# Project 1

#### Keshav Ramesh & Calista Harris

Load require packages

```
library(tidyverse)
```

# **Data Processing**

### Question 1: Reading in Data

```
edu01a <- read_csv("EDU01a.csv", show_col_types = FALSE) |>
    select(
        area_name = Area_name, #rename Area_name
        STCOU,
        ends_with("D") #select all columns ending in "D"
    )

#display the first 5 rows
edu01a |>
    slice(1:5)
```

```
# A tibble: 5 x 12
                STCOU EDU010187D EDU010188D EDU010189D EDU010190D EDU010191D
  area name
  <chr>
                <chr>
                            <dbl>
                                       <dbl>
                                                   <dbl>
                                                              <dbl>
                                                                         <dbl>
1 UNITED STATES 00000
                                    39967624
                                                40317775
                                                           40737600
                         40024299
                                                                      41385442
2 ALABAMA
                01000
                           733735
                                      728234
                                                 730048
                                                             728252
                                                                        725541
3 Autauga, AL
                01001
                                        6900
                                                   6920
                                                                          7008
                             6829
                                                               6847
4 Baldwin, AL
                01003
                            16417
                                       16465
                                                  16799
                                                              17054
                                                                         17479
5 Barbour, AL
                01005
                             5071
                                        5098
                                                   5068
                                                               5156
                                                                          5173
# i 5 more variables: EDU010192D <dbl>, EDU010193D <dbl>, EDU010194D <dbl>,
    EDU010195D <dbl>, EDU010196D <dbl>
```

#### **Question 2: Pivot Data**

39967624

40317775

40737600

41385442

# Question 3: Extracting the year

2 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010188D

3 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010189D

4 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010190D

5 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010191D

```
long_updated = edu_long |>
    mutate(
    #get 2-digit year from the 8th and 9th characters of surveyID_full
    surveyID_year = substr(surveyID_full, 8, 9),

#convert the 2-digit year into numeric
    year = as.numeric(surveyID_year),
    #if 2 year digit is greater than 80 add 1900 + year, else 2000 + year
    year = ifelse(year >= 80, 1900 + year, 2000 + year),
    surveyID = substr(surveyID_full, 1, 7)
    ) |>
    select(-surveyID_year)

#display the first 5 rows
head(long_updated, 5)
```

### **Question 4: Identifying County Data**

```
#identify county rows: ", XX" (where XX is a two-letter state abbreviation)
county_indices <- grep(pattern = ", \\w\\w", long_updated$area_name)

#create county tibble and assign custom classes
county_tibble <- long_updated[county_indices, ]
class(county_tibble) <- c("county", class(county_tibble))

#create non-county tibble and assign custom classes
state_tibble <- long_updated[-county_indices, ]
class(state_tibble) <- c("state", class(state_tibble))

#display the first 10 rows for both data sets
head(county_tibble, 10)</pre>
```

```
# A tibble: 10 x 6
  area_name STCOU surveyID_full enrollment year surveyID
  <chr>
              <chr> <chr>
                                      <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
1 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010187D
                                       6829 1987 EDU0101
                                       6900 1988 EDU0101
2 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010188D
                                       6920 1989 EDU0101
3 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010189D
4 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010190D
                                       6847 1990 EDU0101
5 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010191D
                                       7008 1991 EDU0101
6 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010192D
                                       7137 1992 EDU0101
7 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010193D
                                       7152 1993 EDU0101
8 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010194D
                                       7381 1994 EDU0101
9 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010195D
                                       7568 1995 EDU0101
                                       7834 1996 EDU0101
10 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010196D
```

#### head(state\_tibble, 10)

```
# A tibble: 10 x 6
  area name
                STCOU surveyID_full enrollment year surveyID
                                         <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
  <chr>
                <chr> <chr>
1 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010187D
                                      40024299 1987 EDU0101
2 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010188D
                                      39967624 1988 EDU0101
3 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010189D
                                      40317775 1989 EDU0101
4 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010190D
                                      40737600 1990 EDU0101
5 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010191D
                                      41385442 1991 EDU0101
6 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010192D
                                      42088151 1992 EDU0101
7 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010193D
                                      42724710 1993 EDU0101
8 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010194D
                                      43369917 1994 EDU0101
9 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010195D
                                      43993459 1995 EDU0101
                                      44715737 1996 EDU0101
10 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010196D
```

### Question 5: Add state Variable to the County Tibble

```
county_tibble <- county_tibble |>
  mutate(
    #use nchar to get the last 2 characters of area_name
    state = substr(area_name, nchar(area_name) - 1, nchar(area_name))
)

#display the first 5 rows
county_tibble |>
  slice(1:5)
```

```
# A tibble: 5 x 7
             STCOU surveyID_full enrollment year surveyID state
 area_name
 <chr>
             <chr> <chr>
                                      <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
                                                           <chr>
1 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010187D
                                       6829 1987 EDU0101
2 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010188D
                                       6900 1988 EDU0101
3 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010189D
                                       6920 1989 EDU0101 AL
4 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010190D
                                       6847 1990 EDU0101 AL
5 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010191D
                                       7008 1991 EDU0101 AL
```

#### Question 6: Add division Variable to the Non-county Tibble

```
state_tibble <- state_tibble %>%
 mutate(
    state = substr(area_name, nchar(area_name) - 1, nchar(area_name)),
    division = case_when(
      state %in% c("CT", "ME", "MA", "NH", "RI", "VT") ~ "New England",
      state %in% c("NJ", "NY", "PA") ~ "Mid-Atlantic",
      state %in% c("IL", "IN", "MI", "OH", "WI") ~ "East North Central",
      state %in% c("IA", "KS", "MN", "MO", "NE",
                   "ND", "SD") ~ "West North Central",
      state %in% c("DE", "DC", "FL", "GA", "MD", "NC",
                   "SC", "VA", "WV") ~ "South Atlantic",
      state %in% c("AL", "KY", "MS", "TN") ~ "East South Central",
      state %in% c("AR", "LA", "OK", "TX") ~ "West South Central",
      state %in% c("AZ", "CO", "ID", "MT", "NV",
                   "NM", "UT", "WY") ~ "Mountain",
      state %in% c("AK", "CA", "HI", "OR", "WA") ~ "Pacific",
     TRUE ~ "ERROR" #return error for non-states like "UNITED STATES"
    )
 ) |>
 #remove the temporary intermediate column
 select(-state)
#display the first 5 rows
state_tibble |>
slice(1:5)
# A tibble: 5 x 7
                STCOU surveyID_full enrollment year surveyID division
 area_name
                                         <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
  <chr>
                <chr> <chr>
                                                              <chr>>
1 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010187D
                                      40024299 1987 EDU0101 ERROR
2 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010188D
                                      39967624 1988 EDU0101 ERROR
3 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010189D
                                      40317775 1989 EDU0101 ERROR
4 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010190D
                                      40737600 1990 EDU0101 ERROR
5 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010191D
                                      41385442 1991 EDU0101 ERROR
```

# Requirements: Repeating Process with 2nd Component of Data Set

# Create a Function for Steps 1 and 2

#### Create a Function for Taking Output of Step 2 and Step 3

```
extract_year_id <- function(data) {
  data |>
    mutate(
      surveyID_year = substr(surveyID_full, 8, 9),
      year = as.numeric(surveyID_year),
      year = ifelse(year >= 90, 1900 + year, 2000 + year),
      surveyID = substr(surveyID_full, 1, 7)
      ) |>
      select(-surveyID_year)
}
```

#### Create a Function for Step 5

```
#only to be used for the county tibble
extract_state <- function(county_tbl){
   county_tbl |>
   mutate(
       state = substr(area_name, nchar(area_name) - 1, nchar(area_name))
   )
}
```

#### Create a Function for Step 6

```
#only to be used for the non-county (state) tibble
assign_division <- function(state_tbl){</pre>
 state_tbl |>
   mutate(
   state = substr(area_name, nchar(area_name) - 1, nchar(area_name)),
   division = case_when(
      state %in% c("CT", "ME", "MA", "NH", "RI", "VT") ~ "New England",
      state %in% c("NJ", "NY", "PA") ~ "Mid-Atlantic",
      state %in% c("IL", "IN", "MI", "OH", "WI") ~ "East North Central",
      state %in% c("IA", "KS", "MN", "MO", "NE",
                   "ND", "SD") ~ "West North Central",
      state %in% c("DE", "DC", "FL", "GA", "MD", "NC",
                   "SC", "VA", "WV") ~ "South Atlantic",
      state %in% c("AL", "KY", "MS", "TN") ~ "East South Central",
      state %in% c("AR", "LA", "OK", "TX") ~ "West South Central",
      state %in% c("AZ", "CO", "ID", "MT", "NV",
                   "NM", "UT", "WY") ~ "Mountain",
      state %in% c("AK", "CA", "HI", "OR", "WA") ~ "Pacific",
     TRUE ~ "ERROR"
    )
 ) |>
 select(-state)
```

## Create a Function Returning Two Final Tibbles

```
identify_locations <- function(data) {
    #step 4
    county_indices <- grep(pattern = ", \\w\\w", long_updated$area_name)

county_tibble <- long_updated[county_indices, ]
    class(county_tibble) <- c("county", class(county_tibble))

state_tibble <- long_updated[-county_indices, ]
    class(state_tibble) <- c("state", class(state_tibble))

#step 5 using the functions create
    county_tibble <- extract_state(county_tibble)
    state_tibble <- assign_division(state_tibble)

#return both tibbles as a list
    return(list(county = county_tibble, state = state_tibble))
}</pre>
```

## Create All Into One Function Call - Wrapper Function

```
my_wrapper <- function(url, column = "enrollment") {
   result <- read_csv(url, show_col_types = FALSE) |>
      select_pivot() |>
      extract_year_id() |>
      identify_locations()
   return(result)
}
```

#### Call It and Combine Your Data

```
#call wrapper twice for the 2 data sets
edu01a <- my_wrapper("https://www4.stat.ncsu.edu/~online/datasets/EDU01a.csv")
edu01b <- my_wrapper("https://www4.stat.ncsu.edu/~online/datasets/EDU01b.csv")

combine_data <- function(data1, data2){
   combined_county <- bind_rows(data1$county, data2$county)</pre>
```

```
combined_state <- bind_rows(data1$state, data2$state)</pre>
 return(list(
   county = combined_county,
   state = combined state
 ))
#test and display using the combine function
combine_data(edu01a, edu01b)
$county
# A tibble: 62,900 x 7
  area_name
              STCOU surveyID_full enrollment year surveyID state
                                        <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
   <chr>
              <chr> <chr>
                                                             <chr>
 1 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010187D
                                        6829 1987 EDU0101
                                                             AL
2 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010188D
                                        6900 1988 EDU0101
                                                            AL
3 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010189D
                                        6920 1989 EDU0101
4 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010190D
                                        6847 1990 EDU0101
5 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010191D
                                        7008 1991 EDU0101
6 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010192D
                                        7137 1992 EDU0101
7 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010193D
                                        7152 1993 EDU0101 AL
8 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010194D
                                        7381 1994 EDU0101 AL
9 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010195D
                                        7568 1995 EDU0101 AL
                                        7834 1996 EDU0101 AL
10 Autauga, AL 01001 EDU010196D
# i 62,890 more rows
$state
# A tibble: 1,060 x 7
                STCOU surveyID_full enrollment year surveyID division
  area_name
   <chr>
                 <chr> <chr>
                                          <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
                                                               <chr>
1 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010187D
                                      40024299 1987 EDU0101 ERROR
2 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010188D
                                      39967624 1988 EDU0101 ERROR
3 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010189D
                                      40317775 1989 EDU0101
                                                             ERROR
                                      40737600 1990 EDU0101
4 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010190D
                                                              ERROR
5 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010191D
                                      41385442 1991 EDU0101 ERROR
6 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010192D
                                      42088151 1992 EDU0101 ERROR
7 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010193D
                                      42724710 1993 EDU0101 ERROR
8 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010194D
                                      43369917 1994 EDU0101 ERROR
9 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010195D
                                      43993459 1995 EDU0101 ERROR
10 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010196D
                                      44715737 1996 EDU0101 ERROR
# i 1,050 more rows
```

# Writing a Generic Function for Summarizing

#### **Custom Plot for State Level Data**

```
plot.state <- function(data1, column = "enrollment"){</pre>
  data1 |>
    filter(division != "ERROR") |> #remove any row with error
    group_by(division, year) |> #group data
    summarise(mean_value = mean(get(column), na.rm = T)) |> #get means
    #plot data
    ggplot(aes(
     x = year,
     y = mean value,
      color = division
    )) + #add aesthetic markers
    geom_line(linewidth = 1) + #connect dots with a line
    geom_point() +
    labs(
      title = paste0("Mean Enrollment by Division and Year"),
     x = "Year",
      y = paste0("Mean ", column),
      color = "Division"
    guides(color = guide_legend(ncol = 2)) +
    theme_minimal()
```

#### **Custom Plot for County Level Data**

```
#sort counties based on direction
 if (direction == "top") {
  data1 <- data1 |>
    arrange(desc(mean_value))
} else {
  data1 <- data1 |>
    arrange(mean_value)
}
#get names of top/bottom N countries
areas <- data1 %>%
  slice_head(n = n) \%>\%
  pull(area_name)
#plot data
data_plotted = state_data |>
  filter(area_name %in% areas) |>
  ggplot(aes(
   x = year,
   y = get(column),
    color = area_name
  )) + # add aestetic arguments
  geom_line(linewidth = 1) +
  geom_point() +
  labs(
   title = paste(toupper(direction), n, "counties in", state),
   x = "Year",
    y = column,
    color = "County"
  guides(color = guide_legend(ncol = 2)) +
  theme_minimal()
return(data_plotted)
```

# Put it Together

#### The 2 EDU01 Data Sets

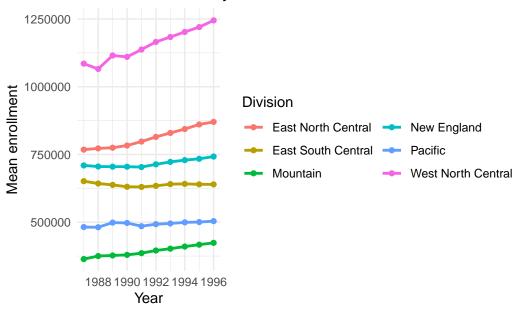
```
#run wrapper function twice for edu files
edu01a <- my_wrapper("https://www4.stat.ncsu.edu/~online/datasets/EDU01a.csv")
edu01b <- my_wrapper("https://www4.stat.ncsu.edu/~online/datasets/EDU01b.csv")

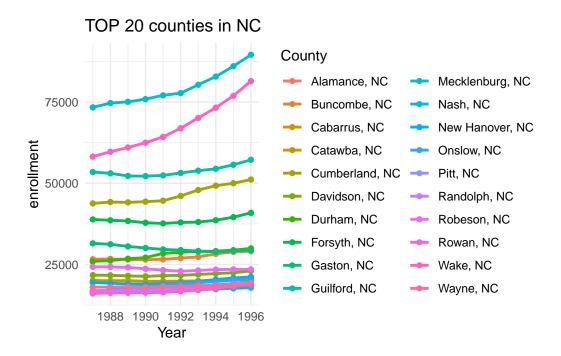
#combine the two data sets
edu_combined <- combine_data(edu01a, edu01b)

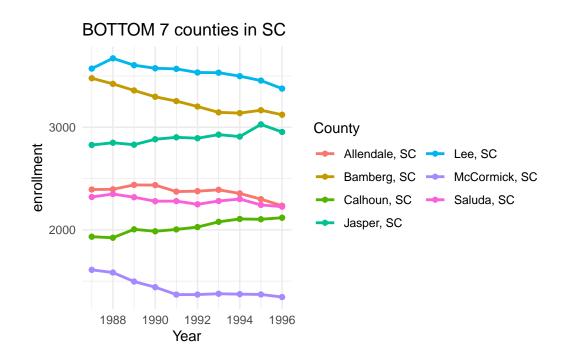
#plot for state data frame
plot(edu_combined$state)</pre>
```

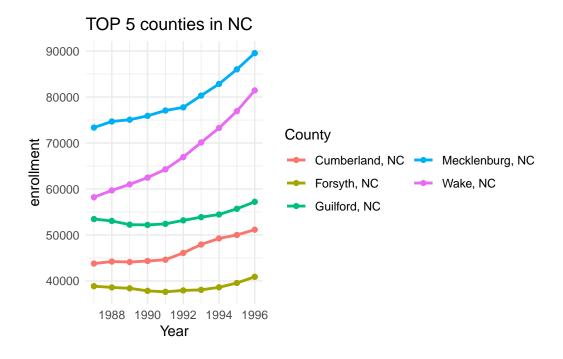
`summarise()` has grouped output by 'division'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.

# Mean Enrollment by Division and Year

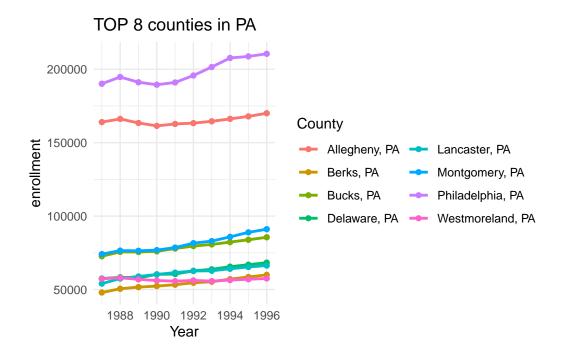








```
plot(edu_combined$county,
    state = "PA", direction = "top", n = 8)
```



#### The 5 PST01 Data Sets

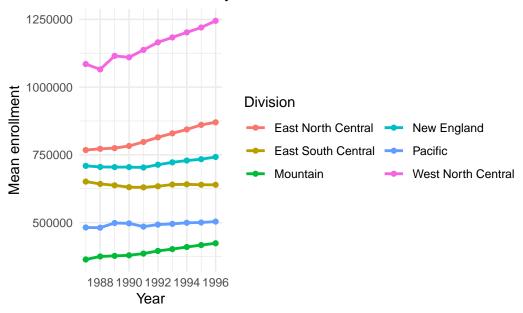
```
#run wrapper function for each data set
pst01a <- my_wrapper("https://www4.stat.ncsu.edu/~online/datasets/PST01a.csv")
pst01b <- my_wrapper("https://www4.stat.ncsu.edu/~online/datasets/PST01b.csv")
pst01c <- my_wrapper("https://www4.stat.ncsu.edu/~online/datasets/PST01c.csv")
pst01d <- my_wrapper("https://www4.stat.ncsu.edu/~online/datasets/PST01d.csv")

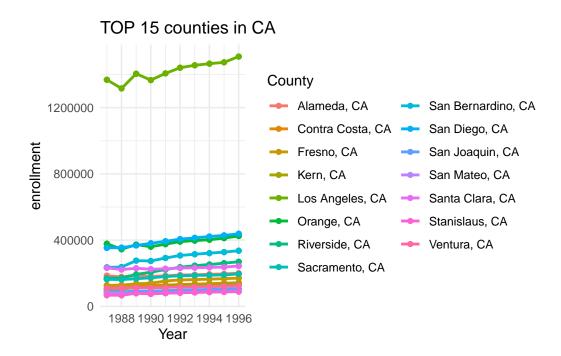
#combine the 4 data sets
#first, combine a and b
pst_combined_ab <- combine_data(pst01a, pst01b)
#second, combine c and d
pst_combined_cd <- combine_data(pst01c, pst01d)
#finally, combine ab with cd
pst_combined <- combine_data(pst_combined_ab, pst_combined_cd)

#plot for state data frame
plot(pst_combined$state, column = "enrollment")</pre>
```

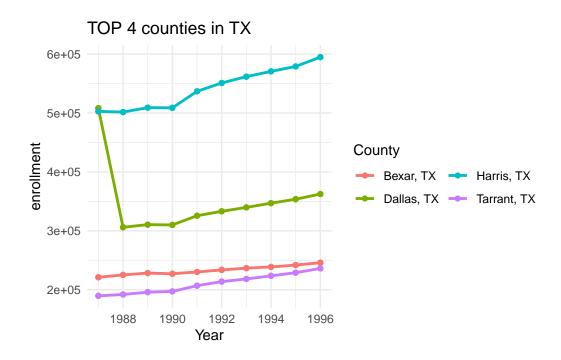
<sup>`</sup>summarise()` has grouped output by 'division'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.

# Mean Enrollment by Division and Year

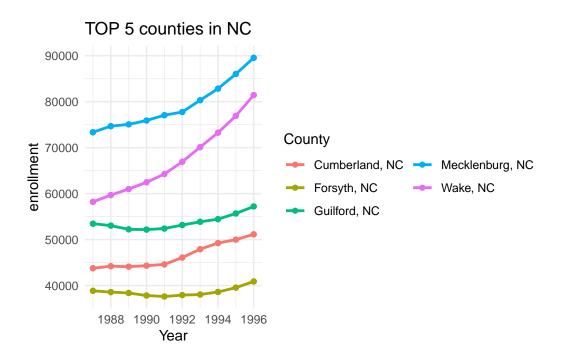




```
plot(pst_combined$county,
    state = "TX", direction = "top", n = 4)
```



plot(pst\_combined\$county)



```
plot(pst_combined$county,
    state = "NY", direction = "top", n = 10)
```

