



# DW norm

### Normalization for Fractional Input

Version, STAR and Download Information: IP Directory

#### **Features and Benefits**

- Parameterized word lengths
- Parameterized search window
- Indication of exceptional cases

# a b no\_detect — exp\_offset exp\_adj ovfl —

## **Description**

DW\_norm is a general-purpose normalization module for positive fractional input. The fixed-point input format is  $a = (a_0.a_1 \ a_2 \ a_3 \ a_4 \ a_5 \ ... a_{a\_width-1})$ , where  $a_i$  represents a bit. Input a has 1 integer bit and  $a\_width-1$  fractional bits. The normalization process consists in shifting the input vector a to the left until the output bit-vector has a 1 in the MS bit position, or the vector was shifted by the maximum number of bits in the search window.

The number of bit positions shifted to the left during normalization (n) is passed to the value of  $exp\_adj$ . This output corresponds to  $(exp\_offset + n)$  when parameter  $exp\_ctr = 0$  or  $(exp\_offset - n)$  when  $exp\_ctr = 1$ , where  $n = max(srch\_wind-1, number\_of\_MS\_zeros)$ .

Table 1-1 Pin Description

Pin Name	Width	Direction	Function
а	a_width bit(s)	Input	Input data
exp_offset	exp_width bit(s)	Input	Offset value for the exponent
no_detect	1 bit	Output	Result of search for the leading bit with value 1 in the search window 0 = bit found 1 = bit not found
ovfl	1 bit	Output	Value provided at output exp_adj is negative or incorrect
b	a_width bit(s)	Output	Normalized output data
exp_adj	exp_width bit(s)	Output	$exp\_offset$ combined with the number of bit positions the input $a$ was shifted to the left $(n)$ . $exp\_ctr = 0 \rightarrow exp\_offset + n$ $exp\_ctr = 1 \rightarrow exp\_offset - n$

**Table 1-2** Parameter Description

Parameter	Values	Description
a_width	≥ 2 Default: 8	Word length of a and b
srch_wind	2 to <i>a_width</i> Default: 8	Search window for the leading 1 bit (from bit position 0 to a_width - 1)
exp_width <sup>a</sup>	≥ ceil(log2( <i>srch_wind</i> )) Default: 4	Word length of exp_offset and exp_adj
exp_ctr	0 or 1 Default: 0	Control over <i>exp_adj</i> computation

a. **IMPORTANT NOTE**: The lower bound of parameter *exp\_width* was modified starting on G-2012.06-SP1; the previous lower bound was 1.

Table 1-3 Synthesis Implementations<sup>a</sup>

Implementation Name	Function	License Feature Required		
rtl	Synthesis model for fast architecture	DesignWare		
str	Synthesis model for reduced area	DesignWare		

a. During synthesis, Design Compiler will select the appropriate architecture for your constraints.

Table 1-4 Simulation Models

Model	Function			
DW01.DW_NORM_CFG_SIM	Design unit name for VHDL simulation			
dw/dw01/src/DW_norm_sim.vhd	VHDL simulation model source code			
dw/sim_ver/DW_norm.v	Verilog simulation model source code			

The input  $exp\_offset$  is provided by the user to indicate that a pre-shifting of the input operand was already done to adjust it to the required input format. For example, if the actual fixed-point value is (101.0011), the input for the DW\_norm component may be a = (0.01010011) and  $exp\_offset = (0100)$ , for the parameters  $a\_width = 9$  and  $exp\_width = 4$ . It shows the case of left zero padding on the bit vector.

The *srch\_wind* parameter is used to simplify the normalization hardware. This parameter defines the number of MS bits that must contain a 1. When there is no leading 1 in the search window, the output is shifted to the left by *srch\_wind* - 1 bit positions, and the *no\_detect* output is set to 1.

After normalization, using the same numerical example as above, the outputs b,  $no\_detect$ , and  $exp\_adj$  are generated as b = (1.01001100),  $no\_detect = 0$ , and  $exp\_adj = (0010)$ , when  $srch\_wind > 2$  and  $exp\_ctr = 1$ . In this

case, the number of bit positions shifted to the left was subtracted from the  $exp\_offset$  value. If  $srch\_wind = 2$ , the leading 1 in the example provided above would not be found, and the output values would be  $no\_detect = 1$ , b = (0.10100110), and  $exp\_adj = (0011)$ .

Output ovfl is 1 when the value provided at the  $exp\_adj$  output is negative or incorrect (when the number of bits used in  $exp\_adj$  is not enough to represent the number). In order to have a meaningful value in the  $exp\_adj$  output, the parameter  $exp\_width$  must be at least  $log_2(srch\_wind)$ . Table 1-5 and Table 1-6 show the behavior of this component.

Table 1-5 Truth Table (a\_width=4, exp\_width=2, srch\_wind=4, exp\_ctr=0)

a(3:0)	exp_offset (1:0)	no_detect	<i>b</i> (0)	<i>b</i> (1)	<i>b</i> (2)	<i>b</i> (3)	exp_adj	ovfl
0000	00	1	0	0	0	0	11	0
0001	00	0	1	0	0	0	11	0
001x	00	0	1	х	0	0	10	0
01xx	00	0	1	х	х	0	01	0
1xxx	00	0	1	х	х	х	00	0
0000	01	1	0	0	0	0	00	1
0001	01	0	1	0	0	0	00	1
001x	01	0	1	х	0	0	11	0
01xx	01	0	1	х	х	0	10	0
1xxx	01	0	1	х	х	х	01	0
0000	10	1	0	0	0	0	01	1
0001	10	0	1	0	0	0	01	1
001x	10	0	1	х	0	0	00	1
01xx	10	0	1	х	х	0	11	0
1xxx	10	0	1	х	х	х	10	0
0000	11	1	0	0	0	0	10	1
0001	11	0	1	0	0	0	10	1
001x	11	0	1	х	0	0	01	1
01xx	11	0	1	х	х	0	00	1
1xxx	11	0	1	х	х	х	11	0

Table 1-6 Truth Table (a\_width=4, exp\_width=2, srch\_wind=4, exp\_ctr=1)

a(3:0)	exp_offset (1:0)	no_detect	<i>b</i> (0)	<i>b</i> (1)	b(2)	b(3)	exp_adj	ovfl
0000	00	1	0	0	0	0	01	1
0001	00	0	1	0	0	0	01	1
001x	00	0	1	х	0	0	10	1
01xx	00	0	1	х	х	0	11	1
1xxx	00	0	1	х	х	х	00	0
0000	01	1	0	0	0	0	10	1
0001	01	0	1	0	0	0	10	1
001x	01	0	1	х	0	0	11	1
01xx	01	0	1	х	х	0	00	0
1xxx	01	0	1	х	х	х	01	0
0000	10	1	0	0	0	0	11	1
0001	10	0	1	0	0	0	11	1
001x	10	0	1	х	0	0	00	0
01xx	10	0	1	х	х	0	01	0
1xxx	10	0	1	х	х	х	10	0
0000	11	1	0	0	0	0	00	0
0001	11	0	1	0	0	0	00	0
001x	11	0	1	х	0	0	01	0
01xx	11	0	1	х	х	0	10	0
1xxx	11	0	1	х	х	х	11	0

## **Related Topics**

- Datapath- Arithmetic Overview
- DesignWare Building Block IP Documentation Overview

#### **HDL Usage Through Component Instantiation - VHDL**

```
library IEEE, DWARE, DWARE;
use IEEE.std logic 1164.all;
use DWARE.DWpackages.all;
use DWARE.DW foundation comp.all;
entity DW_norm_inst is
      generic (
        inst_a_width : POSITIVE := 8;
        inst_srch_wind : POSITIVE := 8;
        inst_exp_width : POSITIVE := 4
        );
      port (
        inst_a : in std_logic_vector(inst_a_width-1 downto 0);
        inst_exp_offset : in std_logic_vector(inst_exp_width-1 downto 0);
        no_detect_inst : out std_logic;
        ovfl inst : out std logic;
        b_inst : out std_logic_vector(inst_a_width-1 downto 0);
        exp_adj_inst : out std_logic_vector(inst_exp_width-1 downto 0)
    end DW_norm_inst;
architecture inst of DW norm inst is
begin
    -- Instance of DW norm
    U1: DW norm
    generic map ( a width => inst a width, srch wind => inst srch wind, exp width =>
inst_exp_width )
    port map ( a => inst_a, exp_offset => inst_exp_offset, no_detect => no_detect_inst,
ovfl => ovfl_inst, b => b_inst, exp_adj => exp_adj_inst );
end inst;
```

## **HDL Usage Through Component Instantiation - Verilog**

```
module DW_norm_inst( inst_a, inst_exp_offset, no_detect_inst, ovfl_inst, b_inst,
          exp adj inst );
parameter a width = 8;
parameter srch_wind = 8;
parameter exp_width = 4;
input [a_width-1 : 0] inst_a;
input [exp_width-1 : 0] inst_exp_offset;
output no_detect_inst;
output ovfl_inst;
output [a_width-1 : 0] b_inst;
output [exp_width-1 : 0] exp_adj_inst;
    // Instance of DW norm
    DW_norm #(a_width, srch_wind, exp_width)
      U1 ( .a(inst_a), .exp_offset(inst_exp_offset), .no_detect(no_detect_inst),
.ovfl(ovfl_inst), .b(b_inst), .exp_adj(exp_adj_inst) );
endmodule
```

#### **Copyright Notice and Proprietary Information**

© 2018 Synopsys, Inc. All rights reserved. This Synopsys software and all associated documentation are proprietary to Synopsys, Inc. and may only be used pursuant to the terms and conditions of a written license agreement with Synopsys, Inc. All other use, reproduction, modification, or distribution of the Synopsys software or the associated documentation is strictly prohibited.

#### **Destination Control Statement**

All technical data contained in this publication is subject to the export control laws of the United States of America. Disclosure to nationals of other countries contrary to United States law is prohibited. It is the reader's responsibility to determine the applicable regulations and to comply with them.

#### **Disclaimer**

SYNOPSYS, INC., AND ITS LICENSORS MAKE NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH REGARD TO THIS MATERIAL, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

#### **Trademarks**

Synopsys and certain Synopsys product names are trademarks of Synopsys, as set forth at https://www.synopsys.com/company/legal/trademarks-brands.html.

All other product or company names may be trademarks of their respective owners.

#### **Third-Party Links**

Any links to third-party websites included in this document are for your convenience only. Synopsys does not endorse and is not responsible for such websites and their practices, including privacy practices, availability, and content.

Synopsys, Inc. 690 E. Middlefield Road Mountain View, CA 94043

www.synopsys.com