## INFORMATION RETRIEVAL

- It is concerned who the organization & vetrieval of info from a large no. of text-based documents.
- Due to the abundance of text info,
   there are many approx of IR, like —
   online library catalog systems, online
   document management systems & more.
- · A typical IR problem is to locate relevant documents in a document collection based on a user's query, which often consists of keywords describing the info needed or an example relevant doc.
- In such a search problem, the user takes the initiative to "pull" the relevant info out from the collection— this is apt when the user has some short-term info need.
- when a user has a long-term info need, a retrieval system may take the initiative to "push" any newly arrived info to the user.

Such systems are called recommender systems.

## TEXT RETRIEVAL METHODS

• They fall into & categories - they either view the retrieval problem as document or document .

(selection) (ranking)

## . DOCUMENT SELECTION:

- > The query is regarded as specifying constraints for selecting relevant documents.
- Ly A typical method of this type is Boolean Retrieval model a document is represented by a set of keywords & a user provides a Boolean expression of keywords, like, "tea or coffee", "blue and Tshirt", etc.
- 2) The retrieval system would take the boolean query & return a ser of relevant docs.
- 1) The Boolean retrieval method only works well when the user knows alot about the document collection & can formulate a good query.

## · DOCUMENT RANKING:

- in the order of relevance.
- 1) These methods are more apt for ordinary users & exploratory queries than document selection.
- on a large spectrum of mathematical foundations.
- We match the keywords in a query will those in the doc & score each doc based on how well it matches the query.
- When goal is to approximate the degree of relevance who a score computed based on info such as freq. of words in the doc & the whole collection.