*Todo list	
Todo Text:	
Background in Applications	1
Todo Text:	
Background in Computer Science	1
Todo Text:	
Related work intro	1
Todo Text:	
Workflow Comparisions	1
Todo Text:	
File formats comparison	1
Todo Diagramm:	
Size tables/graphes of ptm/rti/btf(.zip)	1
Todo Text:	
Streaming architectures	1
Todo Text:	
Viewer Comparision	2
Todo Text:	
No extensible architecture	2
Todo Text:	
No real open source (email before or one file sources)	2
Todo Text:	
Camera Theory	2
Todo Text:	
Requirements Analysis, informal discussion	2
Todo Text:	
Architecture Picks	2
Todo Text:	
Functional Requirements	3
Todo Text:	
Concrete file formats	3
Todo Text:	
Concrete lightning models	3
Todo Text:	
Concrete usability features	3
Todo Text:	
Non-Functional Requirements	4
Todo Text:	
Interactivity	4
Todo Text:	
State-Driven	4

Todo Text:	
Plugins	4
Todo Text:	
Rendering Stack	4
Todo Diagramm:	
Workflow comparison	4
Todo Text:	
File import/export	4
Todo Text:	
Novelties Design	5
Todo Text:	
React	6
Todo Text:	
$mobx \dots \dots$	6
Todo Text:	
mobx-state-tree	6
Todo Text:	
gl-react	6
Todo Text:	_
webpack	6
Todo Text:	
electron	6
Todo Text:	0
misc	6
Todo Text:	c
Plugin architectures	6
Todo Text:	11
state management	11
	11
state import/export	11
redux	12
Todo Diagramm:	12
mobx actions	12
Todo Text:	14
single component units	12
Todo Text:	
base rendering nodes	12
Todo Diagramm:	
stacked components	12

Todo Diagramm:	
effects	12
Todo Text:	
Plugins API	12
Todo Text:	
Converter Plugin	13
Todo Text:	
PTMConverter Plugin	14
Todo Text:	
Renderer Plugin	14
Base Node	14
Todo Text:	
WebGL texture packing	14
Todo Text:	
PTM Renderer Plugin	14
Todo Text:	
Dynamic Shaders	14
Todo Text:	
RGB vs LRGB	14
Todo Text:	
Light Control Plugin	15
Todo Text:	
Rotation Plugin	15
Todo Text:	
Zoom Plugin	15
Todo Text:	
Zoom Plugin	15
Todo Text:	
Zoom Plugin	15
Automatic Import Export	15
Todo Text:	
Other related graphics	16
Todo Text:	
Applications	16
Todo Text:	
Standalone Website	16
Todo Text:	4.0
Embeddable	16

Todo Text:	
Electron App deliverable	16
Todo Text:	
Featureset Comparison	16
Todo Diagramm:	
Screeshots	16
Todo Text:	
Performance	17
Todo Text:	
Testing	17
Todo Text:	
Shader Interpolation	17
Todo Text:	
Image comparison	17
Todo Text:	
Rollout	17
Todo Text:	
Non-Tech deployment	17
Todo Text:	
Community Onboarding	17
Novelties results	18
Todo Text:	
Future Work	18
Todo Text:	
Conclusion	18



MSc in Computer Science 2017-18 Project Dissertation

Project Dissertation title: Reflectance Transformation Imaging

Term and year of submission: Trinity Term 2018

Candidate Name: Johannes Bernhard Goslar

Title of Degree the dissertation is being submitted under: MSc in Computer

Science

Abstract

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Acknowledgements

Contents

1	\mathbf{Intr}	oduction 1				
	1.1	Background in Applications				
	1.2	Background in Computer Science				
2	Rela	ated Work 1				
	2.1	RTI Theory and Workflows				
	2.2	Fileformats				
	2.3	RTI Viewers				
	2.4	Camera Theory				
3	Met	hodology 2				
	3.1	Requirements				
	3.2	Architectural Design				
4	Req	uirements and Design				
	4.1	Functional Requirements				
	4.2	Non-Functional Requirements				
	4.3	State-Driven				
	4.4	Plugins				
	4.5	Rendering Stack				
	4.6	Workflow				
	4.7	Novelties				
5	Implementation 5					
	5.1	Overview				
	5.2	Libraries				
	5.3	Plugin architectures				
	5.4	Hooks				
	5.5	BTF File Format				
		5.5.1 File Structure				
		5.5.2 Manifest				
		5.5.3 Textures				
		5.5.4 Options				
	5.6	Loader				
	5.7	State Management				
	5.8	Components				
	5.9	Renderer Stack				
	5.10	Plugins				
		5.10.1 TabView Plugin				

		5.10.2 Converter Plugin	13
		5.10.3 PTMConverter Plugin	14
		5.10.4 Renderer Plugin	14
		5.10.5 PTM Renderer Plugin	14
		5.10.6 Light Control Plugin	15
		5.10.7 Rotation Plugin	15
		5.10.8 Zoom Plugin	15
		5.10.9 QuickPan Plugin	15
		5.10.10 Paint Plugin	15
		5.10.11 Import Export Plugin	15
	5.11	Applications	16
		5.11.1 Standalone Website	16
		5.11.2 Embeddable	16
		5.11.3 Electron	16
6	Res	ults	16
	6.1	Featureset	16
	6.2	Performance	17
	6.3	Testing	17
	6.4	Rollouts and Deployments	17
7	Disc	cussion	17
	7.1	Community Onboarding	17
	7.2	Novelties	18
	7.3	Future Work	18
8	Con	clusion	18

1 Introduction

1.1 Background in Applications

Todo Text:

Background in Applications

1.2 Background in Computer Science

Todo Text:

Background in Computer Science

2 Related Work

Todo Text:

Related work intro

2.1 RTI Theory and Workflows

Todo Text:

Workflow Comparisions

2.2 Fileformats

The most comprehensive overview on the current state of the art is done by the American library of congress as part of its Digital preservation effort, with the sections on the ptm[1] and rti[2] formats. The current PTM specification by Malzbender and Gelb[4].

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File formats comparison

Todo Diagramm:

Size tables/graphes of ptm/rti/btf(.zip)

Todo Text:

Streaming architectures

2.3 RTI Viewers

Todo Text:

Viewer Comparision

Todo Text:

No extensible architecture

Todo Text:

No real open source (email before or one file sources)

2.4 Camera Theory

Todo Text:

Camera Theory

3 Methodology

Exploratory piece of work

3.1 Requirements

Todo Text:

Requirements Analysis, informal discussion

3.2 Architectural Design

Todo Text:

Architecture Picks

4 Requirements and Design

4.1 Functional Requirements

Distilling these, I arrived at the following functional requirements:

- 1. thing
- 2. thing
- 3. Runnable on all major operating systems.
- 4. Easy installation for researchers.

Todo Text:

Functional Requirements

Todo Text:

Concrete file formats

Todo Text:

Concrete lightning models

Todo Text:

Concrete usability features

4.2 Non-Functional Requirements

Continuing the enumeration of the functional requirements, following functional requirements were extracted:

- 5. Free Software, the implementation should be available for everyone to change and distribute.
- 6. Easy on-boarding of new developers, either scientists in a research context or students in an education context.
- 7. Good developer experience.
- 8. Adequate performance, at least keeping up with current implementations.

Todo Text:
Non-Functional Requirements
Todo Text:
Interactivity
4.3 State-Driven
Todo Text: State-Driven
State-Bilven
4.4 Plugins
Todo Text:
Plugins
4.5 Rendering Stack
1.9 Iteliaeling Stack
Todo Text:
Rendering Stack
4 0 XX 1 0
4.6 Workflow
Todo Diagramm:
Workflow comparison
ison
Todo Text:
File import/export

4.7 Novelties

Todo Text:

Novelties Design

5 Implementation

5.1 Overview

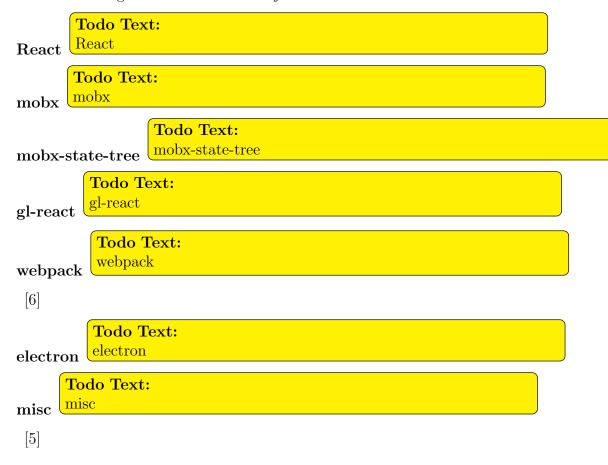
This section explains the current implementation of the developed tool set, it is primarily targeted to fulfill the dissertation's requirements. But is also aiming to be helpful for users wanting to understand the underlying systems and prepare them for potentially joining the development effort. Abridged code extracts are used as of their state for thesis submission, while the main principles will hold, later readers are asked to please consult the actual source code if any discrepancies arise or reexport the document. First the main libraries are shortly explained in their relevance to the program, second the largely abstract plugin architecture is shown, third the main plugins are presented and last the delivery processes to the end users are described.

All implementation files are contained and delivered inside a single git repository, which is freely available online: https://github.com/ksjogo/oxrti. All following file paths are relative to that repository's root. All future development will be immediately available there and the current compiled software version is always fed automatically from it into the hosted version at https://oxrtimaster.azurewebsites.net/api/azurestatic.

5.2 Libraries

TypeScript: The official header line of TypeScript show some points why it was picked for this project: "TypeScript is a typed superset of JavaScript that compiles to plain JavaScript. Any browser. Any host. Any OS. Open source." [9] Which fits requirements 5, 3. Whereas plain JavaScript would have allowed slightly easier initial on-boarding and maybe easier immediate code 'hacks', TypeScript will provide better stability in the long run and a quite improved developer experience (requirement 7) in the long run. With the full typed hook system (compare section 5.4) it ensures that a compiled plugin will not have

runtime type problems, reducing the amount of switching between code editor and the running software. The whole project is setup in a way to fully embrace editor tooling, Visual Studio Code[10] and Emacs[3] are the 'officially' tested editors of the project. Code is recommended as it will support all developer features out of the box. The installation of the tslint[7] plugin[8] is recommended to keep a consistent code style, which is configured within the tslint.json file.



5.3 Plugin architectures

```
Todo Text:
Plugin architectures
```

function murks() : number{}

5.4 Hooks

The hook system allows stable and prioritized interactions between the different plugins. All available hooks are declared inside the Hook.tsx file, which offers 3 different types of hooks:

```
// Hooks are sorted in descending priority order in their
   → respective `HookManager`
   export type HookBase = { priority?: number }
   // Generic single component hook, usually used for rendering
   → a dynamic list of components
   export type ComponentHook<P = PluginComponentType> = HookBase &
   // Generic single component hook, usually used for
   \rightarrow notifications
   export type FunctionHook<P = (...args: any[]) => any> =
   → HookBase & { func: P }
   // Generic hook config, requiring more work at the consumer
   \rightarrow side
   export type ConfigHook<P = any> = HookBase & P
11
12
   // union of all hooks to allow for manual hook distinction
13
   export type UnknownHook = ComponentHook & FunctionHook &
14
   \,\,\hookrightarrow\,\,\, \texttt{ConfigHook}
   // object of named hooks
16
   type Hooks<P> = { [key: string]: P }
17
18
   // collection of unknown hooks
19
   export type UnknownHooks = Hooks<UnknownHook>
20
21
   // hook configuration inside plugins:
   → 1-Hookname->*-LocalName->1-HookConfig
   export type HookConfig = { [P in keyof HookTypes]:
23
      Hooks<HookTypes[P]> }
24
  // all hooknames
25
  export type HookName = keyof HookConfig
```

```
27
   // map one hookname to its type
28
   export type HookType<P extends HookName> = HookTypes[P]
30
   // list of hooknames inside hook collection T, having
   \rightarrow hooktype U
   type LimitedHooks<T, U> = ({ [P in keyof T]: T[P] extends U ? P
32
   33
   // limit hookname parameters to a type conforming subset,
34
   \rightarrow e.g. LimitedHook<ComponentHook>
   export type LimitedHook<P> = LimitedHooks<HookConfig, Hooks<P>>
   These types are used to first declare single hook types (which will be dis-
   cussed within the plugins consuming them) and then construct the whole
   hook configuration tree for all plugins:
   type HookTypes = {
     ActionBar?: ConfigHook<ActionBar>,
     AfterPluginLoads?: FunctionHook,
     AppView?: ComponentHook,
5
   }
6
```

5.5 BTF File Format

This section describes the BTF file format. The aim of this file format is to provide a generic container for BTF data to be specified using a variety of common formats. Files shall have the .btf.zip extension.

5.5.1 File Structure

A BTF file is a ZIP file containing the following:

• A manifest file in JSON format, named manifest.json. The manifest contains all information about the BRDF/BSDF model being used, including the names for the available channels (e.g. R, G and B for the 3-channel RGB), the names of the necessary coefficients (e.g. biquadratic coefficients) and the image file format for each channel.

- A single folder named data, with sub-folders having names in 1-to-1 correspondence with the channels specified in the manifest.
- Within each channel folder, greyscale image files having names in 1-to1 correspondence with the coefficients specified in the manifest, each
 in the image file format specified in the manifest for the corresponding
 channel. For example, if one is working with RGB format (3-channels
 named R, G and B) in the PTM model (five coefficients a2, b2, a1, b1
 and c, specifying a bi-quadratic) using 16-bit greyscale bitmaps, the file
 /data/B/a2.bmp is the texture encoding the a2 coefficient for the blue
 channel of each point in texture space.
- The datafiles are all in reversed scanline order (meaning from bottom to top), to keep aligned with the original PTM format and allow easier loading into WebGL.

5.5.2 Manifest

The manifest for the BTF file format is a JSON file with root dictionary. The root element has two mandatory child elements: one named data, and one named name with the option of additional child elements (with different names) left open to future extensions of the format.

- The name element is a string with a name of the contained object.
- The data element has for entries, named width, height, channels and channel-model. The width and height attributes have values in the positive integers describing the dimensions of the BTDF. The channel-model attribute has value a non-empty alphanumeric string uniquely identifying the BRDF/BSDF colour model used by the BTF file (see Options section below). The channels element has an arbitrary amout of named channel entries, according to the channel-model. * Additionally the data element has one untyped entry named formatExtra, where format implementation specific data can be stored.
- Each channel has an coefficients child consisting of an arbitrary number of coefficient entries, as well as one coefficient-model attribute. The coefficient-model attribute has value a non-empty alphanumeric string uniquely identifying the BRDF/BSDF approximation model used by the BTF file (see Options section below). * Each coefficient element has one attribute: format. The format attribute has value a non-empty alphanumeric string uniquely identifying the

image file format used to store the channel values (see Options section below).

5.5.3 Textures

Each image file /data/CHAN/COEFF.EXT has the same dimensions specified by the width and height attributes of the data element in the manifest, and is encoded in the greyscale image file format specified by the format attribute of the unique coefficient element with attribute name taking the value COEFF (the extension .EXT is ignored). The colour value of a pixel (u,v) in the image is the value for coefficient COEFF of channel CHAN in the BRDF/BSDF for point (u,v), according to the model jointly specified by the values of the attribute model for element channels (colour model) and the attribute model for element coefficients (approximation model).

5.5.4 Options

At present, the following values are defined for attribute channel-model of element channels.

- RGB: the 3-channel RGB colour model, with channels named R, G and B. This colour model is currently under implementation. * LRGB: the 4-channel LRGB colour model, with channels named L, R, G and B. This colour model is currently under implementation.
- SPECTRAL: the spectral radiance model, with an arbitrary non-zero number of channels named either all by wavelength (format ---nm, with --- an arbitrary non-zero number) or all by frequency format ---Hz, with --- an arbitrary non-zero number. This colour model is planned for future implementation.

At present, the following values are defined for attribute model of element coefficients, where the ending character * is to be replaced by an arbitrary number greater than or equal to 1.

- flat: flat approximation model (no dependence on light position). This approximation model is currently under implementation.
- RTIpoly*: order-* polynomial approximation model for RTI (single view-point BRDF). This approximation model is currently under implementation.

- RTIharmonic*: order-* hemispherical harmonic approximation model for RTI (single view-point BRDF). This approximation model is currently under implementation.
- BRDFpoly*: order-* polynomial approximation model for BRDFs. This approximation model is planned for future implementation.
- BRDFharmonic*: order-* hemispherical harmonic approximation model BRDFs. This approximation model is planned for future implementation.
- BSDFpoly*: order-* polynomial approximation model for BSDFs. This approximation model is planned for future implementation. * BSDFharmonic*: order-* spherical harmonic approximation model for BSDFs. This approximation model is planned for future implementation.

At present, the following values are defined for attribute format of elements tagged coefficient, where the ending character * is the bit-depth, to be replaced by an allowed positive multiple of 8.

- BMP*: greyscale BMP file format with the specified bit-depth (8, 16, 24 or 32). Support for this format is currently under implementation.
- PNG*: PNG file format encoding the specified bit-depth (8, 16, 24, 32, 48 or 64). Support for this format is currently under implementation. Different PNG colour options are used to support different bit-depths: * Grayscale with 8-bit/channel to encode 8-bit bit-depth. * Grayscale with 16-bit/channel to encode 16-bit bit-depth. * Truecolor with 8-bit/channel to encode 24-bit bit-depth. * Truecolor and alpha with 8-bit/channel to encode 32-bit bit-depth.
- Truecolor with 16-bit/channel to encode 48-bit bit-depth.
- Truecolor and alpha with 16-bit/channel to encode 64-bit bit-depth.

5.6 Loader

5.7 State Management

Todo Text: state management

Todo Text:

state import/export

Todo Diagramm:

redux

Todo Diagramm:

mobx actions

5.8 Components

Todo Text:

single component units

5.9 Renderer Stack

Todo Text:

base rendering nodes

Todo Diagramm:

stacked components

Todo Diagramm:

effects

5.10 Plugins

Todo Text:

Plugins API

5.10.1 TabView Plugin

```
type Tab = {
content: PluginComponentType
tab: TabProps,
padding?: number,
```

```
beforeFocusGain?: () => Promise<void>,
5
       afterFocusGain?: () => Promise<void>,
       beforeFocusLose?: () => Promise<void>,
       afterFocusLose?: () => Promise<void>,
   }
9
10
   type ActionBar = {
11
       onClick: () => void,
12
       title: string,
13
       enabled: () => boolean,
14
       tooltip?: string,
15
   }
16
17
   type ViewerTabFocus = {
18
       beforeGain?: () => void,
19
       beforeLose?: () => void,
20
   }
21
22
   type ScreenshotMeta = {
23
       key: string,
24
       fullshot?: () => (string | number)[] | string | number,
25
       snapshot?: () => (string | number)[] | string | number,
26
   }
27
   type ViewerFileAction = {
29
       tooltip: string,
30
       text: string,
31
       action: () => Promise<void>,
32
   }
33
```

5.10.2 Converter Plugin

Todo Text: Converter Plugin

5.10.3 PTMConverter Plugin

Todo Text:

PTMConverter Plugin

5.10.4 Renderer Plugin

```
type BaseNodeConfig = {
       channelModel: ChannelModel,
       node: PluginComponentType<BaseNodeProps>,
   }
4
5
   type RendererNode = {
       component: PluginComponentType,
       inversePoint?: (point: Point) => Point,
8
   }
9
10
   type MouseConfig = {
11
       listener: MouseListener,
12
       mouseLeft?: () => void,
13
   }
14
```

Todo Text:

Renderer Plugin

Todo Text:

Base Node

Todo Text:

WebGL texture packing

5.10.5 PTM Renderer Plugin

Todo Text:

PTM Renderer Plugin

Todo Text:

Dynamic Shaders

RGB vs LRGB
5.10.6 Light Control Plugin
Todo Text: Light Control Plugin
5.10.7 Rotation Plugin
Todo Text: Rotation Plugin
5.10.8 Zoom Plugin
Todo Text: Zoom Plugin
5.10.9 QuickPan Plugin
Todo Text: Zoom Plugin
5.10.10 Paint Plugin
Todo Text: Zoom Plugin
5.10.11 Import Export Plugin
Todo Text: Automatic Import Export

5.11 Applications

Todo Text: Other related graphics
Todo Text: Applications
5.11.1 Standalone Website
Todo Text: Standalone Website
5.11.2 Embeddable
Todo Text: Embeddable
5.11.3 Electron
Todo Text: Electron App deliverable
6 Results
6.1 Featureset
Todo Text: Featureset Comparison
Todo Diagramm:

Todo T			
Perform	nance		
6.3 Т	Γ esting		
Todo Testing			
Todo T Shader	Text: Interpolation		
Todo T Image o	Γext: comparison		

6.4 Rollouts and Deployments

Todo Text: Rollout
Todo Text: Non-Tech deployment

7 Discussion

6.2 Performance

7.1 Community Onboarding

Todo Text:		
Community Onboarding		

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7.2	·	\mathbf{ov}	വി	F 14	മ

		_
Todo Text:		
Novelties results		

7.3 Future Work

Todo Text:
Future Work

8 Conclusion

Todo Text: Conclusion

References

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