Assignment 3

json schema Reference https://json-schema.org/learn/getting-started-step-by-step.html)

json schema library reference: https://python-jsonschema.readthedocs.io/en/stable/ https://python-jsonschema.readthedocs.io/en/stable/

Avro is a language-neutral data serialization system. It can be processed by many languages (currently C, C++, C#, Java, Python, and Ruby). Avro creates binary structured format that is both compressible and splittable. Hence it can be efficiently used as the input to Hadoop MapReduce jobs.

reference: https://www.tutorialspoint.com/avro/avro_overview.htm (https://www.tutorialspoint.com/avro/avro_overview.htm (https://www.tutorialspoint.com/avro/avro_overview.htm (https://www.tutorialspoint.com/avro/avro_overview.htm)

FastAvro Schema: https://fastavro.readthedocs.io/en/latest/schema.html)

(https://fastavro.readthedocs.io/en/latest/schema.html)

FastAvro Home: https://fastavro.readthedocs.io/en/latest/ (<a href="ht

Apache Parquet Gzip Reference: https://docs.python.org/3/library/gzip.html)
https://docs.python.org/3/library/gzip.html)

Apache Parquet Load from JSONL files https://arrow.apache.org/docs/python/json.html https://arrow.apache.org/docs/python/json.html)

Apache Parquet, Read/Write parquet tables https://arrow.apache.org/docs/python/parquet.html https://arrow.apache.org/docs/python/parquet.html)

Python Check if File Exists: https://www.pythontutorial.net/python-basics/python-check-if-file-exists/ (https://www.pythontutorial.net/python-basics/python-check-if-file-exists/)

Google Protocol Buffers: https://developers.google.com/protocol-buffers/docs/pythontutorial)
https://developers.google.com/protocol-buffers/docs/pythontutorial)

note: use .CopyFrom() when assigning a metaclass to a key.

gzip encoding example: https://gist.github.com/LouisAmon/4bd79b8ab80d3851601f3f9016300ac4 (https://gist.github.com/LouisAmon/4bd79b8ab80d3851601f3f9016300ac4 (https://gist.github.com/LouisAmon/4bd79b8ab80d3851601f3f9016300ac4 (https://gist.github.com/LouisAmon/4bd79b8ab80d3851601f3f9016300ac4)

Import libraries and define common helper functions

```
In [1]:

1 import os
2 import sys
3 import gzip
4 import json
5 from pathlib import Path
```

```
6 import csv
 7
8 import pandas as pd
9 #import s3fs
10 import pyarrow as pa
11 from pyarrow.json import read json
12 import pyarrow.parquet as pq
13 import fastavro
14 import pygeohash
15 #//*** Note: install with: pip install python-snappy
16 import snappy
17 import jsonschema
18 from jsonschema.exceptions import ValidationError
19
20
21 endpoint url='https://storage.budsc.midwest-datascience.com'
22
23 current dir = Path(os.getcwd()).absolute()
24 schema dir = current dir.joinpath('schemas')
25 results dir = current dir.joinpath('results')
26 results dir.mkdir(parents=True, exist ok=True)
27
28 validation csv path = results dir.joinpath("json schema validation.cs
29
30 def read jsonl data():
31
       src data path = 'routes.jsonl.gz'
32
33
       with gzip.open(src data path, 'rb') as f:
34
           records = [json.loads(line) for line in f.readlines()]
35
```

Load the records from https://storage.budsc.midwest-datascience.com/data/processed/openflights/routes.jsonl.gz)

/routes.jsonl.gz)

```
In [2]:
```

Remove Record Keys with None Data types

Some of the SRC and DST airports are Empty/None. This causes issues with the Schema Validation. It's fine to have errors for this assignment, but might as well address the issue before validating the schema. Probably could have set the schema to optional as well.

```
In [3]:
         1 #//*** Remove Records with None Type
          2 for record in records:
          3
                empty_keys = []
          4
          5
                for key, value in record.items():
          6
                     if value is None:
          7
                         empty keys.append(key)
          8
                for empty_key in empty_keys:
          9
                    del record[empty key]
```

Programatically Build JSON Schema

Parsing each value of a record to generate a schema probably didn't save me any time. But it might be helpful for future tasks. Rolling through programatically means I won't miss any keys and my typos will be consistent.

```
In [4]:
          1
              def type as string(val):
          2
                 if isinstance(val, int):
          3
                      return "integer"
          4
          5
                 if isinstance(val, str):
          6
                     return "string"
          7
          8
                 if isinstance(val, bool):
          9
                     return "boolean"
         10
         11
                 if isinstance(val, float):
         12
                     return "number"
         13
         14
                 if isinstance(val, list):
         15
                     return "array"
         16
         17
                 return type(val)
         18
         19 #//*** Pick an index to build the schema
         20 dex=0
         21
         22 out = ''
         23 out+= '{'
         24 | #out+='\n\t'
         25 | #out += '"$schema": "https://json-schema.org/draft/2020-12/schema", '
         26 | out+='\n\t'
         27 | out += '"$id": "http://json-schema.org/draft-07/schema#",'
         28 | out+='\n\t'
         29 out += '"$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-07/schema#",'
         30 | out+='\n\t'
         31 out += '"title": "Product",'
         32 | out+='\n\t'
         33 | out += '"description": "Some Product",'
         34 | out+='\n\t'
         35 | out += '"type": "object", '
         36 | out+='\n\t'
         37 out += '"properties": {'
         38 \#out+=' \n \t \t'
         39 for key in records[dex].keys():
         40
                 #print(key, isinstance(records[0][key],dict) )
         41
         42
                 if isinstance(records[dex][key], dict):
                     out+=' n\t '
         43
         44
                     #print(key)
         45
                     out += f'''\{key\}'': '
         46
                     out += "{"
         47
                    out+='\n\t\t'
                     out+= '"type": "object",'
          48
```

```
49
            out+=' \n\t\t'
 50
            out += '"properties": {'
51
            out+=' \n\t\t\t'
52
            for key2, value2 in records[dex][key].items():
53
                out += f'"{key2}" : '
 54
                out += "{"
55
                out+=' \n\t\t\t\t'
56
                if key2 == 'active':
57
                    out += f'"type": "boolean"'
58
                else:
59
                    out += f'"type": "{type as string(value2)}"'
 60
                out+='\n\t\t\t'
 61
                out += "},"
 62
                if key == "airline" and key2 == "active":
 63
                    out = out[:-1]
 64
                    continue
 65
                if key == "src airport" and key2 == "source":
 66
                    out = out[:-1]
 67
                    continue
 68
 69
                if key == "dst airport" and key2 == "source":
70
                    out = out[:-1]
71
                    continue
72
73
                out+='\n\t\t\t'
74
           out+=' n\t \t \t
75
            out+="}"
76
            out+=' n\t'
77
           out += "},"
78
            continue
79
80
      out+='\n\t\t'
81
      out += f'"{key}" : '
82
        out += "{"
83
        out+=' n\t \t \t \t
84
85
        if key == 'codeshare':
86
            out += f'"type": "boolean"'
87
        else:
88
            out += f'"type": "{type as string(records[dex][key])}"'
89
        out+='\n\t\
90
        out+="},"
91
92 out = out[:-1]
93 out+='\n\t'
94 out+= "}"
95 out+='\n'
96 out+= "}"
97 print(out)
98
99 #//*** Write Schema to File
100 schema path = schema dir.joinpath('routes-schema.json')
101 with open(schema path, 'w') as f:
       "$id": "http://json-schema.org/draft-07/schema#",
```

3.1.a JSON Schema

```
In [5]:
            def validate jsonl data(records):
          2
                 schema path = schema dir.joinpath('routes-schema.json')
          3
          4
                with open(schema path) as f:
          5
                     schema = json.load(f)
          6
          7
                with open(validation csv path, 'w') as f:
          8
                     for i, record in enumerate(records):
          9
                         try:
         10
                             jsonschema.validate(record, schema)
         11
                             f.write(f"{i},valid,,\n")
        12
         13
                         except ValidationError as e:
        14
                             ## Print message if invalid record
        15
                             print("Schema/Record Error Record:",i,"\n\n",e,"\n\n"
        16
        17 #//*** All Data is Schema valid
```

3.1.b Avro

```
In [8]:
         1 #//*** Reload Clean Records
         2 records = read jsonl data()
         3
         5 from fastavro import parse schema
         6 from fastavro import writer
         8 def create avro dataset (records):
         9
                schema path = schema dir.joinpath('routes.avsc')
                data path = results dir.joinpath('routes.avro')
        10
        11
        12
                #//*** Load Avro Schema
        13
                with open(schema path, 'r') as f:
```

```
avro_schema = json.loads(f.read())

#//*** Parse Avro Schema
parsed_schema = parse_schema(avro_schema)

with open(data_path, 'wb') as out:
    writer(out, parsed_schema, records)

avro_schema = json.loads(f.read())
```

3.1.c Parquet

Gzip Reference: https://docs.python.org/3/library/gzip.html (https://docs.python.org/a/library/gzip.html (https://docs.python

Apache Parquet Load from JSONL files https://arrow.apache.org/docs/python/json.html (https://arrow.apache.org/docs/python/json.html)

Apache Parquet, Read/Write parquet tables https://arrow.apache.org/docs/python/parquet.html https://arrow.apache.org/docs/python/parquet.html)

Python Check if File Exists: https://www.pythontutorial.net/python-basics/python-check-if-file-exists/) exists/ (https://www.pythontutorial.net/python-basics/python-check-if-file-exists/)

```
In [9]:
         1
            def create parquet dataset():
         2
                 from pyarrow import json
         3
                import os
         4
         5
                parquet output path = results dir.joinpath('routes.parquet')
         6
         7
                 #//*** PyArrow supports native JSONL files
         8
                 #//*** Extract the compressed JSONL files to disk
         9
                src data path = 'routes.jsonl.gz'
        10
                jsonl path = 'routes.jsonl'
        11
        12
                 #//*** Open the compressed file
        13
                with open(src_data_path, 'rb') as f:
        14
        15
                     #//*** Open the extracted file for writing
        16
                    with open(jsonl path, 'wb') as writer:
        17
        18
                         #//*** Write the decompressed jsonl file
        19
                         writer.write(gzip.decompress(f.read()))
        20
        21
                 #//*** Load the jsonl file into a parquet table
        22
                parquet_table = json.read_json(jsonl_path)
        23
        24
                 #//*** Delete the Extracted File
        25
                 if os.path.exists(jsonl path):
        26
                    os.remove(jsonl path)
        27
        28
                 #//*** Print the First 5000 characters of the string output of pa
        29
                print(str(parquet table)[:5000])
         30
```

```
#//*** Write Parquet Table to disk
31
32
        pq.write table(parquet table, parquet output path)
33
34
35
pyarrow: Table ----- data at /
airline: struct<airline id: int64, name: string, alias: string, iata:
string, icao: string, callsign: string, country: string, active: bool>
 child 0, airline id: int64
 child 1, name: string
 child 2, alias: string
 child 3, iata: string
 child 4, icao: string
 child 5, callsign: string
 child 6, country: string
 child 7, active: bool
src airport: struct<airport_id: int64, name: string, city: string, cou</pre>
ntry: string, iata: string, icao: string, latitude: double, longitude:
double, altitude: int64, timezone: double, dst: string, tz id: string,
type: string, source: string>
 child 0, airport id: int64
 child 1, name: string
 child 2, city: string
 child 3, country: string
```

3.1.d Protocol Buffers

```
In [10]:
             #//*** Reload Clean Records Data
                      In [87]:
             sys.path.insert(0, os.path.abspath('routes pb2'))
           3
             import routes pb2
           4
           5
             def airport to proto obj(airport):
           6
                 obj = routes pb2.Airport()
           7
                  if airport is None:
           8
                      return None
           9
                  if airport.get('airport id') is None:
          10
                      return None
          11
          12
                  obj.airport id = airport.get('airport id')
          13
                  if airport.get('name'):
          14
                      obj.name = airport.get('name')
          15
                  if airport.get('city'):
          16
                      obj.city = airport.get('city')
          17
                  if airport.get('iata'):
          18
                      obj.iata = airport.get('iata')
          19
                  if airport.get('icao'):
          20
                      obj.icao = airport.get('icao')
          21
                  if airport.get('altitude'):
          22
                      obj.altitude = airport.get('altitude')
          23
                  if airport.get('timezone'):
          24
                      obj.timezone = airport.get('timezone')
          25
                  if airport.get('dst'):
```

```
26
            obj.dst = airport.get('dst')
27
        if airport.get('tz id'):
28
            obj.tz id = airport.get('tz id')
29
       if airport.get('type'):
30
           obj.type = airport.get('type')
31
       if airport.get('source'):
32
            obj.source = airport.get('source')
33
34
       obj.latitude = airport.get('latitude')
35
       obj.longitude = airport.get('longitude')
36
37
       return obj
38
39
40 def airline to proto obj(airline):
41
42
43
       obj = routes pb2.Airline()
44
45
        #//*** If key exists, load value into obj
46
       if airline.get('airline id'):
47
            obj.airline id = airline.get('airline id')
48
49
       if airline.get('name'):
50
            obj.name = airline.get('name')
51
52
       if airline.get('alias'):
53
            obj.alias = airline.get('alias')
54
55
       if airline.get('iata'):
56
            obj.iata = airline.get('iata')
57
58
       if airline.get('icao'):
59
            obj.icao = airline.get('icao')
60
61
       if airline.get('callsign'):
62
            obj.callsign = airline.get('callsign')
63
64
       if airline.get('country'):
65
            obj.country = airline.get('country')
66
67
        if 'active' in airline.keys():
68
            obj.active = airline['active']
69
70
       return obj
71
72
73 def create protobuf dataset (records):
       routes = routes_pb2.Routes()
74
75
76
77
       for record in records:
78
79
            #//*** Add a Record to routes
80
            route = routes.route.add()
81
```

```
82
             if 'codeshare' in record.keys():
 83
                 route.codeshare = record['codeshare']
 84
 85
            if record.get('stops'):
 86
                 route.stops = record.get('stops')
 87
 88
            #//*** Use extend to add lists/arrays.
 89
            if record.get('equipment'):
 90
                 route.equipment.extend(record.get('equipment'))
 91
 92
             #//*** generate Airline Object
 93
            if 'src airport' in record.keys():
 94
 95
                 #//*** If src airport exists Build Object from record
 96
                 src airport = airport to proto obj(record['src airport']
 97
 98
                 #//*** Skip if None
 99
                 if src airport is not None:
100
                     #//*** Use CopyFrom to assign objects
101
                     route.src airport.CopyFrom( src airport )
102
103
            if 'dst airport' in record.keys():
104
105
                 #//*** If dst airport exists Build Object from record
106
107
                 dst airport = airport to proto obj(record['dst airport']
108
109
                 #//*** Skip if None
110
                 if dst airport is not None:
111
                     #//*** Use CopyFrom to assign objects
112
                     route.dst airport.CopyFrom(dst airport)
113
114
            if 'airline' in record.keys():
115
                #//*** If airline exists Build Object from record
116
                 airline = airline to proto obj(record['airline'])
117
                 #//*** Skip if None
118
119
                 if airline is not None:
120
                     #//*** Use CopyFrom to assign objects
121
                     route.airline.CopyFrom(airline)
122
123
         #//*** Display the first 10,000 characters of routes
124
        print(str(routes)[:10000])
125
126
        data path = results dir.joinpath('routes.pb')
127
128
        with open(data path, 'wb') as f:
129
             f.write(routes.SerializeToString())
130
131
        compressed path = results dir.joinpath('routes.pb.snappy')
132
133
        with open (compressed path, 'wb') as f:
134
             f.write(snappy.compress(routes.SerializeToString()))
135
#36terpeate protobuf dataset (records)
  airline {
```

```
airline id: 410
 name: "Aerocondor"
 alias: "ANA All Nippon Airways"
 iata: "2B"
  icao: "ARD"
  callsign: "AEROCONDOR"
 country: "Portugal"
 active: true
src airport {
 airport id: 2965
 name: "Sochi International Airport"
 city: "Sochi"
 iata: "AER"
  icao: "URSS"
  latitude: 43.449902
  longitude: 39.9566
```

3.1e Size Comparison

```
In [154]:
           1 src data path = 'routes.jsonl.gz'
           3 #//*** Get Filesize of Compressed JSON
             json_compressed_file_size = os.path.getsize(src_data_path)
           7 jsonl path = 'routes.jsonl'
           8 | #//*** Open the compressed file
           9 with open(src data path, 'rb') as f:
          10
                  #//*** Open the extracted file for writing
          11
                  with open(jsonl path, 'wb') as writer:
          12
                      #//*** Write the decompressed jsonl file
          13
                      writer.write(gzip.decompress(f.read()))
          14
          15 #//*** Get Filesize of Compressed JSON
          16 | json uncompressed file size = os.path.getsize(jsonl path)
          17
          18 | #//*** Delete the Extracted File
          19 if os.path.exists(jsonl_path):
          20
                  os.remove(jsonl path)
          21
          22 #//*** Get Avro File size
          23 | avro_path = results_dir.joinpath('routes.avro')
          24 avro file_size = os.path.getsize(avro_path)
          25
          26 | parquet output_path = results_dir.joinpath('routes.parquet')
          27 | parquet file_size = os.path.getsize(parquet_output_path)
          28
          29 pb path = results_dir.joinpath('routes.pb')
          30 | pb file_size = os.path.getsize(pb_path)
          31
          32 | compressed pb_path = results_dir.joinpath('routes.pb.snappy')
          33 compressed pb file size = os.path.getsize(compressed pb path)
          34
```

```
35 print ("JSON Compressed File Size:
                                                     ", format (json c
36 print("JSON Uncompressed File Size:
                                                     ", format (json u
37 print("Avro Encoded File Size:
                                                     ", format (avro f
38 print ("Parquet Encoded File Size:
                                                     ", format (parque
39 print("Protocol Buffer File Size:
                                                     ", format (pb fil
40 print("Protocol Buffer (Snappy Compressed) File Size: ", format(compre
41
42 out = ""
43 out += f"JSON, compressed, {json compressed file size}\n"
44 out += f"JSON, uncompressed, {json uncompressed file size}\n"
45 out += f"Avro, uncompressed, {avro file size}\n"
46 out += f"Parquet, uncompressed, {parquet file size}\n"
47 out += f"Protocol Buffer, uncompressed, {pb file size}\n"
48 out += f"Protocol Buffer, compressed, {compressed pb file size}\n"
49
50 comparision path = results dir.joinpath('comparison.csv')
52 print("Writing Results to ./results/comparison.csv")
53
54 with open(comparision path, 'w') as writer:
55
       writer.write(out)
56
57
JSON Compressed File Size:
                                            3,327,145 bytes
                                            59,109,449 bytes
JSON Uncompressed File Size:
Avro Encoded File Size:
                                            19,646,227 bytes
Parquet Encoded File Size:
                                            1,975,465 bytes
Protocol Buffer File Size:
                                            22,523,154 bytes
Protocol Buffer (Snappy Compressed) File Size: 3,762,689 bytes
_____
Writing Results to ./results/comparison.csv
```

3.2

3.2.a Simple Geohash Index

```
1 #//*** Load a clean copy of records
In [156]:
              In [88]:
         1 | #//*** Reimport json lest we get confused with parquet json loader
         2 | import json
         3
           #//*********************
           #//*** Crawl each record and generate a dictionary that maps the fold
           #//*** Parse the dictionary map to generate the needed files and fold
           #//***************
         8 def create hash dirs(records):
         9
               geoindex dir = results dir.joinpath('geoindex')
        10
               geoindex dir.mkdir(exist ok=True, parents=True)
        11
               hashes = []
        12
        13
               airport hash dict = {}
```

```
14
       airport hashmap = {}
15
16
       #//*** Generate geohashes for each airport in src destinations
       #//*** geohashes are stored in hashes for sorting
17
18
       #//** and airport hash dict to associate the name with the geohas
19
       for record in records:
20
21
           if record['src airport'] is None:
22
               continue
2.3
24
           airport geohash = pygeohash.encode(record['src airport']['lat
25
           if airport geohash not in airport hash dict.keys():
26
               #print(record['src airport']['name']," - ",airport geohas
27
28
               #//*** Add to hashes if airport is unique.
29
               #hashes.append(airport geohash)
30
31
               #//*** Add Airport geohash to dictionary.
32
               #//*** This assiociates the airport name with the geohash
33
               airport hash dict[airport geohash] = record['src airport'
34
35
               #//*** add the geohash to the airport hashmap dictionary
36
               key1 = airport geohash[:1]
37
               key2 = airport geohash[:2]
38
               key3 = airport geohash[:3]
39
40
               #//*** Initialize Keys as needed
41
               if key1 not in airport hashmap.keys():
42
                   airport hashmap[key1] = {}
43
44
               if key2 not in airport hashmap[key1].keys():
45
                   airport hashmap[key1][key2] = {}
46
47
               if key3 not in airport hashmap[key1][key2].keys():
48
                   airport hashmap[key1][key2][key3] = {}
49
50
               #//*** Associate the whole Airport record with the Geohas
51
               #//*** We'll keep everything together. We could also just
52
               #//*** the airport info in a separate dictionary/database
53
               airport hashmap[key1][key2][key3][airport geohash] = reco
54
       #//********
55
56
       #//*** END record in records
57
       #//********
58
59
       #//****************
60
       #//*** Parse hashmap, Build directories and json files
       #//**************
61
62
       #//*** Top Level - Level 1
63
       for key1, values1 in airport hashmap.items():
64
65
           #//*** Build Levell Folders as needed
66
           level1 path = geoindex dir.joinpath(key1)
67
           level1 path.mkdir(exist ok=True, parents=True)
68
69
           print(key1, level1 path)
```

```
70
71
             #//*** Loop through Level2 sub folders
72
            for key2, values2 in airport hashmap[key1].items():
7.3
74
                 #//*** Build Level2 Folders as needed
75
                 level2 path = level1 path.joinpath(key2)
76
                 level2 path.mkdir(exist ok=True, parents=True)
77
78
                 #//*** Only Print Top 2 Levels for display
79
                print("--", key2, level2 path)
80
81
                 #//*** Loop through Level3 - File Level
                 for key3, values3 in airport hashmap[key1][key2].items():
82
83
84
                     filepath = level2 path.joinpath(f"{key3}.json.gz")
85
                     #//*** Generate JSON String
86
                     json data = json.dumps(values3)
87
                     #//*** Encode JSON data as bytes
88
89
                     encoded = json data.encode('utf-8')
90
91
                     #//*** Compress encoded file and write to disk
92
                     with open(filepath,'wb') as f:
93
                         f.write(gzip.compress(encoded))
94
95 airport hashmap = create hash dirs(records) s C:\Users\family\DSCProjects\DSC\DSC650\assignment03\results\geoinde
x\s
-- sz C:\Users\family\DSCProjects\DSC\DSC650\assignment03\results\geoi
ndex\s\sz
-- s1 C:\Users\family\DSCProjects\DSC\DSC650\assignment03\results\geoi
-- s4 C:\Users\family\DSCProjects\DSC\DSC650\assignment03\results\geoi
ndex\s\s4
-- sr C:\Users\family\DSCProjects\DSC\DSC650\assignment03\results\geoi
ndex\s\sr
-- sw C:\Users\family\DSCProjects\DSC\DSC650\assignment03\results\geoi
-- su C:\Users\family\DSCProjects\DSC\DSC650\assignment03\results\geoi
ndex\s\su
-- sp C:\Users\family\DSCProjects\DSC\DSC650\assignment03\results\geoi
ndex\s\sp
-- s0 C:\Users\family\DSCProjects\DSC\DSC650\assignment03\results\geoi
ndex\s\s0
-- sf C:\Users\family\DSCProjects\DSC\DSC650\assignment03\results\geoi
._ ...\ _\ _ _
```

3.2.b Simple Search Feature

```
8
 9
        level1 = tgt geohash[:1]
10
        level2 = tgt geohash[:2]
11
12
        folderpath = geoindex dir.joinpath(level1).joinpath(level2)
13
14
        #//*** If Filepath doesn't exist, blame the user!
15
        if os.path.exists(folderpath) == False:
16
            print("There are no airports near these coordinates")
17
            return
18
19
        #//*** Get a list of files in the folder path
20
        files = os.listdir(folderpath)
21
22
       airport dict = {}
23
24
       airports in range = []
25
26
        #//*** Load all airports into a dictionary
27
        for file in files:
28
29
            filepath = folderpath.joinpath(file)
30
31
            #//*** Decode compressed JSON file.
32
            with gzip.open(filepath, 'rb') as f:
33
34
                #//*** Open each file and add to dictionary
35
                for key, value in json.loads(f.read().decode()).items():
36
                    airport dict[key] = value
37
38
                    #//*** Find the Distance and add to dist dict.
39
                    #//*** Makes it easier to search by distance
40
                    airport distance = int(pygeohash.geohash approximate
41
42
                    #//*** If Airport Distance is less than Target distan
43
                    if airport distance <= distance:</pre>
44
                        airports in range.append(key)
45
46
47
48
49
50
        #for key,value in dist dict.items():
51
            print(tgt geohash,key,value,airport dict[key]['name'],airpor
52
53
       print(f"There are {len(airports in range)} airports within {dista
54
        for index, dst geohash in enumerate (airports in range):
55
            print(f"{index+1}.) {int(pygeohash.geohash approximate distan
56
57
       print()
58
59
60
61
62
63 airport search (41.1499988, -95.91779)
```

```
64
65 print("Search Near the San Francisco Bay Area")
66 airport_search(37.59592,-122.01375)
67
68 print("Search airports near Berlin, DE")
69 airport_search(52.52246,13.40457)
70
71 print("Search airports near Dubai, UAE")
72 airport_search(25.19721,55.26848)
73
```

There are 2 airports within 150km of (41.1499988, -95.91779)

- 1.) 19km Eppley Airfield, Omaha Region: America/Chicago
- 2.) 123km Lincoln Airport, Lincoln Region: America/Chicago

Search Near the San Francisco Bay Area

There are 5 airports within $150 \, \text{km}$ of (37.59592, -122.01375)

- 1.) 123km Monterey Peninsula Airport, Monterey Region: America/Los_Ang eles
- 2.) 123km Metropolitan Oakland International Airport, Oakland Region: America/Los Angeles
- 3.) 123km Norman Y. Mineta San Jose International Airport, San Jose Region: America/Los_Angeles
- 4.) 123km Stockton Metropolitan Airport, Stockton Region: America/Los_Angeles
- 5.) 123km Modesto City Co-Harry Sham Field, Modesto Region: America/Los Angeles

Search airports near Berlin, DE

There are 2 airports within 150km of (52.52246, 13.40457)

- 1.) 123km Berlin-Tegel Airport, Berlin Region: Europe/Berlin
- 2.) 123km Berlin-Schönefeld Airport, Berlin Region: Europe/Berlin

Search airports near Dubai, UAE

There are 3 airports within 150km of (25.19721, 55.26848)

- 1.) 123km Al Maktoum International Airport, Dubai Region: Asia/Dubai
- 2.) 19km Dubai International Airport, Dubai Region: Asia/Dubai
- 3.) 123km Al Ain International Airport, Al Ain Region: Asia/Dubai