## Command Crib Sheet

Command	Implementation
cd	Changes the working directory
	Example:  ksh@ubuntu:~\$ cd Desktop
	This sample implementation changes the working directory from my default (home) directory to the Desktop, from which the I can access files and folders
ls	Lists all files and folders within the working directory
	Example: <pre>ksh@ubuntu:~/Desktop\$ 1s</pre>
	This sample implementation lists all of the files and folders within the working directory. The terminal in Ubuntu colors the folders differently than the files.
cat	Shows the contents of the file
	<pre>Example:     ksh@ubuntu:~/Desktop\$ cat test.html~</pre>
	This sample implementation displays the contents of the file called test.html.
pwd	Prints working directory
	Example: <u>ksh@ubuntu</u> :~/Desktop\$ pwd
	This sample implementation prints out /home/ksh/Desktop
	which is the working directory.
echo	Writes arguments to standard output
	Example: <a href="mailto:ksh@ubuntu">ksh@ubuntu</a> :~/Desktop\$ echo *.html
	This sample implementation prints out all files in the working directory that end in .html
mkdir	Creates a new directory within the current working directory
	Example:

```
ksh@ubuntu:~/Desktop$ mkdir sampleDir
```

This sample implementation creates a directory called sampleDir within the Desktop directory

ssh

Connects via the terminal through a secure shell protocol to remotely connect to directories not stored on the computer

Example:

```
ksh@ubuntu:~/Desktop$ ssh khiga1@my.cs.lmu.edu
khiga1@my.cs.lmu.edu's password:
```

This sample implementation connects my computer to the directories at <a href="mailto:khiga1@my.cs.lmu.edu">khiga1@my.cs.lmu.edu</a>, giving me access to the files stored there.

grep

Find text in a file

Example:

```
ksh@ubuntu:~/Desktop$ grep \<\/ul>> test.html~
```

This sample implementation prints out all instances of <\ul> within the file test.html

ps

Prints the process list

Example:

```
ksh@ubuntu:~/Desktop$ ps
```

This sample implementation displays the contents of the file called test.html.

top

Open up all processes

Example:

```
ksh@ubuntu:~/Desktop$ top
```

This sample implementation displays the processes currently running on the computer, and allows user to organize and kill processes.