Introducción al uso de bases de datos digitales: Plataforma Symbiota

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Colecciones e investigación

- Niveles de calidad de una colección
- Estado de los especímenes
- Accesibilidad
 - Organización
 - Bases de datos
 - Publicación de datos en línea



Colecciones Científicas - Datos









https://scan-bugs.org/portal/collections/individual/index.php?occid=13900737&clid=0

TDWG Standards Journal Community Conferences About

Biodiversity Information Standards (TDWG)

We are a non-profit organization and community dedicated to developing biodiversity information standards

Historically known as the Taxonomic Databases Working Group, today's Biodiversity Information Standards (TDWG) is a not-for-profit, scientific and educational association formed to establish international collaboration among the creators, managers and users of biodiversity information and to promote the wider and more effective dissemination and sharing of knowledge about the world's heritage of biological organisms.

To achieve its goals, TDWG:

- develops, ratifies and promotes standards and guidelines for the recording and exchange of data about organisms:
- acts as a forum for discussing all aspects of biodiversity information management through meetings, online discussions, and publications.

See the About section to learn how TDWG operates and how you can participate. Active Interest

Biodiversity Summit 2020

iDigBio, National Museum of Natural History – Smithsonian (NMNH), Global Biodiversity Information Facility (GBIF), and Biodiversity Information Standards (TDWG) are pleased to announce and invite you to Biodiversity Summit 2020, to be held 20-25 September 2020 in Alexandria, VA, USA, just outside of Washington, DC.

Learn more

- Estándares para la Información de Biodiversidad (TDWG)
- Colaboración internacional -creadores, administradores y usuarios
- Distribución efectiva de la información
- Darwin Core



• Formato estandarizado de datos





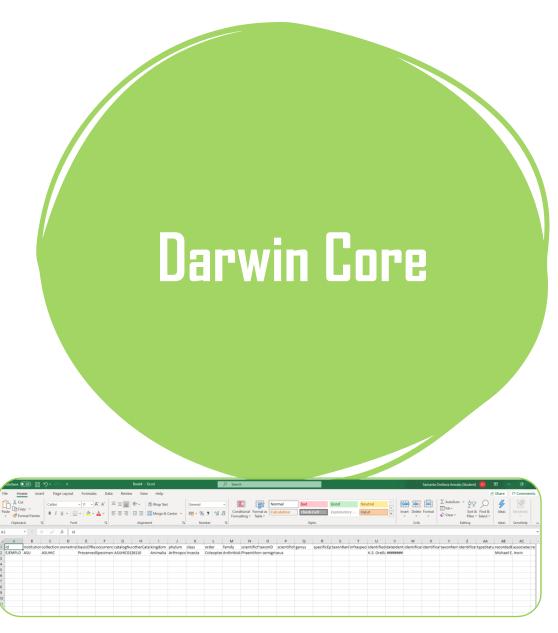
Darwin Core: An Evolving Community-Developed Biodiversity Data Standard

John Wieczorek¹, David Bloom^{1*}, Robert Guralnick², Stan Blum³, Markus Döring⁴, Renato Giovanni⁵, Tim Robertson⁴, David Vieglais⁶

1 University of California, Berkeley, California, United States of America, 2 University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado, United States of America, 3 California Academy of Sciences, San Francisco, California, United States of America, 4 Global Biodiversity Information Facility, Copenhagen, Denmark, 5 Centro de Referência em Informação Ambiental, Campinas, São Paulo, Brasil, 6 University of Kansas, Lawrence, Kansas, United States of America

Record-level Terms	Dublin Core terms, institutions, collections, nature of data record		
Occurrence	evidence of species in nature, observers, behavior, associated media, references.		
Event	sampling protocols and methods, date, time, field notes		
Location	geography, locality descriptions, spatial data	Simple Darwin Core (flat)	
Identification	linkage between Taxon and Occurrence		
Taxon	scientific names, vernacular names, names usages, taxon concepts, and the relationships between them		
GeologicalContext	geologic time, chrono-stratigraphy, biostratigraphy, lithostratigraphy		
ResourceRelationship	explicit relationships between identified resources (e.g., one organism to another, taxon to location, etc.)	Generic Darwin Core (relational)	
MeasurementOrFact	measurements, facts, characteristics, assertions, references		

Figure 2. Darwin Core Categories: Simple Darwin Core is comprised of seven categories of terms (green). This subset of Darwin Core terms represents descriptive data about organisms that can be represented in one file with one row per record and one column per term. Two additional categories (orange) expand Darwin Core with concepts that require a more complex data structure, such as multiple measurements from a single specimen, and cannot be represented easily in Simple Darwin Core. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0029715.g002



basisOfRecord modified institutionCode catalogNumber occurrencelD collectionCode rightsHolder accessRights bibliographicCitation references institution language license datasetID datasetName ownerInstitutionCode informationWithheld dataGeneralizations dynamic Properties collection occurrenceRemarks recordNumber recordedBv organismID individualCount organismQuantity organismQuantityType organismName lifeStage associatedOrganisms organismRemarks organismScope reproductiveCondition behavior establishmentMeans occurrenceStatus preparations disposition otherCataloqNumbers previousIdentifications associatedMedia associated References associated Occurrences associated Sequences associated Taxa samplingEffort materialSamplelD parentEventID eventID samplingProtocol sampleSizeValue sampleSizeUnit eventDate eventTime startDavOfYear endDayOfYear month verbatimEventDate habitat eventRemarks fieldNumber fieldNotes location higherGeographylD higherGeography waterBody islandGroup island country countryCode continent verbatimElevation stateProvince locality verbatimLocality municipality minimumFlevationInMeters maximumFlevationInMeters verbatimDepth minimumDepthInMeters maximumDepthInMeters minimumDistanceAboveSurfaceInMeters maximumDistanceAboveSurfaceInMeters locationAccordingTo locationRemarks verbatimCoordinates verbatimLatitude verbatimLongitude verbatimCoordinateSystem verbatim SRS coordinateUncertaintyInMeters decimal atitude decimalLongitude geodeticDatum coordinatePrecision pointRadiusSpatialFit footprintWKT footprintSRS footprintSpatialFit georeferenced By georeferenced Date georeference Protocol georeferenceSources georeferenceVerificationStatus georeferenceRemarks geologicalContextID earliestEonOrLowestEonothem latestEonOrHighestEonothem earliestEraOrLowestErathem latestEraOrHighestErathem latestPeriodOrHighestSystem earliestEpochOrLowestSeries earliestPeriodOrLowestSystem latestEpochOrHighestSeries earliestAgeOrLowestStage latestAgeOrHighestStage lowestBiostratigraphicZone highestBiostratigraphicZone lithostratigraphic Terms group formation identifiedBv dateldentified identificationReferences member identificationID identification Verification Status scientificNameID identificationRemarks identificationQualifier typeStatus taxonID namePublishedInID acceptedNameUsageID parentNameUsageID originalNameUsagelD nameAccordingTolD taxonConceptID scientificName acceptedNameUsage parentNameUsage nameAccordingTo originalNameUsage namePublishedInYear higherClassification kingdom namePublishedIn phylum order specificEpithet infraspecificEpithet taxonRank verhatim Taxon Rank family subgenus genus nomenclaturalCode scientificNameAuthorship nomenclaturalStatus taxonRemarks vernacularName taxonomicStatus







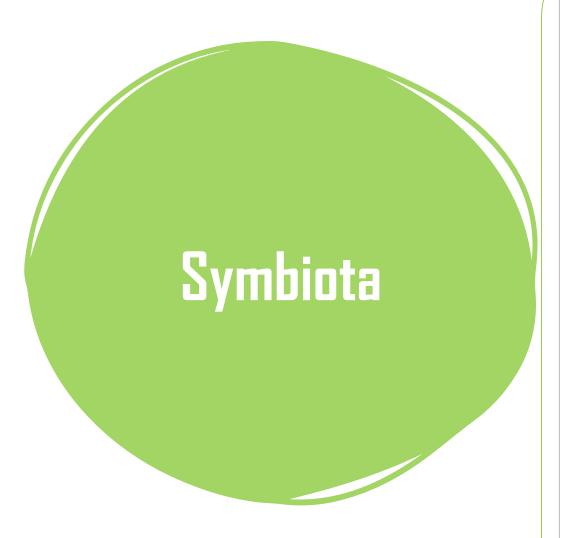


Software description

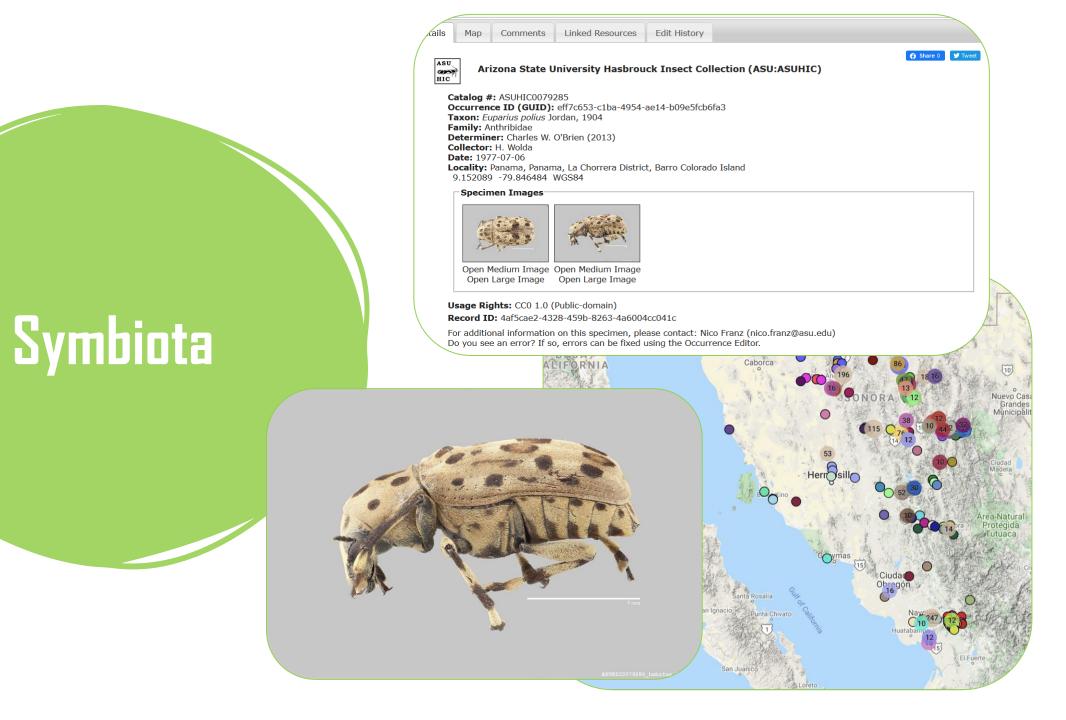
Symbiota - A virtual platform for creating voucher-based biodiversity information communities

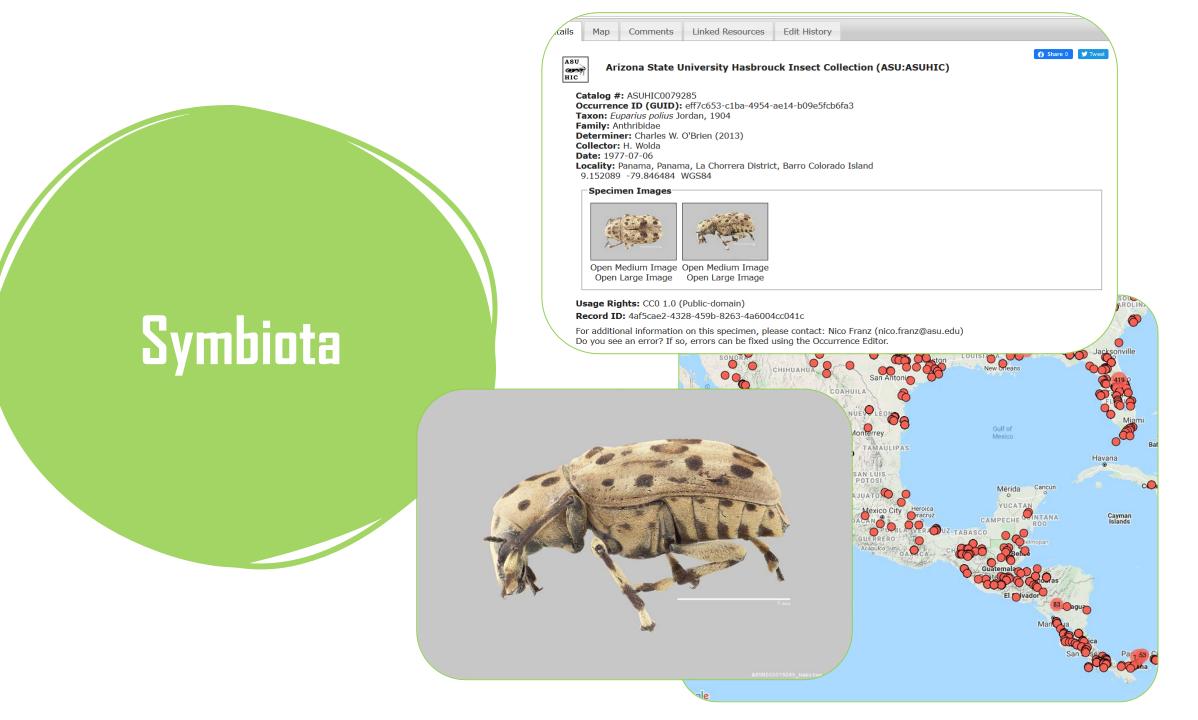
Corinna Gries[†], Edward E. Gilbert[‡], Nico M. Franz[‡]

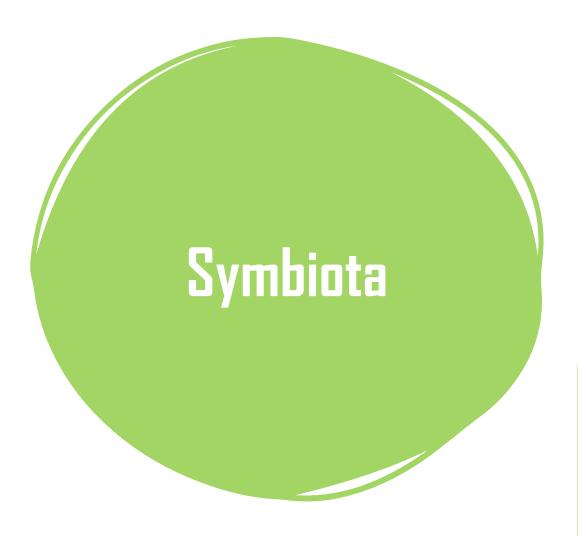
- † University of Wisconsin, Madison, Madison, United States of America
- ‡ Arizona State University, Tempe, United States of America
- Plataformas virtuales
- Formato estandarizado de campos (DC)
- Privadas (locales) y de libre acceso

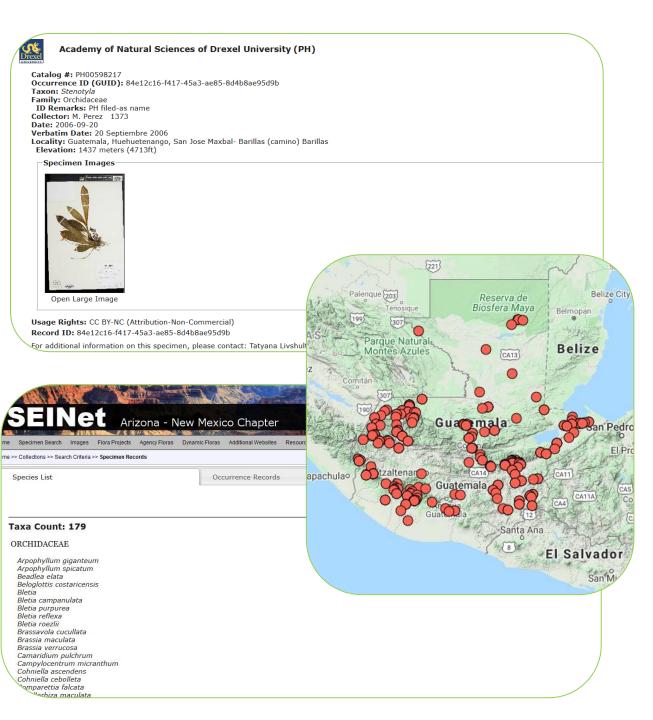


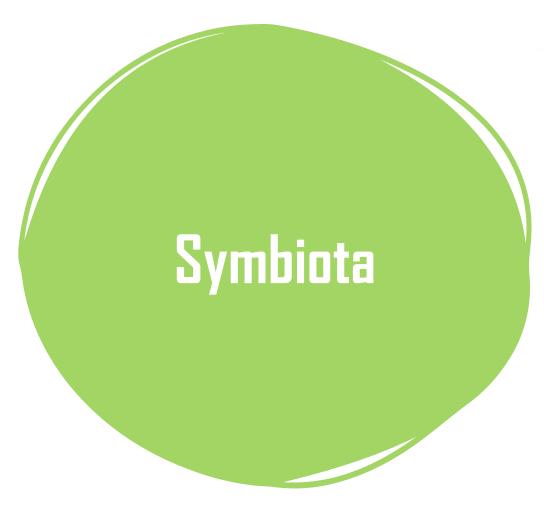
New Occurrence Record			
Collector Info			
Catalog Number? Other Cat. #s? Collector?	Number ?	Date ?	Dupes? Auto search
Associated Collectors ?	Verbatim Date ?	' ∕	
Latest Identification			
Scientific Name ?	Author?		
ID Confidence ? Undefined VID Quarter Family ?	alifier ?		
Identified By ? Date Identified	?		7
Locality			
Country? State/Province? County?	Municipality	?	Location ID ?
Locality ?			
Security: Security not applied > ? Latitude Longitude Uncertainty? Datum Elevation in Meters? Verbatim Elevation? Depth in Meters - Security: Security not applied > ? Datum Depth in Meters	<<	ordinates ?	Deactivate Locality Lookup
Habitat ?			
Substrate ?			
Associated Taxa ?			
Description ?			! 🎚
Notes (Occurrence Remarks) ?			•
Life Stage ? Sex ? Individual Count ?	Sampling Protocol ?	Preparations	
Phenology? Establishment Means?	ptive		











Alphabetical Quick Index

- Channel Islands Biodiversity Information System
- Consortium of North American Bryophyte Herbaria (CNABH)
- Consortium of North American Lichen Herbaria (CNALH)
- Consortium of Pacific Herbaria (CPH)
- Consortium of Northeastern Herbaria Portal (CNH)
- Consortium of Small Vertebrate Collections (CSVColl)
- Cooperative Taxonomic Resource for American Myrtaceae (CoTRAM)
- Documenting Ethnobiology in Mexico and Central America (DEMCA)
- Herbario Virtual Austral Americano (HVAA)
- Macroalgal Herbarium Consortium Portal
- Mycology Collections Data Portal (MycoPortal)
- Madrean Discovery & Madrean Archipelago Biodiversity Assessment Project
- InvertEBase Data Portal
- Great Lakes Invasives Network
- Minnesota Biodiversity Atlas
- Monarch
- Neotropical Arthropod Portal (NAP)
- Neotropical Flora Portal
- Open Herbarium
- SEINet Network of North American Plant Portals
- Smithsonian Tropical Research Institute (STRI)
- Symbiota Collections of Arthropods Network (SCAN) and LepNet
- Virtual Flora of Wisconsin
- University of Colorado Herbarium









- Diseñadas para usuarios de todo tipo
- Fáciles de usar
- Promueven y facilitan la educación
- Proveen datos útiles para investigación
 - Usan Darwin Core



Agreqadores de información







Bases de Datos

Darwin Core



Registros a partir de especimenes de colecciones



Registros a partir de información molecular



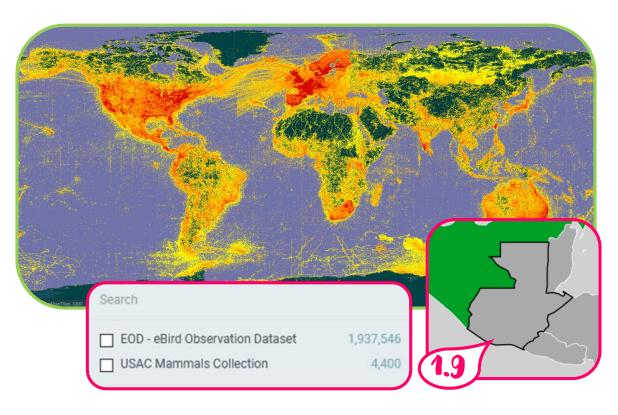
Registros a partir de observaciones







Agregadores de información



- Instalación Global de Información sobre Biodiversidad
- Promueve y facilita el acceso gratis y abierto a datos de biodiversidad
- Uso en investigación y política
 - Metas del desarrollo sostenible (ONU)











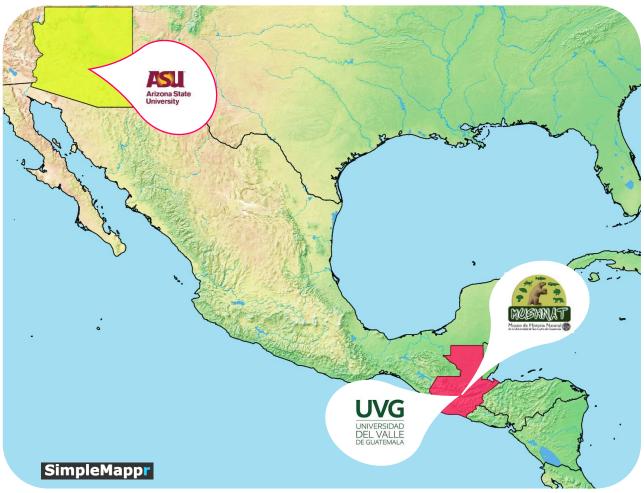
- Sistema Nacional de Información sobre Diversidad Biológica de Guatemala
- Se alimenta de agregadores de información y bases de datos extranjeras
- Actualmente <u>una colección guatemalteca</u> provee datos vía GBIF





- Reúne los datos de especímenes colectados e identificados
- Se alimenta exclusivamente de registros publicados en GBIF
 - Actualmente <u>una colección guatemalteca</u> provee datos vía GBIF
- El trabajo curatorial realizado en Guatemala es invisible









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