Intro to Surveys and Sampling

Week 1

Stat 260, St. Clair

Content:

- Examples of surveys
- Terminology

What is a survey?

- Study designed to get a snapshot of a population at a particular period of time.
- Examples:
 - Does the public support voting by mail?
 - What are US demographics between census years?
 - How many moose are in northern MN?

- Observation unit/measurement unit/element An object on which a measurement is taken.
- **Population** A collection of all observation units at a particular period of time.

Surrey Monkey

Obs.unit =

person

(adult,?)

in us

Moose
Obs. unit = moose
in region
of interest

- target population: who we want to study
- sampled population: who we actually sampled from

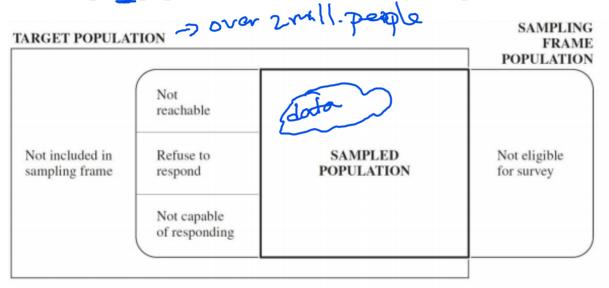


Figure 1: Target population and sampling frame (Lohr, 2010, p. 4)

Sample of POD = people who are sent a 5, M. Swarely on a given day

Sampo pop = visible

- **Sampling Unit** An element, or group of elements, which we actually sample. Sampling units are nonoverlapping and must cover the entire population.
- **Sampling Frame** A list of sampling units in a population (sampled population).

- **Sample** A collection of units drawn from a sampling frame.
- Sampling Design A plan for selecting sampling units

Design: Simple Random Sample (SRS)

Design: Statified random Sample

• **Parameter** A particular population characteristic, usually a number, that we want to estimate in a survey.

trust mail in

Moose

parameter =

total # moose in region

ob of pop. Heat is

female

- Statistic A number computed from a sample.
- Sampling Error Sample-to-sample variation in a statistic
 - Sampling error is quantifiable if a probability sampling design is used.
 - The **standard error** of a statistic is one way to measure sampling error.

- When a probability sampling design is used, statisticians can
 - study how to form estimates of parameters from statistics given a particular sampling design
 - study how to quantify sampling error given a particular sampling design
 - **compare** competing sampling designs to determine which is "better"