

QUIZ -2

Subject: Signal and Systems

Sub. code: EE14102

Class: B. Tech. IV Sem. Electrical Engineering

Session 2020-2021

MM: 05

Max. Time: (35 + 10) min

NOTE:

1. Write your name and registration number on each page of answer sheet.
2. Complete your writing and drawing work using pen and paper.
3. Upload same on TEAM at the link in Assignment-QUIZ-2 only before allotted time (strictly).
4. Uploading any other location on TEAM will not be considered and you will be penalized. Please follow this instruction strictly.
5. You will be given 10 minutes extra to upload.
6. Assume any missing data.

Q.1 The input to the system $x(t)$ and its impulse response function $h(t)$ are defined as follows.

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } 0 \leq t \leq (m+1) \\ 0 & \text{ELSEWHERE} \end{cases} \quad h(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } 0 \leq t \leq 1.5 \\ 0 & \text{ELSEWHERE} \end{cases}$$

Where m in above problem is defined as last digit of your registration number. For example if your registration number is 20192098, then $m=8$.

Determine output of the system using convolution integral.

Q.2 For a system defined by .

$$h(t) = e^{mt} \sin(5t) u(t) + e^{-pt} \cos(2t) u(t)$$

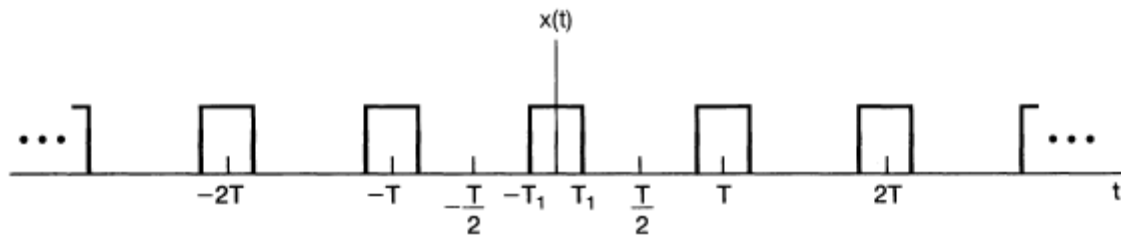
Where m in above problem is defined as last digit of your registration number and p in above problem is defined as second last digit of your registration number For example if your registration number is 20192098, then $m=8$ and $p=9$.

Get the Laplace Transformation of above system. Locate the pole zero on the s-plane. Write the region of convergence. Comment of the stability both from pole-zero location and region of convergence.

Q. 3 Consider a periodic signal defined as below.

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } t < |T_1| \\ 0 & \text{for } |T_1| < t < T/2 \end{cases}$$

P.T.O.



Where T_1 in above problem is defined as (1+ last digit of your registration number). For example if your registration number is 20192098, then $T_1 = (1+8) = 9$ sec.

$T = 24$ sec. Write the Fourier series coefficients and draw the spectrum (coefficient of Fourier series vs sample number k). Comment on the spectrum shape if sample period T increases.