

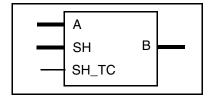
DW rbsh

Barrel Shifter with Preferred Right Direction

Version, STAR and Download Information: IP Directory

Features and Benefits

- Parameterized data and shift coefficient word lengths
- Capable of rotating in both directions
- Inferable using a function call



Description

DW_rbsh is a general-purpose barrel shifter that prefers to rotate the information in the right direction. The input data A is rotated right or left by the number of bit positions specified by the control input SH. Rotation implies that bits shifted out wrap around from the LSB to the MSB when it is a right shift, and from the MSB to the LSB when it is a left shift. The recommended maximum value of the parameter SH_width is related to A_width by the equation:

SH_width = ceil(log2[A_width])

Smaller values of SH_width can be used to save hardware. SH_width can be larger than ceil(log2[A_width]), but this choice will usually generate unnecessary hardware.

Table 1-1 Pin Description

Pin Name	Width	Direction	Function
А	A_width	Input	Input data
SH	SH_width	Input	Shift control
SH_TC	1 bit	Input	Shift two's complement control 0 = unsigned 1 = signed
В	A_width	Output	Shifted data out

Table 1-2 Parameter Description

Parameter	Values	Description		
A_width	≥ 1 (See Table 4 on page 2)	Word length of A and B		
SH_width	≤ ceil(log ₂ [A_width])	Word length of SH		

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Table 1-3 Synthesis Implementations^a

Implementation Name	Function	License Feature Required		
str	Synthesis model target for speed	DesignWare		
astr	Synthesis model target for area	DesignWare		
mx2	Implement using 2:1 multiplexers only. The mx2 implementation is valid only for SH_width values up to and including 31.	none		

a. During synthesis, Design Compiler will select the appropriate architecture for your constraints. However, you may force Design Compiler to use any architectures described in this table. For more, see *DesignWare Building Block IP User Guide*

The following table lists some values for A_width and the corresponding SH_width values. For example, if A_width = 8, SH_width = 3 is adequate because there can be at most 2^3 = 8 shift combinations.

When SH_TC=0, the coefficient SH is interpreted as an unsigned positive number and DW_rbsh performs only right rotate operations.

When SH_TC=1, SH is interpreted as a two's complement number. A negative SH value performs a left rotate and a positive SH value performs a right rotate.

Table 1-4 Sample Parameter Values

A_width	SH_width			
1 - 2	1			
3 - 4	2			
5 - 8	3			
9 - 16	4			
17 - 32	5			
33 - 64	6			

Table 1-5 Simulation Models

Model	Function			
dw/dw01/src/DW_rbsh_sim.vhd	VHDL simulation model source code			
dw/sim_ver/DW_rbsh.v	Verilog simulation model source code			

Table 1-6 Truth Table (A_width=8, SH_width=3)

SH(2:0)	SH_TC	B(7)	B(6)	B(5)	B(4)	B(3)	B(2)	B(1)	B(0)
000	Х	A(7)	A(6)	A(5)	A(4)	A(3)	A(2)	A(1)	A(0)
001	Х	A(0)	A(7)	A(6)	A(5)	A(4)	A(3)	A(2)	A(1)
010	Х	A(1)	A(0)	A(7)	A(6)	A(5)	A(4)	A(3)	A(2)
011	Х	A(2)	A(1)	A(0)	A(7)	A(6)	A(5)	A(4)	A(3)
100	0	A(3)	A(2)	A(1)	A(0)	A(7)	A(6)	A(5)	A(4)
101	0	A(4)	A(3)	A(2)	A(1)	A(0)	A(7)	A(6)	A(5)
110	0	A(5)	A(4)	A(3)	A(2)	A(1)	A(0)	A(7)	A(6)
111	0	A(6)	A(5)	A(4)	A(3)	A(2)	A(1)	A(0)	A(7)
100	1	A(3)	A(2)	A(1)	A(0)	A(7)	A(6)	A(5)	A(4)
101	1	A(4)	A(3)	A(2)	A(1)	A(0)	A(7)	A(6)	A(5)
110	1	A(5)	A(4)	A(3)	A(2)	A(1)	A(0)	A(7)	A(6)
111	1	A(6)	A(5)	A(4)	A(3)	A(2)	A(1)	A(0)	A(7)

Related Topics

- Logic Combinational Overview
- DesignWare Building Block IP Documentation Overview

HDL Usage Through Function Inferencing - VHDL

```
library IEEE, DWARE;
use IEEE.std_logic_1164.all;
use IEEE.std_logic_arith.all;
use DWARE.DWpackages.all;
use DWARE.DW_foundation_arith.all;
entity DW_rbsh_func is
      generic (
        func_A_width : POSITIVE := 8;
        func_SH_width : POSITIVE := 3
        );
      port (
        func_A : in std_logic_vector(func_A_width-1 downto 0);
        func_SH : in std_logic_vector(func_SH_width-1 downto 0);
        func_SH_TC : in std_logic;
        B_func : out std_logic_vector(func_A_width-1 downto 0)
        );
    end DW_rbsh_func;
architecture func of DW_rbsh_func is
begin
    -- Functional inference of DW rbsh
    B_func <= std_logic_vector(DWF_rbsh(UNSIGNED(func_A), UNSIGNED(func_SH)));</pre>
end func;
```

HDL Usage Through Function Inferencing - Verilog

```
module DW_rbsh_func( func_A, func_SH, func_SH_TC, B_func );
parameter func_A_width = 8;
parameter func SH width = 3;
// secondary parameters used to pass parameters to function
// when parameter names differ
parameter A_width = func_A_width;
parameter SH_width = func_SH_width;
// Please add search_path = search_path + {synopsys_root + "/dw/sim_ver"}
// to your .synopsys_dc.setup file (for synthesis) and add
// +incdir+$SYNOPSYS/dw/sim_ver+ to your verilog simulator command line
// (for simulation).
`include "DW_rbsh_function.inc"
input [func_A_width-1: 0] func_A;
input [func_SH_width-1:0] func_SH;
input func_SH_TC;
output [func_A_width-1 : 0] B_func;
    // Infer DW rbsh
     assign B_func = DWF_rbsh_uns(func_A, func_SH);
```

endmodule

HDL Usage Through Component Instantiation - VHDL

```
library IEEE, DWARE;
use IEEE.std_logic_1164.all;
use DWARE.DWpackages.all;
use DWARE.dw foundation comp.all;
entity DW_rbsh_inst is
      generic (
        inst_A_width : POSITIVE := 8;
        inst_SH_width : POSITIVE := 3
        );
      port (
        inst_A : in std_logic_vector(inst_A_width-1 downto 0);
        inst_SH : in std_logic_vector(inst_SH_width-1 downto 0);
        inst_SH_TC : in std_logic;
        B_inst : out std_logic_vector(inst_A_width-1 downto 0)
        );
    end DW_rbsh_inst;
architecture inst of DW_rbsh_inst is
begin
    -- Instance of DW rbsh
    U1 : DW_rbsh
    generic map (
          A width => inst A width,
          SH_width => inst_SH_width
          )
    port map (
          A => inst_A,
          SH => inst SH,
          SH_TC => inst_SH_TC,
          B => B_inst
          );
end inst;
```

HDL Usage Through Component Instantiation - Verilog

```
module DW_rbsh_inst( inst_A, inst_SH, inst_SH_TC, B_inst );
parameter A_width = 8;
parameter SH_width = 3;
input [A_width-1 : 0] inst_A;
input [SH_width-1 : 0] inst_SH;
input inst_SH_TC;
output [A_width-1 : 0] B_inst;
    // Instance of DW_rbsh
    DW_rbsh #(A_width, SH_width) U1 (
                .A(inst_A),
                .SH(inst_SH),
                .SH_TC(inst_SH_TC),
                .B(B_inst));
```

endmodule

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