toolchain



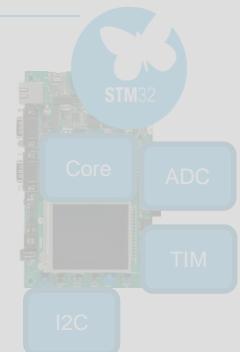
\*: used only for UART

- Step 3: Everything on STM32
  - Data (input or output) obtained within STM32 through its peripherals (ADC, Timers, ...) and algorithm fully executed on STM32

MATLAB®/  
Simulink  
Embedded  
Coder

STM32Cube  
Embedded  
Software  
STM32CubeMX

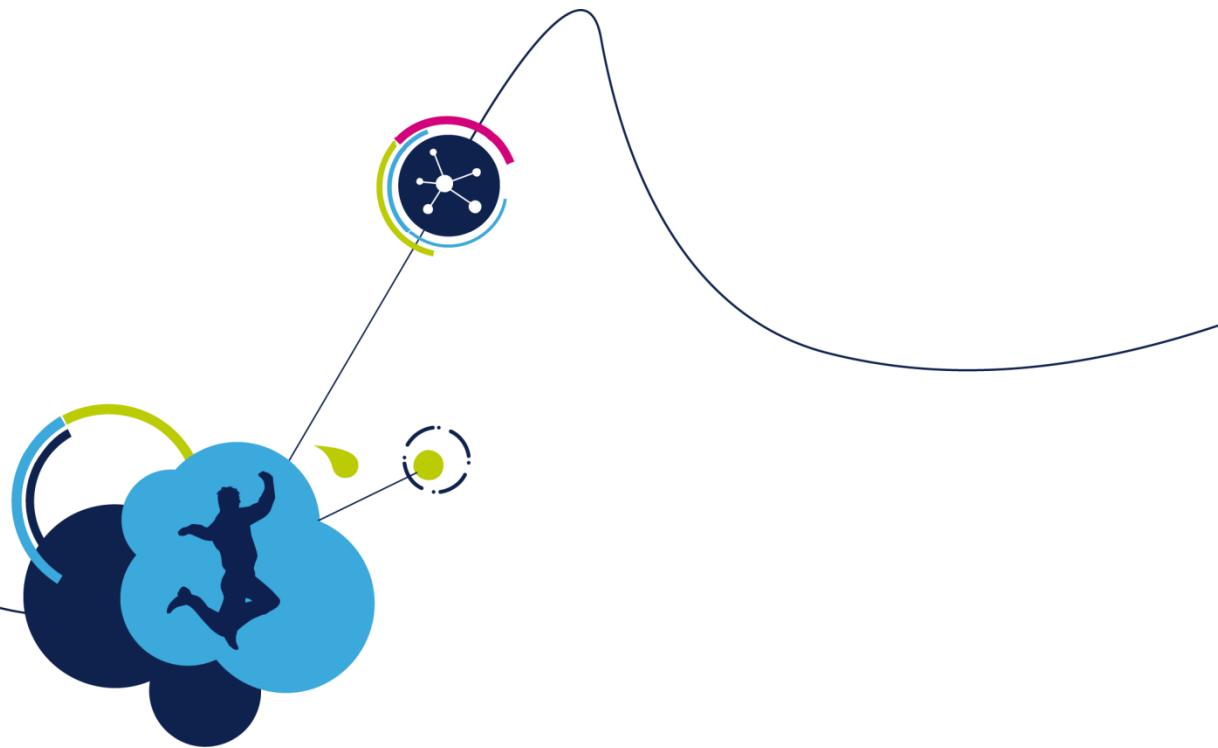
Toolchain



# MATLAB® & Simulink

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- Not a subject for this HandsOn
- General purpose for MATLAB®/Simulink
- Doesn't need STM32-MAT/TARGET toolkit.
- Contact MathWorks for MATLAB®, Simulink trainings



# Processor in The Loop (PIL)

# Tools usage

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- Step 1: Pure simulation
  - Everything done on the PC

MATLAB®/  
Simulink

- Step 2: Processor-in-the-loop (PIL)
  - Algorithm fully executed on STM32
  - Data (Input or output) exchanged between MATLAB®/Simulink and STM32 via UART

MATLAB®/  
Simulink  
Embedded  
Coder

STM32Cube  
Embedded  
Software  
STM32CubeMX

Toolchain



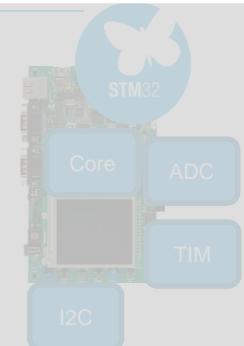
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- Step 3: Everything on STM32
  - Data (input or output) obtained within STM32 through its peripherals (ADC, Timers, ...) and algorithm fully executed on STM32

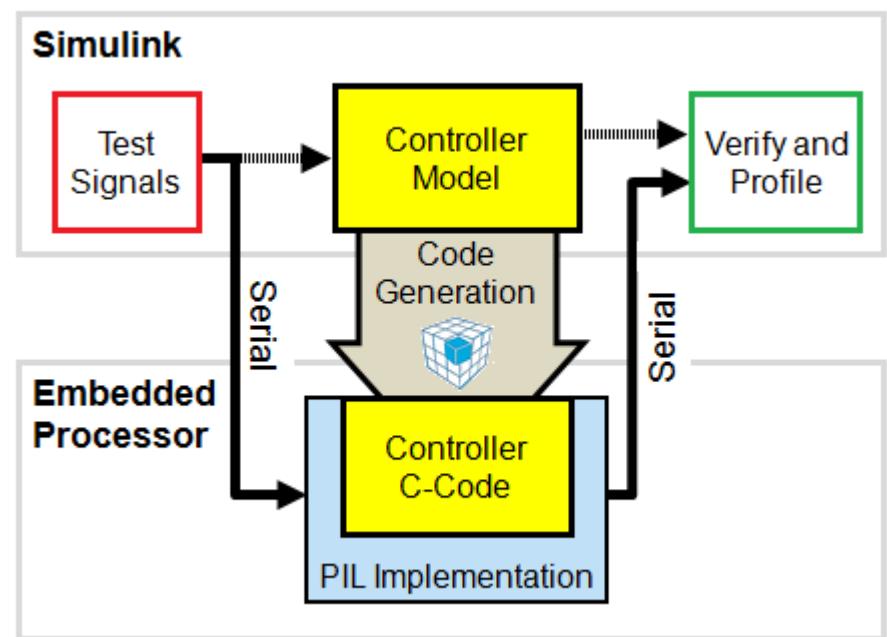
MATLAB®/  
Simulink  
Embedded  
Coder

STM32Cube  
Embedded  
Software  
STM32CubeMX

Toolchain



- PIL is used to run MATLAB® algorithm on STM32
  - To see if STM32's computational results are numerically equivalent to PC-based simulation results.
  - To measure directly the time to execute the model steps (**profiling**)
- PIL simulation uses serial port to send data from Simulink to STM32 and receive Simulink processed data back from STM32
- PIL simulation doesn't run in « real-time »
  - Simulink is « master » sending asynchronously data to STM32 through serial port.
  - STM32 waits for data from Simulink, process data (in real-time) and send it back to Simulink through serial-port.
- PIL simulation doesn't process real data from STM32 peripherals.
  - STM32 peripherals (ADC etc...) are not used.
  - Only STM32 USART peripheral is used to communicate with Simulink.

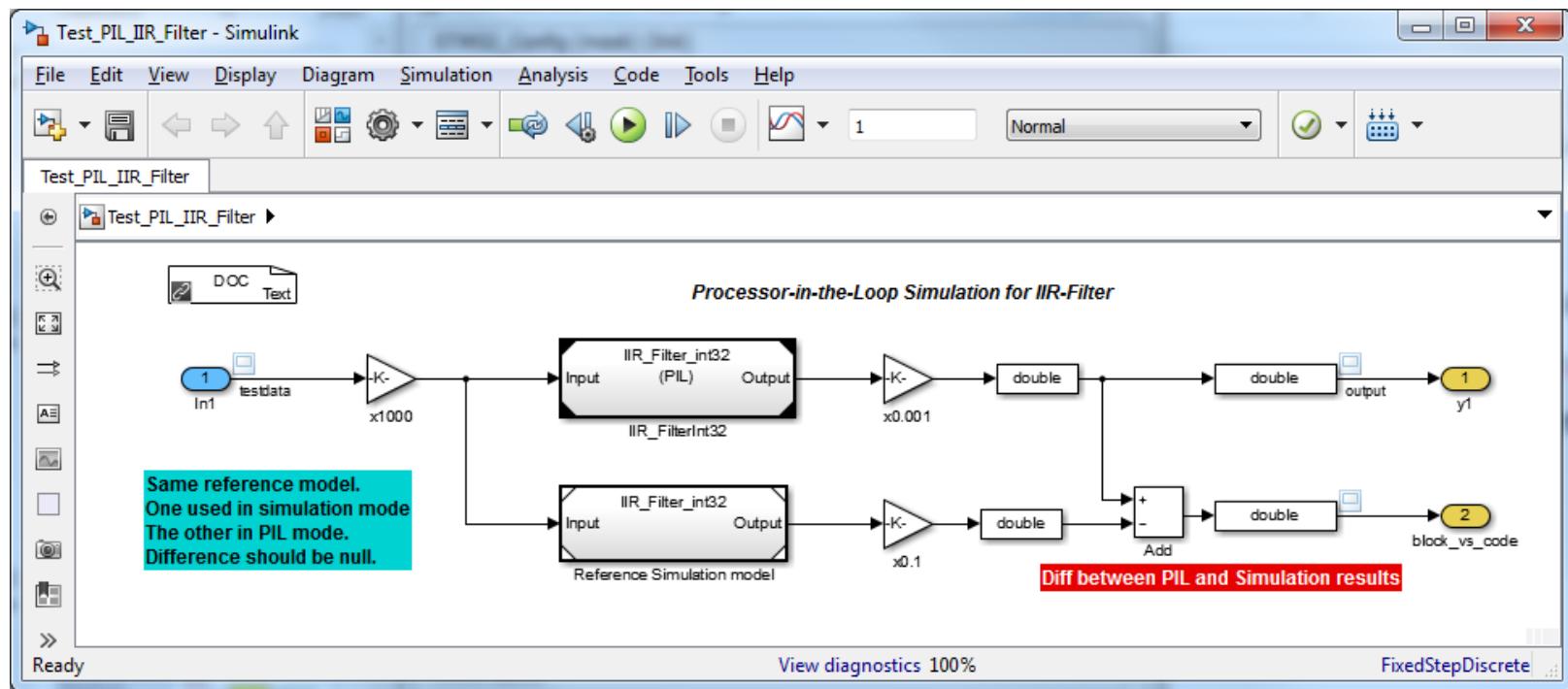


# PIL Example

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- IIR Filter example

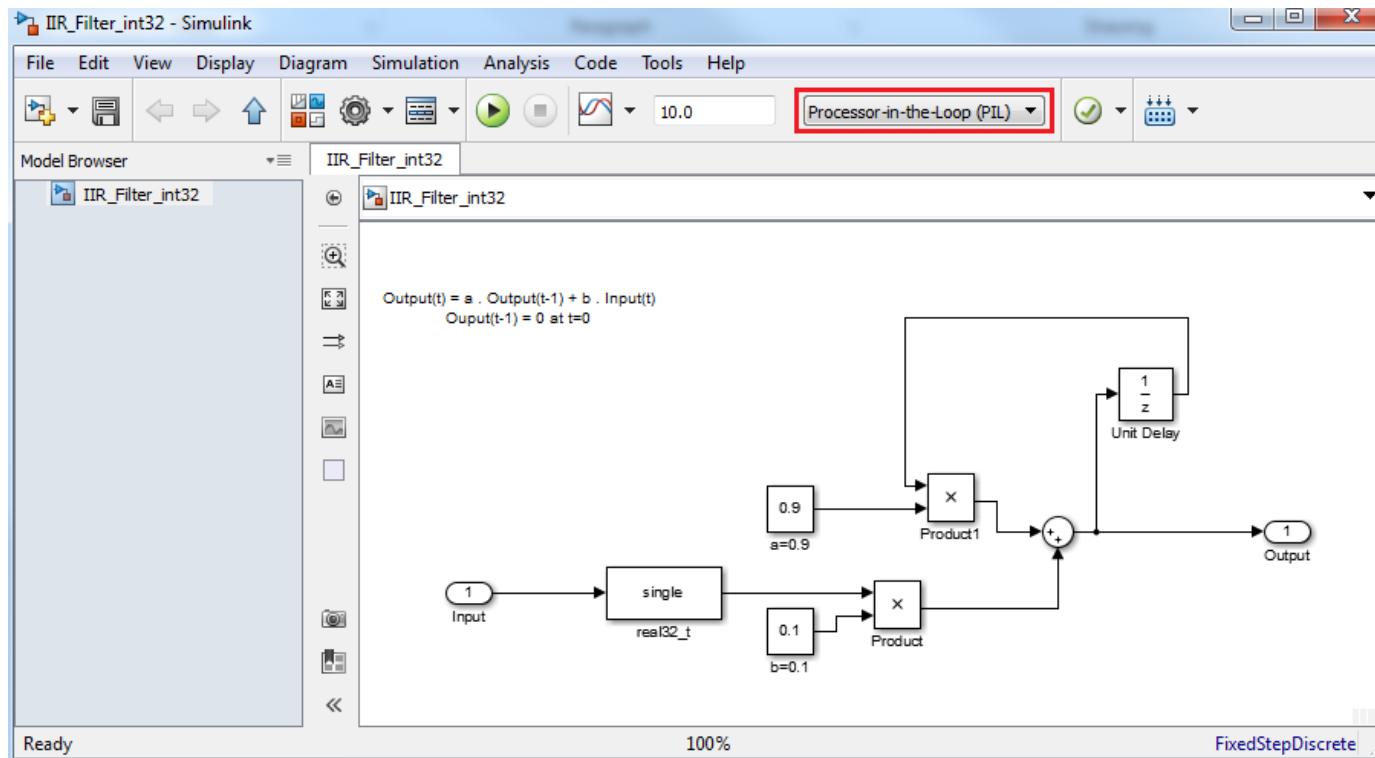
- Open Test\_PIL\_IIR\_Filter.mdl model example from C:\MATLAB\STM32-MAT\STM32\STM32demos\PIL\Filter (Default STM32-MAT/TARGET installation path)



# Reference Model for PIL

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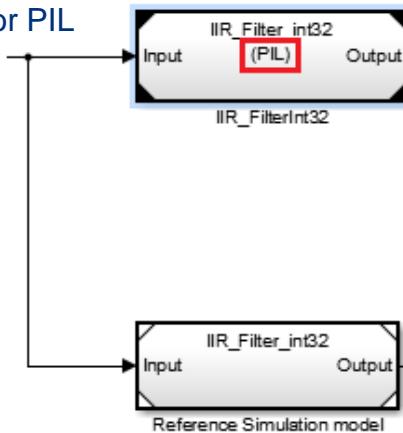
- It uses IIR\_Filter\_int32.mdl as reference model.
- IIR\_Filter\_int32.mdl is a simple algorithm for one order filtering.
- IIR\_Filter\_int32.mdl is set to be used for Processor-in-the-loop (PIL)



# PIL setting vs Simulation

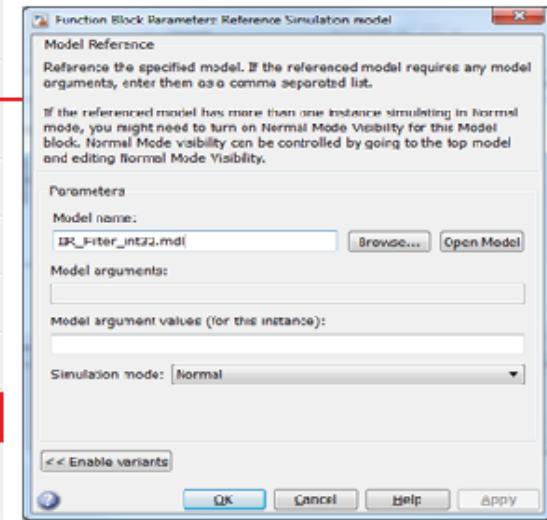
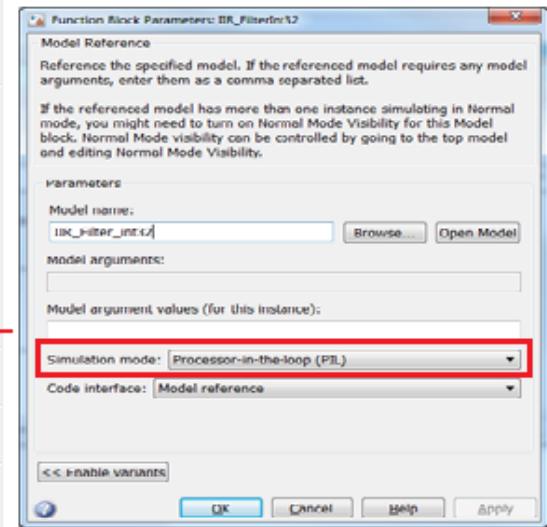
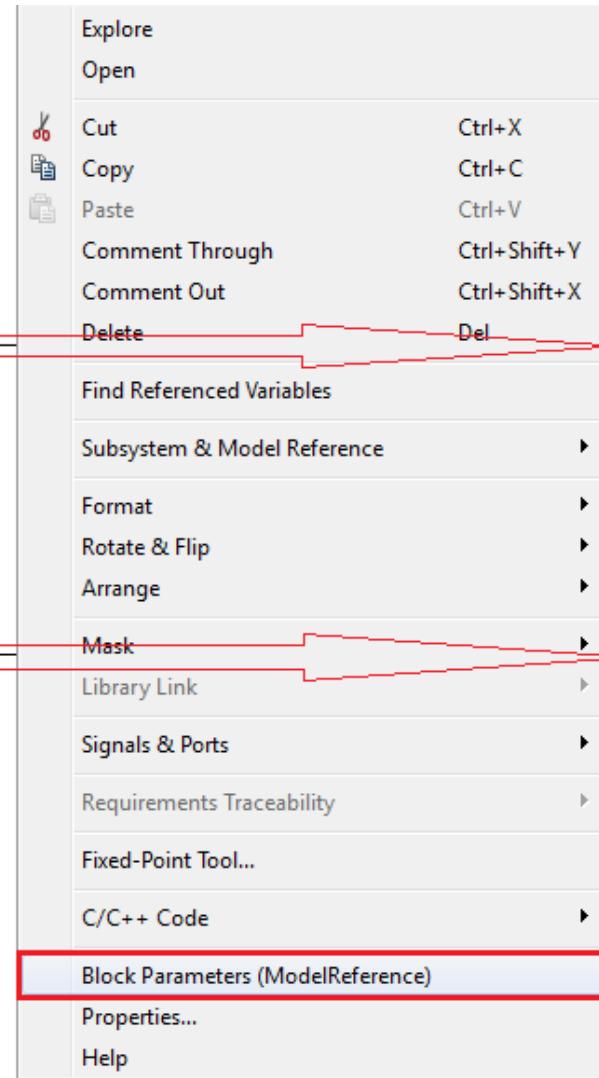
- IIR\_filter\_int32 model is used twice :

- One is set for PIL



- One is set for simulation model (Normal)

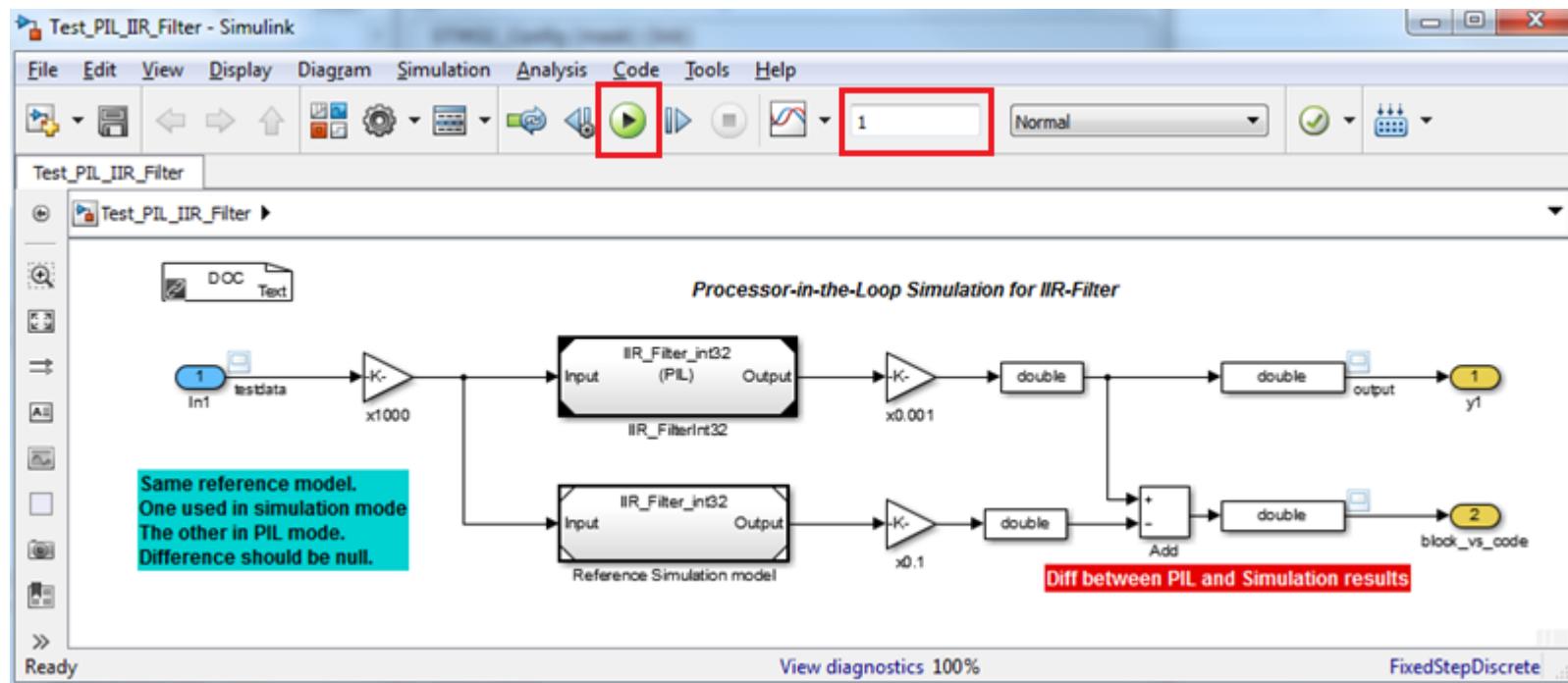
- Click right mouse button on each reference model to open select Block Parameters



# Simulink PIL start

32

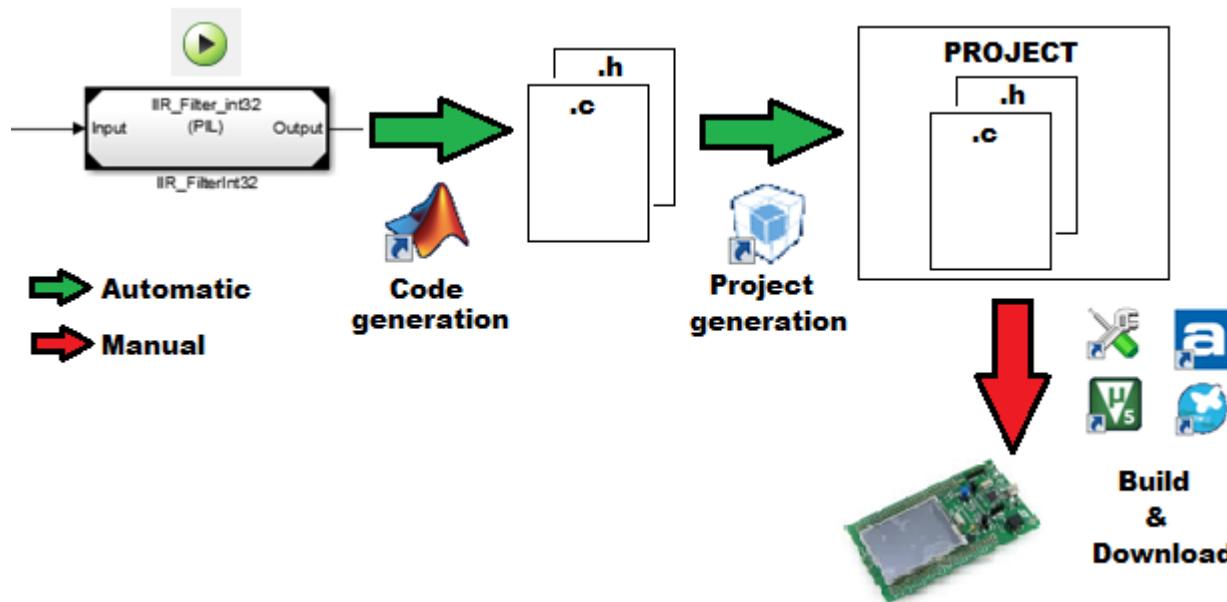
- Set simulation duration time and click run simulation green button
  - Example : Simulate 1second



# Code generation overview

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- PIL reference model runs into STM32 target as simulation model runs on PC
  - Automatic conversion of PIL model to .c/.h files
  - Automatic call to STM32CubeMX to create project
  - Manually build and download project to STM32 target from selected toolchain



# PC/STM32 communication overview

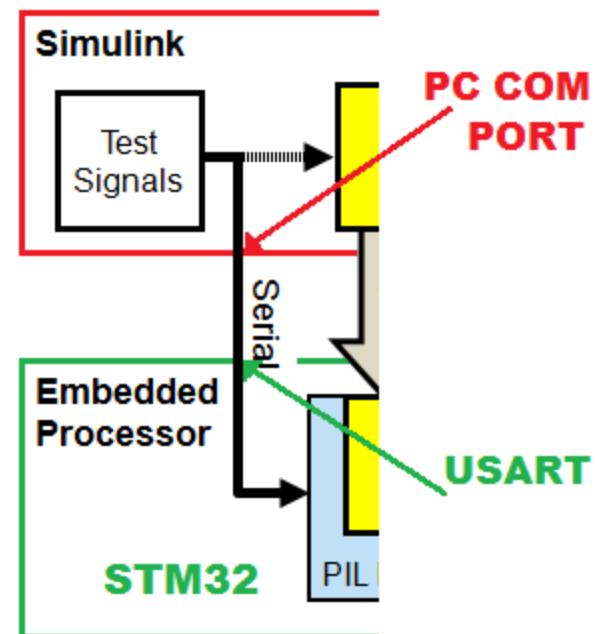
34

- Some parameters are requested when you start PIL

- STM32 Target
  - STM32 device that will run the application

- PC Communication Port
  - COMx
    - Default parameters : 115200bds, 8b, no parity, 1 stop

- STM32 Communication Port
  - USARTx
    - USARTx, Port and Pins for Rx/Tx
    - Same parameters as PC COM Port selection

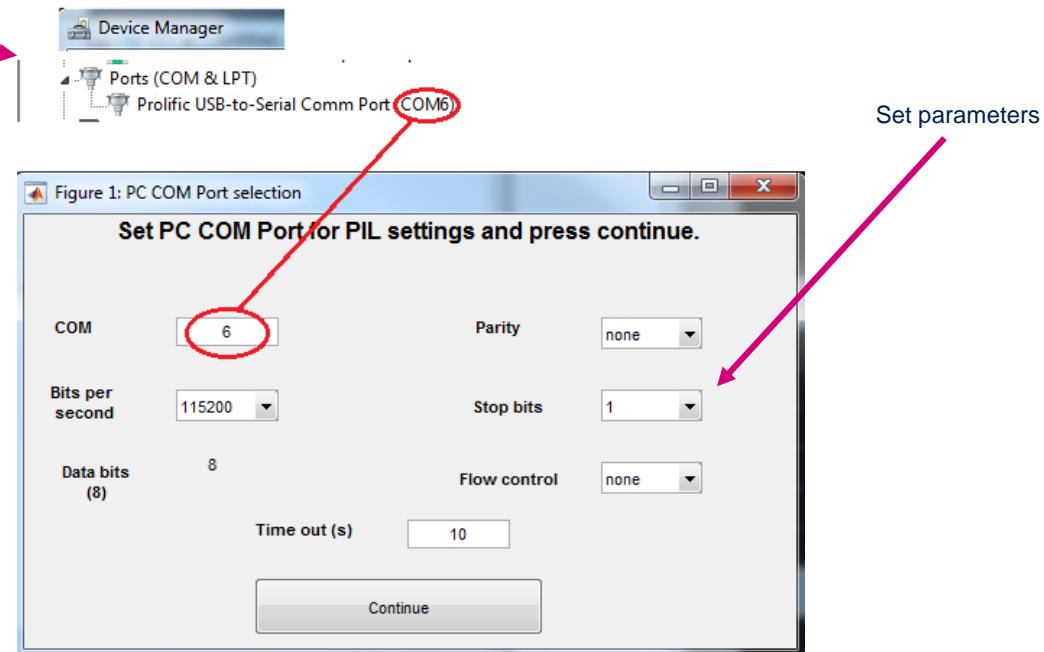


- PC COM Port from Device Manager

- 8b is fixed, other parameters can be changed
- Time Out: Simulink message error after 10 seconds without communication.



Look at Windows  
«Device Manager» to  
find PC COM Port

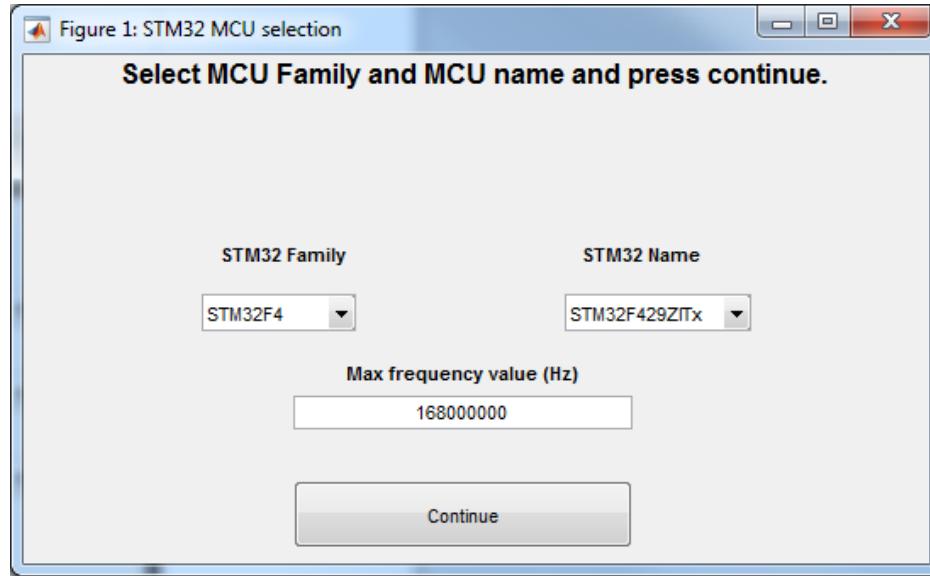


- STM32 Selection

- Example with STM32F429i-DISCO board
  - Family : STM32F4
  - Name: STM32F429ZITx
  - Frequency:168MHz (by default STM32max speed is selected)



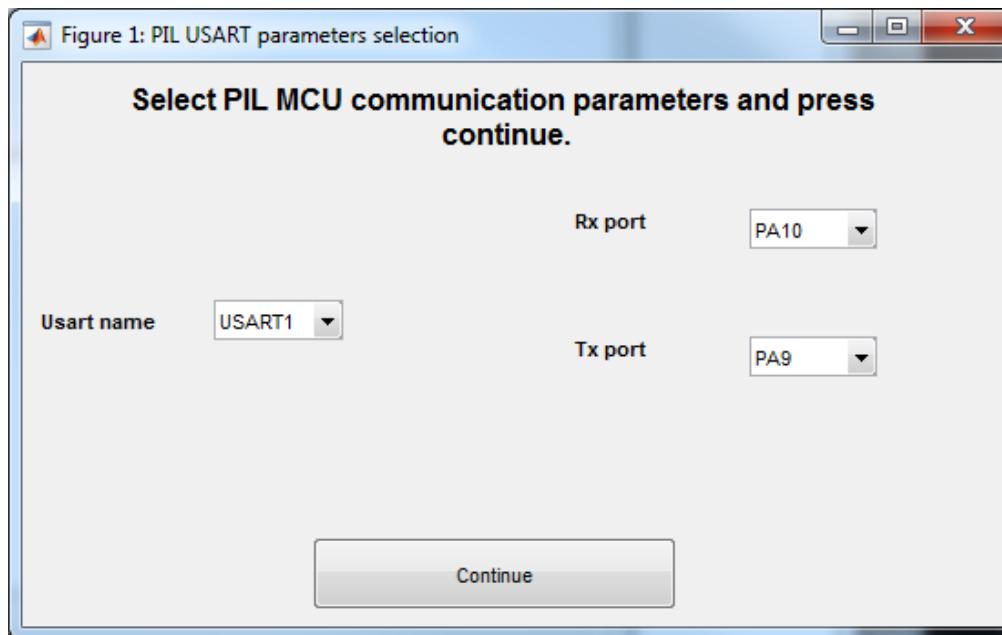
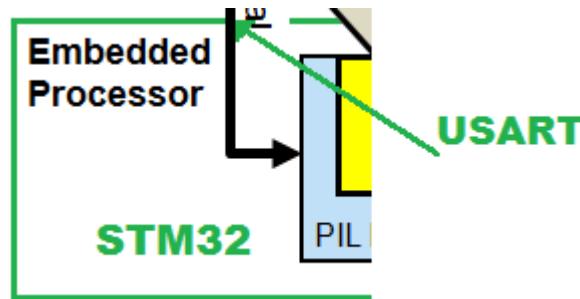
Frequency value is used for Profiling.  
To compute STM32 processing time.



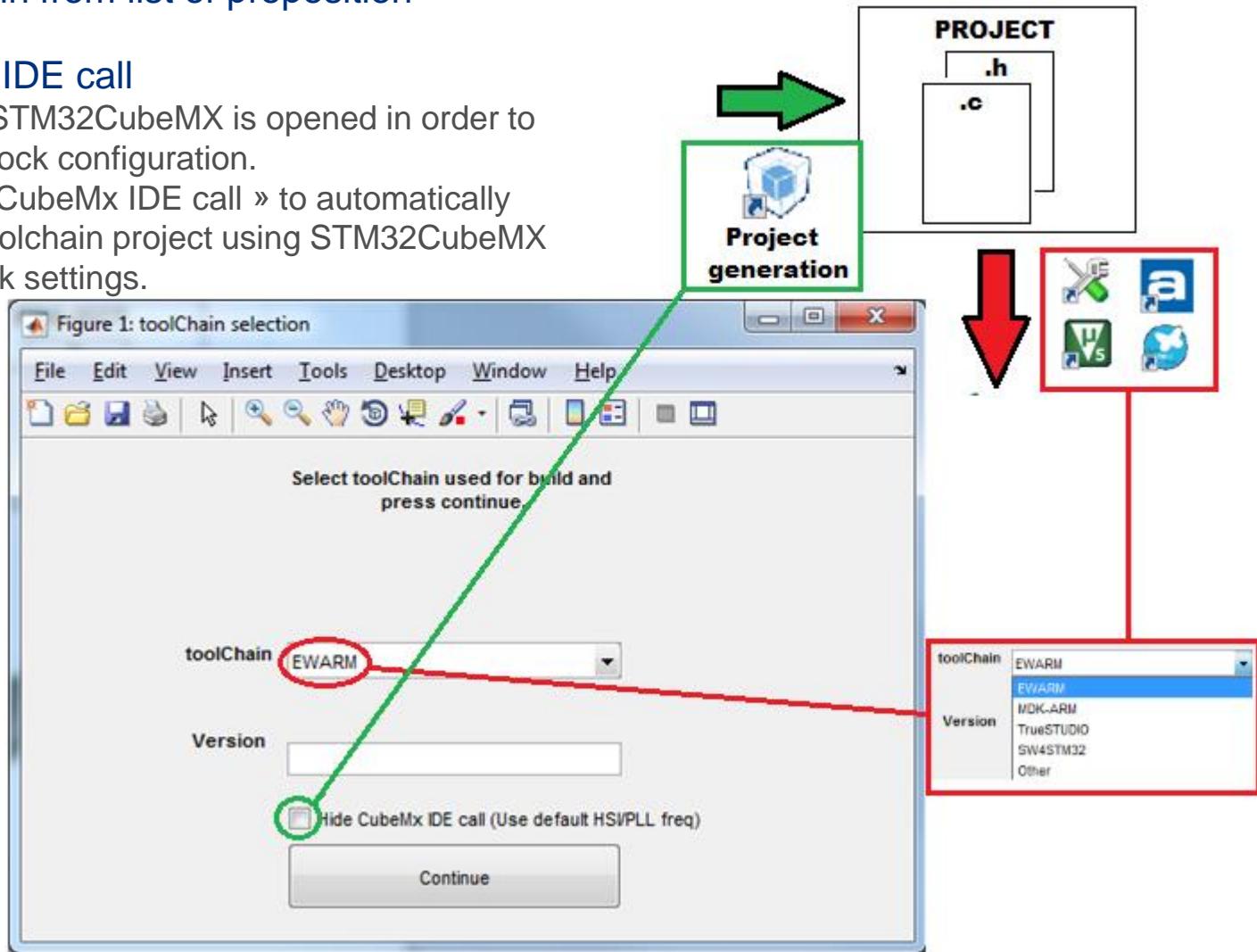
# PIL Processing 3/5

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- STM32 COM Port
  - Example
    - USART1
    - Rx: PA10 & Tx: PA9



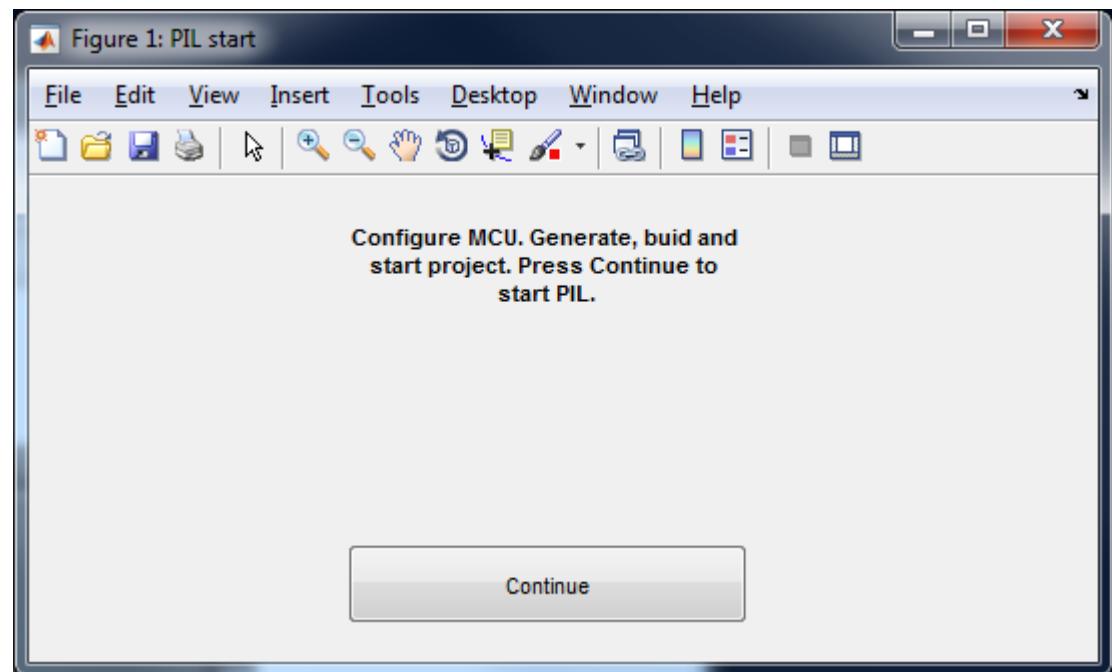
- Toolchain Selection
  - Select toolchain from list of proposition
  - Hide CubeMx IDE call
    - By default STM32CubeMX is opened in order to set/verify clock configuration.
    - Set « Hide CubeMx IDE call » to automatically generate toolchain project using STM32CubeMX default clock settings.



# PIL Processing 5/5

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- It is an asynchronous process.
  - Simulink is waiting.
  - Simulink must send data through COM port, only when project is built and downloaded to STM32 target.
  - Then, you will press « Continue » button to start data flow PC/STM32.
  - STM32CubeMX is automatically opened and you can verify or modify STM32 settings.





Look at STM32CubeMX User Manual to know how to deeply use it.

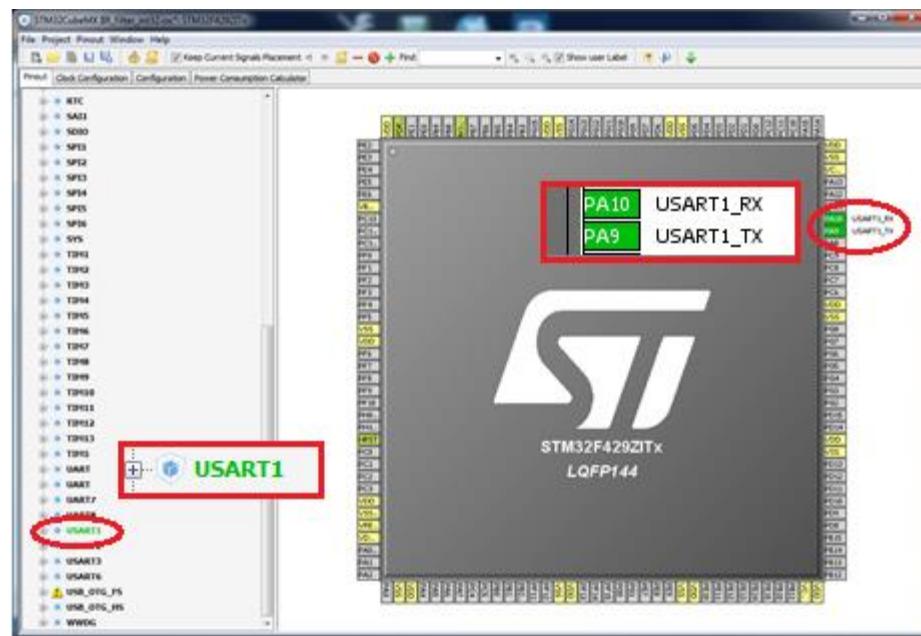
# STM32CubeMX & PIL 1/2

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- STM32CubeMX settings done

- Pinout :
  - Usart1 , Rx/Tx
- USART1 Configuration

Basic Parameters	
Baud Rate	115200 Bits/s
Word Length	8 Bits (including Parity)
Parity	None
Stop Bits	1



- STM32CubeMX settings to do

- Clock Configuration
  - Default value

HCLK (MHz)  
16  
180 MHz max

- Reference value already selected for Profiling

Max frequency value (Hz)  
168000000

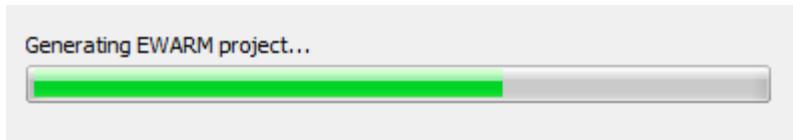
- Clock setting : Enter 168 and return
  - Then Clock tree is automatically updated

HCLK (MHz)  
168  
180 MHz max

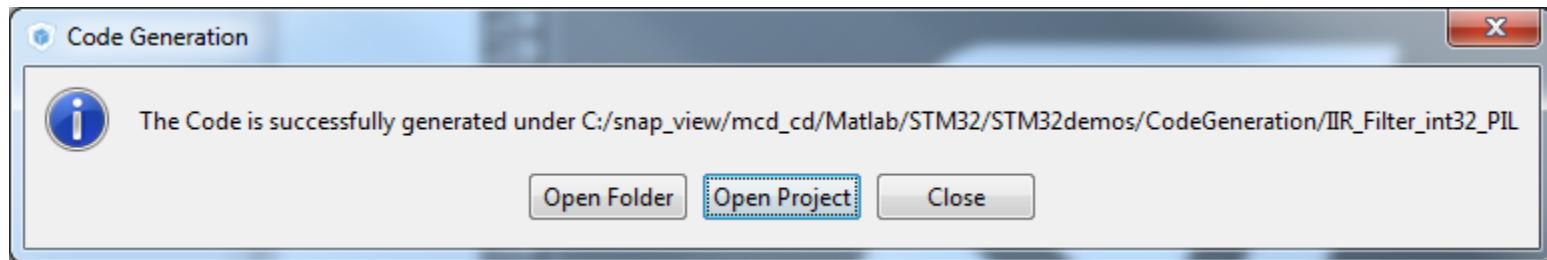
# STM32CubeMX & PIL 2/2

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- STM32CubeMX project generation
  - Generate source code based on user settings
    - Press Project Settings « OK »
  - Generate Project



- Open Project



- Close STM32CubeMX

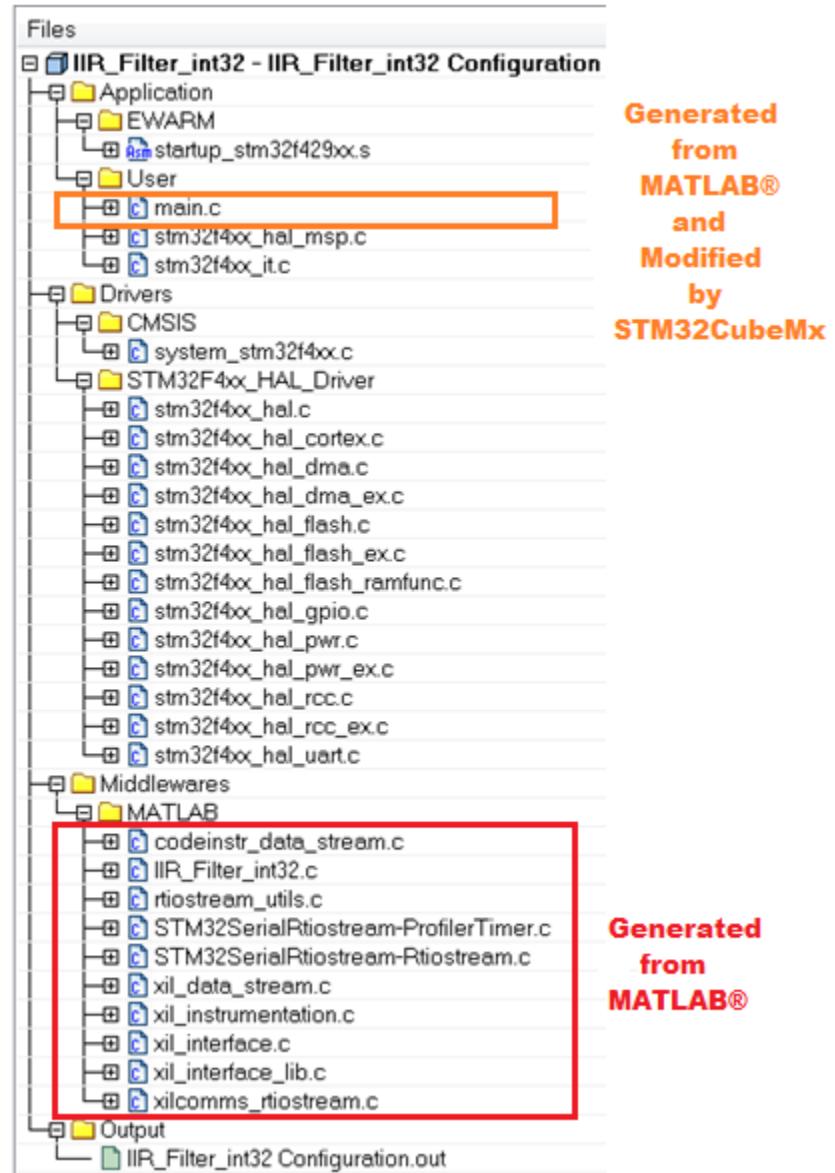


Look at toolchain User Manual to know how to deeply use it.

# Toolchain & PIL 1/2

## • Toolchain project

- Generated from STM32CubeMX
- Includes
  - Application files generated from MATLAB®
  - main.c generated from MATLAB® and modified by STM32CubeMX
  - HAL mandatory peripherals drivers



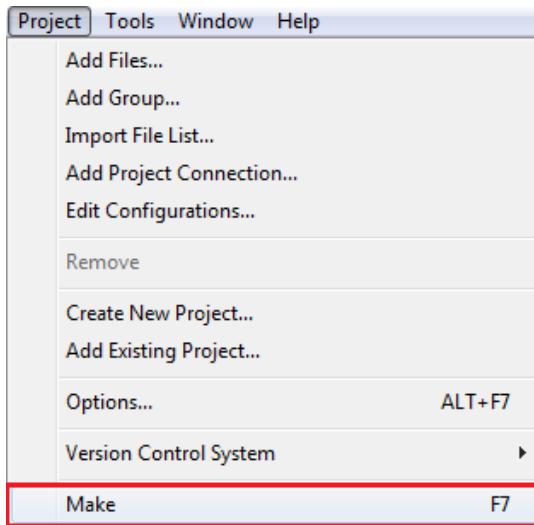
Generated  
from  
MATLAB®  
and  
Modified  
by  
STM32CubeMx

Generated  
from  
MATLAB®

# Toolchain & PIL 2/2

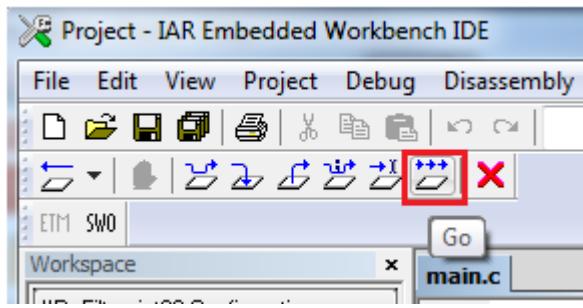
43

- Build Toolchain project
  - Make (F7)



IAR EWARM toolchain used  
for this example

- Download project

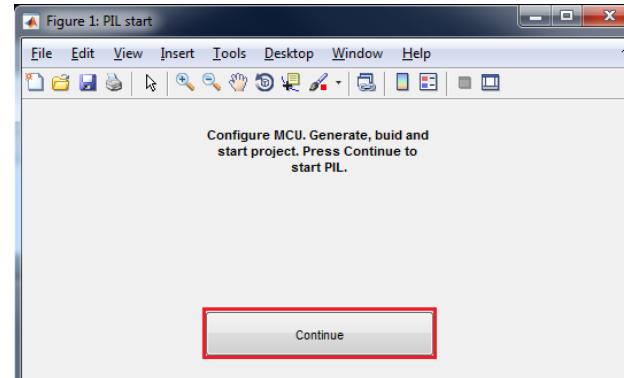
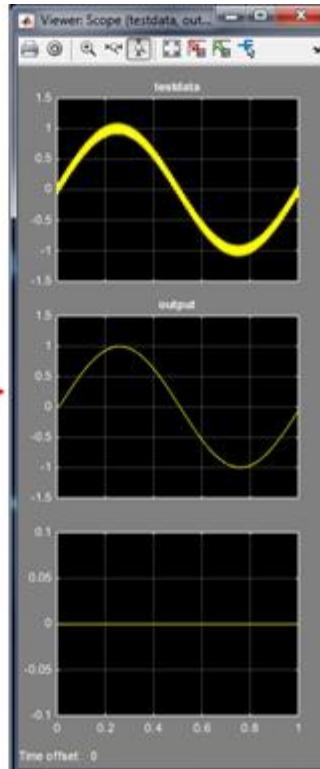
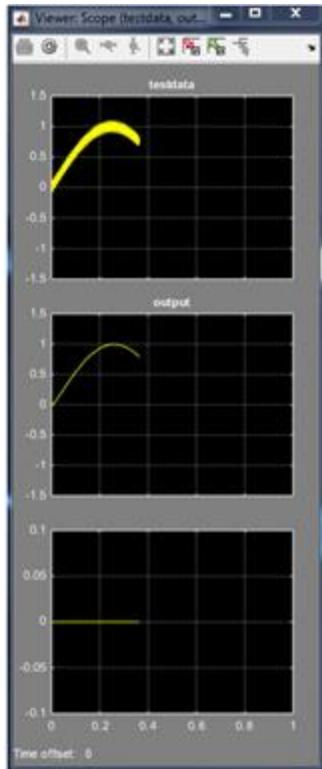


- Run project
  - Then, STM32 is running and waits for data from Simulink.

# Running PIL

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- Start Simulink data flow
  - « Continue » button of PIL start window
- PIL results



**Input signal**

**STM32 filtered  
signal**

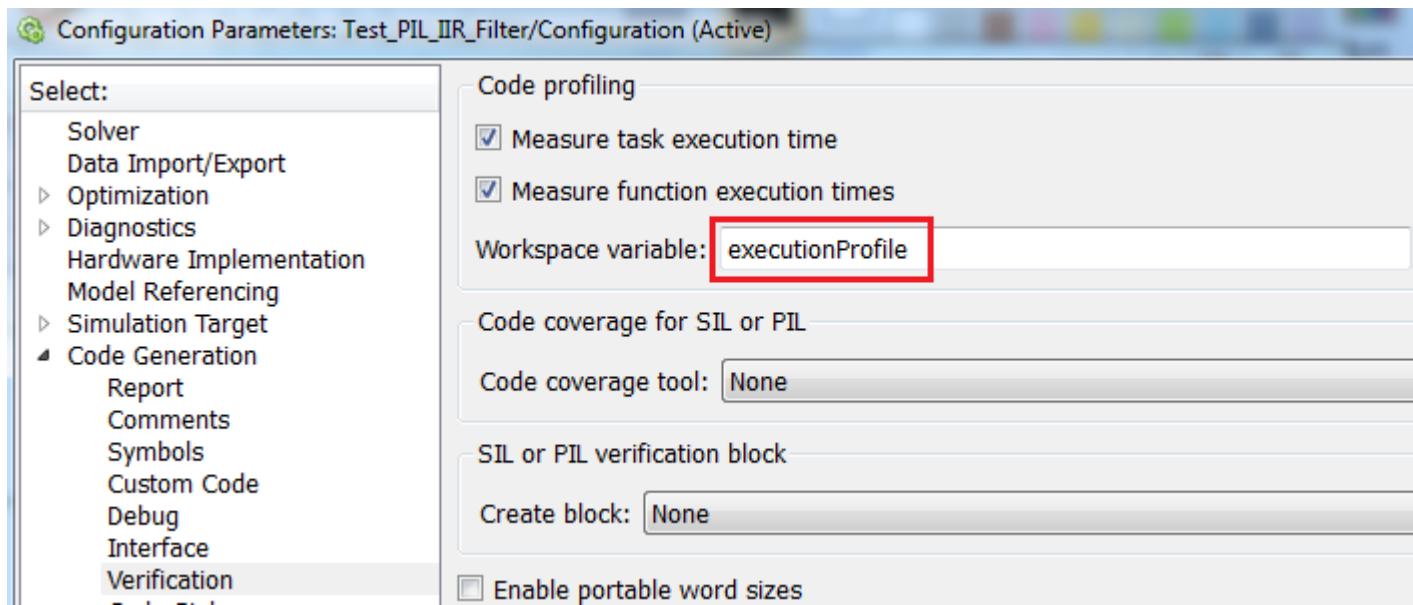
**Difference  
between  
PC & STM32  
filters**

# PIL Profiling 1/3

45

- Profiling = PIL Timing analysis
  - executionProfile has been generated in MATLAB® Workspace
  - « executionProfile » default Workspace variable name
    - Can be modified from « Configuration Parameters » window  
Code Generation > Verification of the model.

Workspace	
Name	Value
a1	0.9000
b0	0.1000
<b>executionProfile</b>	<b>1x1 ExecutionTime</b>
t	100x1 double
testdata	100x1 double
tout_PIL	100x1 double
yout_PIL	100x2 double



- Enter «executionProfile.report» on MATLAB® command window to open profiling report window to know
  - STM32 processing time at selected frequency
  - Execution time and number of calls per function

The screenshot shows the MATLAB Code Execution Profiling Report window for the IIR\_Filter\_int32 function. The window title is "Code Execution Profiling Report". The main content area displays the following information:

**Code Execution Profiling Report for IIR\_Filter\_int32**

The code execution profiling report provides metrics based on data collected from a SIL or PIL execution. Execution times are calculated from data recorded by instrumentation probes added to the SIL or PIL test harness or inside the code generated for each component. See [Code Execution Profiling](#) for more information.

**STM32 processing time ~549µs**

**1. Summary**

Total time (seconds × 1e-09)	548905
Measured time display options	('Units', 'Seconds', 'ScaleFactor', '1e-09', 'NumericFormat', '%0.0f')
Timer frequency (ticks per second)	1.68e+08
Profiling data created	01-Feb-2016 14:59:19

**2. Profiled Sections of Code**

Section	Maximum Execution Time	Average Execution Time	Maximum Self Time	Average Self Time	Calls
IIR_Filter_int32_initialize	738	738	738	738	1  
IIR_Filter_int32 [0.001 0]	548	548	548	548	1001  

OK Help

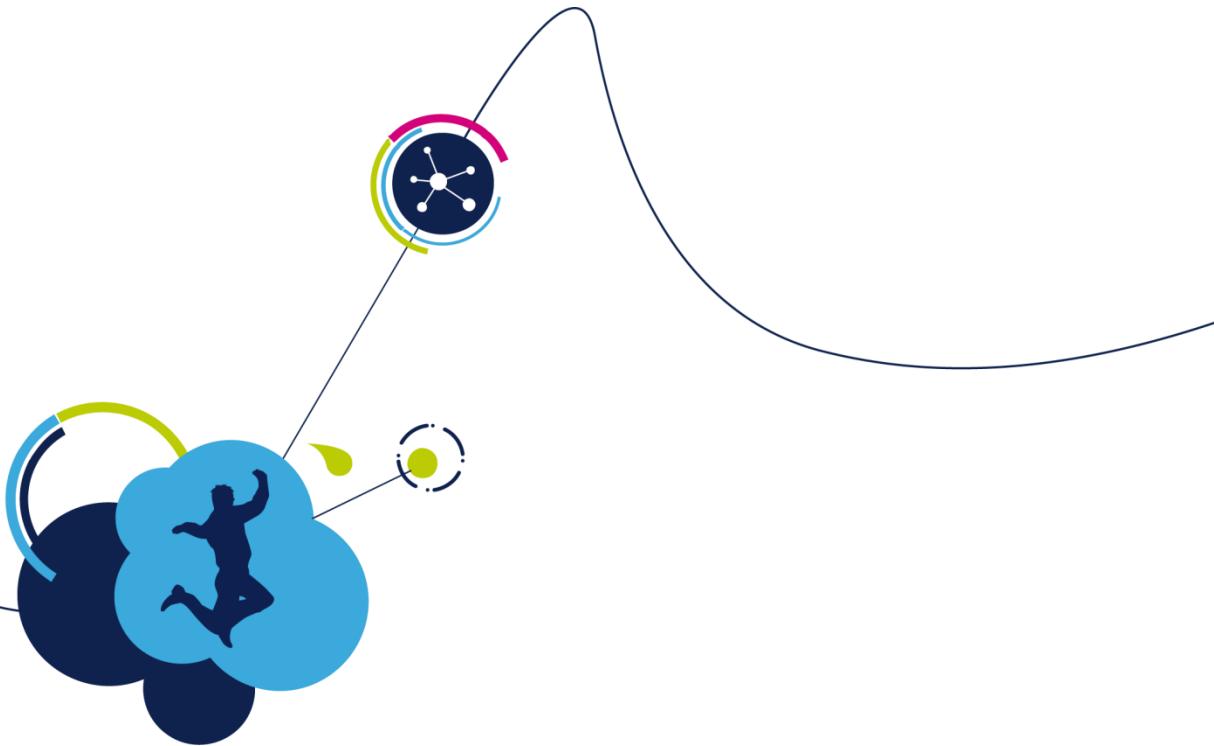
# PIL Profiling 3/3

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- Click on C code generated
  - To see MATLAB® generated code for STM32
  - or profiled sections

The screenshot shows a MATLAB code editor with a call graph overlay. The code is a C function with some MATLAB-specific syntax for initializing and running an IIR filter. The 'Calls' table on the left shows two entries: one for a single call (line 1) and 1001 calls for the main loop. Red boxes highlight specific lines of code in the editor, which are also mirrored in the call graph. The highlighted code includes the initialization of the filter and its execution within a switch-case structure.

```
125     /* Single In-the-Loop Component */
126     if (xilFcnId == 0) {
127         taskTimeStart_IIR_Filter_int32(1U);
128         IIR_Filter_int32_initialize(rt_errorStatus, &(RTModel), &(localDW));
129         taskTimeEnd_IIR_Filter_int32(1U);
130     } else {
131
132         switch (xiltID) {
133             case 1:
134                 taskTimeStart_IIR_Filter_int32(2U);
135                 IIR_Filter_int32(&(i_Input), &(o_Output), &(localDW));
136                 taskTimeEnd_IIR_Filter_int32(2U);
137             break;
138         }
139     }
140 }
```



# Application Code Generation

# Tools usage

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- Step 1: Pure simulation
  - Everything done on the PC

MATLAB®/  
Simulink

- Step 2: Processor-in-the-loop (PIL)
  - Algorithm fully executed on STM32
  - Data (Input or output) exchanged between MATLAB®/Simulink and STM32 via UART

MATLAB®/  
Simulink  
Embedded  
Coder

STM32Cube  
Embedded  
Software  
STM32CubeMX

Toolchain



\*: used only for UART

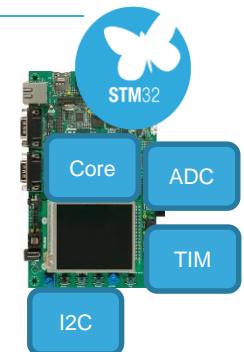
## • Step 3: Everything on STM32

- Data (input or output) obtained within STM32 through its peripherals (ADC, Timers, ...) and algorithm fully executed on STM32

MATLAB®/  
Simulink  
Embedded  
Coder

STM32Cube  
Embedded  
Software  
STM32CubeMX

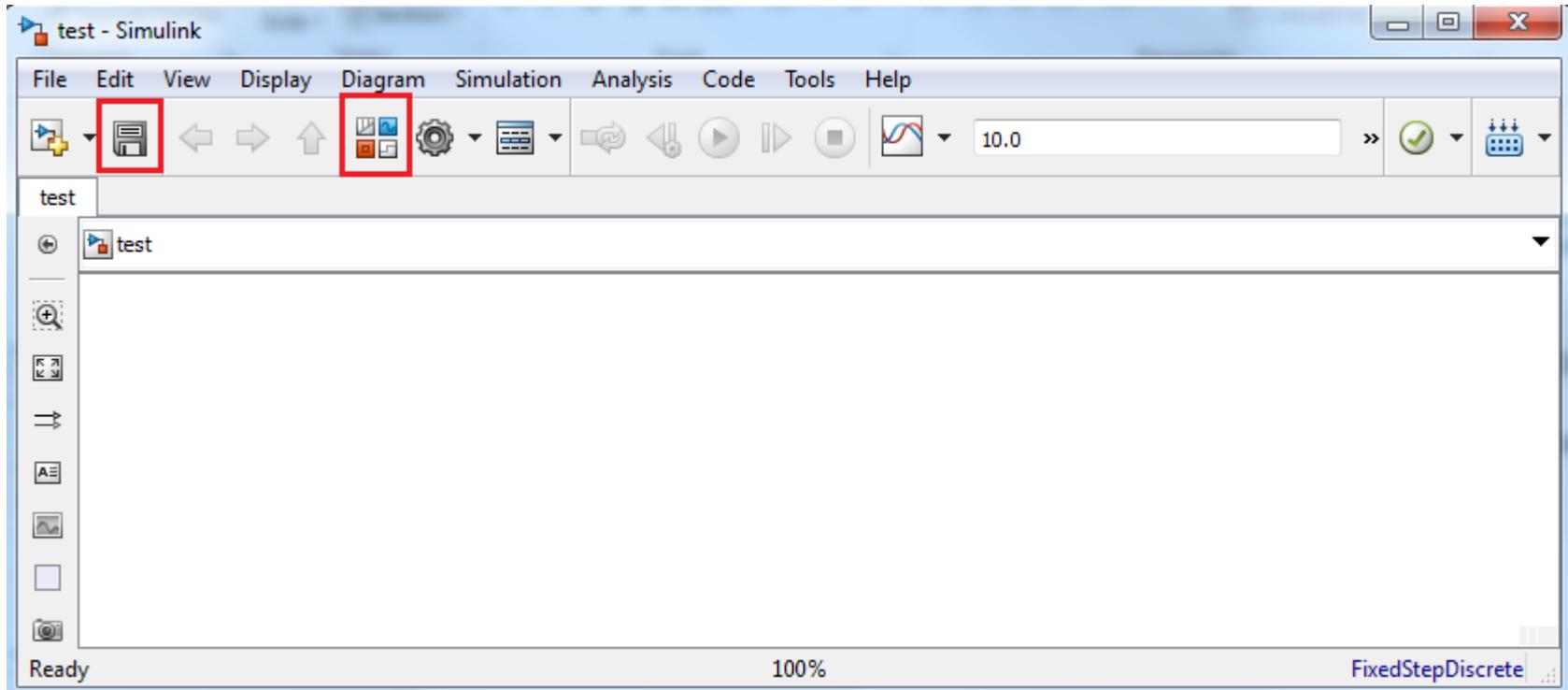
Toolchain



# Simulink application development

50

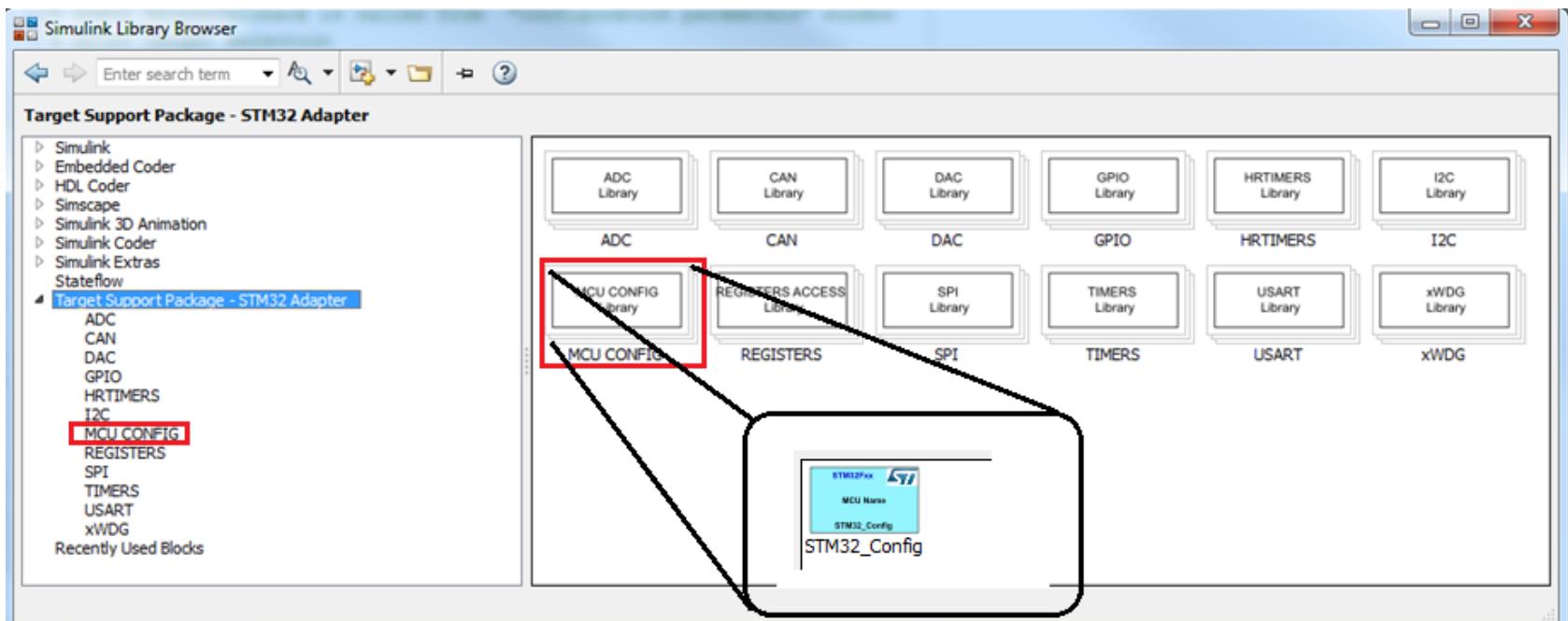
- Look at Simulink model Setting 1/4 to 4/4 to open and configure new model.
- **Save Simulink model** and open Library Browser
  - For example: Save model as test.slx into C:\TEMP\test repository



# STM32 Configuration 1/3

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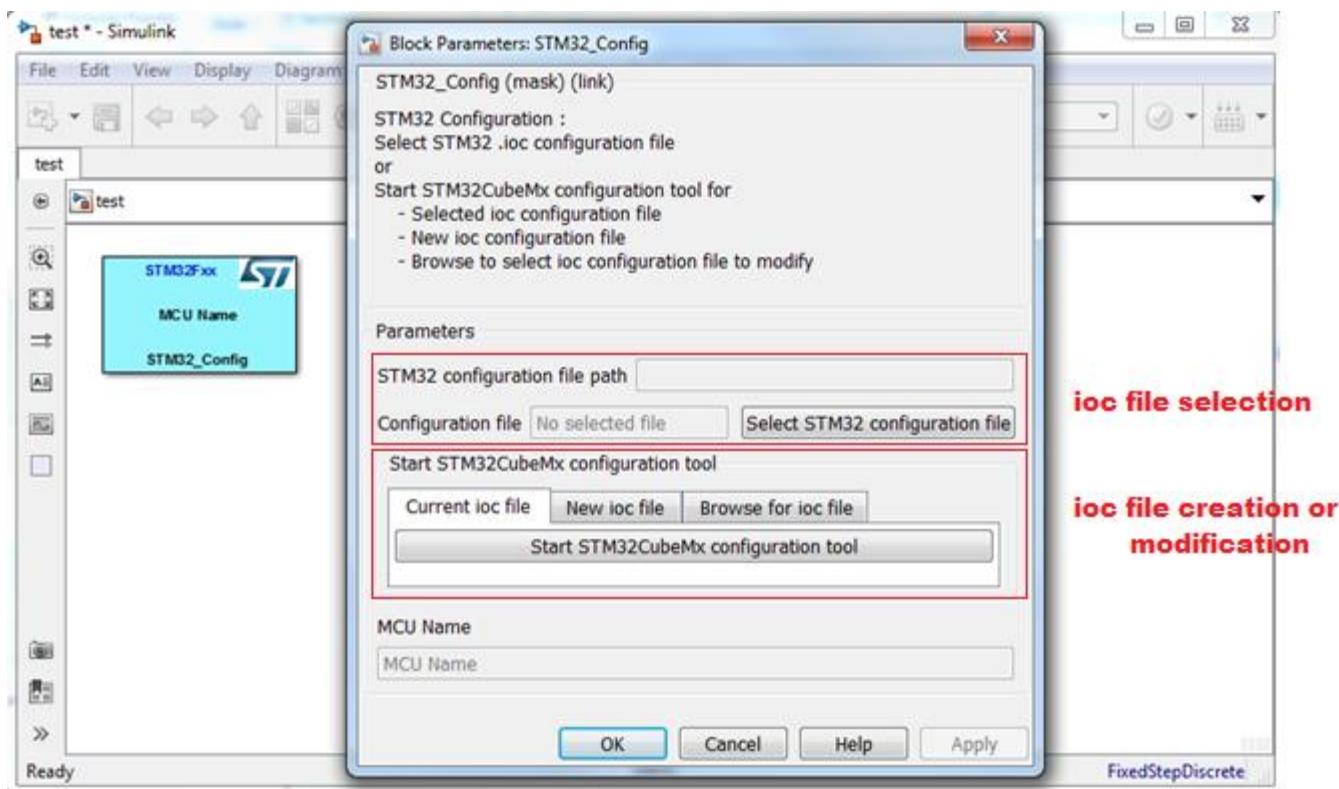
- STM32 Drivers Library
  - Several STM32 peripheral drivers are available.
- MCU Configuration
  - « MCU CONFIG » is the first library to open and use
  - Drag&Drop STM32\_Config to your model.
  - STM32\_Config is used to select STM32 configuration through STM32CubeMX configuration ioc file.



# STM32 Configuration 2/3

- IOC file selection

- .ioc file is a text file created and used by STM32CubeMX as STM32 descriptor.
  - .ioc file contains STM32 configuration (pinout, peripheral selection & configuration)
  - Double click STM32\_Config to open block parameters window
- ⚠**
- Select ioc file describing STM32 you want to use for your application with « Select STM32 configuration file »
    - It is the only and mandatory way to select .ioc file for Simulink application.
  - You can also modify ioc file or create a new one and STM32CubeMX is automatically opened.

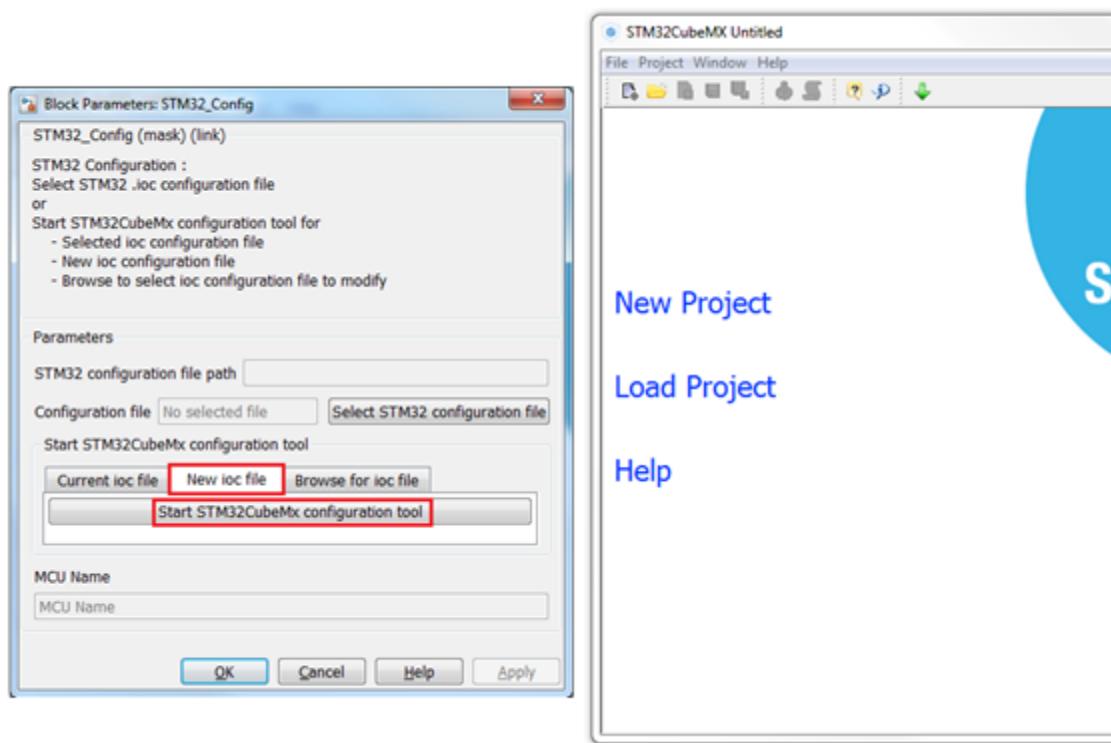


# STM32 Configuration 3/3

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- IOC file creation

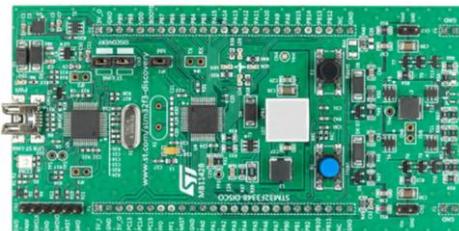
- Select « New ioc file » and click « Start STM32CubeMX configuration tool » button.
- STM32CubeMX opens.
- Look at [http://www.st.com/web/catalog/tools/FM147/CL1794/SC961/SS1533/PF259242?s\\_searchtype=partnumber](http://www.st.com/web/catalog/tools/FM147/CL1794/SC961/SS1533/PF259242?s_searchtype=partnumber) to get STM32CubeMX User Manual.
- Save STM32CubeMX ioc configuration file and select it using « Select STM32 configuration file » button.
  - ioc file is not automatically selected for Simulink application from STM32CubeMX



# Simulink application example

- **Hardware :**

- Example based on STM32F3348-DISCO
- Configuration :
  - Leds (LED3/4/5/6)
  - Push Button (User blue button)
  - USART2 Virtual Com Port (SB14&SB16 soldered)
  - ADC1
  - TIM1 & TIM6



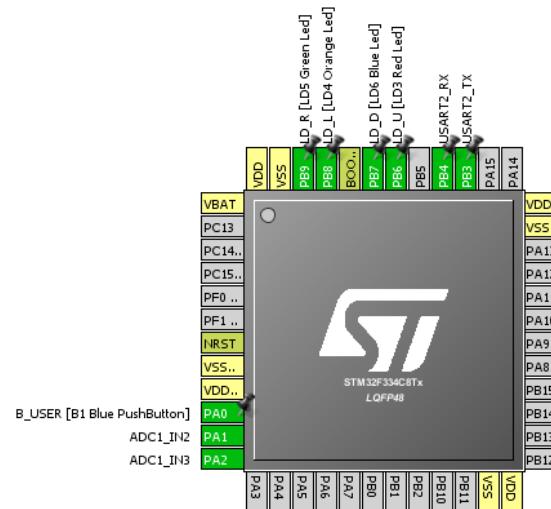
- **Software application :**

- Use TIM1 to blink LED3 at 1Hz
- Use TIM6 to blink LED4 at 2Hz
- Use TIM6 to trig ADC1 channels 2&3 conversion
- Blink Led6 when user push button is pressed
- Send ADC1 channel 3 values on USART2 when user push button is pressed

# STM32CubeMX STM32F3348 Pinout

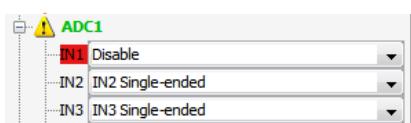
- Hardware pinout configuration

- PA0 : GPIO\_EXTI0
- PA1 : ADC1\_IN1
- PA2 : ADC1\_IN2
- PB3 : Usart2\_Tx
- PB4 : Usart2\_Rx
- PB6 to PB9 : GPIO\_Output

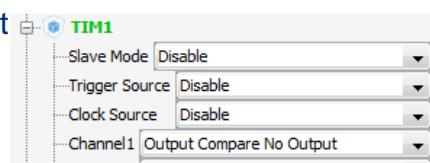


- Hardware setting

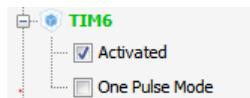
- USART2 is Asynchronous
- ADC1 IN2 & IN3 Single-ended



- TIM1 Channel1 as Output Compare No output



- TIM6 Activated (No Output)



# STM32CubeMX Peripheral settings 1/2

- Peripheral configuration :

- USART2

- Baud Rate : 115200
- Word Length: 8 Bits
- Parity: None
- Stop Bits: 1
- Enable global interrupt

USART2 Configuration

Parameter Settings | User Constants | **NVIC Settings** | GPIO Settings | DMA Settings

Enabled	Preemption Priority	Sub Priority
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0	0

- ADC1

- Injected Channels 2&3
- Interrupt at end of sequence of conversion
- Conversion triggered from Timer6
- Interrupt Enabled

ADC1 Configuration

Parameter Settings | User Constants | **NVIC Settings**

Enabled
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

ADC1 Configuration

Parameter Settings | User Constants | NVIC Settings | GPIO Settings | DMA Settings

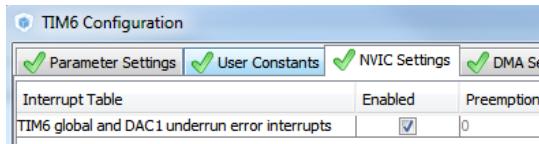
Configure the below parameters :

ADCs_Common_Settings	Independent mode
ADC_Settings	ADC Asynchronous clock mode ADC 12-bit resolution Right alignment
ADC_Regular_ConversionMode	Enabled Disabled Disabled
ADC_Injected_ConversionMode	End of sequence of conversion Overrun behaviour Low Power Auto Wait
Rank	Trigger detection on the rising edge Timer 6 Trigger Out event
Rank	None Disabled
Rank	1 Channel Sampling Time Offset Number Injected Offset
Rank	2 Channel Sampling Time Offset Number Injected Offset

# STM32CubeMX Peripheral settings 2/2

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- Peripheral configuration :
  - TIM1
    - Default configuration
    - TIM1 Update interrupt enabled
  - TIM6
    - Trigger event :Update Event
    - TIM6 global interrupt enabled



TIM1 Configuration		
Parameter Settings	User Constants	NVIC Settings
Interrupt Table	Enabled	Preemption Priority
TIM1 break and TIM15 interrupts	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
TIM1 update and TIM16 interrupts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0
TIM1 trigger and commutation and TIM17 interrupts	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
TIM1 capture compare interrupt	<input type="checkbox"/>	0

Configure the below parameters :

Counter Settings	
Prescaler (PSC - 16 bits value)	0
Counter Mode	Up
Counter Period (AutoReload Register - 16 bits va... 0	
Trigger Output (TRGO) Parameters	
Trigger Event Selection	Update Event

Pin Configuration

GP10 ADC1 USART2

Pin Name	Signal on Pin	GPIO mode	GPIO Pull Up ...	Maximum out...	Fast Mode	User Label	Modified
PA0	n/a	External Interr...	No pull up pull ... n/a	n/a	Disable	B_USER [B1 Bl...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PB6	n/a	Output Push Pull	No pull up pull ... Low	Disable	LD_U [LD3 Red...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
PB7	n/a	Output Push Pull	No pull up pull ... Low	Disable	LD_D [LD6 Blu...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
PB8	n/a	Output Push Pull	No pull up pull ... Low	Disable	LD_L [LD4 Ora...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
PB9	n/a	Output Push Pull	No pull up pull ... Low	Disable	LD_R [LD5 Gre...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

PA0 Configuration :

GPIO mode : **External Interrupt Mode with Falling edge trigger detection**

GPIO Pull Up Pull Down : No pull up pull down

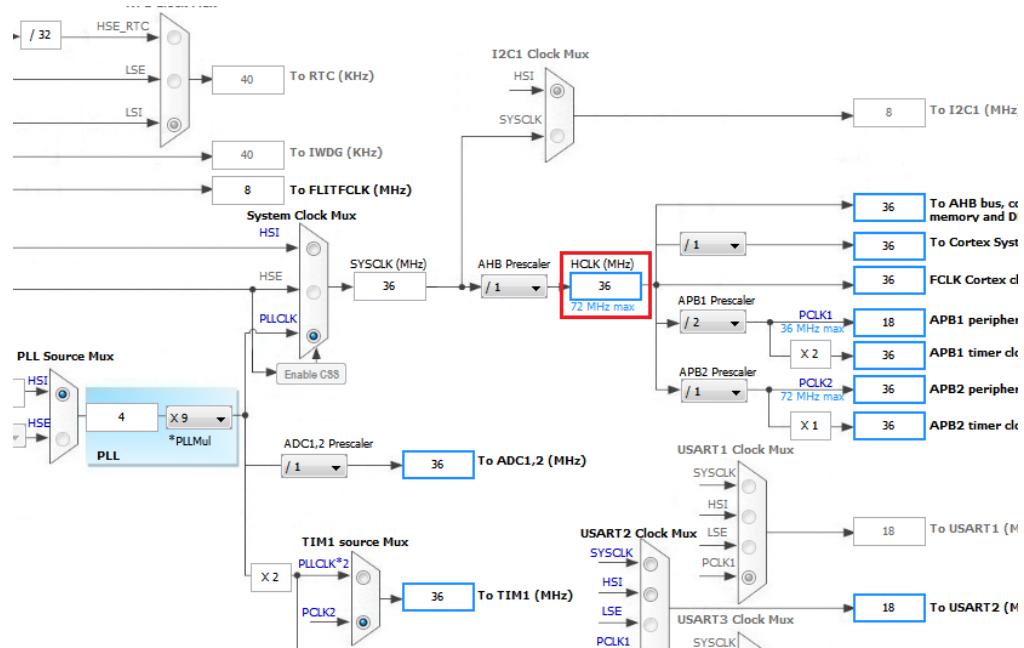
User Label : B\_USER [B1 Blue PushButton]

Group By IP Apply Ok Cancel

# STM32CubeMX Clock Configuration

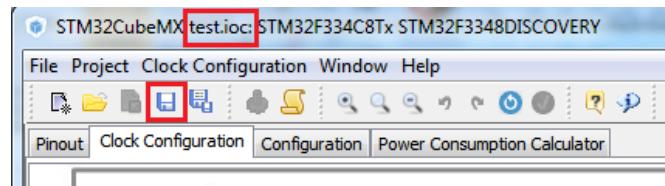
58

- Clock Default Configuration:
  - 16 MHz
- Modification not mandatory
  - Can be 36 MHz for example

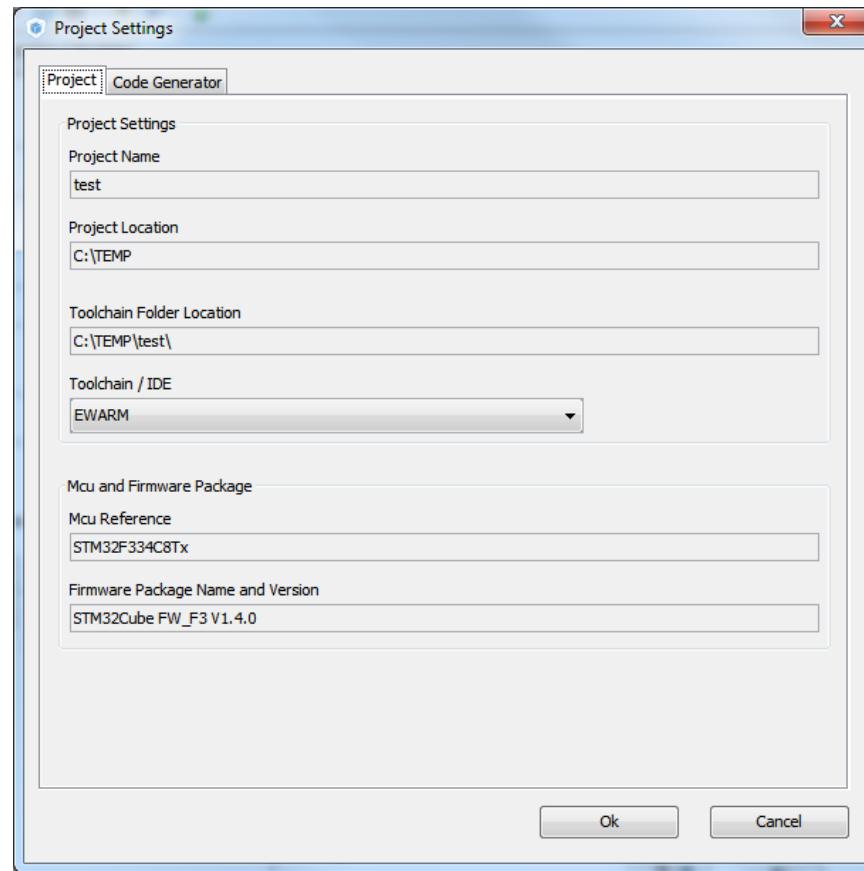


# STM32CubeMX project Settings

- Project Name:
  - «test» for this example
- Project Location :
  - C:\TEMP for this example
- Save the current project
  - test.ioc file is available from c:\TEMP\test repository



- You can save ioc file anywhere.
- It is preferable to save ioc file in same repository as model that will use it. Repository and ioc file must have same name.

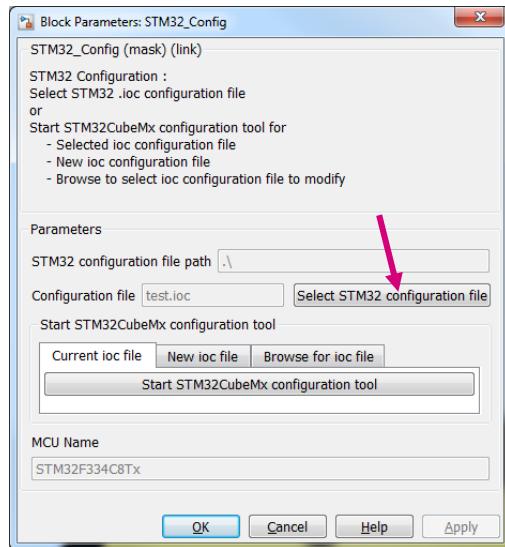


# Simulink application IOC file selection

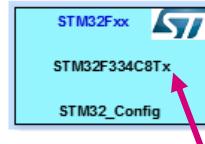
60

- IOC file selection

- loc file has been created and can be selected
- Open (double click) STM32\_Config block parameters window
- STM32 configuration path is related to model
  - .\ because test.ioc and test.slx in same repository



«Select STM32 configuration file »  
Browse and select test.ioc file



Simulink application for  
STM32F334C8Tx MCU

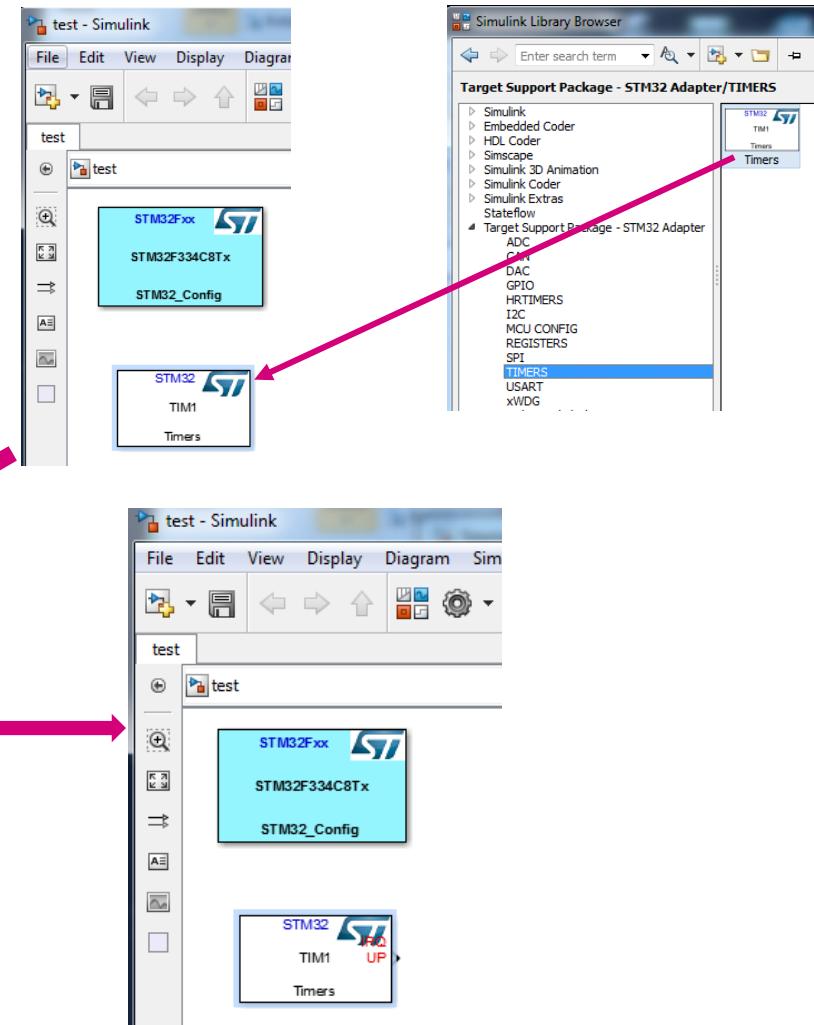
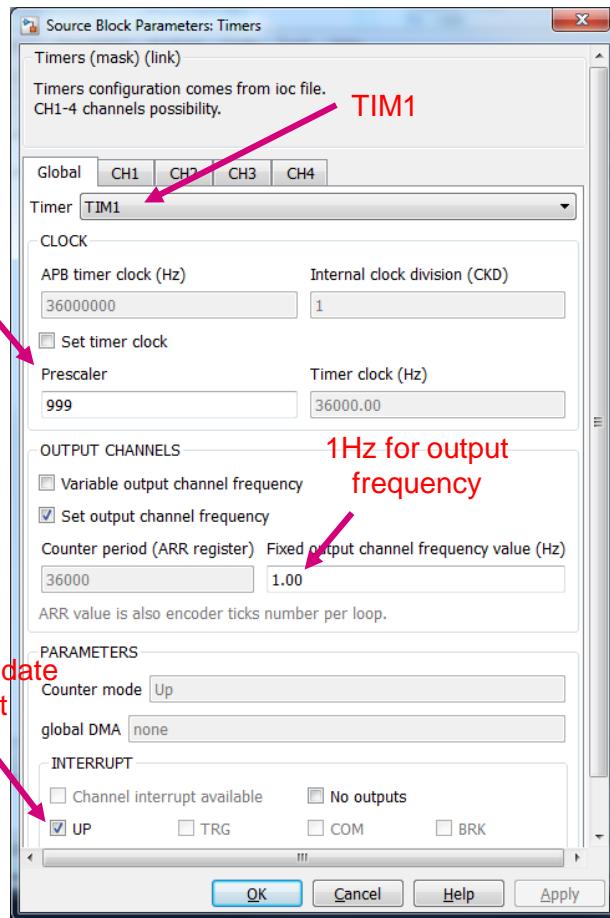
# USE TIM1 to Blink LED3 at 1Hz

61

- Software application example:
  - **Use TIM1 to blink LED3 at 1Hz**
  - Use TIM6 to blink LED4 at 2Hz
  - Use TIM6 to trig ADC1 channels 2&3 conversion
  - Blink Led6 when user push button is pressed
  - Send ADC1 channel 3 values on USART2 when user push button is pressed

# TIM1 Selection & Configuration

- TIM1 Selection
  - Drag&Drop Timers block from Simulink Library Browser
- TIM1 Configuration
  - Open (double click) Timers block parameters window
  - Select TIM1 and set parameters



Prescaler or  
Timer Clock

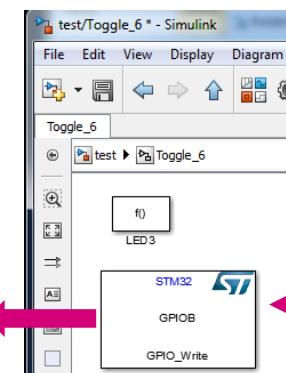
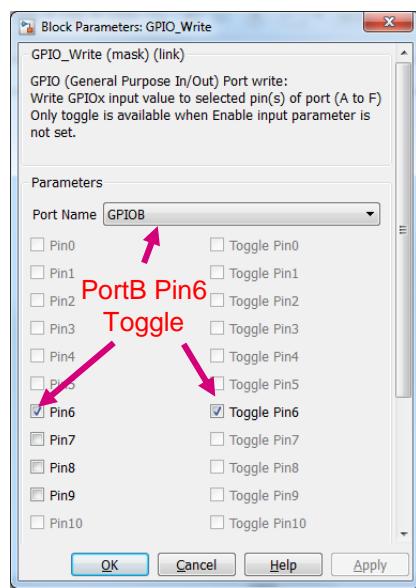
Validate Update  
interrupt

# TIM1 Application

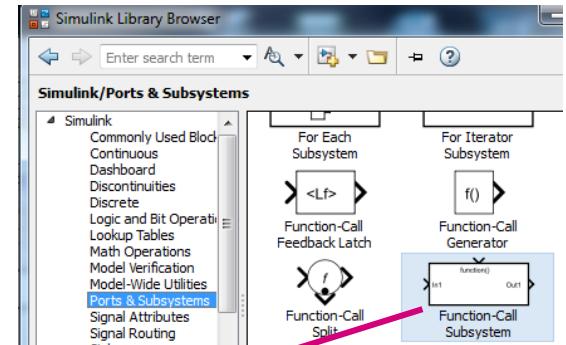
63

- TIM1 toggle LED3 at 1Hz

- Drag&Drop Function-Call Subsystem from Simulink Library Browser (Simulink>Ports & Subsystems)
- Open (double click) Function-Call block and Drag&Drop GPIO\_Write block
- Open (double click) GPIO\_Write block parameters window and select Pin6 (LED3 is connected to Pin6)



LED3 will blink when TIM1 update interrupt occurs. Every second at 1Hz



# USE TIM6 to Blink LED4 at 2Hz

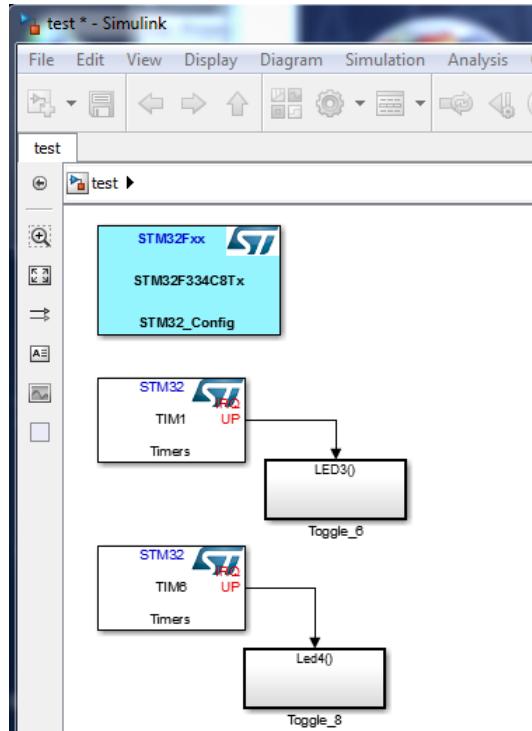
64

- Software application example:
  - Use TIM1 to blink LED3 at 1Hz
  - **Use TIM6 to blink LED4 at 2Hz**
  - Use TIM6 to trig ADC1 channels 2&3 conversion
  - Blink Led6 when user push button is pressed
  - Send ADC1 channel 3 values on USART2 when user push button is pressed

# TIM6 Application

65

- TIM6 toggle LED4 at 2Hz
  - Make the same thing as for TIM1 but frequency is 2Hz and PortB Pin8 toggle as it is connected to Led4



LED4 will blink when TIM6 update interrupt occurs. Every 0.5 second at 2Hz

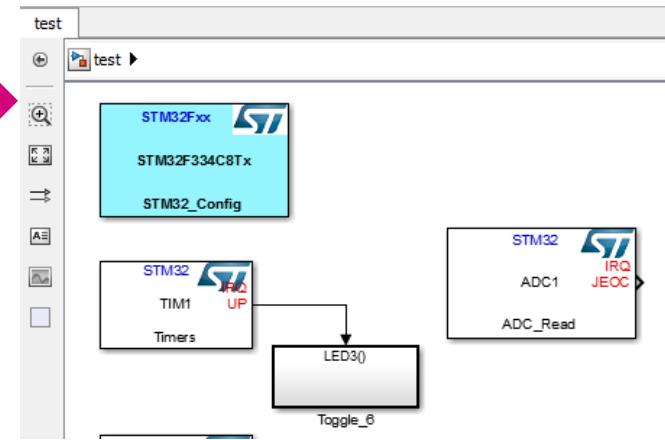
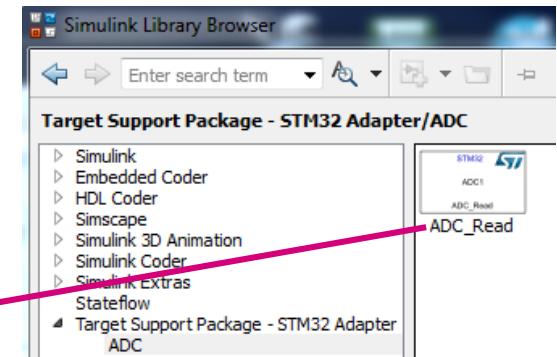
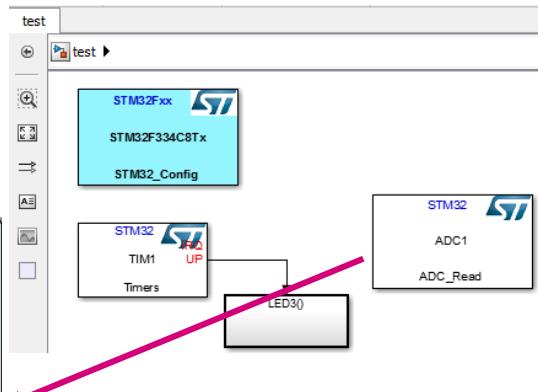
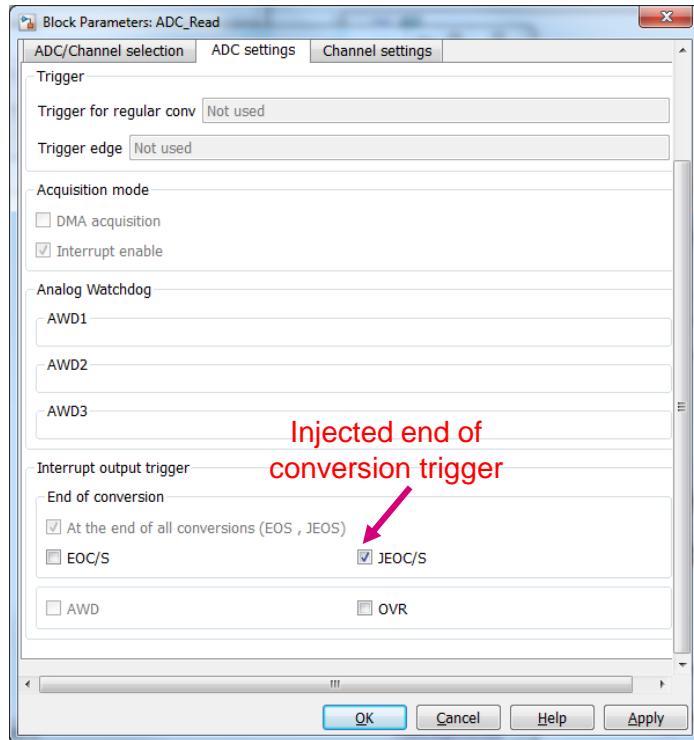
# USE TIM6 to trig ADC1 channels 2&3

66

- Software application example:
  - Use TIM1 to blink LED3 at 1Hz
  - Use TIM6 to blink LED4 at 2Hz
  - **Use TIM6 to trig ADC1 channels 2&3 conversion**
  - Blink Led6 when user push button is pressed
  - Send ADC1 channel 3 values on USART2 when user push button is pressed

# ADC1 Selection & Configuration

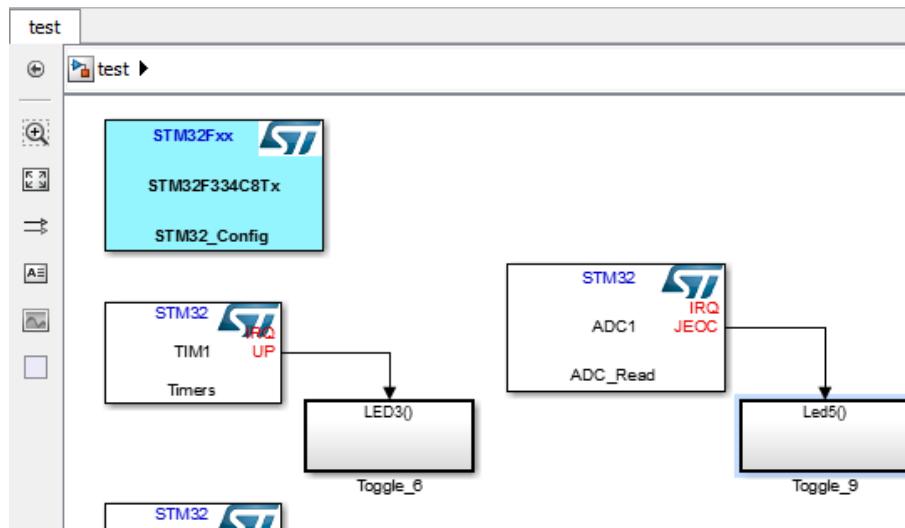
- ADC1 Selection
  - Drag&Drop ADC\_Read block from Simulink Library Browser
- ADC1 Configuration
  - We don't need ADC values
  - Select JEOC/S as interrupt output trigger



# ADC1 Application

68

- TIM6 trig ADC1 channels conversion
  - Blink LED5 at end of ADC1 conversion to verify that TIM6 has triggerer it.
  - Drag&Drop Function-Call Subsystem from Simulink Library Browser (Simulink>Ports & Subsystems) and add GPIO\_Write block in.
  - Set GPIO\_Write block parameters window to toggle Pin9 (LED5 is connected to Pin9)



LED5 will blink when ADC1 injected channels 2&3 has been converted.

Start of Conversion is triggered from TIM6

Channels 2&3 values are available at the end of conversion

# Push Button functions

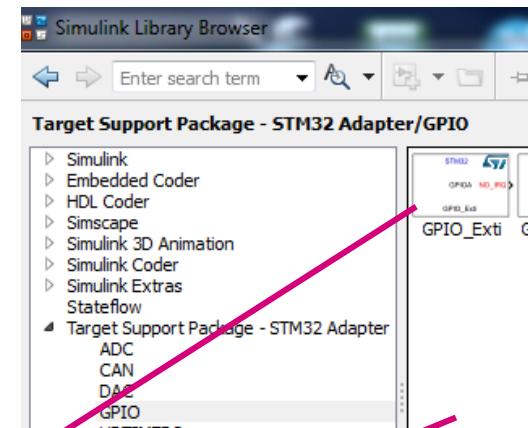
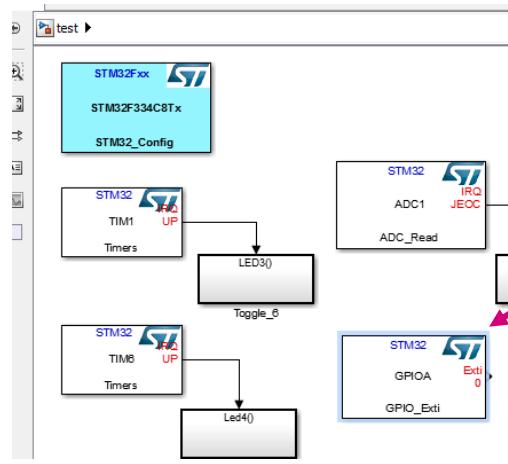
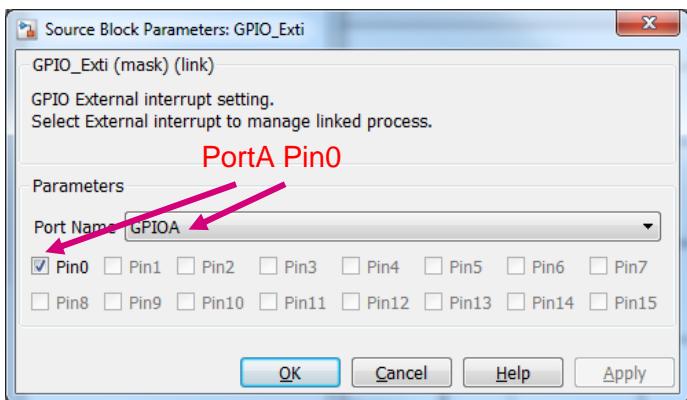
69

- Software application example:
  - Use TIM1 to blink LED3 at 1Hz
  - Use TIM6 to blink LED4 at 2Hz
  - Use TIM6 to trig ADC1 channels 2&3 conversion
  - **Blink Led6 when user push button is pressed**
  - **Send ADC1 channel 3 values on USART2 when user push button is pressed**

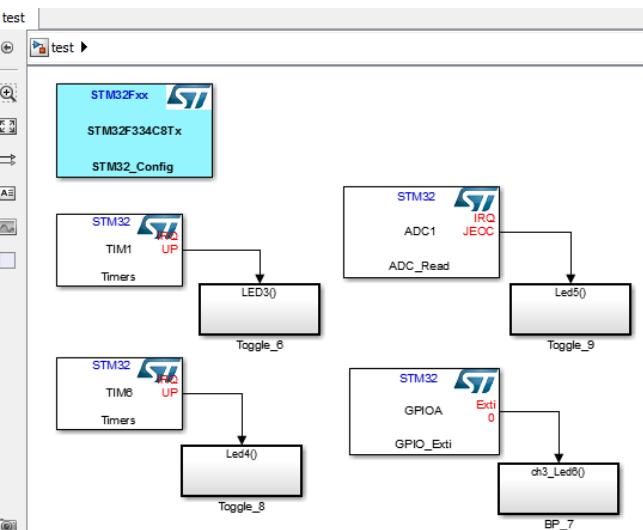
# EXTI0 Selection & Configuration

- EXTI0 Selection

- Push Button is connected to External Interrupt 0 on PA0
- Drag&Drop GPIO\_Exti block from Simulink Library Browser
- Open (double click) GPIO\_Exti block parameters window and select GPIOA pin0



- Drag&Drop Function-Call Subsystem from Simulink Library Browser (Simulink>Ports & Subsystems) and connect it to Exti0 output



Every models in Function-Call connected to GPIO\_Exti output will be executed for every action on push button.

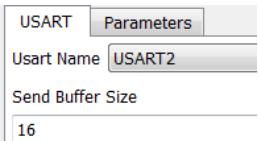
We want to blink LED6 and send ADC1 ch3 value on USART2



# Push Button Action 1/2

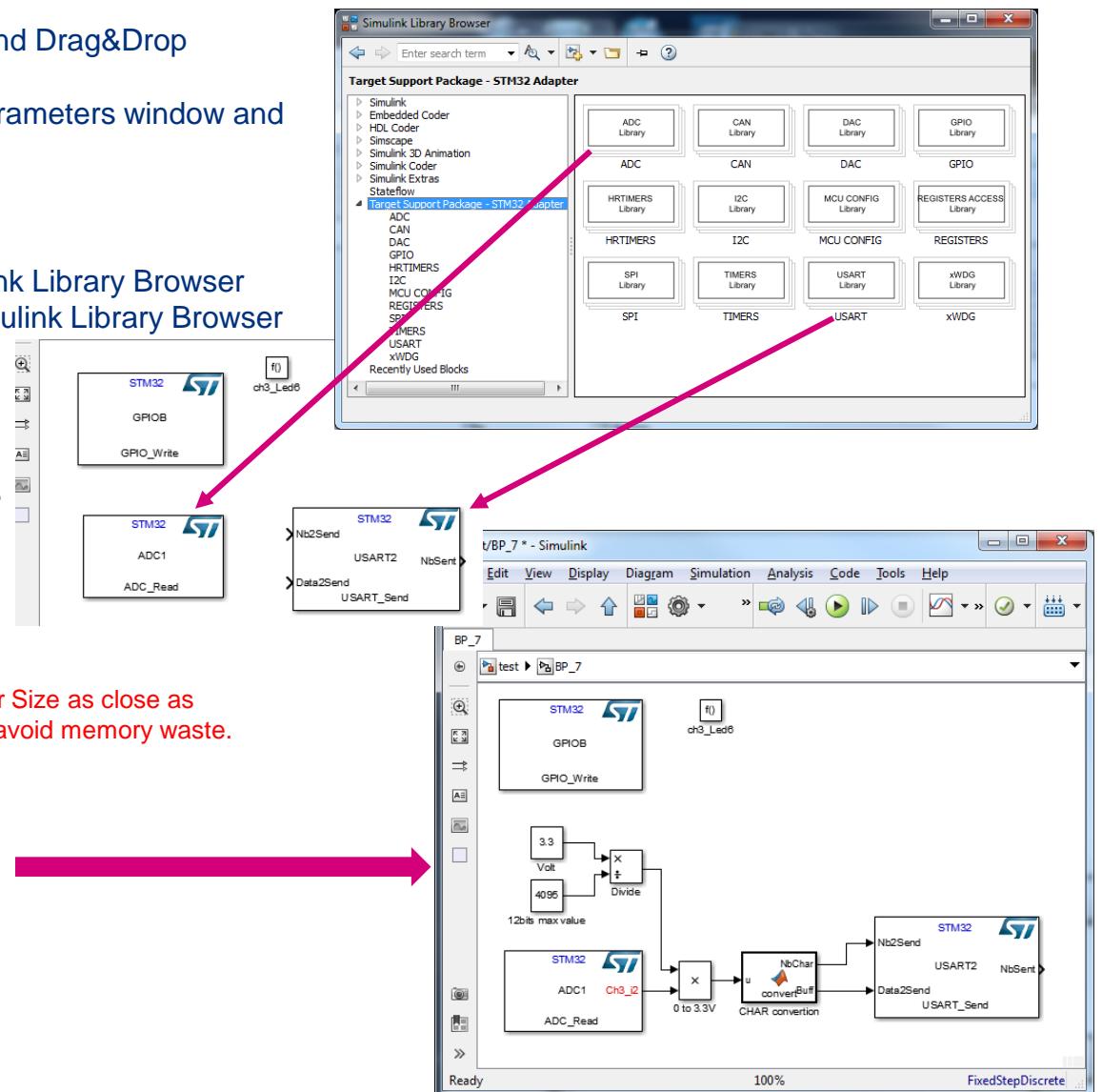
71

- Blink LED6
  - Open (double click) Function-Call block and Drag&Drop GPIO\_Write block
  - Open (double click) GPIO\_Write block parameters window and select Pin7 (LED6 is connected to Pin7)
- Send ADC1 Ch3 value on USART2
  - Drag&Drop ADC\_Read block from Simulink Library Browser
  - Drag&Drop USART\_Send block from Simulink Library Browser
- ADC1 Settings
  - Open (double click) ADC\_Read block parameters window and select ADC1 Ch3
- USART2 Settings
  - Open (double click) USART2\_Send block parameters window and set buffer size.



It is mandatory to set Buffer Size as close as messages sent in order to avoid memory waste.

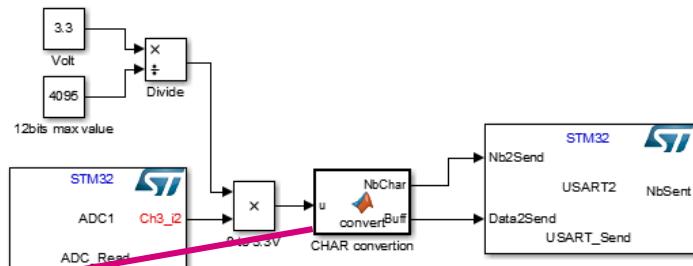
- Add signal processing.
- MATLAB® code can be added in « MATLAB Function » from Simulink Library Browser>User-Defined Functions>MATLAB Function



# Push Button Action 2/2

- MATLAB Function

- Add MATLAB® code to convert ADC1 Ch3 value to Buffer of characters
- MATLAB® function is converted to C code and integrated to generated project during « build » process.



Function convert : 1 input and 2 outputs

```
BP_7/CHAR conversion X + ↗
1  function [NbChar, Buff] = convert(u)
2  if coder.target('Sfun')
3      % Executing in MATLAB, Buff is null Nothing to do
4      Buff = uint32(0); for Simulation
5      NbChar = uint16(0);
6  else
7      % Executing in the generated code.
8      buffer = zeros(1,15,'uint8');
9      coder.ceval('sprintf',coder.wref(buffer),['%2.2f',0],u);
10     tmp = uint8('Volt');
11     y = [buffer(1:4), tmp, 13, 10, 0];           « xx.x Volt » Buffer to
12     Buff = coder.ceval('getBuffPtr',coder.ref(y)); send through USART2
13     NbChar = uint16(size(y,2));
14 end
15 end
```

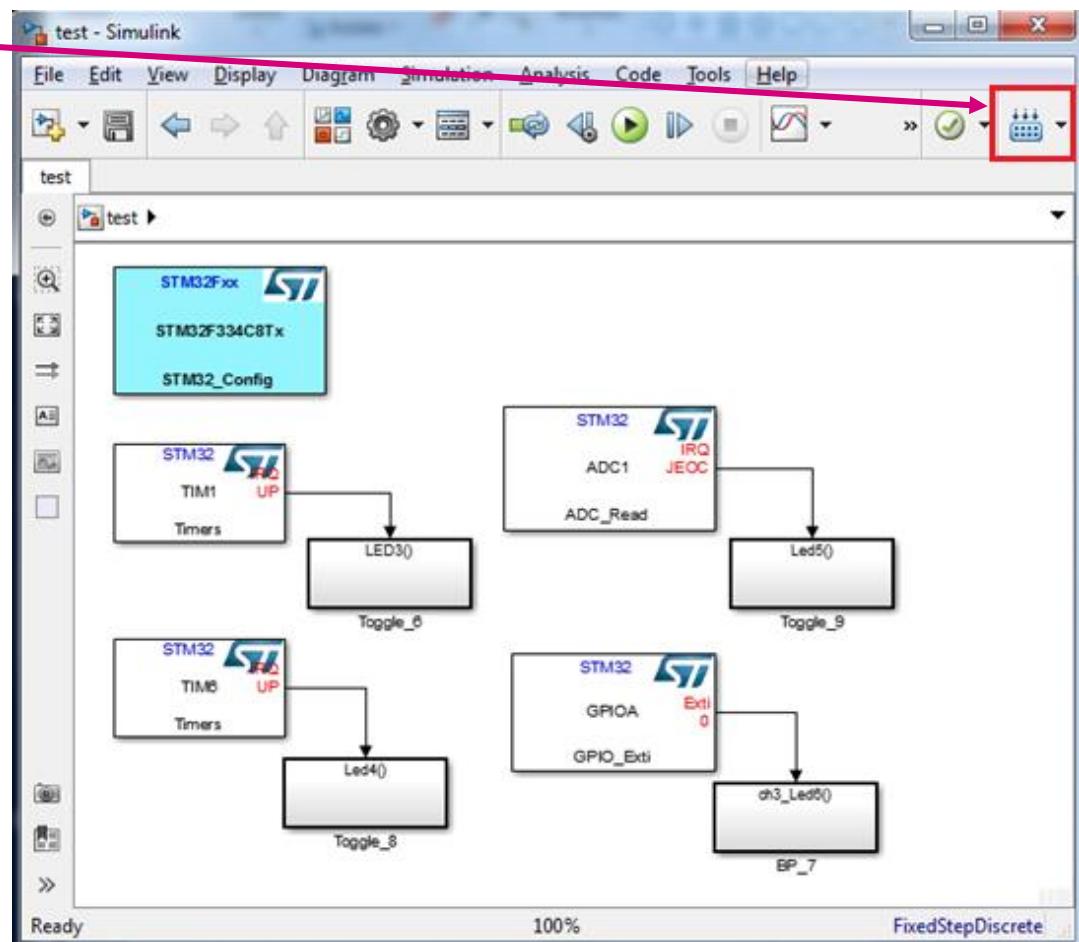


« getBuffPtr » is a C function provided with STM32-MAT/TARGET that convert MATLAB® array to C pointer.

# Build Application

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- Generate code for created application
  - Press « Build Model » to automatically generate C code and toolchain project.



# MATLAB® Code Generation 1/2

- Diagnostic Viewer

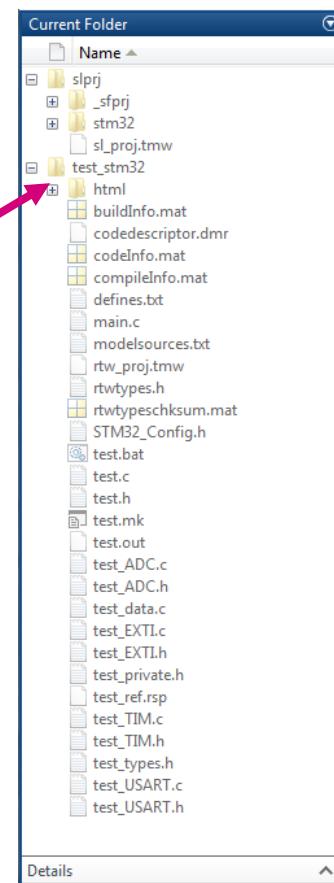
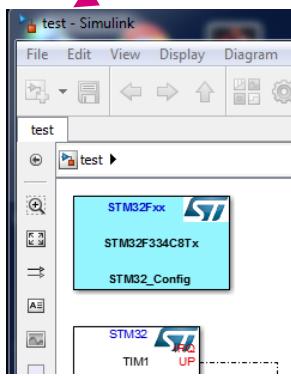
- Diagnostic Viewer window appears when you click on « View diagnostics » at the bottom of built model. It gives « Code Generation » information about Build process.

- Generated Code

- MATLAB® generates C code corresponding to Simulink model in selected Current Folder



- STM32 code is generated in repository which name is created using name of Simulink model with « \_stm32 »



The screenshot shows the 'Diagnostic Viewer' window with the 'Build' tab selected. The log output is as follows:

```

Diagnostic Viewer
test Matlab_PFCv06 search

Build 01:04 PM

## Real-Time Workshop build procedure for method: 'entry'
## modelName: 'test'
## gcs: 'test'
## bdroot: 'test'

## Starting Real-Time Workshop build procedure for model: test
## Windows version:win64
## Model connectivity is: normal
## Create verification block: None

## Generating code into build folder:
C:\snap_view\mcn_cd\Matlab\STM32\STM32demos\CodeGeneration\test_stm32
Output port 1 of 'test/BP_7/USART_Send' is not connected.

Component: Simulink | Category: Block warning
Parameter precision loss occurred for 'Value' of 'test/BP_7/Volt'. The parameter's value cannot be represented exactly using the run-time data type. A small quantization error has occurred. To disable this warning or error, in the Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Data Validity pane, set the 'Detect precision loss' option in the Parameters group to 'none'.
Component: Simulink | Category: Block warning

## Generated code for 'test' is up to date because no structural, parameter or code replacement library changes were found.
## Real-Time Workshop build procedure for method: 'before_tlc'
## modelName: 'test'
## gcs: 'test'
## bdroot: 'test'
## before_tlc
## Real-Time Workshop build procedure for method: 'after_tlc'
## modelName: 'test'
## gcs: 'test'
## bdroot: 'test'
## after_tlc
## Real-Time Workshop build procedure for method: 'before_make'
## modelName: 'test'
## gcs: 'test'
## bdroot: 'test'

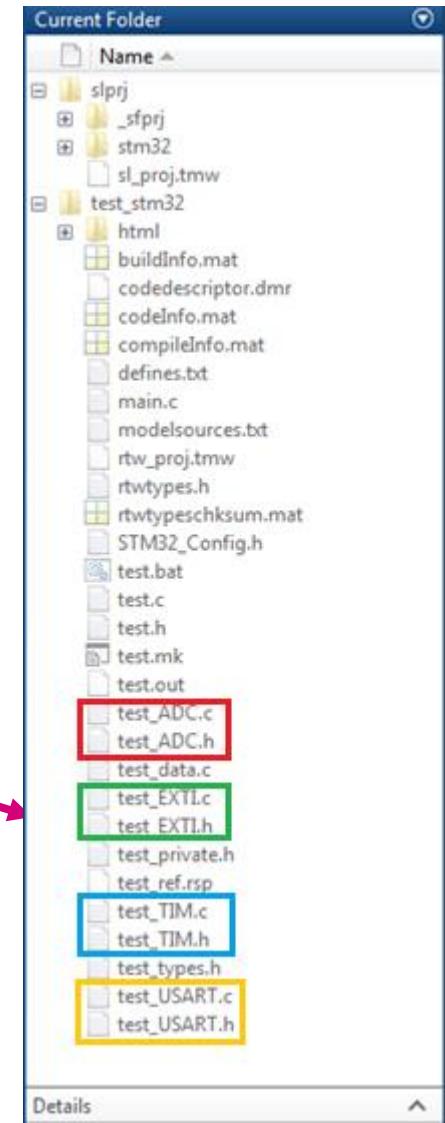
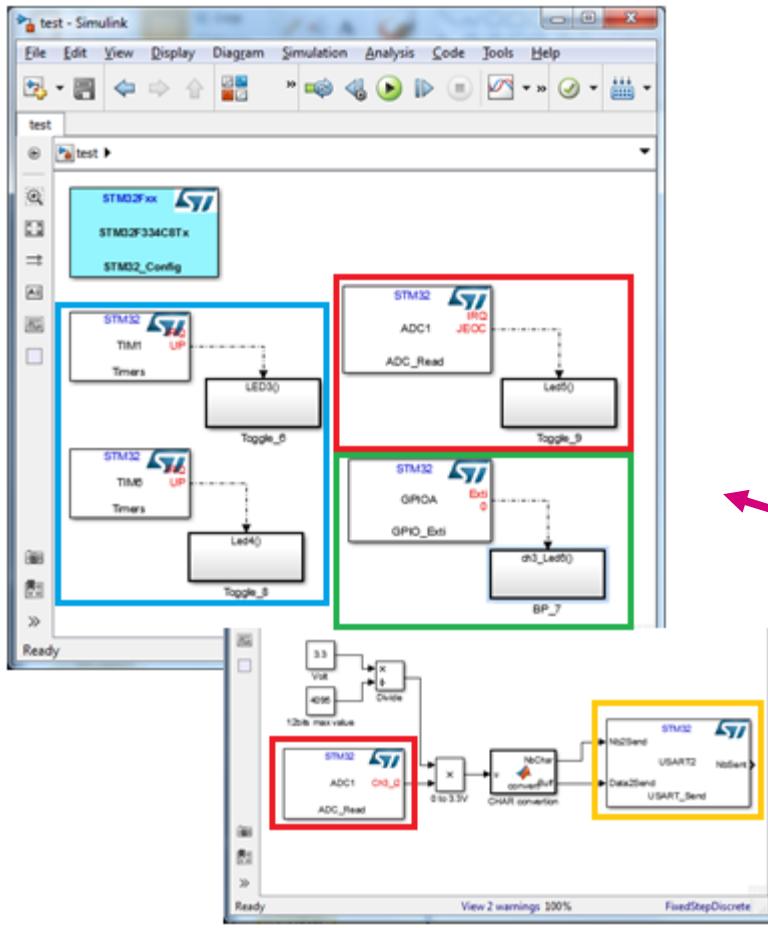
## Code Format : Embedded-C

## Processing Template Makefile: C:\Users\reynaudp\Documents\STM32-MAT\STM32\rtw\stm32.tmf
## test.mk which is generated from C:\Users\reynaudp\Documents\STM32-MAT\STM32\rtw\stm32.tmf is up to date
## Generated file: test.mk

```

# MATLAB® Code Generation 2/2

- STM32 peripherals driver code is generated in .c/.h files which name is created using name of Simulink model and peripheral name.

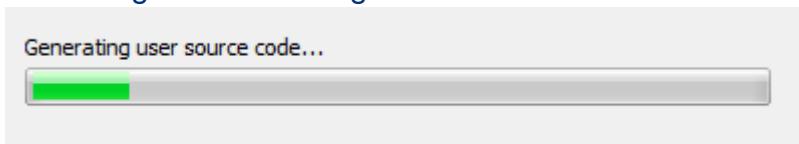


# STM32CubeMX Code Generation 1/2

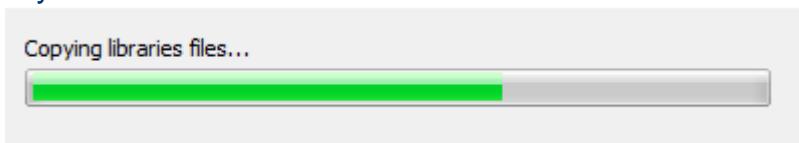
76

- STM32CubeMX process

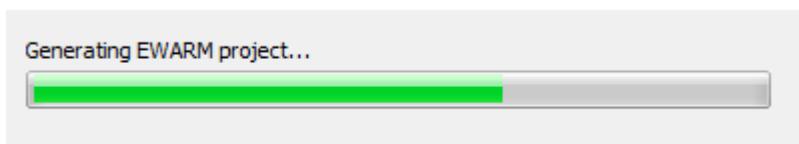
- STM32CubeMX is automatically called from MATLAB® when « Download Application » has been selected from Model Configuration window.
- STM32CubeMX generates configuration code.



- STM32CubeMX adds necessary library files.  
.c/.h library files from HAL STM32 libraries.



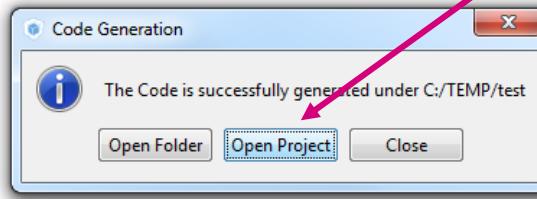
- STM32CubeMX generates toolchain project including files generated from MATLAB®



- STM32CubeMX generated project can be open



Click « Open Project » to automatically open project using selected toolchain.

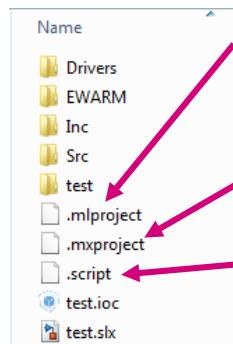


# STM32CubeMX Code Generation 2/2

77

- STM32CubeMX project generation

- Project is generated in same repository as ioc file. (Example with Simulink « test » project)



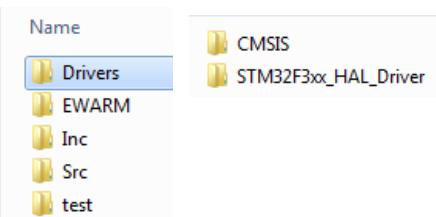
.mlproject : Generated from MATLAB®. Contains information about .c/.h files to add to project from MATLAB®

.mxproject : Generated from STM32CubeMX. Contains information about .c/.h files generated from STM32CubeMX

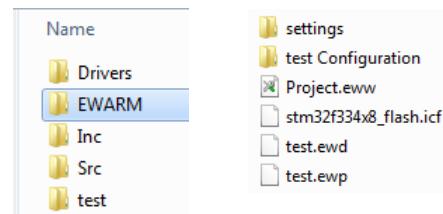
.script : Generated from MATLAB®. Contains STM32CubeMX command to generate project.

- STM32CubeMX project contains

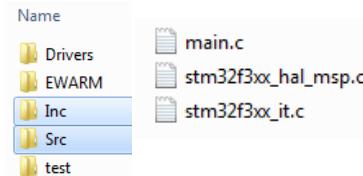
- Drivers : Contains STM32 selected library and CMSIS files



- EWARM: Contains toolchain project files (IAR for example)



- Inc & Src: Contains STM32CubeMX generated or modified files.

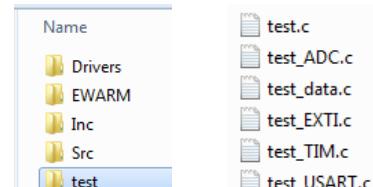


main.c : Generated from MATLAB®. It has been modified by STM32CubeMX to add project configuration.

\_hal\_msp.c: Peripherals configuration

\_it.c : Interrupt handlers for configured interrupt only.

- test (Simulink project name): Contains all .c/h files generated from MATLAB®





It is required to know toolchain functionalities.

# Toolchain Project

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- Toolchain settings

- STM32CubeMX has automatically generated project including mandatory settings. It is exactly same project as it should be generated « by hand ». Possibility to tune all settings.



Example using EWARM (IAR) toolchain for Simulink test project

- Toolchain Actions

- Build project
- Download and Debug project

The screenshot shows the IAR Embedded Workbench IDE interface. On the left, the 'Workspace' panel displays a project structure under 'test - test Configuration'. The 'Files' section shows files like 'main.c', 'stm32lx\_hal\_ms.c', and 'stm32lx\_it.c'. On the right, the main window shows the content of 'main.c'. The code includes a copyright notice and a detailed redistribution and usage policy. Two red arrows point from the text above to specific icons on the toolbar: one to the 'Build' icon (a blue square with a white triangle) and another to the 'Download&Debug' icon (a green square with a white triangle). A yellow warning icon is located to the right of the toolbar.

BUILD  
project

Download&Debug  
project

STM32 board must be connected to PC when you click « Download&Debug »

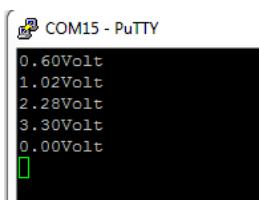


It is required to know toolchain functionalities.

# Run Project

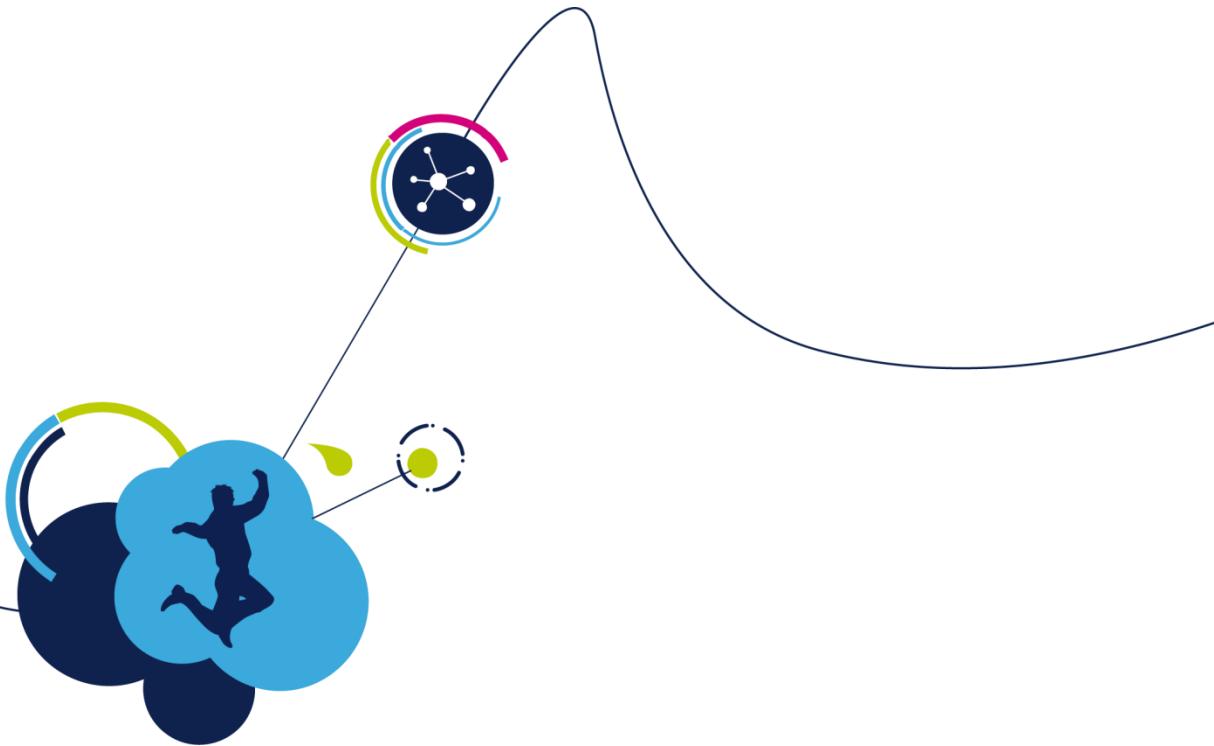
- Simulink « test » example results
    - Project is started and waits at 1st main instruction.
    - Click «Go»
    - LD3/LD4/LD5 are blinking
    - LD6 is alternatively ON and OFF when you press User button. ADC value set on PA2 (ADC1 Ch3) is sent to PC through USART.

You can see ADC value on PC using PuTTY for example.



## Example using EWARM (IAR) toolchain for Simulink test project

The screenshot shows the IAR Embedded Workbench IDE interface. The top menu bar includes File, Edit, View, Project, Debug, Disassembly, ST-LINK, Tools, Window, Help, and Help. Below the menu is a toolbar with various icons. A red arrow points from the bottom-left towards the 'Go' button in the toolbar. The central workspace contains a code editor with C code for main.c, a disassembly window on the right, and a log window at the bottom. The left sidebar shows a project tree for 'test - test C...'.



# External Mode

# Tools usage

81

- Step 1: Pure simulation
  - Everything done on the PC

MATLAB®/  
Simulink

- Step 2: Processor-in-the-loop (PIL)
  - Algorithm fully executed on STM32
  - Data (Input or output) exchanged between MATLAB®/Simulink and STM32 via UART

MATLAB®/  
Simulink  
Embedded  
Coder

STM32Cube  
Embedded  
Software  
STM32CubeMX

Toolchain

\*: used only for UART



## External Mode

- Data (input or output) obtained within STM32 through its peripherals (ADC, Timers, ...) and algorithm fully executed on STM32.
- Data monitoring from Simulink via UART
- Not possible to modify STM32 configuration during External Mode.

MATLAB®/  
Simulink  
Embedded  
Coder

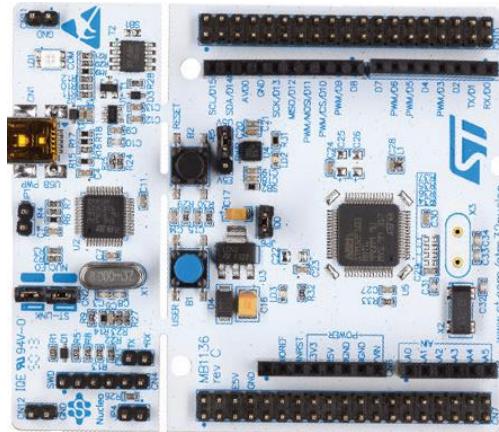
STM32Cube  
Embedded  
Software  
STM32CubeMX

Toolchain



# External mode example

- Hardware :
  - Example based on NUCLEO-F302R8
  - Configuration :
    - ADC1 : IN1

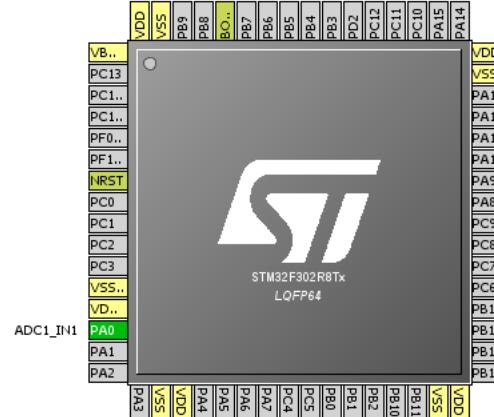
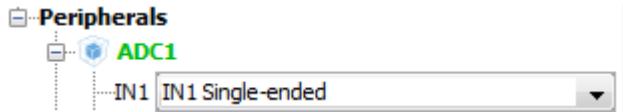


- Software application :
  - Read ADC1 IN1 value from Simulink

# STM32CubeMX STM32F302R8 configuration

83

- Open STM32CubeMX tool and select STM32F302R8Tx
- Hardware setting
  - PA0: ADC1 IN1 Single-ended



- Project configuration
  - Heap Size : 0x3000



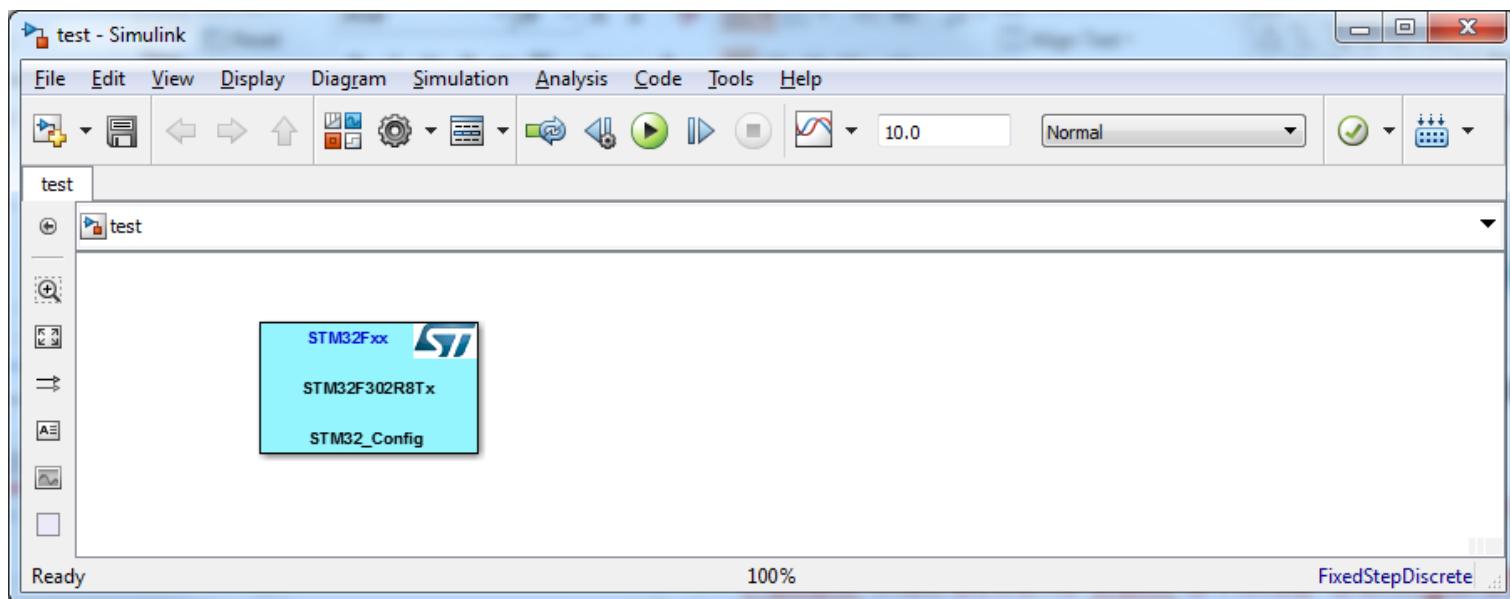
Because of communication flow between Simulink and STM32, Heap Size must be higher as possible.



- Clock configuration
  - Set to Max : 64MHz if HSI used
- Save project

# Simulink External Mode

- Look at Simulink model Setting 1/4 to 4/4 to open and configure new model.
- Save Simulink model and open Library Browser
  - For example: Save model as test.slx into C:\TEMP\test repository
- Follow instructions from STM32 Configuration 1/3 to 3/3 in order to select IOC configuration file you saved for STM302R8.

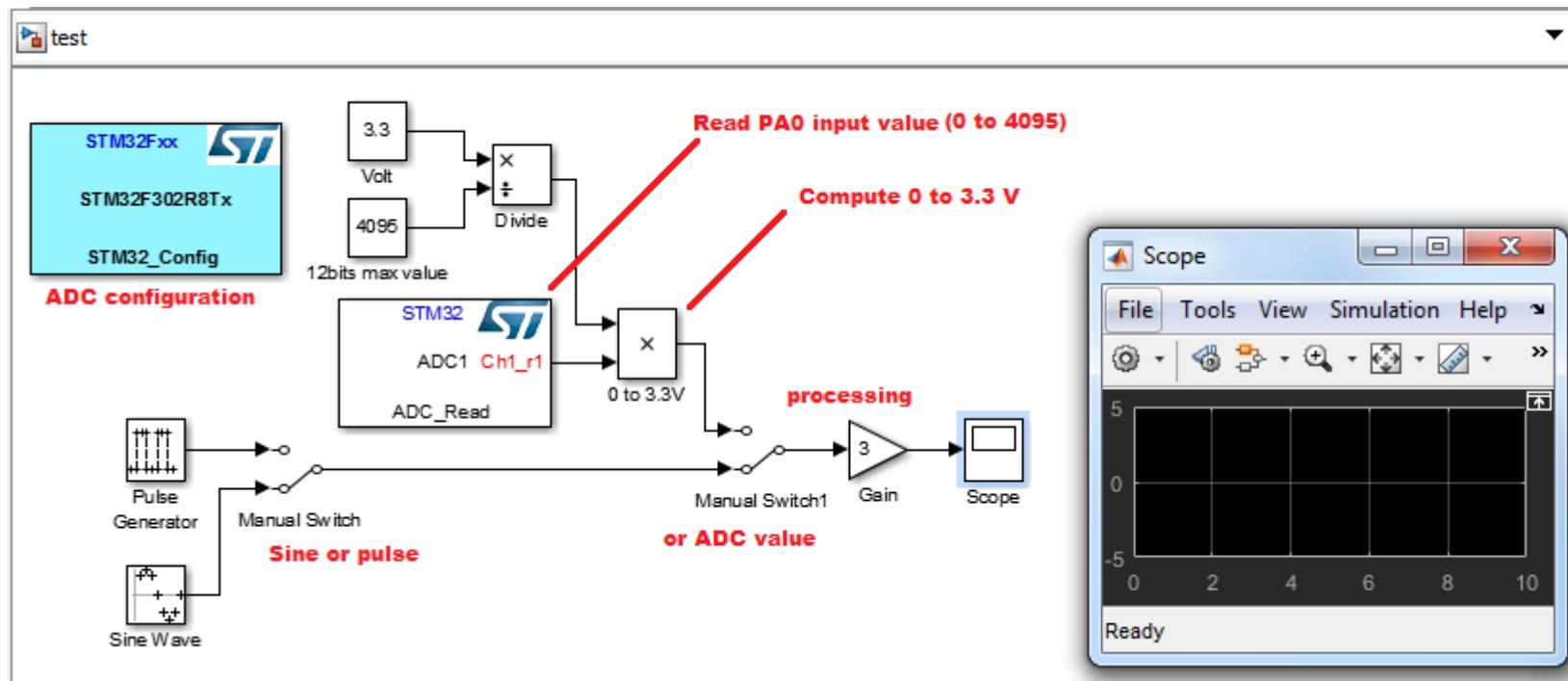


# Simulink External Mode

85

- PULSE or SIN or ADC value

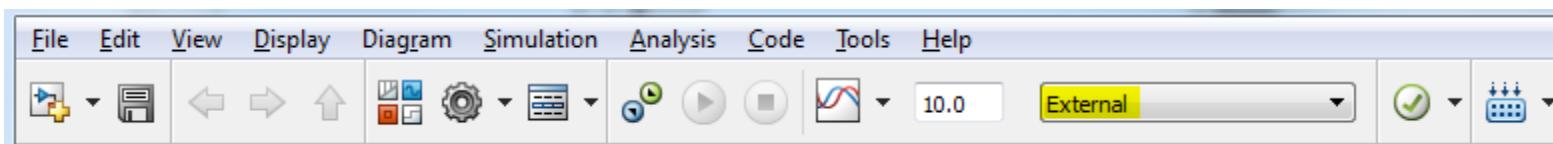
- Select source to scope on Simulink.
- It can be Sine Wave or square pulses depending on Switch position or STM32 ADC1 PA0 input value depending on Switch1 position.



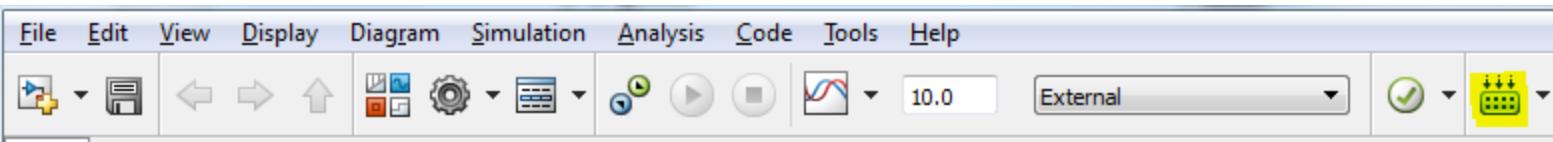
# Simulink External Mode

86

- Select External to enable External Mode



- Generate code for created application
  - Press « Build Model » to automatically generate C code and toolchain project.

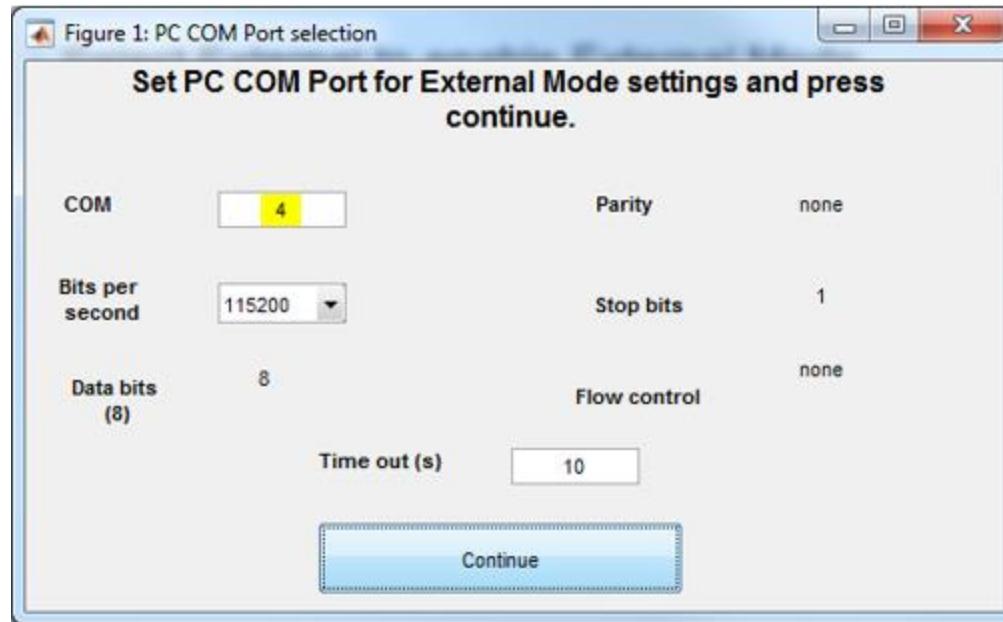
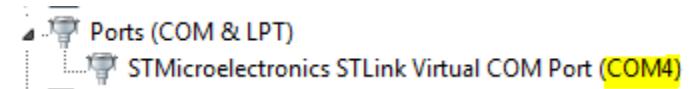


# Simulink External Mode

87

- PC COM Port selection

- COM port number is given from Device manager



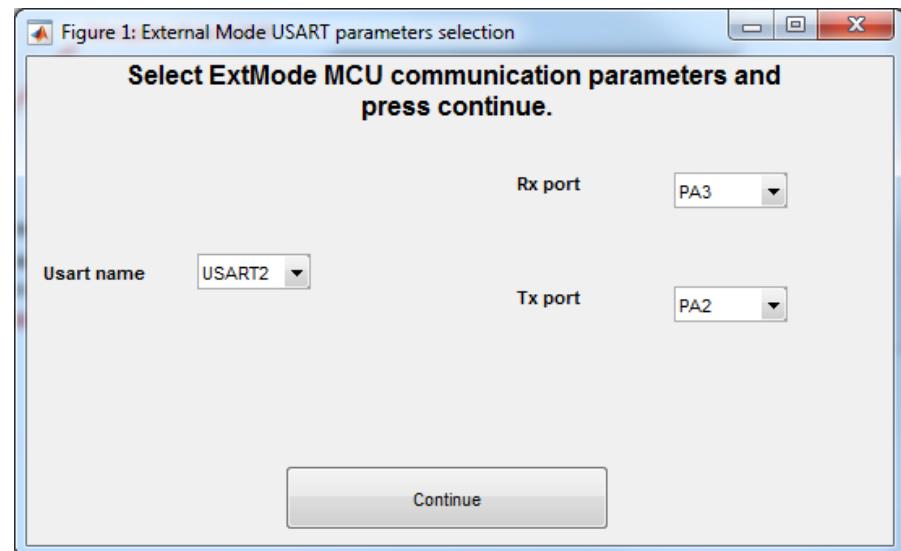
UART speed Baud Rate only is configurable.

- STM32 UART selection
  - Selected UART depend on Virtual Com Port (VCP) configuration.
  - Look at User manual of used board
- NUCLEO-F302R8 example:

## 5.8 USART communication

The USART2 interface available on PA2 and PA3 of the STM32 microcontroller can be connected to ST-LINK MCU, STMicroelectronics Morpho connector or to Arduino connector. The choice can be changed by setting the related solder bridges. By default the USART2 communication between the target MCU and ST-LINK MCU is enabled in order to support Virtual Com Port for mbed (SB13 and SB14 ON, SB62 and SB63 OFF). If the communication between the target MCU PA2 (D1) or PA3 (D0) and shield or extension board is required, SB62 and SB63 should be ON, SB13 and SB14 should be OFF. In such case it is possible to connect another USART to ST-LINK MCU using flying wires between Morpho connector and CN3. For instance on NUCLEO-F103RB it is possible to use USART3 available on PC10 (TX) & PC11 (RX). Two flying wires need to be connected as follow:

- PC10 (USART3\_TX) available on CN7 pin 1 to CN3 pin RX
- PC11 (USART3\_RX) available on CN7 pin 2 to CN3 pin TX

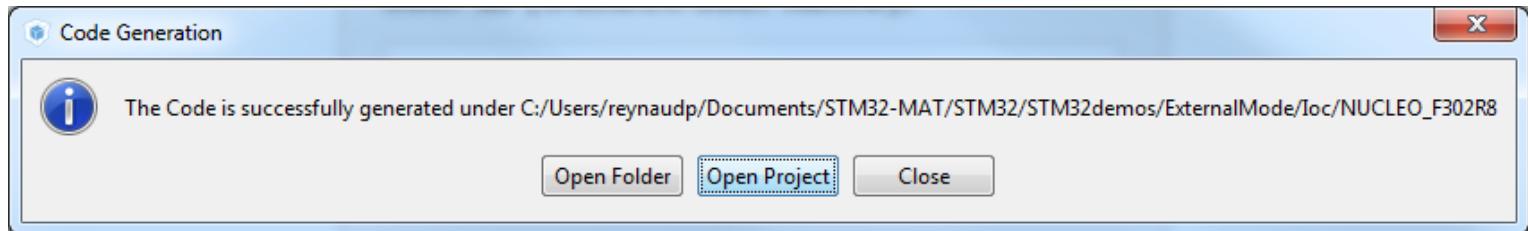


# Simulink External Mode

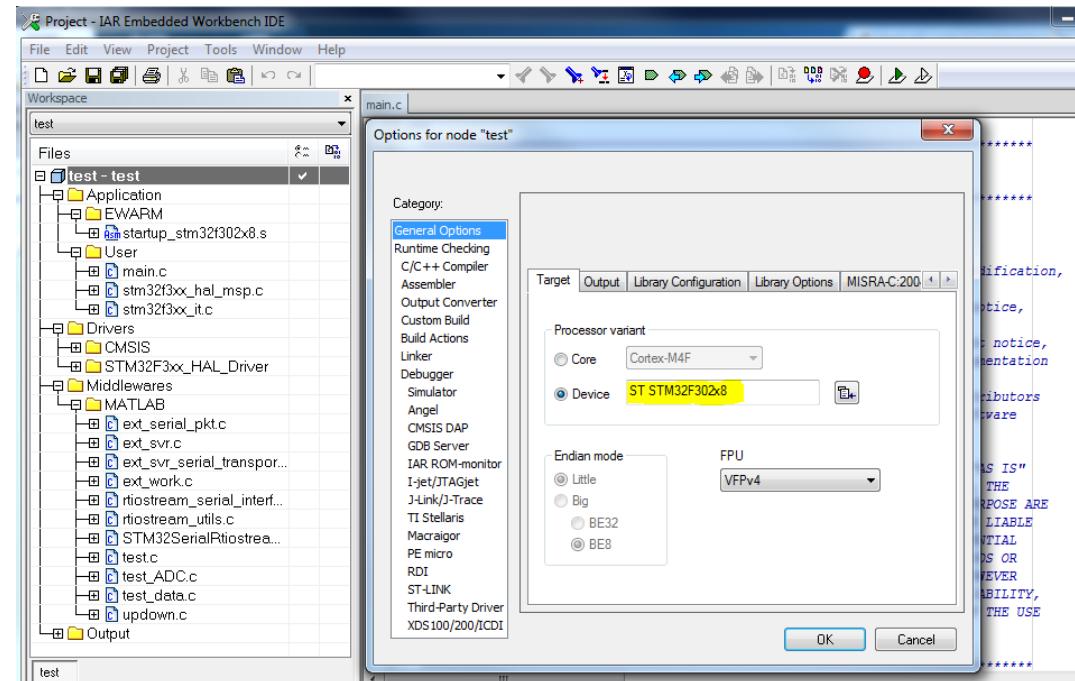
89

- Project Generation

- STM32CubeMX generates project as for Build Project Process.



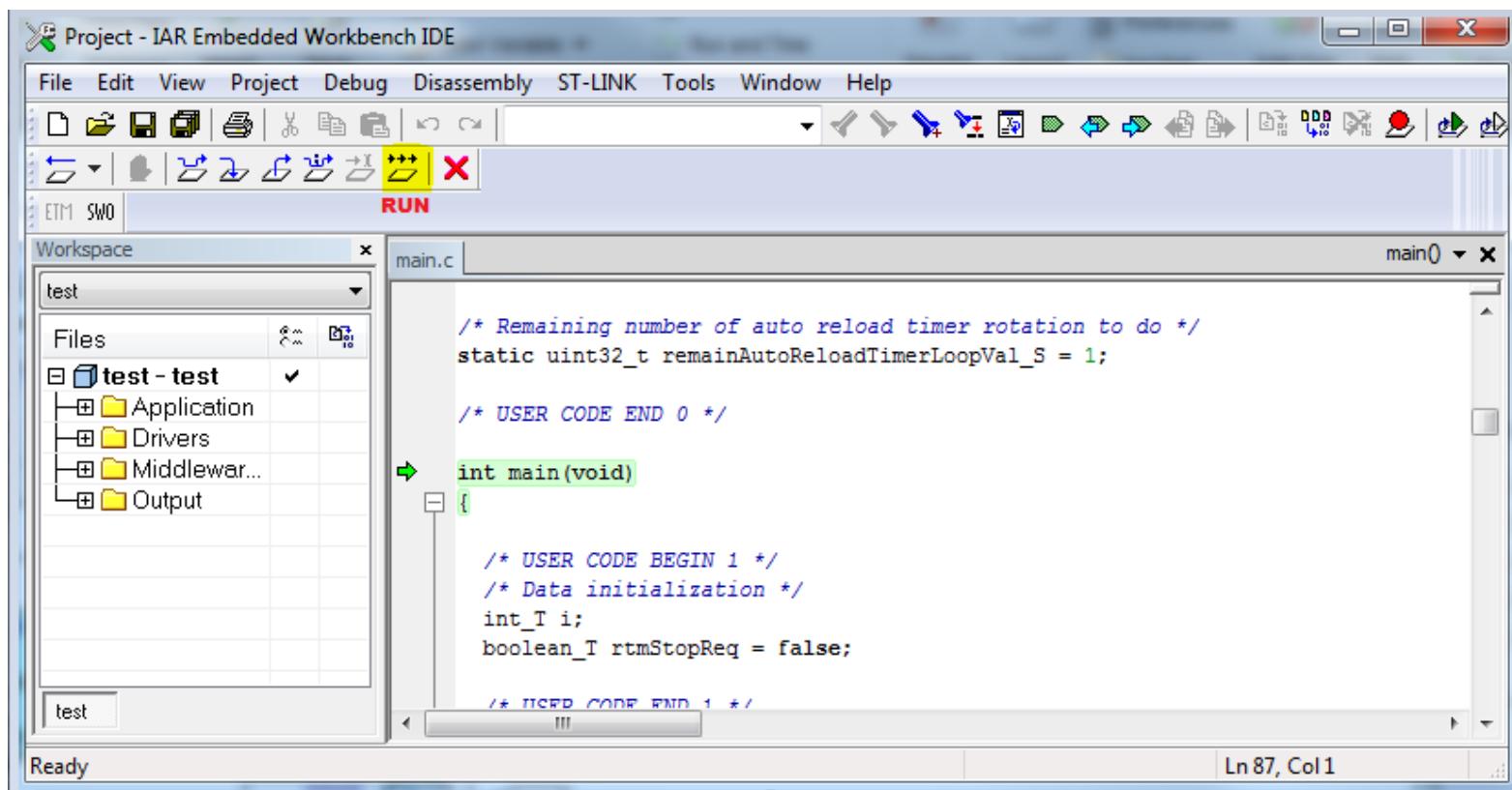
- Click Open Project and verify Project Setting



# Simulink External Mode

90

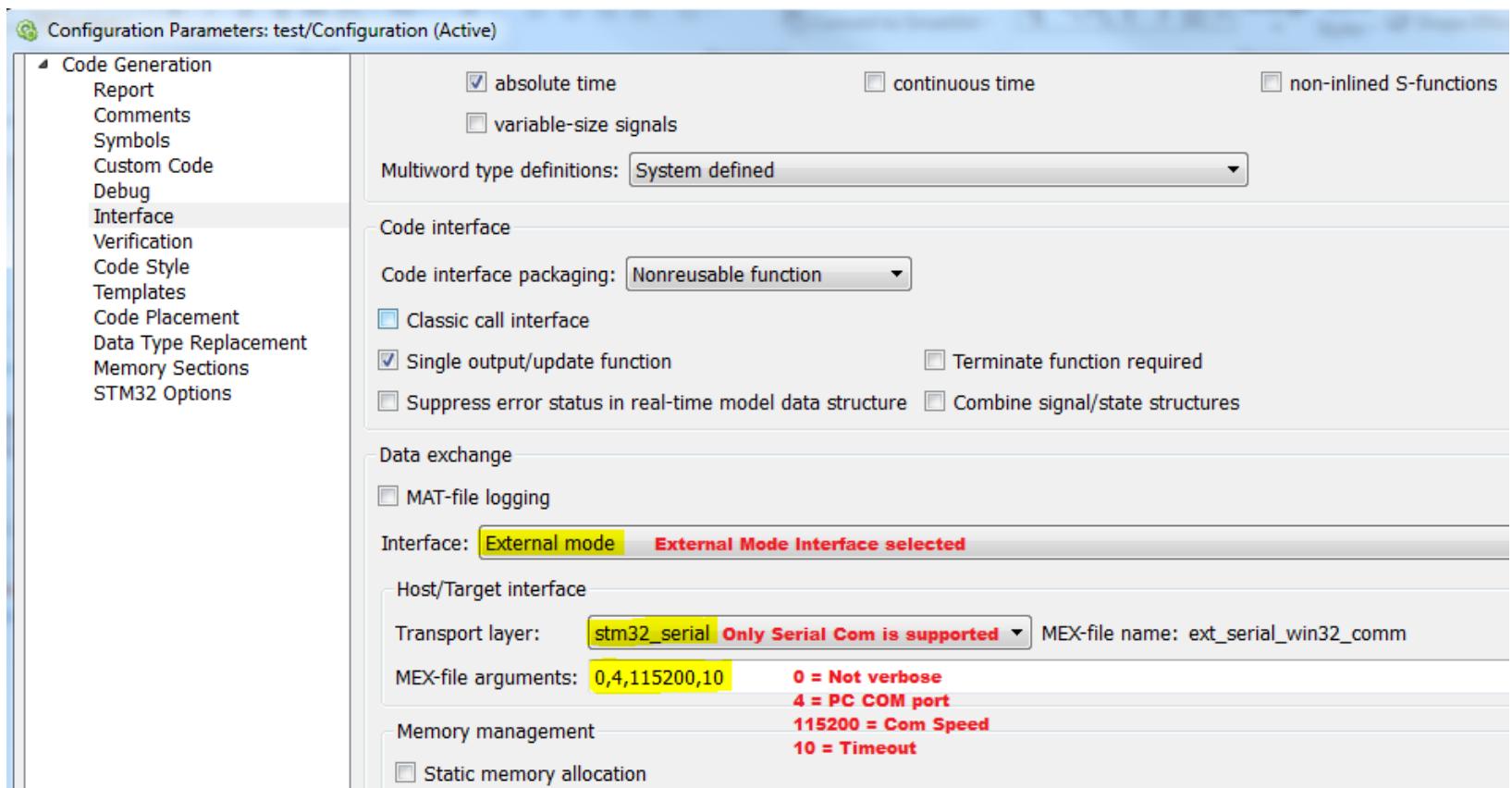
- Build, Download and Run project
  - STM32 target must run project before connection with Simulink is done.



# Simulink External Mode

91

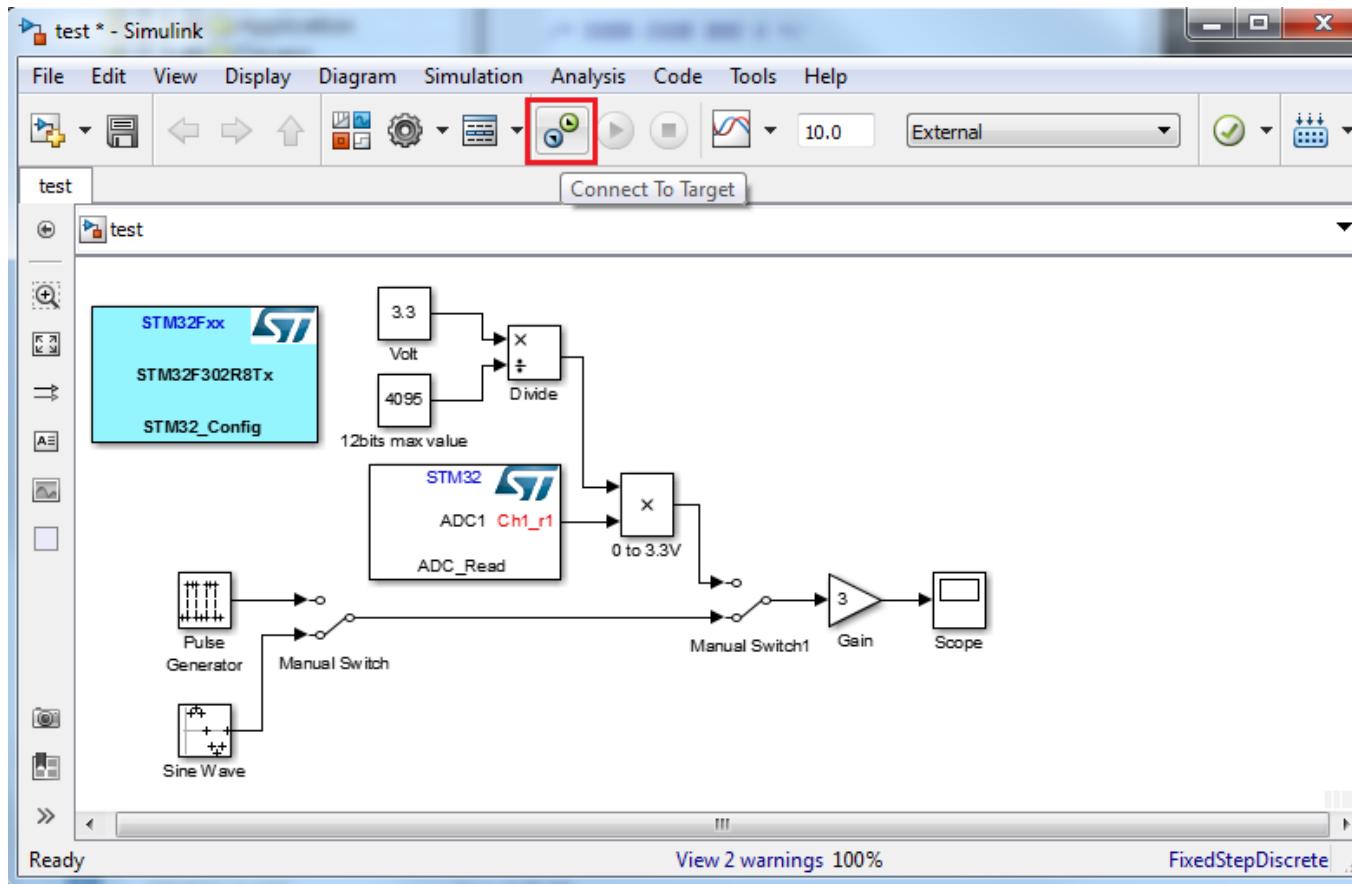
- Simulink External Mode settings
  - Verify Simulink model Configuration parameters window



# Simulink External Mode

92

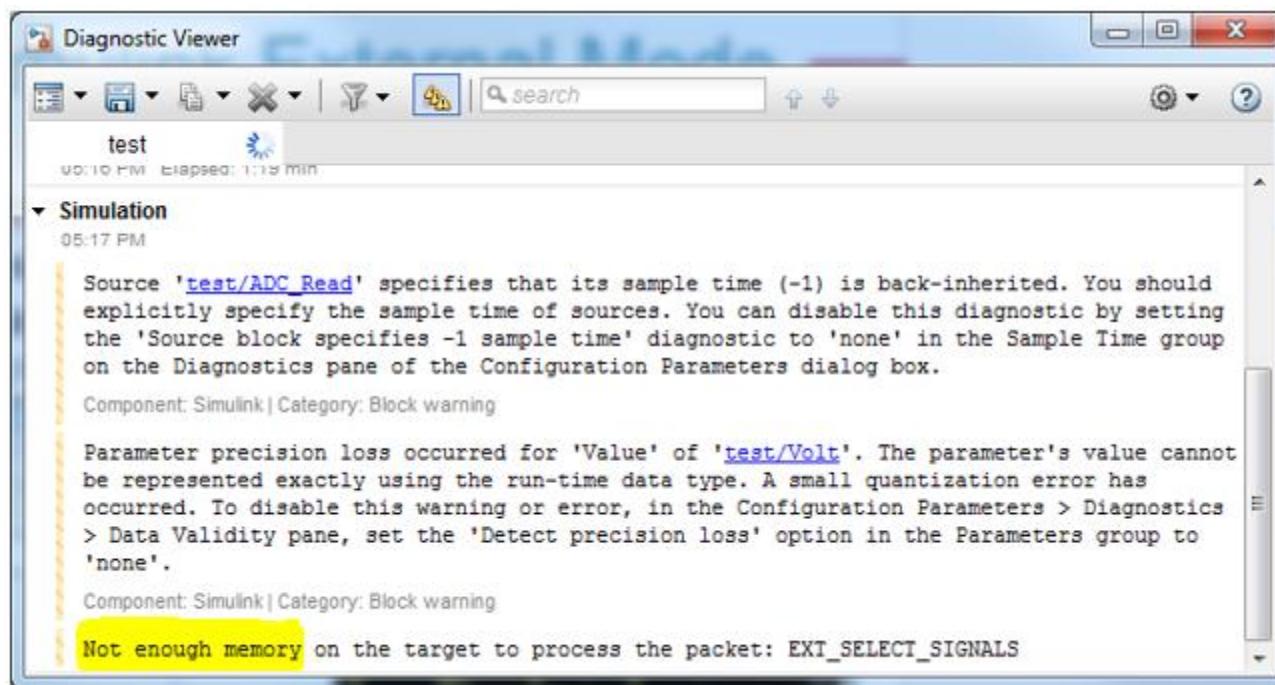
- STM32 – Simulink Connection
  - Click Connect To Target



# Simulink External Mode

93

- Memory configuration
  - Connection can be done but no signal visible from scope.

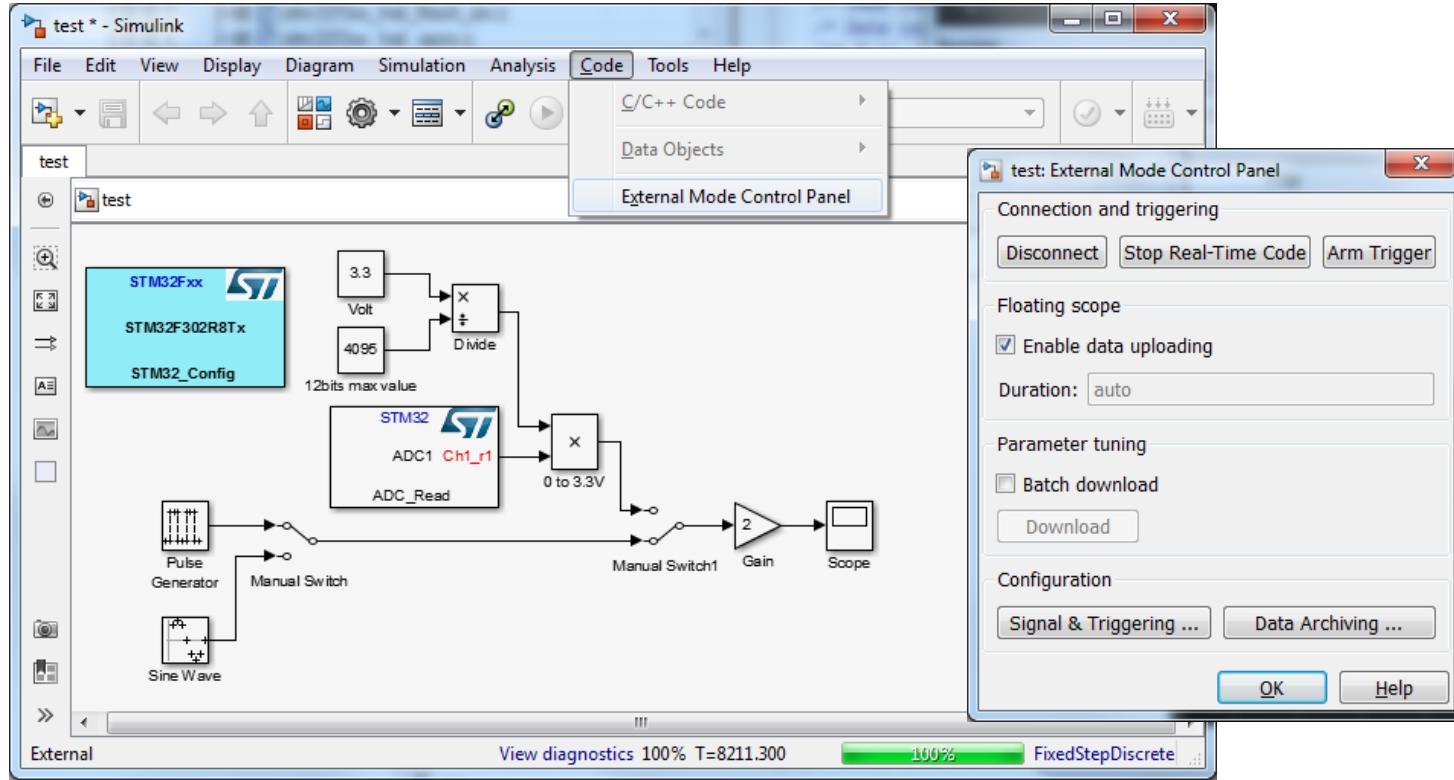


# Simulink External Mode

94

- Memory configuration

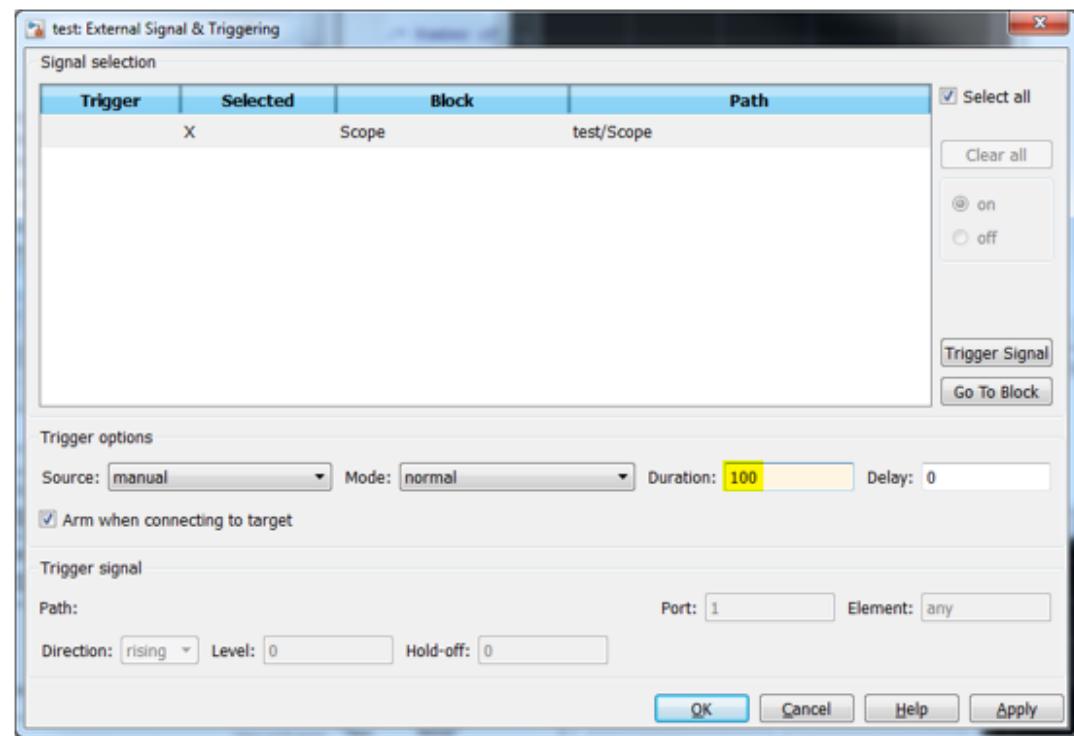
- Increase Heap Size from STM32CubeMX configuration if possible
- Or configure Signal & Triggering from External Mode Control Panel



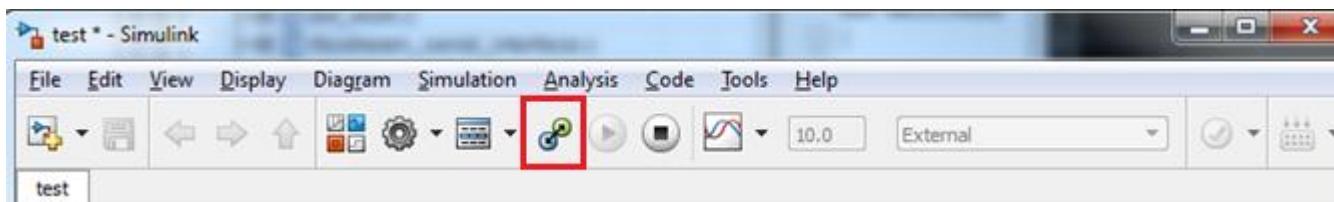
# Simulink External Mode

95

- Memory Configuration
  - Change Scope duration to 100



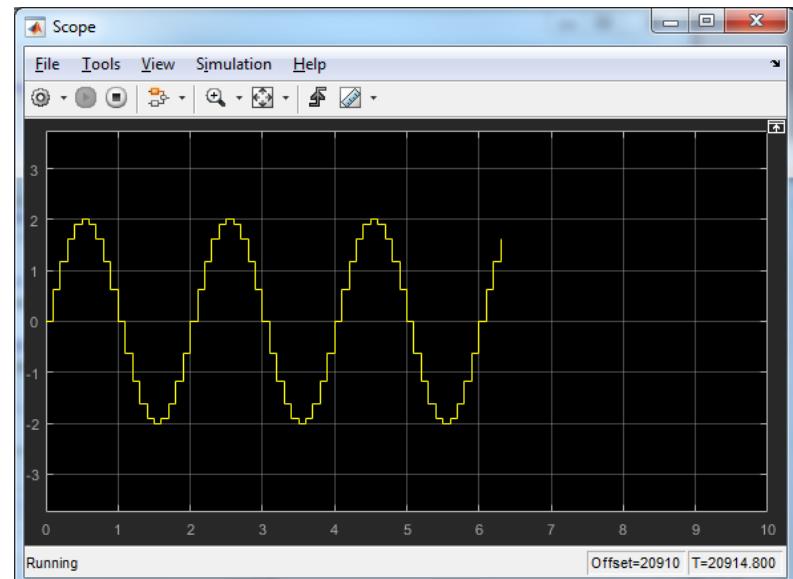
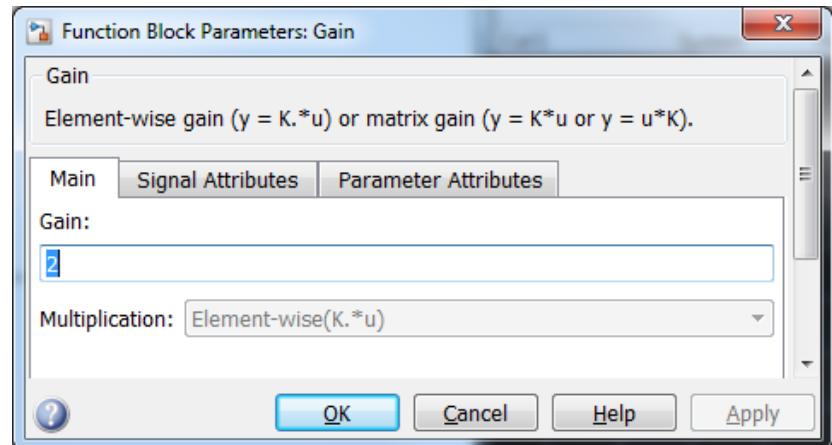
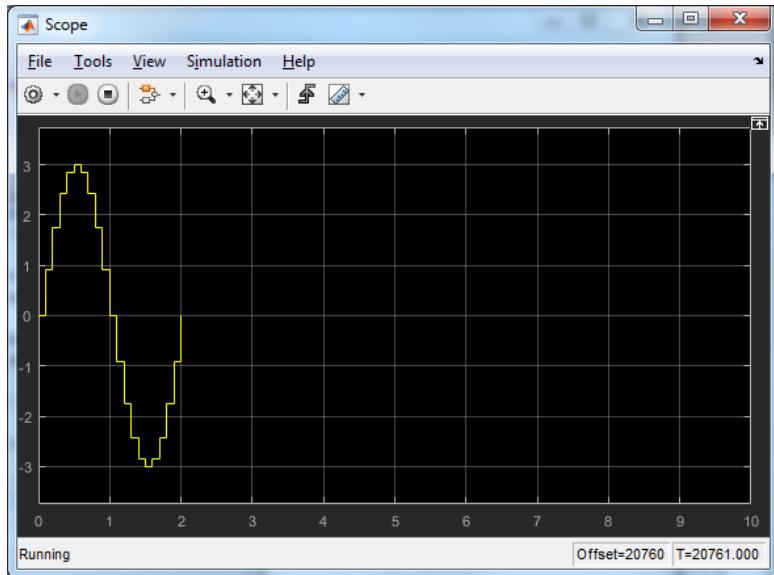
- Connect To Target again



# Simulink External Mode

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- Signal modification
  - Sine is selected (-3 to 3)

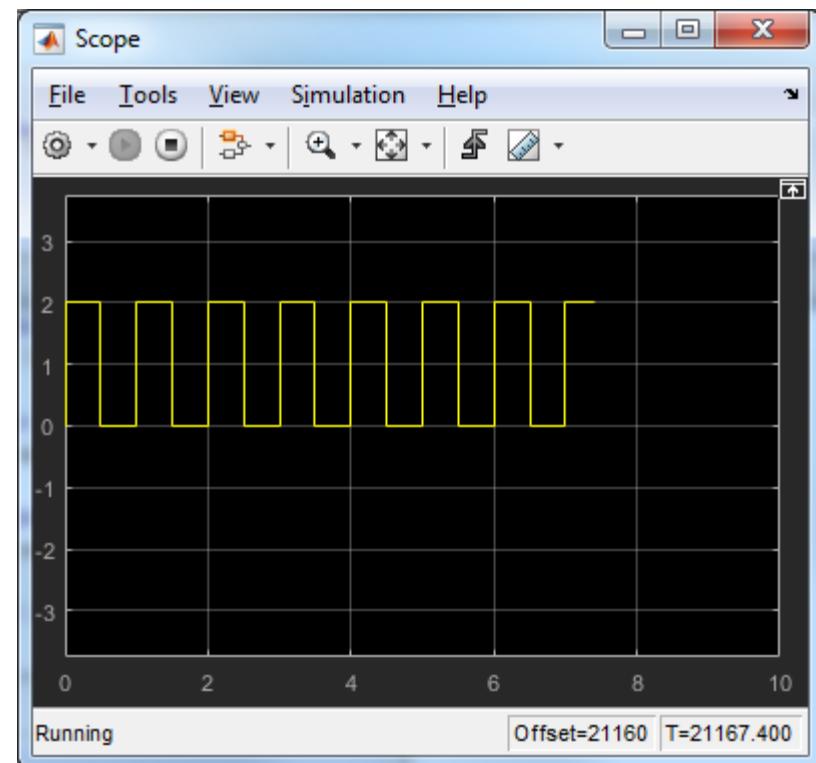
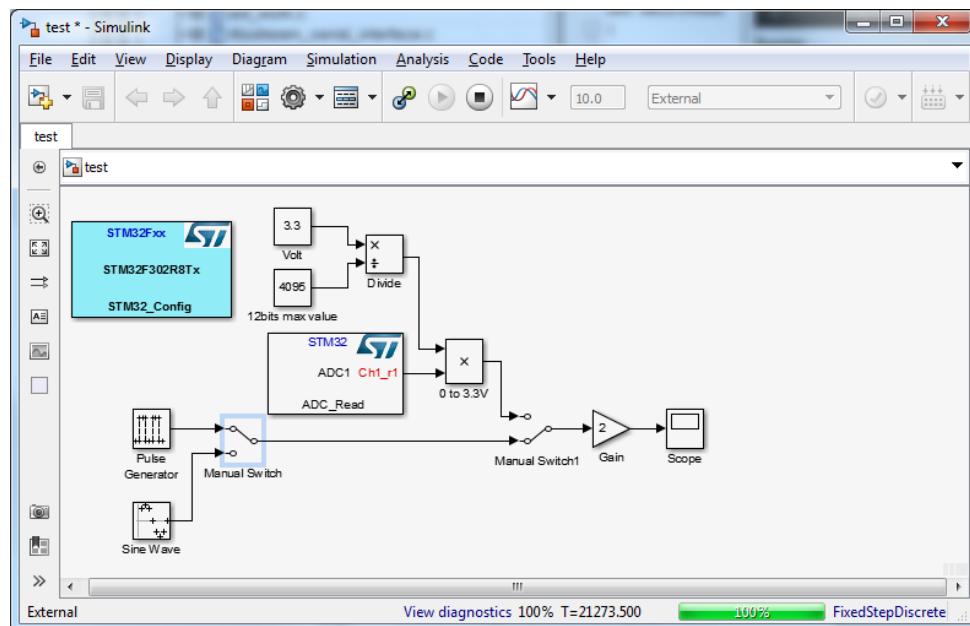


- Change Gain from 3 to 2
- Sine signal amplitude is now from -2 to 2

# Simulink External Mode

97

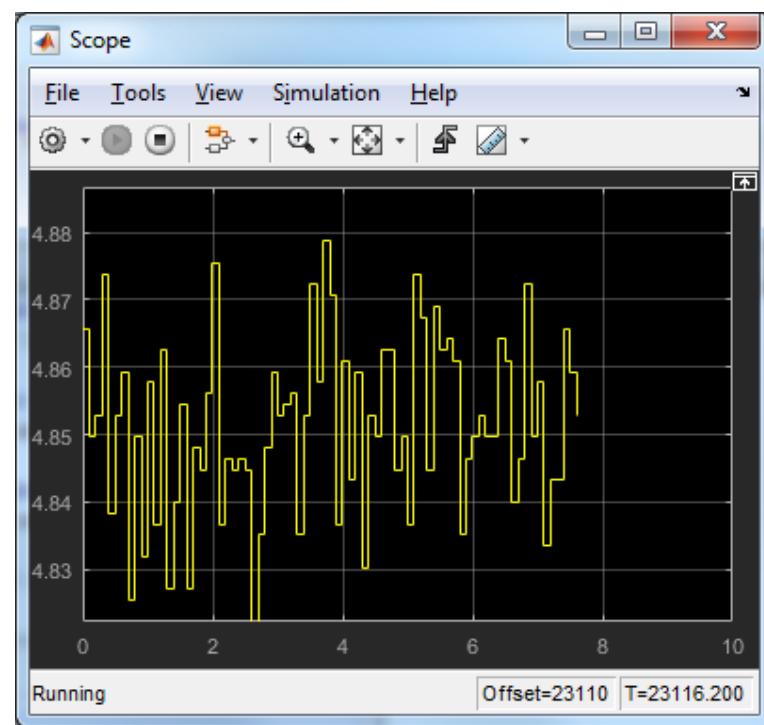
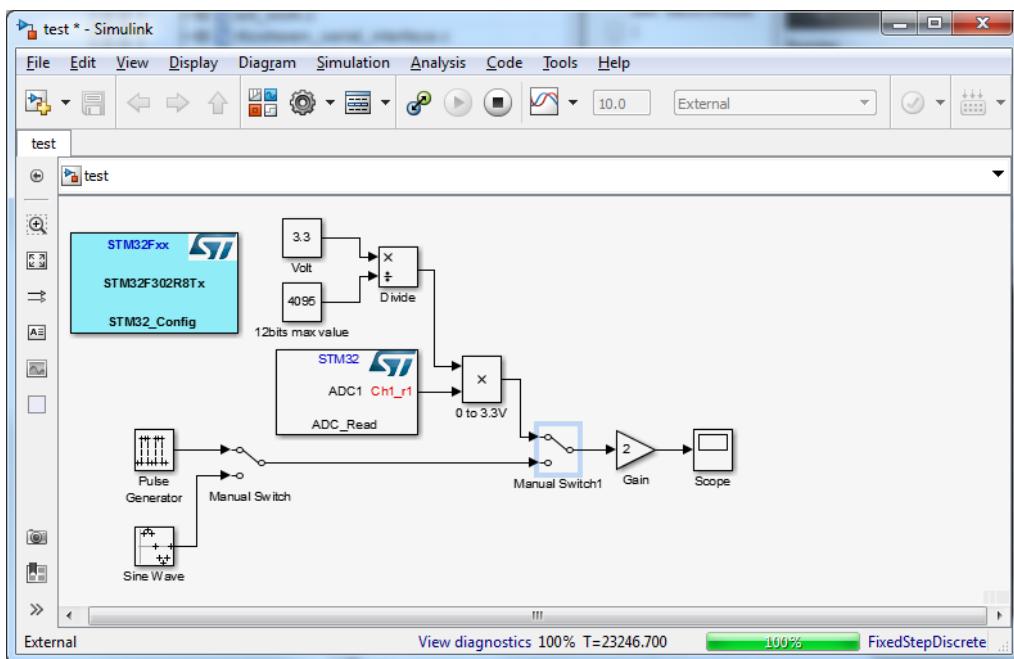
- Signal Selection
  - Double click Switch to select pulse generation



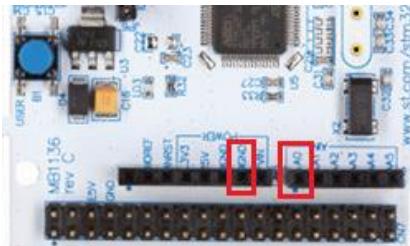
# Simulink External Mode

98

- Signal Selection
  - Double click Switch1 to select signal from ADC1 PA0



NUCLEO AN-A0 Pin (connected to ADC1 IN1) and GND must be connected to a power supply (or voltage generator) max 3.3V.

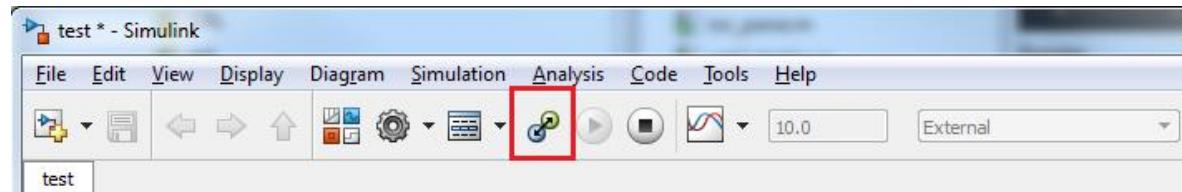


# Simulink External Mode

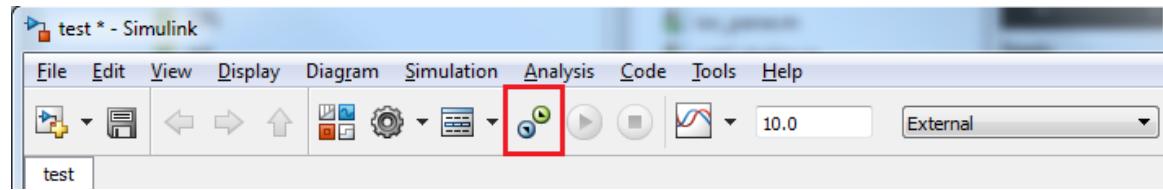
99

- Connected / Not connected
  - As long as STM32 application is running, you can connect or unconnect Simulink model.

- Connected



- Not connected

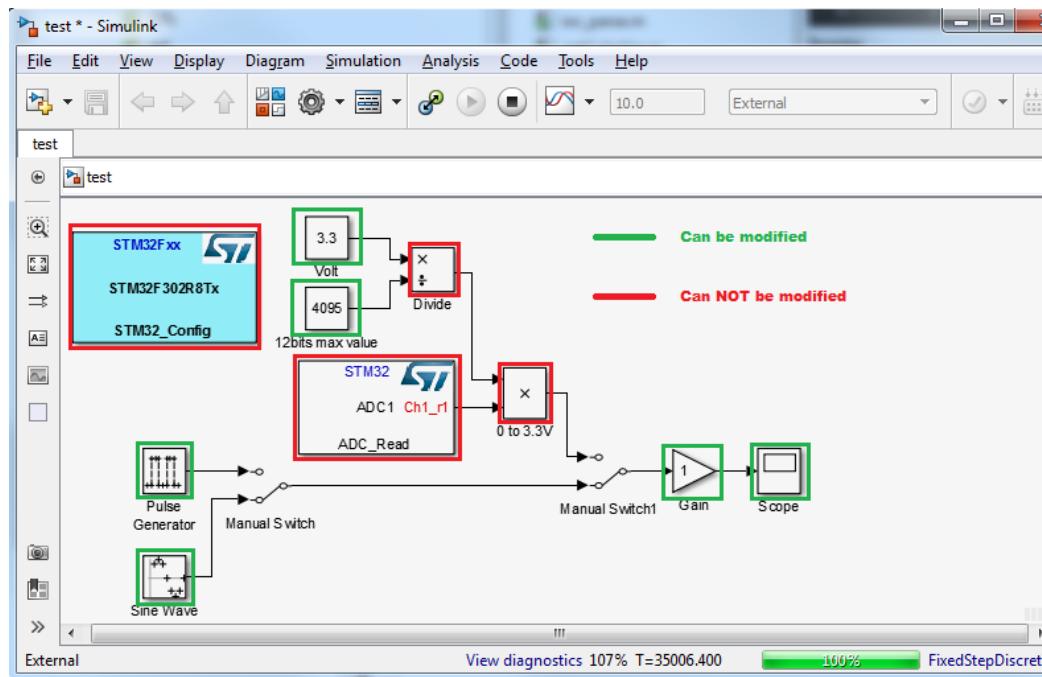


# Simulink External Mode

100

- Monitoring

- As long as STM32 application is running, you can modify Simulink model parameters.

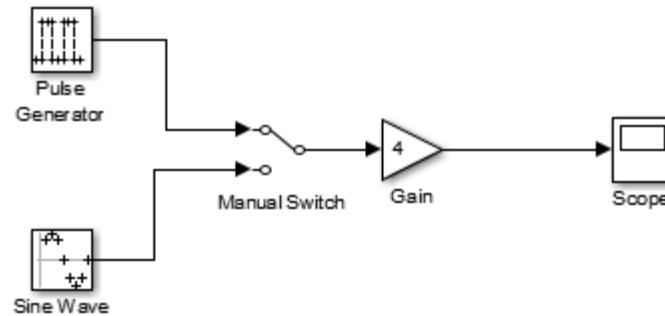


Monitoring means that only parameters can be modified. C generated code can't be modified. For example, it is not possible to replace x with + as x C code function has been generated.

# Simulink External Mode

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- External Mode without ioc file selection.
  - It is possible to do STM32 External Mode for Simulink model without any STM32 driver used.
  - MCU used for External Mode is then selected using MCU selection window as PC port and STM32 USART for External Mode communication
  - IOC file is generated including selected STM32 MCU and USART for communication with Simulink.
  - STM32CubeMX generates code and project.
  - Process is same as process using STM32 drivers.



# Releasing your creativity with the STM32

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st.com/e2e

[www.st.com/stm32](http://www.st.com/stm32)