Lab Assignment 4b: Optimization for Machine Learning Dr. Md Abu Talhamainuddin Ansary

Write python codes of descent methods with inexact line search technique for the following function:

- (1) $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$ is defined by $f(x) = (x_1 r)^4 + (x_1 2x_2)^2$ with and $x^0 = (r 1, r + 1)$ where r is the last digit of your roll number. If last digit of your roll number is 0 then choose r = 1.75. Use $\beta_1 = 10^{-4}$, $\beta_2 = 0.9$, r = 0.5, and stopping criteria $\|\nabla f(x^k)\| < 10^{-4}$ or maximum 500 iterations. Find number of iterations, function evaluations and gradient evaluations.
- (2) Solve the above problem use Bregman function $h(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^TBx$ where $B = \begin{bmatrix} 2r & \sqrt{r} \\ \sqrt{r} & r \end{bmatrix}$. Find number of iterations, function evaluations and gradient evaluations. Does this method take less number of iterations?
- (3) Solve the following system of equation using Newton method

$$F(x) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1^2 + x_2^2 - 2 \\ e^{x_1 - 1} + x_2^3 - 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (1)

Use $x^0 = (2.r, 2.r)^T$, stopping criteria $||F(x^k)|| < 10^{-4}$ or maximum 500 iterations.

(4) Solve the following problem

$$\min_{x}(x_1-r)^4+(x_1-2x_2)^2$$

using Newton method. Use $x^0 = (r+1, r-1)$ as initial approximation. Use stopping criteria $\|\nabla f(x^k)\| < 10^{-4}$ or maximum 500 iterations.

(5) Suppose $f_1, f_2 : \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}$, for n = 30 are defined as

$$I_{1} = \{i \in \{2, 3, ..., n\} \mid i \mod 2 = 1\}$$

$$I_{2} = \{i \in \{2, 3, ..., n\} \mid i \mod 2 = 0\};$$

$$f_{1}(x) = x_{1} + \frac{2}{|I_{1}|} \sum_{i \in I_{1}} (x_{i} - sin(6\pi x_{1} + i\pi/n))^{2}$$

$$f_{2}(x) = 1 - \sqrt{x_{1}} + \frac{2}{|I_{2}|} \sum_{i \in I_{2}} (x_{i} - sin(6\pi x_{1} + i\pi/n))^{2}$$

Using modified Newton method solve

$$\min 0.r f_1(x) + (1 - 0.r) f_2(x)$$

$$s.t. \quad 0.001 \quad \leq \quad x_1 \leq 1, \quad -1 \leq x_i \leq 1, \quad i = 2, 3, ..., n.$$

where r is last digit of your roll no. If last digit of your roll no is use then use r = 15.

(6) Given the dataset construct unconstrained optimization for logistic regression and solve using (i) gradient descent (ii) mirror descent method by using a symmetric positive definite matrix with diagonal elements in [5, 10] and off diagonal elements in [0, 1] (iii) Newton method