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#### 9. Illustrate the concept of inter-process communication using shared memory with a C program.

#### **Aim**

To demonstrate inter-process communication (IPC) using shared memory in C, where one process writes data to a shared memory segment, and another process reads it.

#### **Algorithm**

1. Create a shared memory segment using shmget.
2. Attach the shared memory segment to the address space of the process using shmat.
3. In one process:
   * Write data to the shared memory segment.
4. In another process:
   * Attach to the same shared memory.
   * Read the data from the shared memory segment.
5. Detach and delete the shared memory segment using shmdt and shmctl.

#### **Procedure**

1. Use fork() to create a parent and child process.
2. Parent writes data to the shared memory segment.
3. Child reads the data from the same shared memory segment.
4. Detach and clean up the shared memory after communication.

### Code:

#### #include <stdio.h>

#### #include <sys/ipc.h>

#### #include <sys/shm.h>

#### #include <sys/types.h>

#### #include <unistd.h>

#### #include <string.h>

#### #include <sys/wait.h>

#### #define SHM\_SIZE 1024

#### int main() {

#### key\_t key = ftok("shmfile", 65);

#### int shmid = shmget(key, SHM\_SIZE, 0666 | IPC\_CREAT);

#### if (shmid == -1) {

#### perror("shmget failed");

#### return 1;

#### }

#### char \*shared\_memory = (char \*)shmat(shmid, NULL, 0);

#### if (shared\_memory == (char \*)-1) {

#### perror("shmat failed");

#### return 1;

#### }

#### pid\_t pid = fork();

#### 

#### if (pid == 0) {

#### sleep(1);

#### printf("Child read: %s\n", shared\_memory);

#### shmdt(shared\_memory);

#### } else {

#### strcpy(shared\_memory, "Hello from parent!");

#### wait(NULL);

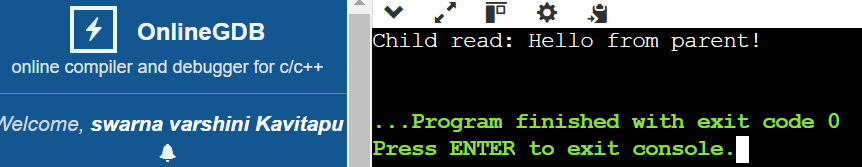
#### shmctl(shmid, IPC\_RMID, NULL);

#### }

#### return 0;

#### }

**Output:**

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