



DWF_dp_rnd functions

Arithmetic Rounding

Version, STAR and Download Information: IP Directory

Description

The DWF_dp_rnd functions truncate the lower bits of argument a below the bit position specified by argument 1sb and return a rounded value according to the rounding mode specified by argument mode. Argument a and the return value are both either signed (two's complement) or unsigned.

Table 1-1 Function Names

Function Name	Description
DWF_dp_rnd	VHDL unsigned rounding
DWF_dp_rnd	VHDL signed (two's complement) rounding
DWF_dp_rnd_uns	Verilog unsigned rounding
DWF_dp_rnd_tc	Verilog signed (two's complement) rounding

Table 1-2 Argument Description

Argument Name	Туре	Width / Values	Description
а	Vector	width	Input data
Isb	Integer	≥ 1, ≤ width - 1	LSB index of return value (VHDL only, constant)
mode	Vector	4	Rounding mode (values in Table 1-4)
DWF_dp_rnd	Vector	width - Isb	Return value

Table 1-3 Parameter Description (Verilog)

Parameter	Values	Description
width	≥ 1	Word length of input a
Isb	≥ 1, ≤ width - 1	LSB index of return value

Verilog Include File: DW_dp_rnd_function.inc

Functional Description

Input a [width-1:0] is divided into an integer part a [width-1:1sb] and a fractional part a [lsb-1:0] with the property

```
a[width-1:lsb] \le a[width-1:lsb].a[lsb-1:0] < a[width-1:lsb]+1
```

Rounding either returns the integer part (a[width-1:lsb]) or its increment (a[width-1:lsb]+1) depending on the fractional part (a[lsb-1:0]) and a threshold defined by the rounding mode.

```
z[width-lsb-1:0] = DWF_dp_rnd (a[width-1:0], lsb, mode)
```

Effectively, the following occurs:

```
if a[lsb-1:0] > threshold(mode)
        z[width-lsb-1:0] = a[width-1:lsb]+1
else
        z[width-lsb-1:0] = a[width-1:lsb]
```

Rounding Modes

The DWF_dp_rnd functions provide a comprehensive set of rounding modes that are summarized in Table 1-4. The rounding mode is selected by assigning argument mode either a predefined constant value or a 4-bit binary vector (dynamic).

The rounding modes differ with respect to rounding direction and tie resolution (a tie is the value a [width-1:1sb] .1 that lies exactly in the middle between a [width-1:1sb] and a [width-1:1sb]+1). Rounding modes can be classified in terms of rounding symmetry, error bounds, bias (= accumulated error over many random samples) and hardware complexity, as shown in Table 1-5.

Table 1-4 Rounding Modes

Predefined Constant ^a	Value ^b	Rounding Direction	Tie Resolution	Class
DW_dp_rnd_neg_inf ^c	0000	Towards neg. infinity	None	Α
DW_dp_rnd_pos_inf ^c	0001	Towards pos. infinity	None	В
DW_dp_rnd_zero ^c	0010	Towards zero	None	C (signed) A (unsigned)
DW_dp_rnd_away	0011	Away from zero	None	C (signed) B (unsigned)
DW_dp_rnd_even	0100	Towards even	None	С
DW_dp_rnd_odd	0101	Towards odd	None	С
DW_dp_rnd_near_neg_inf	1000	Towards nearest	Towards neg. infinity	D
DW_dp_rnd_near_pos_inf	1001	Towards nearest	Towards pos. infinity	Е
DW_dp_rnd_near_zero	1010	Towards nearest	Towards zero	F (signed) D (unsigned)

Table 1-4 Rounding Modes

Predefined Constant ^a	Value ^b	Rounding Direction	Tie Resolution	Class
DW_dp_rnd_near_away	1011	Towards nearest	Away from zero	F (signed) E (unsigned)
DW_dp_rnd_near_even ^c	1100	Towards nearest	Towards even	F
DW_dp_rnd_near_odd	1101	Towards nearest	Towards odd	F

- a. Predefined constant value to be assigned to argument mode.
- b. Binary vector to be assigned to argument mode. The individual bits can be interpreted as follows:
 - mode [3] : nearest : 0 = not towards nearest, 1 = towards nearest
 - mode [2:1]: symmetric: 00 = not symmetric, 01 = symmetric wrt zero, 10= symmetric wrt even
 - mode [0] : direction : 0 = towards negative/0/even, 1 = towards positive/infinity/odd
- c. IEEE rounding modes (correspond to floor, ceil, trunc and round in the C programming language).

Table 1-5 Rounding Classes

Class	Symmetric	Error ^a		Bias	Complexity
Α	no	0 ≤ error ≤	1 - 2 ^{-lsb}	(1 - 2 ^{-lsb})/2	lowest
В	no	-(1 - 2 ^{-lsb}) ≤ error ≤	0	-(1 - 2 ^{-lsb})/2	low
С	yes	-(1 - 2 ^{-lsb}) ≤ error ≤	1 - 2 ^{-lsb}	0	highest
D	no	-(1/2 - 2 ^{-lsb}) ≤ error ≤	1/2	2 ^{-lsb} /2	low
Е	no	-1/2 ≤ error ≤	1/2 - 2 ^{-lsb}	-2 ^{-lsb} /2	low
F	yes	-1/2 ≤ error ≤	1/2	0	high

a. The error given is relative to the rounded output.

For more information about the DesignWare datapath functions, refer to the topic titled Arithmetic – Datapath Functions Overview.

Related Topics

- Arithmetic Datapath Functions Overview
- DesignWare Building Block IP Documentation Overview

VHDL Example

```
library IEEE, DWARE;
use IEEE.std_logic_1164.all;
use IEEE.numeric_std.all;
use DWARE.DW_dp_functions.all;
-- DWARE.DW_dp_functions_arith package if IEEE.std_logic_arith is used
entity DWF_dp_rnd_test is
   port (a, b, c : in signed(7 downto 0);
        z : out signed(7 downto 0));
end DWF_dp_rnd_test;
architecture rtl of DWF_dp_rnd_test is
begin
   z <= DWF_dp_rnd (a * b, 8, DW_dp_rnd_near_even) + c;
end rtl;</pre>
```

Verilog Example

```
module DWF_dp_rnd_test (a, b, c, z);
input signed [7:0] a, b, c;
output signed [7:0] z;

// Passes the parameters to the function
parameter width = 16;
parameter lsb = 8;

// add "$SYNOPSYS/dw/sim_ver" to the search path for simulation
'include "DW_dp_rnd_function.inc"

assign z = DWF_dp_rnd_tc (a * b, DW_dp_rnd_near_even) + c;
endmodule
```

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