ECEN 5803

Mastering Embedded System Architecture

(Fall-2023)

PROJECT-1: MODULE 3

RTOS THREADS

Date

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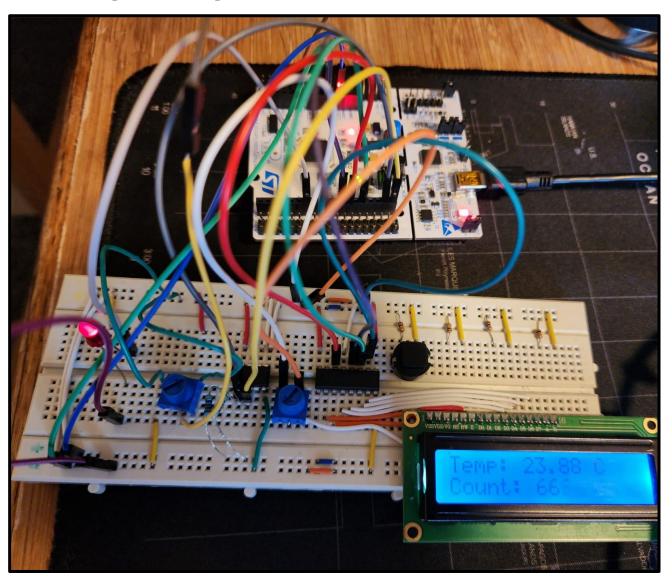
Que. What temperature is displayed on the LCD?

Ans: The temperature sensor sends temperature data via I2C, which is displayed on the PC terminal through UART and simultaneously on an LCD screen using SPI.

So, the same temperature value is displayed on the LCD and PC terminal.

Code Output:

Hardware Setup and LCD output:



PC terminal Output:

```
Temp: 23.81 C

Count = 277

Temp: 23.81 C

Count = 278

Temp: 23.94 C

Count = 279

Temp: 23.88 C

Count = 280

Temp: 23.69 C

Count = 281

Temp: 23.88 C

Count = 282
```

Appendix

```
* @file main.cpp
```

/**

- * @brief Code for Project 1 Module 3: RTOS THREADS
- * @version v1.00
- * @date 7, October, 2023
- * @authors Kshitija Dhondage (ksdh4214@colorado.edu)
- * Ajay Kandagal (ajka9053@colorado.edu)
- * @details The code uses CMSIS RTOS V1.
- * In this code the four threads are implemented and they run concurrently.
- * The following four threads are implemented:
- 1. Thread to display the temperature on the LCD and to the PC

```
*
            2. Thread to adjust the brightness of the externel RGB LED using a potentiometer
            3. Thread to display an incrementing counter on the LCD and to the PC
            4. Thread Blink on board LED
* @Reference https://www.keil.com/pack/doc/CMSIS/RTOS/html/usingOS.html
*/
/** Header files */
#include "mbed.h"
#include "rtos.h"
#include "DS1631.h"
#include "NHD_0216HZ.h"
#include "pindef.h"
#include "cmsis_os.h"
/** Serial UART interface */
Serial pc_terminal(SERIAL_TX, SERIAL_RX);
/** Set the temp sensor DS1631, I2c SDA, I2c SCL, and address */
DS1631 sensor(PB_9, PB_8, 0x90);
/** Set LCD parameters: CS, MOSI, SCL for SPI interface */
NHD_0216HZ LCD_display(PB_6, PA_7, PA_5);
/** on-board LED is sending out the digital signal */
DigitalOut Internel_LED1(LED1);
/** MCU takes the analog data from the potentiometer */
AnalogIn Pot(PA_0);
```

```
/** MCU sends the PWM output to the external LED */
PwmOut Externel_LED(PB_10);
/** Mutex ID */
osMutexId LCD_mutex;
/** Declar Mutex */
osMutexDef(LCD_mutex);
/**
* @brief
           temp_thread fucntion to display the temp sensed from DS1631 via I2c interface
        to LCD display via SPI interface and PC terminal via UART interface
* @param[in] optional parameter
* @returns None
*/
void temp_thread(void const *args)
{
      float temperature = 0.0;
       while(1)
       {
             temperature = sensor.read();
             osMutexWait(LCD_mutex, osWaitForever);
             pc_terminal.printf("\n\r Temperature: %0.2f C\n\r",temperature);
             LCD_display.set_cursor(0,0);
             LCD_display.printf("Temp: %0.2f C",temperature);
             osMutexRelease(LCD_mutex);
```

```
wait_ms(40);
       }
}
/**
           Adjust_brightness thread fucntion to control externel LED brightness
* @brief
        via PWM by reading the Potentiometer value via analog interface
* @param[in] optional parameter
* @returns None
*/
void adjust_brightness(void const *args)
 while (1)
  /** Read the POT value */
  float potValue = Pot.read();
  /** Set the LED period */
  Externel_LED.period_us(4.0f);
  /** Adjust LED brightness based on POT value */
  for (float brightness = 0.0f; brightness < potValue; brightness += 0.01f)
   Externel_LED.write(brightness * potValue);
  }
  /** Wait for a period */
  wait(1.0);
```

```
}
* @brief led1_thread fucntion to blink the on board LED1
* @param[in] optional parameter
* @returns None
*/
void led1_thread(void const *args)
       while(1)
        Internel_LED1 = 1;
  wait(2.0);
  Internel_LED1 = 0;
              wait(1.0);
 }
}
* @brief cont_thread fucntion to display the increment counter value
        to LCD display via SPI interface and PC terminal via UART interface
* @param[in] optional parameter
* @returns None
void count_thread(void const *args)
{
```

```
static int count=0;
       while(1)
       {
              osMutexWait(LCD_mutex, osWaitForever);
              LCD_display.set_cursor(0,1);
              LCD_display.printf("Count: %d", count);
              pc_{terminal.printf("\n\ Count = \%d \n\r", count);}
              osMutexRelease(LCD_mutex);
              wait_ms(500);
              count++;
       }
}
/** Defining a four threads named
* 1. led1_thread
* 2. adjust_brightness
* 3. temp_thread
* 4. count_thread
* with normal priority and a stack size of 1024 bytes
osThreadDef(led1_thread,
                             osPriorityNormal, 1024);
osThreadDef(adjust_brightness, osPriorityNormal, 1024);
osThreadDef(temp_thread,
                             osPriorityNormal, 1024);
osThreadDef(count_thread,
                             osPriorityNormal, 1024);
/**
* @brief Main function Entry point function
```

```
*
* @param[in] Void
* @return int
*/
int main()
{
       /** LCD initilization */
       LCD_display.init_lcd();
       osMutexId mutex_id;
       /** Create a mutex to protect the single access to LCD */
 LCD_mutex = osMutexCreate(osMutex(LCD_mutex));
       osThreadId id1, id2, id3,id4;
       /** Create the temp_thread thread */
       id1 = osThreadCreate(osThread(temp_thread), NULL);
       if(id1 == NULL)
       {
  pc_terminal.printf("\n\r Failed to create Temp thread\n\r");
 }
       /** Create the count thread */
 id2 = osThreadCreate(osThread(count_thread), NULL);
       if (id2 == NULL)
       {
   pc_terminal.printf("\n\r Failed to create Count thread\n\r");
```

```
}
       /** Create the led1_thread */
       id3 = osThreadCreate(osThread(led1_thread), NULL);
       if (id3 == NULL)
       {
  pc_terminal.printf("\n\r Failed to create Led1 thread\n\r");
 }
       /** Create the adjust_brightness thread */
       id4 = osThreadCreate(osThread(adjust_brightness), NULL);
       if (id4 == NULL)
  pc_terminal.printf("\n\r Failed to create adjust brightness thread\n\r");
 }
       /** sleep mode to reduce the power consumption */
       while(1)
       {
              __wfi();
       }
}
```