Kshtiij Gupta PR-6

```
import pandas as pd
import io
from google.colab import files
uploaded=files.upload()
    Choose files drug200.csv

    drug200.csv(text/csv) - 6027 bytes, last modified: 18/10/2024 - 100% done

     Saving drug200.csv to drug200.csv
df=pd.read_csv("drug200.csv")
print("The first 5 rows of the dataframe")
df.head(10)

    The first 5 rows of the dataframe

                                                            \blacksquare
                         BP Cholesterol
         Age Sex
                                          Na_to_K Drug
                      HIGH
                                            25.355 drugY
      0
         23
                F
                                   HIGH
                                                            ıl.
      1
         47
               Μ
                       LOW
                                   HIGH
                                            13.093 drugC
      2
                       LOW
                                   HIGH
                                            10.114 drugC
         47
               M
         28
                F NORMAL
                                    HIGH
                                             7.798 drugX
                F
                       LOW
                                   HIGH
                                            18.043 drugY
      4
         61
      5
         22
                F NORMAL
                                   HIGH
                                             8.607 drugX
      6
         49
                F NORMAL
                                   HIGH
                                            16.275 drugY
      7
                       LOW
                                   HIGH
                                            11.037 drugC
         41
               M
                  NORMAL
                                    HIGH
                                            15.171 drugY
      8
         60
               Μ
                       LOW
                                NORMAL
                                            19.368 drugY
      9
         43
              Generate code with \,\mathrm{df}
 Next steps:
                                       View recommended plots
                                                                      New interactive sheet
df.isnull().sum()
df.dtypes
\overline{\Rightarrow}
                       0
                   int64
         Age
         Sex
                   object
         RP
                   object
      Cholesterol
                   object
       Na_to_K
                  float64
         Drug
                   obiect
# Importing LabelEncoder from Sklearn
# library from preprocessing Module.
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
# Creating a instance of label Encoder.
le = LabelEncoder()
# Using .fit_transform function to fit label
# encoder and return encoded label
label = le.fit_transform(df['Drug'])
# printing label
label
\rightarrow array([4, 2, 2, 3, 4, 3, 4, 2, 4, 4, 2, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3, 0, 2, 4, 4, 4,
            4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4, 3, 1, 3, 4, 3, 3, 0, 3, 3, 3, 4, 1, 4, 3,
            3, 3, 0, 2, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4, 1, 2, 1, 4, 3, 4, 4, 0, 4, 3, 1, 4,
            0, 3, 4, 4, 1, 4, 3, 4, 4, 0, 4, 0, 3, 1, 3, 2, 0, 2, 1, 3, 4,
            4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4, 4, 0, 0, 2, 3, 4, 3, 3, 4, 1, 4,
            0, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 3, 3, 0, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 1, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 4,
```

3, 4, 4, 3, 1, 0, 1, 3, 0, 4, 1, 4, 0, 3, 3, 0, 3, 2, 0, 1, 3, 3, 4, 2, 0, 4, 2, 3, 3, 1, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 0, 3, 3, 4, 4, 0, 4,

```
0, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 1, 0, 4, 4, 4, 0, 4, 2, 4, 2, 2, 3,
            3, 3])
# removing the column from df
# as it is of no use now.
df.drop("Drug", axis=1, inplace=True)
df["Drug"] = label
df
₹
           Age
               Sex
                          BP Cholesterol Na_to_K Drug
                                                            \blacksquare
       0
            23
                        HIGH
                                     HIGH
                                             25.355
                                                            П.
            47
                        IOW
                                     HIGH
                                             13 093
                                                       2
       1
                 M
                                                            1
       2
            47
                        LOW
                                     HIGH
                                             10.114
                                                       2
       3
                 F
                    NORMAI
                                                       3
            28
                                     HIGH
                                              7 798
            61
                        LOW
                                     HIGH
                                             18.043
      195
            56
                 F
                        LOW
                                     HIGH
                                             11.567
                                                       2
      196
            16
                 M
                        LOW
                                     HIGH
                                             12.006
                                                       2
                 M NORMAL
                                     HIGH
                                              9 894
                                                       3
      197
            52
                    NORMAL
                                  NORMAL
      198
            23
                                             14.020
                 F
      199
            40
                        IOW
                                  NORMAL
                                             11 349
                                                       3
     200 rows × 6 columns
 Next steps: Generate code with df
                                      View recommended plots
                                                                     New interactive sheet
# Importing LabelEncoder from Sklearn
# library from preprocessing Module.
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
# Creating a instance of label Encoder.
le = LabelEncoder()
# Using .fit_transform function to fit label
# encoder and return encoded label
label = le.fit_transform(df['Cholesterol'])
# printing label
label
\rightarrow array([0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0,
            1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0,
            1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1,
            0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1,
                                                0, 1,
                                                      0, 0,
                                                            0, 1,
                                                                   0,
               1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1,
              1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1,
            1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1,
            1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0,
            1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
            1, 1])
label
\rightarrow array([0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0,
            1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0,
            1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0,
                                                            1, 1, 1,
            0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1,
                                                                   0, 0, 0, 0,
            1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0,
            0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1,
            1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1,
            1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0,
            1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
```

```
18/10/2024, 08:51
                                                                    21162101007 pr6 ML.ipynb - Colab
    # removing the column from df
    # as it is of no use now.
    df.drop("Cholesterol", axis=1, inplace=True)
    df["Cholesterol"] = label
    df
    ₹
                               BP Na_to_K Drug Cholesterol
                                                                 \blacksquare
               Age Sex
           0
                23
                      F
                            HIGH
                                    25.355
                                               4
                                                            0
                                                                 th
           1
                47
                     M
                             LOW
                                    13.093
                                               2
                                                            0
           2
                47
                     M
                             LOW
                                     10.114
                                               2
                                                            0
           3
                28
                      F NORMAL
                                     7.798
                                               3
                                                            0
                      F
                             IOW
                                    18 043
                                                            0
           4
                61
                                               4
           ...
                               ...
          195
                56
                      F
                             LOW
                                     11.567
                                               2
                                                            0
          196
                16
                             LOW
                                    12.006
                                               2
                                                            0
                     M
          197
                52
                     M NORMAL
                                     9.894
                                               3
                                                            0
                     M NORMAL
                                    14.020
                                                            1
          198
                23
                                               3
          199
                40
                      F
                             LOW
                                     11.349
                                               3
         200 rows × 6 columns
     Next steps:
                  Generate code with df
                                           View recommended plots
                                                                          New interactive sheet
    # Importing LabelEncoder from Sklearn
    # library from preprocessing Module.
    from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
    # Creating a instance of label Encoder.
    le = LabelEncoder()
    # Using .fit_transform function to fit label
    # encoder and return encoded label
    label = le.fit_transform(df['BP'])
    # printing label
    label
    \rightarrow array([0, 1, 1, 2, 1, 2, 2, 1, 2, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 2, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 2,
                1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 2, 1, 1, 2, 0, 1, 0, 2, 2, 0, 1, 2, 2, 2, 0, 2, 2,
                2, 2, 0, 1, 2, 1, 0, 2, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 2, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 2,
                0, 2, 2, 0, 0, 2, 2, 2, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 2, 1, 0, 1, 0, 2, 1,
                0, 2, 2, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 2, 0, 1, 2, 1, 0, 2,
                0, 2, 1, 1, 2, 0, 2, 2, 0, 0, 2, 0, 2, 2, 0, 0, 0, 2, 1, 2, 2, 1,
                1, 2, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 2, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 2, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 2, 1,
                1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 2, 0, 2, 0, 0, 1, 1, 2, 1, 0, 2, 1, 2, 1, 0, 0,
                0, 2, 2, 0, 2, 1, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 2,
                2, 1])
    \mbox{\tt\#} removing the column \mbox{\tt from} df
    # as it is of no use now.
    df.drop("BP", axis=1, inplace=True)
    df["BP"] = label
    df
```

```
Age Sex Na_to_K Drug Cholesterol BP
                                                      \blacksquare
       0
            23
                      25.355
                                              0 0
                                                       di
       1
            47
                      13.093
                                 2
                                              0
                 M
                                                  1
                                                       1
       2
            47
                      10.114
                                              0
                                                 1
                                 2
                 F
                       7 798
                                              0 2
       3
            28
                                 3
       4
            61
                 F
                      18.043
                                 4
                                              0 1
                 F
            56
                       11.567
                                 2
                                              0 1
      195
      196
            16
                      12.006
                                 2
                                              0 1
                       9.894
                                              0 2
      197
            52
                 M
                                 3
                                              1 2
      198
            23
                 M
                      14.020
                                 3
      199
            40
                 F
                      11.349
                                 3
                                              1 1
     200 rows × 6 columns
 Next steps: Generate code with df
                                      View recommended plots
                                                                      New interactive sheet
# Importing LabelEncoder from Sklearn
# library from preprocessing Module.
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
# Creating a instance of label Encoder.
le = LabelEncoder()
# Using .fit_transform function to fit label
# encoder and return encoded label
label = le.fit_transform(df['Sex'])
# printing label
label
\rightarrow array([0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1,
            1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1,
            0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0,
            1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1,
            0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
            1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1,
            1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0,
            1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0,
            1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1,
            1, 0])
# removing the column from df
# as it is of no use now.
df.drop("Sex", axis=1, inplace=True)
df["Sex"] = label
df
\overline{\Rightarrow}
           Age Na_to_K Drug Cholesterol BP Sex
                                                       \blacksquare
       0
            23
                 25.355
                            4
                                         0 0
                                                  0
                                                       ıl.
            47
                            2
       1
                 13.093
                                         0 1
                                                  1
                                                       1
       2
            47
                 10.114
                            2
                                         0
                                            1
                                                  1
                            3
       3
            28
                  7.798
                                             2
       4
            61
                 18.043
                            4
      195
            56
                 11.567
                            2
                                         0
                                             1
                                                  0
                            2
                                         0
      196
            16
                 12.006
                                            1
      197
            52
                  9.894
                            3
      198
            23
                 14.020
                            3
                                         1
                                             2
                                                  1
      199
            40
                 11.349
                            3
                                                  0
     200 rows × 6 columns
```

```
Next steps: Generate code with df
                                      View recommended plots
                                                                    New interactive sheet
df.corr()["Drug"]
₹
                      Drug
                  -0.004828
         Age
       Na_to_K
                  0.589120
                  1.000000
        Drug
                  0.055629
      Cholesterol
         BP
                  0.372868
         Sex
                  -0.098573
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
#1.divide dataset in test data and train data
#divide x_data and y_data
y_data2 = df['Drug']
x_data2=df.drop('Drug',axis=1)
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x_data2, y_data2, test_size=0.2, random_state=1)
#random_state=1 gives you different results everytime
print("number of test samples :", x_test.shape[0])
print("number of training samples:",x_train.shape[0])
\rightarrow number of test samples : 40
     number of training samples: 160
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import os
#LOGISTIC REGRESSION
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
LR = LogisticRegression().fit(x_train,y_train)
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/linear_model/_logistic.py:469: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to converge (status-
     STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
     Increase the number of iterations (max_iter) or scale the data as shown in:
        https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
     Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
        https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear_model.html#logistic-regression
       n_iter_i = _check_optimize_result(
yhat1 = LR.predict(x_train)
yhat1
\Rightarrow array([1, 4, 4, 3, 1, 4, 3, 3, 4, 1, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 3, 3, 0, 3, 3,
            4, 3, 0, 3, 3, 3, 4, 0, 1, 2, 4, 2, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4,
            0, 4, 2, 3, 0, 3, 4, 0, 1, 1, 3, 3, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 2, 1,
            0, 1, 4, 3, 4, 2, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4, 0, 4, 4, 0, 3, 1, 4, 4, 3,
            4, 2, 3, 0, 3, 0, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 1, 3, 3, 4, 1, 4, 1, 4, 4, 0,
            4, 4, 0, 3, 4, 3, 0, 4, 2, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 0,
            3, 2, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4, 1, 4, 0, 3, 3, 0, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 0, 4,
            3, 4, 0, 3, 1, 4])
yhat = LR.predict(x_test)
yhat
\Rightarrow array([3, 4, 3, 4, 4, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 3, 3, 4, 3, 1, 0, 3, 3, 1, 4, 3, 3,
            3, 4, 1, 3, 3, 4, 1, 3, 2, 4, 4, 4, 0, 4, 0, 4, 4, 3])
```

```
from sklearn.metrics import jaccard_score
jaccard_score(y_test, yhat, average='macro')
0.6291666666666667
#Confusion Matrix
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
confusion_matrix(y_test, yhat, labels=[1,0])
→ array([[2, 0],
            [1, 3]])
from sklearn.metrics import precision_recall_fscore_support
precision_recall_fscore_support(y_test, yhat, average='macro')
(0.85, 0.7764705882352941, 0.7458904314076727, None)
from \ sklearn.neighbors \ import \ KNeighbors Classifier
k = 5
#Train Model and Predict
neigh = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors = k).fit(x_train,y_train)
neigh
▼ KNeighborsClassifier ① ?
     KNeighborsClassifier()
yhat = neigh.predict(x_test)
yhat[0:5]
\Rightarrow array([1, 4, 1, 0, 4])
#ACCURACY
#Jaccard
from sklearn.metrics import jaccard_score
jaccard_score(y_test, yhat,average='macro')
0.3095238095238095
#Confusion Matrix
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
confusion_matrix(y_test, yhat, labels=[1,0])
\rightarrow array([[1, 0],
            [0, 3]])
from sklearn.metrics import precision_recall_fscore_support
precision_recall_fscore_support(y_test, yhat, average='macro')
(0.4382352941176471, 0.48438914027149327, 0.3988235294117647, None)
##decision tree
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
drugTree = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion="entropy", max_depth = 4)
drugTree.fit(x_train,y_train)
₹
                     {\tt DecisionTreeClassifier}
     DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy', max_depth=4)
predTree = drugTree.predict(x_test)
#ACCURACY
#Jaccard
from sklearn.metrics import jaccard_score
jaccard_score(y_test, predTree,average='macro')
→ 1.0
```

#Confusion Matrix
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
confusion_matrix(y_test,predTree, labels=[1,0])

```
⇒ array([[2, 0], [0, 4]])
```